TEN PAGES **THE WEEKLY POST.** TEN PAGES

OUR FIFTY-SEVENTH YEAR—NO. 103 | LINDSAY, ONT., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1903. | TERMS—$1.00 PER YEAR PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

"Trustworthy Goods at Uniformly Right Prices."

J. SUTCLIFFE & SONS

OUR GREAT ANNUAL

WHITE SALE

— STARTS —

Saturday Morning, Feb. 7th.

Ladies' White Gowns Of fine Cotton, Mother Hubbard yoke, six clusters of two tucks each, ruffles on neck, and cuffs and pearl buttons. Only each 48c

Fine English Cotton, Mother Hubbard yoke with four clusters of tucks—three tucks in each cluster: also Ruffles of Embroidery on neck and cuffs. Special each 69c

Ladies' White Gowns Fine quality Cotton, square front yokes of lawn with hemstitching and four clusters of tucks—five tucks in each cluster, assorted sizes. Sale price, each 75c

Fine English Cotton, front yoke of twenty tucks, two rows of two-inch Embroidery Insertion; also Ruffle of heavy embroidery on neck and cuffs, neat and pretty. Extra value only, each 95c

Fine Cotton, Empire style yoke of wide embroidery insertion, edged with a Ruffle of embroidery; also Ruffle of embroidery on neck and cuffs. Extra good value for each $1.25

Fine Cotton, round side yoke with alternate rows of hemstitched tucks and embroidery insertion, edged with a ruffle of fine embroidery; also ruffle of same on neck and cuffs. Special each $1.69

Fine quality, Cambric finished Cotton, square neck, finished with fine wide embroidery insertion, featherstitched, taped and embroidery ruffles, tied with knot of ribbon; cuffs edged with lawn and embroidery cuffs. Each only $1.75

Fine Cambric, Empire style, deep pointed yoke of lawn with fifty-five fine tucks, finished with featherstitched braid, one inch embroidery beading and edged with ruffle of embroidery, ribbon trimmed; ruffle of same on neck and cuffs. Extra values at each $2.00

Space will not permit our going into more lengthy descriptions of the very desirable Whitewear to be found in our Whitewear Section.

Ladies' White Drawers Good quality of Cotton, wide hem, one half inch tuck, O.B. or closed; special white sale, price per pair 19c

Fine heavy Cotton, wide ruffle with two hemstitched half inch tucks and one inch hemstitched hem, O.B. or closed; special per pair 35c

Ladies' White Drawers English Cotton, three tucks; also four inch ruffle with two tucks, O.B. or closed. Special 25c

Heavy Cotton Umbrella style, with ruffle of fine Cambric, three hemstitched tucks one quarter inch wide and wide hem, O.B. or closed. Extra value 50c

Should you not receive one of our "White Goods" Circulars, inform us and we will gladly supply you

This store closes at nine o'clock Saturday Evenings during February and March.

J. Sutcliffe & Sons.

CASH LINDSAY ONE PRICE

BEFORE AFTER

This Cut shows you exactly what the

Old English Condition Powders

will do. It can be given in any weather and at any time. RAIN OR SHINE it won't hurt any animal. It is good for

HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP, PIGS and FOWL.

A. HIGINBOTHAM, Druggist, LINDSAY.

(NEXT PYM'S HOTEL, LINDSAY.)

New Grain for Seed

AT THE

Flavelle Milling Co., Ltd., Lindsay.

'SPELTZ'

We have about 800 bushels of this grain, which we brought from Manitoba, and which we offer at $1.20 per bushel; sample can be seen at our office It is neither wheat, rye nor barley, and yet is a combination of all three. For fattening cattle, poultry, horses, sheep, pigs, etc., it is claimed to be ahead of other grain

The heads are somewhat similar to two-rowed barley. It is reported to us that it will grow well and produce enormous crops on poor soil, and stands the dry weather well. It is as easily cultivated as oats or barley. The straw is exactly like that of wheat. Thresh like wheat, only not quite so closely. Prepare land as you would for any other grain, and sow at the rate of a bushel and a half to the acre. The farmer in Manitoba, from whom we procured same, states that he has grown it for the last two years, and it has averaged from 50 to 70 bushels per acre.

THE FLAVELLE MILLING CO, LIMITED

Lindsay, Jan. 28th, 1903.—w2.

WANTED.

WANTED—A girl for general house work; good wages; country girl preferred. Apply to Mrs. Dr. Clarke. Cambridge-st.—wtf.

WANTED.—Smart Servant Girl. Apply to Mrs. JAS. KILLEN, 34 Glenelg-st.—dtfwl

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Estate of ANN SANDERS, late of the Township of Eldon, in the County of Victoria, Married Woman, Deceased.

In pursuance of Chap. 129, Sec. 38, R. S. O. 1897, notice is hereby given that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said late Ann Sanders, deceased, who died on or about the sixteenth day of July, 1902, are required to send by post prepaid, or to deliver to C. E. Weeks, of the Village of Woodville, Solicitor for John McEachern and John Smith, both of the Township of Eldon, farmers, the executors of the last will and testament of the said late Ann Sanders, on or before the 10th DAY OF MARCH, 1903, a statement of their names and addresses, the full particulars of their claims and securities (if any) held by them; and that after said date the said executors will distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they have had notice, and that the said executors will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by them at the time of such distribution.

JOHN McEACHERN
JOHN SMITH, Executors.
C. E. WEEKS, Solicitor for Executors.
Dated at Woodville, Feb. 3rd, 1903.—w4.

If You Contemplate Building

Call at Ingle's Planing Mills.

Mr. Ingle can supply anything in SASH, DOORS, WINDOW BLINDS, always on hand. Being in business for over thirty years, I am satisfied I know the wants of the people. Nothing but first-class material for house or barn buildings turned out of my factory. Prices most reasonable. Consult me before making a contract. Satisfaction guaranteed in any case.

GEO. INGLE.

Cor. Cambridge and Wellington-sts.

THE VICTORIA LOAN & SAVINGS COMPANY

SEVENTH ANNUAL MEETING.

Splendid Progress Made During the Past Year—Excellent Report Presented to the Shareholders.

The Seventh Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Victoria Loan & Savings Co'y was held in the Company's office on Monday afternoon, February 3rd, 1903, at four o'clock.

Present—Messrs. F. C. Taylor, W. Flavelle, W. H. Clarke, R. J. McLaughlin, K.C., H. J. Lytle, J. B. Begg, C. Shittick, W. W. Webster, S. J. Playfair, T. S. Begg, W. Worsley, W. H. Stevens, B.A., J. Low, T. W. Greer, Revs. O. H. Marsh and E. Roberts, Lindsay, Rev. A. Hill, Toronto, T. Robson, Fenelon Falls, John A. Jackson, Lorneville.

Mr. W. Flavelle, President, acted as Chairman, and Mr. Low acted as Secretary.

The Secretary read the Directors Report and Financial Statement for the year 1902.

Mr. Flavelle, in moving the adoption of the Report, said (in part):

"It is gratifying to know that, in common with other monetary institutions of our County, this Company has also shared in the general prosperity. The report of the Directors, now before you for approval, shows the net profit for the year to be $11,175.32, out of which dividends amounting to $6,239.40 had been distributed, and the sum of $285.72 carried to profit and loss, and the sum of $4,600 carried to our rest account, which, added to the amount carried forward from previous years, gives a total reserve of $10,000. This I am sure will be satisfactory to our shareholders, appreciating as it does the value of their stock, and to our depositors and debenture-holders it will be none the less pleasing, as it gives added value to their securities.

"Loan Companies must not be confounded with private banks. Loan Companies receive their charters from the Government, report to, and are annually licensed by the Government, and are as much under the control of the Government as are the ordinary chartered banks. The whole history of Loan Companies in this Province shows that there are no safer places for depositors to place their money; as their investments are on real estate first mortgages, and other securities of the highest character, there is practically no chance for failure. While we are now investing $350,000 of the people's savings, we should have at least $500,000, and a profitable and safe investment could be had for a million. To the careful investor our 4 per cent. debentures, interest payable every six months, issued for periods of from two to five years, is almost an ideal security, requiring no care or anxiety on the part of the investor; simply the presenting of the coupon at the Company's office when due, gives the interest. It is the special business and purpose of this Company to organize the local savings, and accumulations, in their unified form, to invest them in a way it would be impossible to do otherwise, and to secure the largest possible earnings for them, consistent with absolute safety. We have now demonstrated that we can do this successfully, and to the satisfaction of all concerned.

"What we need locally is greater confidence in ourselves, in our own enterprises and institutions. I do not only ask for a generous and hearty support for this growing institution, but in this growing time we are not getting our full share of the country's expansion. Industrial enterprises which should be materializing in our midst are still dormant; some of our present ones should be enlarged, while new industries should be created. I happen to know of a local industry that, with an additional capital of from $15,000 to $20,000 to enlarge its buildings and to equip them with the necessary machinery, could be made into a very important industry, employing from 40 to 60 additional hands, or possibly more, with splendid profit to the investor, and corresponding benefit to our town. I mention this to illustrate my point, that what we need is more confidence in ourselves, and greater confidence in our enterprises, and a public spirit that will unite sympathy with practical hard cash to enterprises that are worthy of support. The cure for our present tax rate will not be found in petty economy, but in increased wealth and population, which means a larger assessment, and this only can come by expansion of our present industries, and the creation of new ones."

Mr. McLaughlin, in seconding the adoption of the Report, said:

"The report ought to be satisfactory to the shareholders. The total net earnings are equal to 8 1-2 per cent. on the Company's capital after payment of all charges and expenses. On the loaning business alone the profits would have paid all expenses and 6 1-2 on capital, but, like manufacturing concerns which increase their profits through bye-products the Directors have endeavored to increase the Company's profits by what might be called the bye-products of the business. All properties mortgaged to the Company have to be insured and it is only convenient for the Company to act as its own insurance agent, and a substantial addition to the Company's profits has been made in that way.

"In order that the Company should be in a position to meet any call that might reasonably be made upon it, an amount averaging about $30,000 is kept invested in Bank Stocks, securities considered the equal of mortgage investments, and which may be converted into cash at a moment's notice. This, with the Company's banking arrangements, enables it to command an additional $60,000 currency in an hour's time. Such is the prime purpose of this investment, and the Directors have, however, in addition, by the exercise of care and judgment, in buying and selling these securities netted a profit to the Company of over $1,400 over and above 5 per cent. interest on the money invested. Other agency commissions added to these have made a total profit to the company on side matters of about $2,600, or more than the Company's whole expenses.

"The bank stock purchased and sold by the Company last year were; Dominion, Commerce, Hamilton, Ottawa, Imperial and Ontario. These are all of the highest character. The Company invests in nothing else and engages in no speculative business, and such stocks, when taken by this Company, are paid for in full and held in the Company's name. I think it well to give the shareholders the full facts, so that false rumors may be corrected.

"The growth of the Company during the year ought also to be satisfactory to the shareholders. The growth of assets is in round numbers $68,000. This is the largest growth in any year and is, I have no doubt, extremely satisfactory to Mr. Low as a result of his first year's management. The Directors have only this to say—that Mr. Low's management during the year has been entirely satisfactory, and that he has surpassed their expectations. Of course it is only right to say that the foundation had been well and carefully laid by Mr. Magwood, and we do not attribute the increased growth this year in any way to change of management, but we wish to add that Mr. Low has carried on the policy inaugurated by Mr. Magwood successfully and with the same steady progress.

"It is also very satisfactory to be able to record this growth notwithstanding two things that might have militated against our progress. First, the reduction of our deposit rate of interest, at midsummer, from 4 per cent. to 3 1-2 per cent. We do not think that any deposits have been taken away from the Company by reason of this being done, to be placed elsewhere, but we find it has had some effect in causing our depositors to be more anxious to get their money out upon mortgages, and in that way we think that if the deposit rate had been kept at 4 per cent. the Company might have shown a still greater growth. We feel, however, that the difficulty will be overcome as soon as our depositors become educated to our debenture system upon which they will still make 4 per cent. The reason that the Company offer 3 1-2 per cent. on deposit and 4 per cent. on yearly debentures arises more through the Company's Charter than in any other way. The Company has by its Charter authority to take open deposits equal to its paid up capital and cash on hand, and to take money on debentures equal to three times its paid up capital. Now, we want to follow the policy of continually getting our deposits converted into debentures so as to leave room for new deposits. To do so it was necessary that the debenture rate should be a little higher than the deposit rate. All permanent depositors with the Company may still make 4 per cent. by taking yearly debentures. Some, however, hesitate about taking debentures for the reason that they feel that sometime during the year they might want their money, and that they could not get it. This fear we must remove, as the Company have adopted a policy, and will continue to do so, of paying any debentures at any time the debenture holder might require the money, with deposit rate of interest from the last interest day. The Company in doing so are following their general policy of endeavoring to meet the conveniences and wishes of all their customers in so far as they possibly can.

"Another thing that has occurred this year that might have a detrimental effect upon our depositors was the failure of the two private Banks at Oakville. Now, while our Company does not do a banking business at all, and bears no resemblance whatever to a private bank, still some people give these matters so little thought, and know so little about financial matters, that we assumed it might have some effect upon our Company; besides, we know that some who were opposed to our Company were using it, but we are glad to say that it has never come to our notice that a dollar on deposit was ever drawn from the Company for any such reason.

"It is not necessary for me to emphasize what the President has said with reference to the security that this Company gives. We have no hesitation in saying that we believe that the Government of this country have taken every precaution as to all financial institutions chartered by them, to secure depositors from all possible danger of loss. The Government in passing the Bank Act, we believe have taken all reasonable and proper precaution for public security, and we believe our banking system is the best in the world. And the Government, in passing the Loans Corporation Act took similar precautions to protect the public, and their desire was in issuing charters to Loan Companies, to create saving institutions which would be absolutely safe, and some sixty years of experience shows that the object of the Government has been attained. I was talking to the Manager of the first loan company incorporated in Ontario, now nearly sixty years ago, and he was giving me some items of the history of Companies in this Province. He ended by saying that Companies in Ontario have been uniformly successful with the exception of a few who lent on inferior properties in Toronto during the boom, and of them only one failed. He went on to state what seemed to be very appropriate and true—that the natural productive agricultural soil was, after all, the best possible basis of security in this country, and that companies that would keep the large portion of their investments in that class of security would run the minimum of risk.

"As the President has said, there is abundance of money in the country. This Company has now established itself by a record of seven years' steady and progressive growth. We ought now to have the confidence of the people and we ought to be able to still get a larger share of their funds than we have. It would not be too much to say that, with loyal assistance, the assets of the Company might be increased in a year to $500,000, or one-half a million, and the Directors and Management intend this year to advertise much more extensively, and to push the business with that end in view, and your hearty co-operation will be appreciated."

Messrs. F. C. Taylor, J. B. Begg, T. Robson, Dr. Clarke, C. Chittick and Revs. Marsh and Hill, expressed great satisfaction with the results of the year's business and implicit confidence in the Company.

The following are Directors for the year 1903; W. Flavelle, President; W. H. Clarke, M.D., and R. J. McLaughlin, K. C., Vice-Presidents; F. C. Taylor, H. J. Lytle, W. H. Stevens, B.A., S. Armour, C. Chittick, J. W. Ray, M.D., and Rev. N. Hill; Auditors, D. Eagleson and John Kennedy; Manager, James Low; General Agent, T. W. Greer.

VICTORIA COUNTY COUNCIL.

JANUARY SESSION.

Considerable Business Transacted—Communications, Reports, etc.—Mr. W. H. Stevens, B. A., Science Master Lindsay Collegiate Institute, Appointed Inspector of West Victoria Schools.

(Concluded from last week.)

THURSDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

To-day's session was short. The members assembled for business at 10.30, and by 11.30 everything had been dealt with. After the session the members sat in committee on appointments to office, disposing of several matters. Warden Bailey and all the members were present. After the reading of the minutes the Clerk presented a few more communications which on motion of Mr. Shaver were referred to their respective committees.

More Communications.

From Mr. J. D. Flavelle, chairman of the Board of Governors of the Ross Memorial Hospital, presenting the deed of trust from Mr. Jas. Ross and the bar of dower from Mrs. Ross, his wife

From Mr. A. P. Devlin, respecting the cleaning of his office.

From Mr. J. D. Edwards, tendering his resignation as trustee for Lindsay Collegiate Institute.

From Mr. J. J. Kelso, superintendent Neglected Children, respecting the case of a boy in the Industrial School.

From the Secretary of the Lindsay Law Association, transmitting report and applying for grant.

From the Secretary of the Manilla Public Library, presenting the annual report for 1902

From Mr. J. Austin, presenting report re progress of work in connection with the Kinmount bridge.

Victoria Road Watercourses.

Moved by Mr. Staback, seconded by Mr. McGee, that the standing committee on Roads and Bridges report as to reconsidering the question of filling the watercourse crossing Victoria Road, on the boundary between Eldon and Fenelon.—Carried.

High School Trustees.

Moved by Mr. Bryans, seconded by Mr. Graham, that the committee on Appointments to Office consider the re-appointment of Mr. J. G. Edwards as trustee of the Lindsay High School for the remainder of his term.

Moved by Mr. McQuade, seconded by Mr. Scully, that the standing committee on Appointments to Office report as to the advisability of appointing Mr. J. Carew a trustee of the Lindsay Collegiate Institute.

Moved by Mr. Graham, seconded by Mr. Bryans, that the committee on Appointments to Office report re appointing Mr. Robt. Kennedy a trustee of the Lindsay Collegiate Institute.

A New Bridge Needed.

On motion of Mr. McQuade, seconded by Mr. Scully, the standing committee on Roads and Bridges was instructed to consider and report as to the advisability of assisting to build a bridge and approaches over Marsh Creek, on the boundary between Ops and Manvers, on condition that Northumberland and Durham jointly assist.

Board of Examiners.

On motion of Mr. Graham, seconded by Mr. Bryans, the committee on to consider the re-appointing of Inspectors J. H. Knight and W. H. Stevens and Mr. J. C. Harstone as members of the Board of Examiners.

Lady Agriculturists

On motion of Mr. McGee, seconded by Mr Channon, the standing committee on Finance and Assessment was requested to report re making the usual grant to the Woman's Institute for East Victoria......As the mover of this motion is a bachelor the motion furnished great amusement for the other members

Cross Creeks Bridge

On motion of Mr Graham, seconded by Mr Bryans, the standing committee on Roads and Bridges was requested to report re making usual grant to the West Cross Creeks bridge, in the township of Ops

Kinmount Bridge

Mr Austin reported that work in connection with the Kinmount bridge was being done, and the new structure would be completed by March 15th

Report of Printing Committee

On motion of Mr Graham, seconded by Mr Channon, the report of the committee on Printing was introduced, read and adopted

County Property Committee Report

On motion of Mr Bryans, seconded by Mr Scully, the report of the committee on County Property was introduced, read and adopted without amendment as follows:

Gentlemen,—Your Committee have examined accounts as follows, and beg to recommend that the same be passed, viz.:

Light, Heat & Power Co., lighting Court House...	$34.02
Light, Heat & Power Co., Registry Office...	5.51
Light, Heat & Power Co., lamp, etc., Court House...	3.10
Water Commissioners, rate, Court House...	1.80
A. Campbell, supplies, Court House...	9.70
E. Gregory, supplies Court House...	5.05
Dundas & Flavelle Bros., supplies, Court House...	1.46
George Ingle, repairs, Court House...	3.00
Spratt & Killen, wood, Court House...	46.90
Kennedy & Davis Milling Co., wood, Co. Attorney's office...	12.75
Boxall & Matthie, work and supplies, Gaol...	4.81
Boxall & Matthie, work and supplies, Court House...	28.80
Bell Telephone Co., Court House...	11.50

Your committee have examined the accounts for coal supplied for the Gaol and have considered the correspondence relating thereto. Messrs. McLennan & Co. and the Rathbun Co. each contracted to supply coal at $6.50 per ton under contracts made on April 25th, 1902, to be delivered on or before July 1st following. In the month of May the great coal strike began, and the contractors found themselves unable to fulfil their agreements. They have, however, supplied a sufficient quantity to meet present requirements. Your committee recommend that owing to the exceptional conditions that arose and continued, the contracts be annulled, and that the parties be paid the amount of their claims for coal supplied at current prices, which have been referred to the Council by the Board of Audit. Your committee further recommend that the purchase of coal as it may be needed be left in the authority of the Chairman.

Referring to the question of the reliability of the electric light metre in the Court House, the Clerk has informed your committee that he saw the metre tested by the Government Inspector on December 3rd, and that the registration was proved to be accurate. In view of the increased cost of lighting the Court House, your committee recommend that the Chairman be requested to have lamps of reduced power placed wherever it may be considered they will be sufficient, and that care in the use of the light be enjoined.

Your committee have considered the communication from A. P. Devlin, esq., asking that the expense of cleaning his office be paid by the County, and beg to recommend that no action be taken.

Your committee recommend that the Chairman be authorized to ask for tenders and award contracts for fuel and for Gaol supplies.

Your committee recommend that the Chairman be authorized to have such repairs made in and upon the County buildings as he may find to be required, and to exercise supervision of the buildings and grounds during the year.

Appointments to Office.

This committee sat immediately after the Council adjourned, with Mr. Fairbairn in the chair.

Mr. Bryans explained that Mr. Edwards had to resign his position as a trustee of the Collegiate Institute owing to having a little account against the School Board, which would disqualify him. He thought it better to resign, and then Council could re-appoint him. On motion Mr. Edwards was re-appointed.

Some discussion followed in connection with the other vacancy. Mr. McQuade favored appointing Mr. Carew while Mr. Graham thought, as Mr. Kennedy was an old and experienced trustee, it would not be right to turn him down. He did not think Mr Carew was very anxious for it, anyway."

Dr. Wood—"I understand Mr. Carew would like to have it"

On motion Mr. Kennedy was re-appointed. The committee then adjourned.

FRIDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

Our County fathers assembled for business to-day at 10.30, with all the members present. The minutes of yesterday's proceedings were read and confirmed.

A Couple of Communications.

From Mr. J. H. Southeran, Mayor of Lindsay, respecting a young man named Geo. Claude, a former G.T.R. fireman, but now a patient at the Ross Memorial Hospital, who had been at that institution at the town's expense for a considerable period. The Mayor asked that the County assume the cost of his maintenance after Feb. 1st.—Referred to Finance committee.

From Messrs McLaughlin & Peel, in behalf of the township of Verulam, respecting the County's account of $24 for use of stone crusher, and further asking that, as the township was put to a great expense in repairing a bridge destroyed by the stone crusher, they only pay half the amount, $12......On motion of Mr. Shaver, seconded by Mr. Channon, it was decided to pay no attention to the matter.

West Victoria Inspectorate.

Moved by Mr. Shaver seconded by Mr. Stalback, that this Council wish to have it understood by the Hon. Mr Harcourt, Minister of Education, that in appointing Mr. Stevens to the Inspectorate of West Victoria it was believed he would also be appointed for that portion of the District of Muskoka inspected by the late Mr. Reazin. And we further believe that if the Inspectorate is diminished it would be difficult, if not impossible, to secure the services of a gentleman with the qualifications necessary to fill the position to the satisfaction of a discriminating public, and that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the Hon. the Minister of Education.—Carried.

Resolution of Condolence.

Moved by Dr. Wood, seconded by Mr. Fairbairn, that this Council have learned with deep regret of the death of Mr. Henry Reazin, Inspector of Schools for the western division of the County. The late Mr. Reazin occupied the position held when he died for the long period of thirty-one years, and discharged its duties with such ability and tactfulness as commanded the admiration of all who came within its influence, and the respectful esteem and cordial support of this Council. He was an advanced educationist, yet practical in the application of his ideas, and thus he rendered a service in the development of the school system of the Province, the good effect of which will continue. To the widow and the children of the deceased in their sorrow this Council desire to express their deepest sympathy.—Carried.....On motion of Dr. Wood the above resolution will be suitably engrossed and sent to Mrs. Reazin.

Maintenance of Ross Hospital.

On motion of Mr. Fairbairn, seconded by Mr. Channon, the committee on Finance and Assessment was instructed to report on making a grant of $100 a month to the Ross Memorial Hospital, and that grant be made from month to month until other arrangements are deemed necessary.—Carried.

Roads and Bridges Committee.

On motion of Mr. Channon, seconded by Mr. Bryans, the report of the committee on Roads and Bridges was introduced, read and adopted, as follows:

Gentlemen,—Your committee have examined the report of the committee in charge of the stone crusher for the year 1902. In connection with the consideration of the report

(Concluded from page 6.)

AT OSGOODE HALL.

Court of Appeal Will Have to Decide the Legality of Christian Science—Roy Lewis' Death.

Toronto, Feb. 4.—At Osgoode Hall yesterday James Henry Lewis appealed against his conviction on a charge of manslaughter arising out of the death of his child, Roy Lewis, in August, 1901, who was given Christian Science treatment for his ailment in the place of medical attendance. The indictment charged that Lewis had unlawfully and without lawful excuse neglected to provide his child with "necessaries," which he was legally bound to do by virtue of a provision in the Criminal Code. At the trial Chief Justice Falconbridge reserved three questions for the opinion of the Court of Appeal, after having decided that medicines came under the head of "necessaries." These questions are:

1. Was there sufficient evidence to warrant the conviction?
2. Was the direction to the jury that the word necessaries as used in the Criminal Code included medicine and medical treatment correct; and
3. Was the direction that the evidence as to Christian Science cures had no bearing on the case except as showing good faith in the prisoner, a proper direction?

The questions will be considered.

EACH GOT ONE YEAR.

Sentence Passed Upon St. Thomas Personators—Investigation at Pembroke.

St. Thomas, Feb. 4.—Judge Bell of Chatham yesterday pronounced sentence in the three cases of personation, and ballot stuffing committed here on Dec. 4th, in the referendum campaign.

Robt. Foster, for impersonation, was sentenced to one year's imprisonment in jail, without hard labor, and a fine of $400.

Henry Branton and William Walsh were each sentenced to a year's imprisonment for attempted ballot-stuffing.

None of the men are in the city.

Six Months at Pembroke.

Ottawa, Feb. 4.—The investigation into the alleged personation in behalf of the liquor interests at the referendum on the Liquor Act, December 4th, was commenced yesterday afternoon before Judge Deacon, of Pembroke. As far as can be learned two charges have been laid, one of which is against a veterinary surgeon, who pleads that he thought he had a vote in every ward in which he owned property.

O. Lefebvre, Nelson street, was convicted and sentenced to six months in jail and fined $100. J. B. Hollingsworth, veterinary surgeon, pleaded guilty to voting twice on his own name. The judge reserved sentence until a decision is handed out by the High Court on a similar case in Western Ontario.

Local Option Carries Day.

White River Junction, Vt., Feb. 4.—The advocates of local option carried the State yesterday, and after half a century of prohibition the cities and towns of Vermont will after March 1 be permitted to decide whether or not intoxicating liquors shall be sold in these communities.

Canadians in Paris.

Ottawa, Feb. 4. — The Canadian agent in Paris writes the Department of Trade and Commerce that a meeting was held recently in Paris to form a Canadian Chamber of Commerce. Over twenty-five Canadians were present.

Professional Brethern . . .

—BY—
GEORGE E. WALSH

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thing before I could decide upon the first step."

"It's my business," I added. Then continuing I said in a low voice:

"But Mr. Goddard is not the only one concerned in these robberies. There is another and I think a more dangerous neighbor who is implicated in the crimes. But he is too wary to be caught easily. He directs the whole matter, but keeps in the background. He must be caught at least and punished if Mr. Goddard is to suffer. It would be a sin to let him escape and the lesser criminal punished."

"Yes, yes, of course—by all means."

"Then we must work together. I've laid a plan by which I can prove the guilt of this other party. If you will work with me and do as I tell you, we can face him with his guilt in spite of all his skilfulness."

"Anything that you think best. Propose your plan."

"Well, first, I want you to keep the matter strictly quiet and not mention to a living soul that you recognized the burglar last night. Let the detectives work on the case as usual, but warn your wife not to commit herself. Is she brave enough to do this?"

"Yes; Ellen is only too ready to shield Mr. Goddard. I cannot convince her that I was correct in recognizing him."

"So much the better. Let her continue to think so and pretend that you think you might have been mistaken. Then next Tuesday night I shall ask you and another person who is more interested in Mr. Goddard than yourself—Miss Stetson, in short—to accompany me to one of your neighbor's houses. He will be away that night, and I will show you some of the secrets of his little game that he conceals in his house. When he returns late at night, we can confront him with the crime. I shall then leave it with you and Miss Stetson as to what course to pursue. If we arrest the man, Mr. Goddard will have to be implicated; if we banish him from the place with the threat of exposure, we can shield Mr. Goddard and give him another chance. That, in short, is my plan. Will you co-operate with me?"

"With pleasure. It's an admirable arrangement. I believe we ought to give Charles another opportunity. I can hardly find the heart to have him arrested."

"Well, I leave that entirely to you and Miss Stetson."

"And Miss Stetson will agree with me."

I said nothing in reply, but after giving a few more directions I withdrew, promising to call for him on the evening specified to conduct him to the house of his unknown neighbor.

CHAPTER XIX.

WITH the danger of exposure of my master removed, I returned home with a lighter heart. I reached there in time to have the lunch served to him. He had not noticed my absence, and I congratulated myself upon a shrewd piece of work. I had at last determined to bring matters to a climax.

It was two days after this before I got the opportunity to call upon Miss Stetson. I wanted to redeem her promise made on the day of her horseback accident.

I had learned through an accident that Dr. Squires would be away on Tuesday and that he would not return until late at night. I did not know what his mission was or where he was going. All that concerned me was that he would be absent and the house would be left in charge of his old servant.

It was the knowledge of this that made me anxious to appoint Tuesday for the little experiment I had in mind.

When I reached the Stetson mansion, I was informed that Miss Stetson was engaged. The servants knew me by this time, and while they did not exactly treat me as one of their number they did not accord me all the courtesy due a gentleman. I was told to take a seat until the person who was with Miss Stetson had gone.

My name was not even carried up to her, but I was too much preoccupied with my thoughts to resent this incivility, and I made the most of it by taking a comfortable seat in the waiting room. This room opened right off the front parlor, and just back of that was the library.

For some time I remained seated there busily occupied with my own thoughts, but as time passed I became restless and anxious to make a change. Not hearing any voices, I rose from my seat and walked quietly into the parlor to look at some of the beautiful pictures hanging on the walls. This liberty, I knew, Miss Stetson would not resent.

As I stepped into the parlor I heard the sound of voices proceeding from the library. I would have retreated to the waiting room if the voice of Dr. Squires had not arrested my attention. I could not resist the temptation to listen to him, for, knowing what he was, I thought anything was fair enough for him, and I played the eavesdropper.

The portieres between the parlor and library were drawn, and through their thick folds I could just catch the words of the two. The first words of the doctor informed me that I had reached the place at a critical moment.

"Miss Belle, you do me injustice to say that I do not like pleasant surroundings and that I am not like other men in my tastes. No man appreciates a home more than I do."

"I did not mean to insinuate that, doctor," Miss Stetson replied. "I merely said that I thought it so strange you should like to live in that old deserted, haunted mansion."

"I do not like to live there. It was not a matter of choice with me. I was poor and had to in order to carry out my experiments."

"But couldn't you find more congenial quarters without going to any more expense?"

"No—that is, none that would suit my purpose."

There was a short pause, then the doctor continued:

"But, Miss Belle, my time in the old haunted mansion is short. I'm going to leave it. My fortune has improved, and I shall seek better quarters."

"Has your discovery proved successful so that you can realize some money on it?" she asked eagerly.

"No, not exactly that," he stammered. "But I have been fortunate in another way. A distant relative has died and left his money to me. It is not much, but enough to keep me in comfort for the balance of my life. It will amount to about $100,000."

"Indeed! I'm so glad to hear it, doctor. Nobody will congratulate you more heartily than I, for I think you deserve it."

"It is kind of you to say it," he said slowly, "but there is one other thing necessary to complete my happiness."

Another pause followed in which I could imagine their exchange of looks.

"I would not mention this, Miss Belle, if I did not have your own word for it that you would never marry Charles," the doctor began again in a labored voice. "But when you told me that you would not marry him I thought that there was no longer any reason why I should curb my own love for you. Miss Belle, I loved you before that, and I love you now. I am no longer poor; I'm not rich, but I'll have a competency enough for both of us. I love you, and your love alone will make me happy."

I trembled more than the doctor to catch the reply.

"Please don't talk to me like that, doctor," she said in a voice that had a piteous ring to it. "It is impossible."

"Why impossible? Nothing is impossible," he answered fiercely. "I've learned to believe that anything can be accomplished if we but will it. Why can you not love me and marry me?"

"You do not understand, doctor. Please do not mention it again. It is very—hard for me to say this."

"But will you not give me your reasons?" he continued passionately. "You will not marry Charles?"

"No, never."

"Not even if I cure him of every taint of leprosy?"

"No; I would be afraid to. I would forever think of it—dread it—believe that it would show itself again in our children."

"Then why cannot you love me—marry me?"

There was a slight rustle of her dress as if she had risen to face him. Then she replied slowly, but calmly:

"Because, doctor, I still love Charles. I cannot marry him, but that does not alter my love for him. I still love him and always shall love him. Is not that an answer to your question? Would you ask me to marry you when you knew I loved another man?"

An almost inarticulate sound escaped his lips. He also rose from his seat. I heard him move toward the portieres, and I withdrew rapidly to the waiting room.

There was a murmur of their voices for a few moments, and then the portieres parted and they entered the parlor. I coughed purposely to attract their attention. Miss Stetson moved toward me, and I arose to meet her.

"I fear the maid did not send up my name," I said in reply to her inquiring look. "She said you were engaged and that I could wait here."

"Have you been waiting long?" she asked.

"No; only half a minute," I replied boldly.

"You have a message from Mr. Goddard for me?"

"Yes, a private one, but I can wait."

The doctor walked out of the parlor and gave me a close, scrutinizing glance, but I was absorbed in studying the ceiling and did not meet his eyes. He passed toward the front door and bid his hostess good day. Then I walked into the library to take his place.

CHAPTER XX.

MISS STETSON was considerably agitated and nervous when she finally appeared in the library. Her facial lines were drawn and haggard, indicating the strain she had just passed through. When she entered, I stood before her as I said:

"You must pardon me for telling you an untruth, but I could not do otherwise in the presence of your guest. I do not come with a message from my master, but with one from myself."

She looked inquiringly at me and waved her hand toward a seat while she dropped wearily into another.

"No; I will stand," I said, "until I find out whether my request will be granted."

"Your request? What is it?"

Her mind was still dwelling upon the interview that had just closed, and the purport of my words had hardly attracted her attention.

"Oh, I see!" she added a moment later, with the faintest indication of a smile on her face. "You have come to ask me to fulfill my promise of the other day."

"Exactly," I said.

"Well, what is it?"

"As I told you then, it will seem very strange to you, and I now repeat

"Then you will not grant my request?"

it. But you will find in the end it will be for your own good."

"Explain yourself," she said, showing more interest. "I do not like so much mystery."

"But, ma'am, it will be a mystery to you for some time yet. I cannot explain matters even now—not until my request is fulfilled."

She looked at me with amusement and then added:

"Well, go on. I've promised, and I'll keep my word."

"My request is this: I want you to accompany me to a certain house on next Tuesday evening at 9 o'clock sharp, where I will explain and show you things that will greatly alter your views of some of your friends."

"Why, sir, that is an absurd proposition," she said, rising, with some dignity.

"Then you will not grant my request?" I said quietly.

"How can I under such circumstances?"

"You promised."

"Yes, anything in reason. But you ask me to go to a strange house with you in the evening, and what assurance have I that"—

"I understand, ma'am; you have no confidence in me. I reminded you at the time you promised to do what I asked of you that it would require confidence and belief in me. I see now that you haven't."

"You are severe. I did not say that," she answered in a less repelling voice.

"No, but you implied as much. But I will not test your faith in me any more. I will give you assurances that my purposes are honorable."

She waited for me to proceed while a flush overspread her face.

"You know Mr. Jaimson?" I asked.

"Yes, very well."

"He is a friend of yours, and I believe you would trust yourself with him after dark."

She nodded affirmatively.

"Well, Mr. Jaimson is in my secret, and he will accompany us. Under those circumstances will you go with me next Tuesday evening?"

"Why, of course. It must be all right if Mr. Jaimson approves of it."

"He does. He will call here before I do on that evening, and the three of us will go together."

"But where do we go?" she asked inquisitively.

"I cannot tell you now. You will know that night."

"How mysterious you seem! I do not understand it at all."

"You will in time. But one other request. Will you promise to keep this matter absolutely secret? Do not even tell Mr. Goddard or Dr. Squires. If you do, everything will be spoiled, and, mark my word, you will repent of it if you do."

"I will promise," she answered.

"And keep your promise better than you did the other one," I could not refrain from saying, for her lack of trust in me had piqued me a little.

She colored and at first would have resented my bold words, but an afterthought checked her.

"Yes, I will redeem my promise this time without question."

"Thank you. Then on Tuesday at a quarter to 9 Mr. Jaimson will call for you, and you will be ready to accompany him. I will call for both of you at 9 o'clock. I will guarantee that you will return to your home without hurt or injury."

I hastily withdrew then. She accompanied me to the door. She was watching me peculiarly, trying to decide, I imagine, whether I was a crank or a sane man and whether she had made a mistake or not in promising to accompany me.

CHAPTER XXI.

I WAITED with feverish anxiety for Tuesday night. It was natural that I should experience constant fear about the success of my little scheme. If either my master or Dr. Squires got a hint of my intentions, the game would be up and I would have all my labor for nothing. It would be such an easy matter, too, for either Miss Stetson or Mr. Jaimson to drop a word to some relative or intimate friend which would ruin everything.

I had not learned what Dr. Squires' mission was in leaving the mansion on Tuesday afternoon and evening, but I concluded that it had something to do with his prospective fortune, and this fortune, I felt reasonably certain, consisted solely of the stolen goods which had accumulated in his house. He had evidently reached the point where he thought it advisable to ship them away to some more convenient place where they could be disposed of to advantage. It would be comparatively easy to send them off by express to some distant city and melt up the silver pieces and sell the metal for what it would bring.

While he was making arrangements to escape with his unlawful goods I was planning to capture him and rob him of his sole title to a fortune. I did not doubt but he would take the lion's share of the spoils, leaving my master only a small portion, or probably he would at the last moment escape without dividing at all with him. He was capable of such a trick.

Shortly after dusk on Tuesday I approached the old mansion on foot. I had made sure of the doctor's disappearance. I saw him get on the train about noon and leave for the city.

As soon as it was dark enough to conceal myself from view I approached the house and looked through the kitchen windows. The old Indian servant was alone and seemed to be busily engaged in cooking his supper. When I had made sure of this, I hurried around to the front piazza and began to climb the post which had once before served me a similar good turn.

Knowing the way well, I made quick work in climbing on the roof of the house, and I reached the cupola without mishap. Here I found everything as I had left it during my previous visit. I opened the window without difficulty and proceeded to lift the trap door in the floor. The lock had not been tampered with, and nobody had ever been the wiser for my first visit.

In a few moments I found my way down the ladder and stood in the upper hall. The house was wrapped in darkness, except for the light in the kitchen. This all helped to make my plan easier.

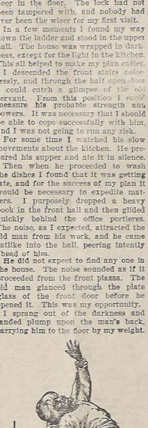
I descended the front stairs noiselessly, and through the half open door I could catch a glimpse of the old servant. From this position I could measure his probable strength and powers. It was necessary that I should be able to cope successfully with him, and I was not going to run any risk.

For some time I watched his slow movements about the kitchen. He prepared his supper and ate it in silence.

Then when he proceeded to wash the dishes I found that it was getting late, and for the success of my plan it would be necessary to expedite matters. I purposely dropped a heavy book in the front hall and then glided quickly behind the office portieres. The noise, as I expected, attracted the old man from his work, and he came catlike into the hall, peering intently ahead of him.

He did not expect to find any one in the house. The noise sounded as if it proceeded from the front piazza. The old man glanced through the plate glass of the front door before he opened it. This was my opportunity.

I sprang out of the darkness and landed plump upon the man's back, carrying him to the floor by my weight.



I had grasped his two arms.

As we fell together I had grasped his two arms and held them securely locked behind him. For a moment he was so frightened by this sudden attack that he did not struggle, but when he felt me running a rope around his elbows and wrists he summoned all of his strength and fought desperately.

I had not underestimated his strength. He was thin and lithe, but powerful and sinewy. He was like a serpent in his wriggling, and I had the greatest difficulty in the world to hold him. We struggled and scuffled about the hall floor for ten minutes before I could tame him. Once or twice I felt that the battle was going against me, but I renewed my efforts and finally pinioned his arms behind him with the rope.

With his arms securely tied the man gave up the struggle and lay there panting and trying to speak. I saw that he was really dumb, although not deaf. He could not speak, but he could hear.

"Be quiet now, and I shall not hurt you," I said in answer to the question which I could plainly read in his eyes. "I'm not going to harm you; only you must submit to being bound for the rest of the night. I will make you as comfortable as possible."

I picked him up and carried him with difficulty to one of the bedrooms upstairs. After placing him in an easy position on the bed I tied him securely to the posts, running the ropes round and round his body and the bed. He looked more like a bandaged mummy than a living being when I had finished.

"Now, you'll remain there until I call for you," I said. "If I catch you attempting to escape, I'll shoot you."

I placed my revolver at his temple as I spoke to emphasize my words. He looked frightened and shook his head vigorously.

Then I left him, locking the door and windows securely, and returned to the scene of our recent struggle. I lighted a lamp long enough to give me an opportunity to clean up things which we had displaced in our struggle. I wanted everything to appear natural when the doctor returned home.

Leaving a dim light burning in the kitchen, I took the front door key with me and stepped out into the cool night air. "So far so good," I said to myself. It was then half past 8, and I had half an hour in which to reach the Stetson mansion in time to meet my appointment.

CHAPTER XXII.

I WAS at Miss Stetson's promptly at 9 o'clock. Mr. Jaimson was waiting there for me, and Miss Stetson was all prepared for her strange journey.

"I don't like this at all," she said, biting her lip. "I don't know whether to regard it as a joke or not."

"It is not a joke," Mr. Jaimson replied seriously. "I fear it is far from it."

"Why not tell me all, then? I don't like mysteries."

"It is for him to tell you," he answered, pointing toward me.

Knowing that he took me for a detective, I answered evasively:

"We'll soon be there, Miss Stetson, and then you will know all."

I led them a brisk walk down the old highway until we reached the ground surrounding the old mansion. When I turned to go up to the house, Mr. Jaimson started and exclaimed:

"Is it Dr. Squires?"

I nodded affirmatively and increased my pace.

"Of course this is where Dr. Squires lives, but what of that?" inquired Miss Stetson, looking from one to the other.

Neither of us made reply, but trudged on in gloomy silence.

Without any formality or explanation I produced the key and opened the front door of the old house. I ...ed inside and lighted the hall lamp. Then as they followed me I closed the door.

"Dr. Squires is not at home tonight," said Miss Stetson, "and I do not see why we should enter his house in this way. Where did you get the key and where is his old servant?"

"One thing at a time, Miss Stetson," I replied. "I will explain everything in a few moments. Please be seated in the hall until I light more lamps."

I left them in the hallway while I bounded up the stairs to see if the old servant was all right. I unlocked the room and glanced in. He was propped up in the same attitude on the bed, and his bandages were secure.

I closed and locked the door and turned then to the treasure room. I put two or three extra lights in this place, placing them so that the rays would glisten on the silverware and jewels. I drew off all the coverings of the stolen goods and even arranged many of them so they would show off to the best advantage. With the lights shining down upon them they made a feast for the eyes that was dazzling. It was a spectacular effect that gratified my little vanity.

I returned to the hall, where I had left my two companions, and said:

"If you will accompany me upstairs, I will make all this mystery plain."

They both eagerly followed me, even Miss Stetson showing more than her ordinary curiosity. She preceded Mr. Jaimson, and as she reached the door of the room I threw it open and said:

"Behold, Miss Stetson, Dr. Squires' secret! Here is the mystery which he has safely guarded from you and all the people around here."

She stepped into the room, shaded her eyes with one hand and then stepped back with a little cry of amazement.

"What does this all mean? What beautiful things? Where did they come from?"

"Examine some of them, Miss Stetson," I said. "Look at this handsome silver teapot and water pitcher."

She stepped forward and took them out of my hand and then nearly dropped them in her agitation.

"Why, they are mine! They have my mother's initials on. They are the ones stolen from my house."

"Yes, they belong to you, and if you will look around you will see plenty of others that you may recognize—not only those which belonged to you, but to your neighbors."

She picked up one after another, handling them with such eagerness that she nearly dropped them. Then she turned helpless toward me and Mr. Jaimson.

"What does it mean, Mr. Jaimson?" she asked in a trembling voice.

"That we have at last run the robbers to earth," he replied sternly.

"Who are they?" she gasped while her face turned white and red. "Not—surely not—Dr."—

"Yes, Miss Stetson, I fear Dr. Squires is one of the guilty parties."

"It can't be. How could he do such a thing? I—I—don't understand it."

She leaned against the wall for support. Mr. Jaimson put his arm around her waist.

"You must not give way to your feelings," he said tenderly. "You must be brave. There is more to do tonight. We must tell you the whole story, and you must be equal to the emergency. It is difficult"—

I interrupted him by touching his arm. The sound of wheels on the gravelly drive had attracted my attention.

"Somebody is coming," I said. "Go down to the office. I will follow you."

I turned the lights out quickly, locked the door and bounded down the stairs two at a time. Had the doctor unexpectedly returned earlier than he had promised?

When I reached the office, I shoved them into a closet shut off from the rest of the room with soft, sheeny curtains. The place was barely large enough for all of us to squeeze in. I warned them to keep quiet until I gave them permission to speak. Through the soft curtains we could see any one in the office, but nobody could see us.

We had barely closeted ourselves when the sound of a key in the lock of the front door announced the coming of the owner of the house. Heavy steps in the hall followed, and the voice of Dr. Squires could be heard saying:

"I suppose my man has retired, Charles. I told him not to wait up for me. Ah, he has left a light burning for me in the office. It always seems more cheerful to have a light waiting for you."

He entered the office, followed by my master. After turning up the light into a brighter blaze he removed his overcoat.

"No, Charles; you're wrong in imagining that I do not help you in my treatment. I can see marked improvement in you every week."

The doctor took a bottle from the mantelpiece and poured out some brandy, swallowing it with a gulp.

"But you know the effect your hypnotic treatment has upon me," my master replied. "Every morning after you subject me to it I'm so weak and languid that I do not care to do anything."

"Merely temporary—merely temporary, Charles. Nobody can be reduced to the hypnotic state without feeling some ill effects of it afterward. But they are merely temporary and not lasting; they leave no permanent illness. You soon rally from your fatigue?"

"Yes, I'm all right after a long rest, but it does not seem natural that such a reaction should follow."

"On the contrary, it is very natural—most natural. I should be surprised if it were not so. I cannot enter into a detailed explanation of hypnotism; it would require too much time, but I can assure you that it effects the nervous system for the time, and under the intense strain the nerves are subjected to the body must afterward feel worn and weary. That is all there is to it. If you were a weak, nervous person, I might hesitate, but one with your strong, vigorous constitution ought to stand it."

My master did not reply, but remained passive, looking intently at the ...re in the grate.

"Why should you be so discouraged tonight?" the doctor added a moment later. "Has anything occurred to make you dissatisfied with my treatment?"

"No, except that I'm getting skeptical. I believe at times that I'm entirely well. I would never know that anything ailed me except when I'm reminded of it by my engagements with you. Then I go home from here and wake up the next morning with all the feelings of a man who had been through a severe fit of sickness. I don't understand it."

"My dear Charles, that is the peculiarity of your disease and of my treatment of it," the doctor replied. "I have succeeded in warding off any attacks of the disease itself, but at a slight expense of nerves. That you must expect. No medicine can cure an inherited disease without giving some counter shock to the system."

(To be continued.)

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By order of the Board.

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LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 6.

THE CEMENT WALKS CONTRACT.

It would appear that an effort is being made,—with good intentions, perhaps,—to impress the public mind with the belief that in accepting Mr. J. J. Miller's tender to construct 45,000 feet of cement walks at 13 1-4c, per square foot our Aldermen are doing a dangerous thing. So the Watchman-Warder alleges, on the strength of an opinion given by Mr. P. G. Pilkie, whose sense of proper proportions is so outraged by the quantities of gravel or broken stone, sand and cement, mentioned in the specifications, that—according to the Watchman-Warder—he threatens to take out an injunction in order to protect the citizens from loss.

Mr. Pilkie may be deserving of praise for his disinterested zeal in our citizens' behalf, but from what we have been able to learn, no other person has interpreted the specifications in precisely the same way; in fact all understood that the proportions would be those defined by Mr. Miller in his communication of yesterday. In any event we may repose confidence in the good sense of the present Council, and we fancy that Mr. Pilkie's conjunction will not be needed.

While on this subject we deem it only fair to refer to a remark made by Ald. Cinnamon at the last meeting of the Committees. He pointed out, in referring to the Town Solicitor's charges in connection with the Chalmers investigation that the town had been saved considreable money by the quashing of the Chalmers tender. That remark was based on fact, and for that saving our citizens are indebted to ex-Ald. McDiarmid, whose bold—and we believe conscientious—action brought about the result. The saving between Coombs' tender at 13. 3-4c. and Miller's at 13 1-3c. represents a sum in excess of $700. The cost of the investigatiion was about $130, leaving a very tidy balance to Mr. McDiarmid's credit. He acted as every good citizen should act under similar circumstances.

MR. CARNEGIE'S OFFER.

(Toronto Globe, Wednesday.)

Mr. Andrew Carnegie's offer of $350,000 for the construction of a central library building and three branch buildings should be promptly accepted by the City Council, as it probably will be by the Public Library Board. The immediate need of Toronto is not so much a Library as a library building, and this is precisely what Mr. Carnegie's gift will supply. The premises at present in use were never very suitable for the purpose, but they have become inadequate as well as unfit, and we must either cease purchasing books or provide a better building in a better place to afford access to them.

It is to be hoped that if the gift accepted at all it will be accepted at once and without any display of ungraciousness. There is no reason to doubt the good faith and genuine liberality of Mr. Carnegie. He has reiterated his opinion that no man should die rich, and he has been spending his money very freely for the past few years. So far as the public are aware, his donations have always been intelligently as well as generously made. His immense contribution in aid of the Scottish Universities was a welcome addition to their funds, and no one ever spoke of throwing the money back at him. If the Scottish nation could cordially accept ten millions for the promotion of higher education, surely Toronto may accept the thirtieth part of that amount to bring the culture derivable from books more effectively within the reach of those who crave for it.

Under this arrangement, if it is carried out, there will be no very great increase for the present in the amount spent in the purchase of books, but as the income from taxation increases, more extensive annual expenditures will be practicable, and they should go largely to the expansion of the reference library. It is in these days of cheap publications no great hardship for people to supply themselves with abundance of fiction at a moderate expense, and it may seriously be doubted whether supplying the "last new novel" to thousands of persons who read little else than new novels is a justifiable use of public money.

There can never be too full or too accessible a reference library in a city like Toronto. There are several others here besides the Public Library, but they are all intended for special classes, and none of them are extensive enough for research work. Moreover, the Toronto Public Library has been in the past, and will no doubt continue to be in the future, a reference library to the Province at large and to other parts of the Dominion. In this respect it has no rival in usefulness, except perhaps the Parliamentary library at Ottawa. With its transfer to a new building on an up-town site a new era of progress and usefulness would be opened up.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Mr. Gamey, classed as the Opposition representative of Manitoulin has announced his intention of supporting the Ross Government. That majority of one is growing to very substantial proportions.

Mr. Foster is credited with arguing in his North Ontario speeches, for reciprocity of tariffs with the United States. Such an abandonment of the policy of Canadian tariff for the Canadian people in favor of one of a United States tariff for the Canadian people, would indicate that the Hon. George's moments of weakness are stretching into hours.

Goderich owns its own waterworks and electric lighting plants. The following figures of last year show that the investment has been fairly profitable; Waterworks earnings, $5,700; electric light earnings, $4,700; street sprinkling and water for factories, $400; 55 hydrants at $40, $2,200; 43 electric lights (street) at $40, $1,720; 54 incandescent lights in municipal buildings, $194.40, total, $14,914.40; waterworks and electric light maintenance, $9,087.73; interest on debentures, $4,230.61; total $13,318.34. Balance, $1,596.06.

According to returns published, Canada exported, via Montreal, in season of navigation just closed, 2,109,171 boxes of cheese, valued at $18,455,246, as against 1,796,013 boxes, valued at $13,168,355, in the season of 1901. This increase of upwards of $5,000,000 in the cheese trade done through the chief shipping port is a very considerable one. Canadian butter also shows a gratifying increase. Our shipments last year via Montreal were $2,000,000 in excess of those of 1901. There is still room for a great advance in this trade, seeing that out of nearly 400,000,000 pounds imported annually by the mother country Canada only furnishes 28,846,205 pounds.

The Montreal Gazette does not approve of municipal insurance, and this is what it says: "Just now Boston is dealing with an agitation in favor of municipal insurance. Of all the fads that ever were this fad is the one which should be sat upon quickest and hardest. As a general rule the fire department in most cities is the only ably administered branch of the municipal service. This is so because the insurance men sit in judgment upon it, and when they disapprove they say so in a most emphatic way — raising rates. There is nothing which costs a householder less than fire insurance. In Montreal he can secure $1,500 worth of insurance at a cost of less than a cent per day. That is cheap enough for anyone. The proportion of wind to sense in this agitation is even less than usual."

Stock for a Lindsay Industry.

Mr. John Henderson, of Bobcaygeon, timber buyer for the Rider & Kitchener Co., was in town to-day on business. He says that a lot of very fine timber is being taken out for the firm by jobbers and farmers, and in addition some 7,000 pieces will be taken off a 400 acre lot at Nogey's Creek, below Bobcaygeon, which was acquired by the the firm last fall. We understand that additional machinery is to be placed in the veneer factory next spring.

THAT OLD PAIN AGAIN.

Gnawing, Piercing Pains That Almost Make You Scream.

It is your old enemy, rheumatism, come again with the winter to torture you. These pains, remember, are caused by bad blood, you may ease them by rubbing with liniments, and outward lotions, but cannot get rid of them in that way. Rheumatism is caused by bad blood and the only certain way to drive it out of your system is to enrich your blood by taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. There is no case of rheumatism Dr Williams' Pink Pills will not cure if given a fair trial. By making new, rich red blood and strengthening the nerves they strike at the very root of such diseases as rheumatism, sciatica and lumbago. We give one case out of thousands to prove the truth of this statement. Mr. A. G. Lacombe, Sorel, Que., says: "For five years I was a victim to the tortures of rheumatism. At times the pains in my knees, shoulders and hips were almost past endurance. Often I could not dress myself without assistance. I tried many remedies, but I never got more than temporary relief until I began the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I used altogether eight boxes, and since taking them I have not had a twinge of the trouble, and I feel better in every way than I did for years before. I would strongly advise every rheumatic sufferer to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial." Remember that only the genuine pills will cure — imitations can't cure, therefore see that the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," is found on the wrapper around every box. Sold by all medicine dealers or sent post paid at 50c. per box or six boxes for $2.50, by writing direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

VICTORIA CO. CHEESE BOARD

THE ANNUAL MEETING HELD IN TOWN MONDAY.

Number of Factories has Decreased, but the Output has Increased—Election of Officers—An Inspector Will Again be Employed

The annual meeting of the Victoria County Cheese Board, was held on Monday, commencing at 11 o'clock, with President Robertson, Secretary Shine, and a large number of farmers interested in the dairy industry in attendance. On motion Mr. Taylor Parkin representing Cameron factory, presided as chairman.

The minutes of last meeting and other meetings held during the year were read and confirmed.

PRESIDENTS ADDRESS.

President Robertson gave a very interesting address. He thanked the Board for the honor of having been elected president for the last seven years—an honor which he appreciated very much. He had great hopes seven years ago that the Cheese Board would be larger than it is at present, however, quality is better than quantity any time. The factories selling on the Board now are producing a good quality of cheese, so we must not get discouraged.

In 1895 seventeen factories sold 9369 cheese; last year fifteen sold 17,537, the average price for the six months being 9 9-16 cents. In 1897 there were twenty-two factories represented on the Board, but since then some factories had been destroyed by fire and some preferred to consign to the English market, while others are selling privately. He was proud of Verulam township, as it had sold more cheese than some of the other townships. Over 7489 cheese were sold by Verulam, while Fenelon and Ops sold 1916 and 2812 respectively, Palestine factory 752, Emily 2703, and Janetville 578. At the Eastern Ontario Dairyman's Association annual meeting, held at Ottawa in January, Mr. Derbyshire, the president, said that 2,500,000 cheese had been sold in 1902, the amount realized for the same being $21,000,000. Besides this, 613,846 packages of creamery butter were disposed of, the amount received for the same being $9,000,000. So you see over $30,000,000 was realized altogether. The revenue derived from the sale of hogs was $15,000,000, so the farmers of Ontario should be prosperous.

The Hon. J. Dryden, at the meeting of the Dairymen's Association, said the farmers of this country should stand together whether the prices rise or fall. So it should be at this board—stick together. He thought an instructor necessary and the question should be dealt with at in order to avoid another meeting later. TThe Eastern Ontario Dairyman's Association has decided to appoint twenty inspectors this year instead of ten as formerly. Mr. Dryden has made arrangements for two instructors to be in the employ of his department, who will have charge of the dairy industry in Ontario. Mr. Barr will be in charge of the Western division, and Mr. Publow of the Eastern. These two men will have supervision over all instructors in their respective divisions.

The question has often been asked why we do not receive as much for our cheese as in Peterboro. The reply to that, perhaps, is that there are not enough buyers on this Board to make competition keen. Another is that when one-half the number of cheese of a factory is at the factory and the other half in the buyer's cold storage, the fact may have a tendency to keep away buyers.

On motion the President's address was adopted.

THE DISCUSSION.

Mr. Parkin—"Three factories were burned—West Ops, Valentia and Kinmount."

Mr. Robertson—"Yes, that's right. Minden stopped because there was not enough cheese to be sold. It's a great trouble to get instructors that are satisfactory to all the factories. Little Britain and Oakwood dropped off on that account. Instructors are necessary, however, because they have a tendency to raise the standard of cheese. The product nowadays is not what it was 20 years ago. Storekeepers at the present wont take culls, but insist on a good qualiyt of cheese, As for the low prices paid on the Lindsay Board, Mr. Flavelle will explain."

Mr. W. Flavelle—"In 1901 better prices were paid in Lindsay than in Peterboro."

Some discussion took place as to the prices paid for cheese in Lindsay and Peterboro, but was finally settled by Mr. Flavelle explained how that came about. The question of allowing for shrinkage was discussed. Some of the members thought that if shrinkage was allowed a higher price should be paid for cheese. Mr. Flavelle said that the shrinkage was allowed in October cheese last year. October is sometimes indifferently cured, and consequently the shrinkage is great. If not allowed the buyer would be at a loss.

Mr. Akister, of Bury's Green, said that Mr. Sandford, the treasurer, was unable to attend the meeting owing to other business. Mr. Sandford intended to engage in the butter business this year, and as he would not be a salesman at the board he wished to retire from the treasurership.

THE NEW OFFICERS.

The election of officers then took place, resulting in the following being elected: President, Mr. Robertson; Vice-Pres., Mr. Parkin; 2nd Vice-Pres., Mr. Sinclair; Secretary, Mr. Shine; Treasurer, Mr. Ray.

On motion of Mr. Parkins, seconded by Mr. Ray, it was decided that each factory selling on the board should pay a fee of one dollar.

ABOUT AN INSPECTOR.

Mr. Robertson—"What about an inspector? We should have one. Last year we were separate from the Association in that respect, but I would suggest we fall into line this year and let them send any one of the twenty men they may select."

Mr. Staples—"I don't know what other inspectors do, but I understand Mr. Hall not only inspects the milk, but he sees that the cans are clean as well. I think Mr. Hall is a first-class man."

Mr. Hall—"I don't think I would care to take it another year, as there is not enough money in it."

Mr. Lytle—"I would suggest that Mr. Hall's name be recommended to the Eastern Dairymen's Association as one of the twenty inspectors to be appointed. Some of those that will be appointed may not be as fully qualified as Mr. Hall, but they get their appointment through influence. I am glad Mr. Publow has been appointed superintendent of the Eastern Division, because he is a good man; I believe he is the greatest cheese man living to-day. It is a blessing to have such a man as Mr. Publow connected with the association, and I would be only too glad to see Mr. Hall under him, but the latter's salary last year was not enough to remunerate him for the work done. It is necessary to have an inspector in order to keep up the standard of cheese. We must have the quality, and that's the reason Canadian cheese won the first prize at the Chicago World's Fair. As for the prices paid in Lindsay, I think they were equal to the prices paid at other places. If buyers pay a high price one year they are not going to do the same the next. Again, if buyers say they must have shrinkage and the producers say no, the buyers can get over that difficulty by offering a fraction of a cent less."

Mr. Parkin—"Mr. Hall is a good man. He should be because we educated him up to the business. He has gone and stolen one of our fine girls in Cameron, and now we can't do without him." (Laughter.)

On motion of Mr. Sinclair, seconded by Mr. staples it was decided that an inspector be engaged, and that Mr. Hall be recommended to the Association.

Mr. Parkin—"I have no fault to find with Messrs. Flavelle and Fitzgerald, but we should send an invitation to other buyers."

NEW STYLE OF CHEESE

Mr. Flavelle then exhibited for inspection a sample of cheese which has been lately patented. It is a square in form weighs 12 lbs., and is covered with white Paraffine cloth marked off in exact half-pound squares. This cheese is a good seller for the retail trade. The machinery for making this cheese would cost about $200.

The meeting then adjourned after deciding that the first sale will be held on Monday, May 18th.

BOARD OF HEALTH AFFAIRS.

The Annual Meeting Held Monday Afternoon.

The annual meeting of the Board of Health was held on Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock, in the Council chamber. Those present were Messrs. R. Kylie, J. Staples, J. Wardrobe, Geo. Mills, Mayor Sootheran, Sanitary Inspector Douglas and Clerk Knowlson.

The Secretary, Mr. Knowlson, called the meeting to order and then stated that the first business was to appoint a chairman. It was then moved by Mr. Mills, seconded by Mr. Kylie, that Mr. Staples be appointed chairman for 1903. Mayor Sootheran moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Wardrobe, that Mr. Kylie be chairman. The amendment was put and declared carried.

Mr. Kylie, in a few well-chosen words, returned thanks for the honor conferred on him. As he had the office last year he thought the honor should go around. He hoped he would receive the hearty co-operation of all members, and that the business would be transacted in a manner satisfactory to all.

Will Strengthen His Hands.

It was moved by Mr. Mills, seconded by Mr. Staples, that the members be a committee to assist in their respective wards the Medical Health Officer in performing his duties.—Carried.

Declared to be a Nuisance.

A communication from Sanitary Inspector Douglas, complaining of the bad odor arising from the new closet installed in the market building, and asking that the same be ventilated, caused a little discussion.

Mayor Sootheran—"Mr. Douglas spoke to me about it. I suggested that a vent pipe be put in, but I prefer to have the opinion of the Board so that I can bring the matter before the Council."

Mr. Mills—"The complaint has been made and the matter should be attended to. I understand that some of the members of Council don't care to have Mr. Douglas complaining of the unsanitary condition of town property. I think the town has as much right to be notified as any private individual."

The Board then adjourned to inspect the place complained of. They will report verbally to the Mayor.

Fairs and Exhibitions.

Civilized mankind is divided into two classes; those help to manage or who exhibit at fairs, and those who are visitors. The annual report on Ontario Fairs and Exhibitions for 1902, just issued by the Department of Agriculture, Toronto, contains many hints of interest to all concerned in exhibitions. The first part of the report consists of an account of the annual meeting of the Canadian Association of Fairs and Exhibitions, papers and discussions on present day fair topics being given in full. Mr. C. C. James, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, in reply to many questions, throws much light on the provisions of the Agriculture and Arts Act, so far as it touches agricultural societies and exhibitions. He also contributes an appendix to the report of a most interesting historical character, describing the first Agricultural Societies formed in the Province, the first Provincial Exhibition and the mood of conducting the early markets and fairs. TThe report also gives a large amount of space to an account of the Model Fair held at Whitby last fall This fair attracted much attention. and the plan is explained in full in the report, the official program also being given. A perusal of the whole report by the directors and other officers of our agricultural societies will mean a marked improvement in the aim of our fall exhibitions and in the mode of conducting them. The importance of the educational side of the work rather than the spectacular is well and fairly emphasized throughout the report.

THE N. HOCKIN SHOE STORE

MID-WINTER FOOTWEAR.

Cold and stormy weather is predicted for the month of February. Warm Footwear and Overshoes will be in demand. This store keeps its weather-eye open and is prepared for all conditions of atmospheric changes.

TWO SHIPMENTS OF OVERSHOES RECEIVED THIS WEEK:

Men's 1, 2 and 3-buckle Lined Waterproof Overshoes, all sizes in stock.

An odd line of Men's Lined Waterproof Artics, size 11, worth $1.50, to be pushed out at 99c per pair.

Children's, Boys' and Girls' Overshoes from 50c per pair.

Men's warm and easy-to-wear Felt Gaiters, all sizes at 99c per pair.

Women's fine and warm Felt Gaiters, all sizes at 89c per pair.

Our first offering of Women's Fine Up-to-date $1.25 Dongola Laced Boots, sold in the push price of 99c. Having gone up with a rush, we will place another 30 pairs of the same splendid shoe on our bargain table to-morrow Saturday, to be sold at the same popular push price of 99c per pair.

THE N. HOCKIN SHOE STORE

AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHERS

Increase the usefulness of your camera by getting a set of our Improved Album ...

MULTIPLYING SLIDES.

Makes six different pictures on 4 x 5 plate. Can be used in any focussing camera. Sample photo and price list mailed upon request.

S. VISE, 513 Queen Toronto W

HELPING A WORTHY INSTITUTION.

Donations to Home for the Aged.

The following donations were received at the Home for the Aged during the half year ending Dec. 31st, 1902; 18 boxes of berries, Mr. I. Deyell; 18 boxes of raspberries, Mr. Barton; two loaves of bread, Mrs. Podger, &c.; half-dozen cabbages, Mr. I. Deyell; baskets of apples, Mrs. W. M. Robson, Mrs. J. McCarty; half bag of apples, Mrs. Sandford; baskets of apples, Mrs. W. Wright, Mrs. Sandford, Mr. McCarty, Mrs. Sandford; bag of apples, Mr. E. Gregory; baskets of apples, Mr. McCarty, a friend; basket of peaches, Mr. A. R. Terry; basket of pears, basket of greengages, Mr. J. Staples; bag of flour, Mr. W. H. Clendenan; tobacco, Mr. Riggs; cakes, Mrs. T. Stewart; turkey, Mr. A. Fleury; roast of beef, St. Vincent de Paul; 2 doz. oranges, Miss Hore; candies, nuts and cake, Mrs. Arch. Campbell; turkey, Archdeacon Casey; turkey, Mrs. J. C. Harstone; turkey and gem of fruit, a friend; 2 doz. oranges, Mr. Chas. Podger; basket of apples, Mrs. T. Stewart; 2 mince pies, Mrs. J. D. Flavelle; 2 pies, apples, gem of fruit, 8 lbs. candy, 2 editions revised version of New Testament, Miss Cora Thompson and Mrs. Goulais; turkey, Mrs. Bolger; cushion for E. Riordon, Mrs. N. Brady; 2 loaves currant bread, home-made, Mrs. Goulais; cake and tarts for Mrs. Sheehan; Mrs. Burke; marmalade, 2 mince pies, bag of apples, Mrs. Deacon; goose, Mr. Steers; arm chairs for B. Smith, Jas McMahon and B. McKay; rocking chair for Mrs. Davidson, St. Andrew's Presbyterian church; arm chair for Gerald Comfort, Methodist church; 3 bbls of apples, Judge McIntyre, Whitby; bbl. of apples, Mr. J. Fleury; arm chairs for D. Doris, D. Shea, M. Brennan, P. Bartholomew, E. Riordon, shawl for Mrs. Sheehan; prayer books for Julia Sullivan and B. Connell, from the ladies of St. Mary's church; eight dollars to be divided equally amongst Julia Sullivan, B. Connell, Wm. Flynn and P. Walters, gift from Emily Council. The Home Managers tender hearty thanks to all contributors. E. E. Sharpe Secretary.

"Prism Brand" Ready Mixed Paints.—McLENNAN & Co.

Good Advice for Our Council.

Montreal Star, Friday: The Council should stop trifling with the Carnegie Library affair. They should either politely decline the gift, once for all, or decide by a majority vote on a site and then go to work and put it up there. This vacillation is far more humiliating to the city than either the acceptance or the belated rejection of Mr. Carneie's proposal. The donor deserves better treatment than he is getting......Montreal has only been up against the problem for a brief period, but in Lindsay the question of a site has been an issue for about a twelvemonth, notwithstanding the pledge given by last year's Council that a site would be

Torpid Liver

Is sometimes responsible for difficult digestion, that is, DYSPEPSIA.

When it is,
What headache, dizziness, constipation,
What fits of despondency,
What fears of imaginary evils, conduce with the distress after eating, the sourness of the stomach, the bad taste in the mouth, and so forth, to make the life of the sufferer scarcely worth living!

Dyspepsia resulted from torpid liver in the case of Mrs. Jones, 2320 N. 12th St., Philadelphia, Pa., who was a great sufferer.

Her statement made in her 77th year is that she was completely cured of it and all its attendant aches and pains, as others have been, by a faithful use of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

That acts on all the digestive organs, cures dyspepsia, and give permanent vigor and tone to the whole system.

HOUSEKEEPERS.

We are in a position to supply your wants with the best goods obtainable from foreign and domestic wholesale firms. We mention a few lines that are now selling freely:

FISH—Here you will find every kind—fresh, salt smoked and canned. We guarantee the quality to be the best known to the trade. Lowest prices on small lots or quantities.

PICKLES—In addition to the old standard lines we handle many new relishes that have taken a strong hold on the public fancy. A taste of these acts as a fillip to a jaded appetite and they should be on every table.

BREAKFAST FOODS—We handle all the popular lines and can tell you something about the virtues of each. Some of these lines are attaining a very large sale strictly on their merits. They are aids to health and are economical as well.

SPRATT & KILLEN,

FAMILY GROCERS.

SCHOOL CHILDREN'S EYES

Supply Your Intellect.

Detective eyes stunt the mind.
Can you expect fair progress in school,
or success in business, if so handicapped?

Examination of children for glasses is a special feature of our Optical Department.

THE EXAMINATION IS FREE.

BRITTON BROS., Opticians,

Foot of Kent Street, LINDSAY.

Private Sale of Farm Stock and Implements.

Having disposed of my farm, North half of Lot 11, 6th Con., Ops Township, I now offer for sale the Live Stock and Chattels:—

6 first-class Milk Cows, to calve in February and March.
4 2-year old Heifers, in calf.
5 2-year old Steers, 1 Stocker
4 yearling Calves, select.
1 Grade Durham Bull Calf.
1 improved Yorkshire Hog.
1 pure bred Tamworth Sow with brood of nine young pigs.
1 team of heavy draught Horses.
1 driving Horse, 5 years old, sired by Tyrone.
1 3-year old Filly, sired by Chenean.
3 store Hogs.
1 Cook Stove and Pipes.
A full equipment of farm Implements, all nearly new.
A quantity of Mangles and Turnips, also for sale 800 bushels Barley. 600 bushels Oats.

I will be at the Simpson House, Lindsay, through the month of January.

WILLIAM THEXTON

RAILWAYS AND LABOR.

Draft of Sir William Mulock's New Bill to Arbitrate Disputes Between These Interests.

Ottawa, Feb. 3.—Local labor unions have received draft copies of the amended bill for the settlement of railway labor disputes, which is to take the place of the measure introduced at the last session of Parliament by Sir William Mulock. The old bill provided for the compulsory arbitration of railway disputes and made violations of the act punishable by severe penalties. After consultations between the Minister of Labor and representatives of the railway employes, the provisions for compulsory arbitration and penalties have been dropped.

The main provision of the bill as recast sets forth that where a difference exists between any railway employers and railway employes, and by reason of failure to readjust such difference a railway lockout or strike has been or is likely to be caused, or the regular and safe transportation of mails, passengers or freight, has been or may be interrupted, the Minister of Labor may, either on the application of any party to the difference or on the application of any municipal corporation directly affected, cause inquiry to be made into the same. For this purpose a board of arbitrators is to be established by the Minister, to be composed of three persons, of whom the parties to the dispute are to name one each. The third is to be named by the other two arbitrators or by the parties to the difference, and, failing a choice by them, the Minister is to make a selection.

For the purpose of such inquiry the board is to have the power of summoning witnesses and requiring them to give evidence on oath, and calling for the production of such documents and things as are deemed requisite to a full investigation. After making full and careful inquiry into the facts and circumstances of any dispute the board will make a written report thereon to the Minister, and such report will embody the board's findings and recommendations. The report will be published in The Labor Gazette without delay, and in the annual report of the department.

Each arbitrator will be paid his actual traveling expenses, and excluding the chairman, in addition $10 for each day that he shall attend a meeting of the board or be traveling to and from his home. The chairman will be paid such remuneration as the Governor-in-Council deems reasonable. Witnesses summoned by the board are to be entitled to free transportation.

It will be seen that in place of a permanent board of arbitration in the Dominion or in each of the provinces a special board is to be constituted to investigate each dispute as it may arise. The purpose of the bill is to enable both parties to a difference and the public as well to ascertain the facts and arrive at a reasonable basis of settlement. It is expected that public opinion will have an important influence in bringing about a settlement.

Windsor, Feb. 3.—William Brisbois charged with manslaughter in connection with the death of his wife will be tried at the spring assizes.

BOXALL AND MATTHIE

Hardware
Graniteware
Tinware
Window Glass
Mixed Paints
Clothes Wringers
Washing Machines
Step Ladders
Coal Oil
Machine Oils
Scoop Shovels
Manure Forks
Horse Brushes
Curry Combs
Stove Pipes and Elbows
Stove Boards
Stove Blacking
Pipe Varnish
Stove Repairs
Stove Mica
Evetrough
Conductor Pipe
Pumps
Sinks
Iron Pipe and Fittings
Brass Fittings

Call and see our Store Display.
TINSMITHING AND PLUMBING
We Lead in these Lines.

BOXALL & MATTHIE

112 Kent-st., Lindsay.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 6.

THE PLUMBING INSPECTORSHIP.

We fear very much that our Council, actuated by a desire to comply with the Board of Health's request that the salary of Sanitary Inspector Douglas be increased, have been misled into making a very improper appointment by coupling with his present duties those appertaining to the position of plumbing nspector, an office left vacant by the resignation of Mr. Chalmers. We do not purpose, in presenting our views concerning the matter to discuss the point whethere, in the past Mr. Douglas has been fairly paid or underpaid, for the work performed by him as Sanitary Inspector. We will merely point out that for years Mr. Douglas has been in receipt of a salary of $225 as Sanitary Officer, and in addition for a long period was paid $75 per annum as Fire Warden. We have no hesitation in saying that he seldom was guilty of even the feeblest attempt to enforce the provisions of the Fire by-law, and wooden structures were erected almost by the score within the proscribed limits. We know the penalty — a fire which swept away a nest of the flimsy structures, endangered the business portion of the town, and almost led up to a public disaster. Mr. Douglas' neglect of duty in this regard may have been due to the faithfulness with which he performed the work connected with his health office, but we never heard the statement advanced in his favor.

That was before the days of city water, sewers and sanitary conveniences. There was more work to be done then, yet the Boards of Health of those days never recommended that the salary of the Sanitary Inspector be increased to $300. The request would not have been made by last year's Board, in all probability, if a former Council—stirred to action by the protests of ratepayers and several glaring instances of reckless disregard of the provisions of the Fire by-law—had not relieved Mr. Douglas of the office of Fire Warden and transferred the duties (without salary to Chief Nevison. $300 a year was the sum Mr. Douglas considered the town ought to pay under one guise or another, hence the application to increase his salary as Sanitary Inspector by $75, the amount he stood to lose by the Council's action.

A motion endorsing the increase having been defeated in committee, Mr. Douglas' friends—in an unlucky moment for our citizens—hit upon the expedient of securing for him the desired advance in salary by appointing him to the vacant office of plumbing inspector. We think it was a mistake to do so, and believe the situation warrants plain speaking. The appointment must be cancelled. Human life is dependent upon the proper execution of house plumbing; sewer gas is a deadly and insidious poison, and has slain its thousands. The most expert of plumbers make mistakes, and as a safeguard against possible deplorable fatalities all plumbing work done in Lindsay should be inspected by a person compent to detect, by means of tests and other devices, all faulty joints and hidden attempts to "scamp" a job. We have not heard anyone claim that Mr. Douglas is possessed of this expert knowledge. If he has it he would not be acting as Sanitary Inspector of Lindsay.

Allied to this question of the safety of life is the item of expense. We want our citizens to take full advantage of our costly sewers as they are constructed, but the fear that careless inspection might mean a poor plumbing system will assuredly act as a powerful deterrent to the initiation of desired improvements along that line, or else compel citizens who wish to be safe to pay a fee to an expert. The appointment of Mr. Douglas as plumbing inspector is a serious error. If we must pay him $300 salary let it be for his duties as Sanitary Inspector.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Intercolonial Railway is sending out monthly calendars with its moose-head picture reduced in size. The one for February has on the back a view of Quebec from Levis. That for March will show Murray Bay, and in the succeeding months the route traversed by the maritime express will be illustrated.

The purchase of the Great Northern railway, reaching from the Ottawa River to the City of Quebec, by the Canadian Northern Company indicates the completion of another through grain route. The Canada Atlantic will be the link between Georgian Bay and the Ottawa River, and the Canadian Northern, af-Manitoba and the Territories to ter hauling grain on its cars from Port Arthur, will utilize the water stretch from Port Arthur on Lake Superior to Depot Harbor on Georgian Bay.

The sixth report of Provincial Municipal Auditor Lang goes more into detail than his previous reports. It shows the working of the offices visited by him during the year, numbering over 160, scattered all over the province, from Cornwall to Rat Portage. There are over 800 municipal treasurers without counting the school treasurers. There were five defaulters during the year. One township treasurer finds himself with some $5,000 more than he can account for, and this sum is likely to be increased to $7,500 before the Government audit is finished. That township should be easy in its finances for a few years, but the natural question is, "Where were the local auditors?" Salaries of treasurers reach all the way from $10 to $2,000. One gentleman draws $5 as his annual stipend, and does not complain either. Auditors fees run from $4 to $100 each.

Germany, having adopted the United States system of encouraging industry, has four hundred trusts in operation, yet nothing seems to be going well. Dr. Rose, the British consul at Stuttgart, reports "that the cost of living in Germany is becoming greater. On the one hand, manufacturers complain of the decline in wholesale prices, whilst on the other hand consumers complain of the rise in retail prices, especially with regard to the necessaries of daily life, a rise scarcely noticed during a period of prosperity, but becoming most acutely felt when a reaction takes place. It seems at the present time that the more German manufacturers exert themselves to find a market for their goods the less their profits become, in spite of the increasing credit risk and the rise in expenditure for wages, salaries, travelling and advertisements. Many manufacturers are for the present content if in continuing work they manage to meet expenses and retain their workmen; for many more it may be assumed that profits are at a very low level or are altogether wanting."

Bob. Independent; One hundred and twenty-five years ago the population of the British colonies in North America was about three millions, and the tea consumption per head was about one pound yearly. The English King and Government wanted to levy a tax of six cents a pound on that tea, which the people refused to pay, and in the row which ensued the English King and Government were kicked out of the country and a President and Congress was elected. To-day there are more than eighty millions of people in the same country and a group of coal barons having seized and appropriated the coal mines are now levying a tax of $40,000,000 a year as profit on that coal. Coal costs $4 a ton to mine and load and carry, and it is now selling at $10.50 a ton. If it was right and wise to turn the King and Government out of the States for trying to levy a tax of six cents a pound on tea, what ought to be done to a President and Congress who permit the people's coal to be appropriated by coal barons and a tax of forty million dollars a year to be levied upon them? Should the President and the Congress be sent to Cuba, or some other warm place? Think about it.

A very welcome exception to the general tone of the United States press is found in the Chicago Post, which quotes a "well-known" Senator thus: "We are now in possession of that territory and it seems obvious that any one of our three arbitrators who voted to give up country over which the Stars and Stripes floats would have to move out of the United States," and goes on to say:

Is this the spirit in which our representatives approach questions of international importance? Is it consistent with what our Congress and our Presidents have done in the past? Did we not demand, and in no very diplomatic way, either, that England should submit her boundary dispute with Venezuela to arbitration? It seems to be a question of whose ox is gored with many politicians. So long as we are sure of winning they are willing to arbitrate; but when there is some chance of our losing they exclaim in a lordly and exclusive manner: "There is nothing to arbitrate. What, give up a foot of soil over which the Stars and Stripes has floated? Never!"

Let us quietly and with the bearing of thinking and reasoning beings permit this matter to be settled by the proposed commission; and then let us, without grumbling, abide by the decision of the commission. Any other course than this is inconsistent, unreasonable and unworthy of us.

Social Evening

The Literary Society of the Lindsay Collegiate Institute request the pleasure of the company of all ex-students at their social ev ning in the Assembly hall, Friday, Feb. 13, at 7.30. J. W. Lunney, secretary.

COMMUNICATIONS.

CEMENT WALKS SPECIFICATIONS.

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Sir,—I see by a recent issue of your paper that Contractor Miller objects to my opinion that the specifications of the walks to be built next summer provide for a 9 to1 mixture. He also makes some uncalled for remarks about myself.

I do not wish to argue about the specifications—they are open to every body, and are certainly capable of being interpreted as providing for a 9 to 1 walk. Nobody wants that sort of walk put down in Lindsay, and to remove all possibility of its being put down, let the Council order the doubtful clause re-written, so that it will say definitely that a walk of five parts of lake gravel, two of sand and one of cement,—which will even then make a weak mixture with many kinds of cement—shall be used.—Yours, etc.,

P. G. PILKIE.

Lindsay, Feb. 2nd.

THE CEMENT WALKS CONTRACT.

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Dear Sir,—I notice by to-day's Watchman-Warder that Mr. Pilkie intended to take out an injunction against building the cement walks, on the ground that the specifications will not build good walks. He further says that the specifications call for 7 parts lake gravel, 2 parts sand, and 1 part cement, for the base concrete. This statement is certainly misleading; as I understand the specifications they read 7 parts lake gravel to 1 of cement for base concrete, and 2 parts sand to 1 part cement for finishing. This is the understanding I had when I contracted for the said walks, and according to which I intend to build the walks. I do not know whether Mr. Pilkie intended to convey a false impression as to the composition of the proposed walks or not, but if not he certainly was and is mistaken. The clause referring to two parts sand is in case broken stone is used, and as no broken stone is to be used in the walks for which I have contracted, it is not worth considering. As regards the expert testimony, I am quite willing to have such testimony and further, I think that we have had such testimony from a gentleman who has had much more experience in building walks than has Mr. Pilkie. I refer to the statement made by Mr. Chamberlain of Toronto, before the Board of Works, committee in response to a question asked by the Mayor. It would appear that Mr. Pilkie thinks he has an inalienable right to all municipal works and that the Council were guilty of an irregularity in asking for tenders for the construction of the said walks. As my reputation is involved, I take this early opportunity to correct Mr. Pilkie's misstatement.—Respectfully yours,

J. J. MILLER.

Lindsay, Jan. 29th, 1903.

L. C. I. OLD BOYS' ASSOCIATION.

Organization of the Toronto Branch Effected—a Dinner Will be Given.

A full representative meeting of the L. C. I., Old Boys' Association was held last Saturday night at Wycliffe College for the purpose of further organization and drawing up a constitution. It was nearly 8 o'clock before the meeting was called to order, for the boys were busily engaged in hearty handshaking and recalling pleasant associations of the past. At length business was resumed, and after approving the minutes of the previous meeting a constitution which had been carefully prepared by a committee, was brought on for adoption. Some brisk discussion took place by many of the members, some of whom had scarcely ever been known to take part in public debating, but who gave evidence by their approach to eloquence that all they required was an opportunity in order to vindicate themselves in that direction.

Nominations were then received for officers for the ensuing year, and the following members were elected: Hon. Pres., J. C. Harstone, B. A.; Pres., Thos. Buck; Vice-Pres., Ben. Miller; Sec., J. G. Workman; Treas., W. Ellis; Com. of Three, J. W. Brien, W. H. Vance, Wm. McKinnon.

The question of the dinner or "blow out," as some chose to call it, was then brought up and decided favorably. As to the nature of the dinner, it was agreed unanimously that it should take the form of a dry dinner. An able committee was also appointed to make full arrangements, but the date of the function has not yet been decided upon.

It is the desire of the committee to get the name and address of all the gentlemen in the city who have ever been associated with the L.C.I., in order to notify them of the progress and date of the celebrated function.

Toronto, Feb. 3rd. 1903.

RAVEN LAKE CEMENT COMPANY.

Construction Work Will Commence in the Early Spring.

Mr. John Lucas, president of the Raven Lake Portland Cement Company, was in town to-day in the interests of his company. In conversation with our reporter Mr Lucas said that his company are making satisfactory progress with the works at Raven Lake, in Bexley township, between Victoria Road and Corson's Siding, and have already over 1000 loads of material on the ground ready for building operations as soon as the spring opens up. We were also shown the plans of the new works, which, when completed, will be the most up-to-date in the Province, with a capacity of 600 barrels a day. When asked if cement would not be much cheaper this season, Mr. Lucas said there was no immediate prospect of a drop in prices, as the demand for cement had increased with such rapidity that the works at present in operation could not possibly keep pace with orders. Contracts for the very costly machinery required will be let in the course of a couple of weeks.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain Prices Higher at Chicago—Liverpool Wheat Higher and Corn Lower—The Latest Quotations.

Tuesday Evening, Feb. 3.

Liverpool wheat futures closed ½d to ⅝d higher to-day than yesterday and corn futures ⅛d to ¼d lower.

At Chicago to-day May wheat closed 1½c higher than yesterday, May corn ⅛c higher and May oats ⅛c higher.

LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.

Following are the closing quotations at important wheat centres to-day:

	Cash.	May.	July.
New York	....	81⅞	78¾
Chicago	....	78⅞	74½
Toledo	78¼	81⅜	76⅜
Duluth, No. 1 Nor.	76¼	78¼	....

TORONTO ST. LAWRENCE MARKET.

Grain—

Wheat, red, bush.	$0 72 to	$0 73
Wheat, white, bush.	0 72	0 72½
Wheat, spring, bush.	0 68	....
Wheat, goose, bush.	0 66	0 67
Beans, bush.	1 30	1 50
Peas, bush.	0 78½	....
Rye, bush.	0 52½	....
Barley, bush.	0 45	0 48
Oats, bush.	0 36½	....
Buckwheat, bush.	0 55½	....

TORONTO FARM PRODUCE. Wholesale.

Hay, baled, car lots, ton	$8 50 to	$9 00
Straw, baled, car lots, ton.	5 00	5 75
Potatoes, car lots	1 00	1 10
Butter, dairy, lb. rolls	0 18	0 20
Butter, tubs, per lb.	0 18	0 19
Butter, creamery, lb. rolls.	0 22	0 24
Butter, creamery, boxes	0 22	0 23
Butter, bakers', tub	0 15	0 16
Eggs, new-laid, doz.	0 25	....
Turkeys, per lb.	0 13	0 14
Geese, per lb.	0 08½	0 09½
Ducks, per pair	0 75	1 25
Chickens, per pair	0 45	0 75
Honey, per lb.	0 08	0 09
Honey (sections), each	0 12½	0 15

TORONTO HIDES AND WOOL.

Hides, No. 1 steers, inspected		$0 08
Hides, No. 2 steers, inspected		0 07
Hides, No. 1, inspected		0 07½
Hides, No. 2, inspected		0 06½
Calfskins, No. 1, selected		0 10
Calfskins, No. 2, selected		0 08
Deacons (dairies), each		0 65
Sheepskins	$0 80 to	$0 95
Wool, fleece	0 15	0 16
Wool, unwashed	0 08½	0 09½
Tallow, rendered	0 05¾	0 06¼

TORONTO LIVE STOCK.

The receipts of live stock ware 54 carloads, composed of 747 cattle, 500 hogs, 342 sheep and lambs and 25 calves.

Export Cattle—Choice loads of heavy shippers are worth $4.80 to $5; medium exporters, $4.40 to $4.85.

Export Bulls—Choice heavy export bulls sold at $4 to $4.25; light export bulls, $3.50 to $3.75 per cwt.

Butchers' Cattle—Choice picked lots of butchers' cattle, equal in quality to best exporters, 1075 to 1150 lbs. each, are worth $4.60; loads of medium butchers', $3.65 to $4; loads of good butchers' sold at $3.85 to $4.35; common butchers', $3.12½ to $3.35; rough, $2.80 to $3; canners, at $2.35 to $2.75.

Exporters and Butchers, mixed—Load of mixed butchers and exporters sold at $4.30 to $4.50.

Feeders—Feeders, 1000 to 1100 lbs. each, are worth $4.25 to $4.40, and light feeders, 800 to 900 lbs. each, $3.80 to $4.20 per cwt.

Stockers—Stockers, 500 to 700 lbs. each, of good quality, are worth $3 to $3.25 per cwt.; off colors and poor quality of the same weight are worth $2.25 to $3 per cwt.

Milch Cows—Milch cows and springers are worth $30 to $50 each.

Calves—Calves sold at $4 to $12 each, or from $4.50 to $6 per cwt.

Yearling Lambs—Lambs sold at $4.50 to $5.15.

Sheep—Prices $3.50 to $4 per cwt., for ewes, and bucks at $2.50 to $3.25.

Hogs—Best select bacon hogs, not less than 160 lbs. nor more than 200 lbs. each, off cars, sold at $6 per cwt.; lights, at $5.75; sows, $4.50 to $5 per cwt., and stags, $3 per cwt.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, Feb. 3.—Cattle—Receipts, 400 head; steady. Veals, receipts, 85 head; 25c lower; tops, $8.50 to $8.75; common to good, $5.50 to $8.25. Hogs, receipts, 6200 head; fairly active; pigs 25c to 35c lower; yorkers 10c to 15c lower; heavy 5c to 10c lower; heavy, $7 to $7.05; medium, $6.95 to $7; yorkers, $6.85 to $6.90; bulk at $6.90; pigs, $6.90; roughs, $6 to $6.25; stags, $5 to $5.25. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 6700 head; steady; top lambs, $6.30 to $6.40; few at $6.50; culls to good, $4.25 to $6.25; yearlings, $5.25 to $5.50; ewes, $4.25 to $4.40; sheep, top mixed, $4.50 to $4.75; culls to good, $2 to $4.45.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, Feb. 3.—Beeves—Receipts, 218; all consigned direct; no sales reported. Exports to-day, beef estimated, 810 beeves, 2280 sheep, 4240 quarters of beef. Calves, receipts, 63; veals steady at $8.75 to $9.25. Sheep and lambs, receipts, 482; sheep quiet and steady, lambs about steady; sheep, $3 to $4.40; lambs, at $4.75 to $6.50. Hogs, receipts, 4389; no sales reported.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Feb. 3.—Cattle—Receipts, 5000, including 1000 Texans; slow; weak; good to prime steers, $4.00 to $6.10; poor to medium, $3 to $4.50; stockers and feeders, $2.30 to $4.50; cows, $1.40 to $4.60; heifers, $2.25 to $4.75; canners, $1.40 to $2; bulls, $2.25 to $4.25; calves, $3.50 to $7.25; Texas-fed steers, $3.50 to $4.50.

Hogs—Receipts to-day, 27,000; to-morrow, 9000; left over, 5000; strong to 5c higher; mixed and butchers', $6.55 to $6.80; good to choice, heavy, $6.85 to $6.97½; rough, heavy, $6.60 to $6.85; light, $6.30 to $6.60; bulk of sales, $6.55 to $6.75.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 12,000; steady to strong; lambs steady to strong; good to choice wethers, $4.40 to $5.25; fair to choice, mixed, $3.50 to $4.40; native lambs, $4.50 to $6.30; western lambs, $4.75 to $6.25.

BRITISH CATTLE MARKET.

London, Feb. 3.—Live cattle steady at 12½c to 13½c per lb. for American steers, dressed weight; Canadian steers, 11½c to 12½c per lb.; refrigerator beef, 9c to 9½c per lb.

THAT OLD PAIN AGAIN.

Gnawing, Piercing Pains That Almost Make You Scream.

It is your old enemy, rheumatism, come again with the winter to torture you. These pains, remember, are caused by bad blood, you may ease them by rubbing with liniments and outward lotions, but cannot get rid of them in that way. Rheumatism is caused by bad blood and the only certain way to drive it out of your system is to enrich your blood by taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. There is no case of rheumatism Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will not cure if given a fair trial. By making new, rich red blood and strengthening the nerves they strike at the very root of such diseases as rheumatism, sciatica and lumbago. We give one case out of thousands to prove the truth of this statement. Mr. A. G. Lacombe, Sorel, Que., says: "For five years I was a victim to the tortures of rheumatism. At times the pains in my knees, shoulders and hips were almost past endurance. Often I could not dress myself without assistance. I tried many remedies, but I never got more than temporary relief until I began the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I used altogether eight boxes, and since taking them I have not had a twinge of the trouble, and I feel better in every way than I did for years before. I would strongly advise every rheumatic sufferer to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial." Remember that only the genuine pills will cure — imitations can't cure, therefore see that the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," is found on the wrapper around every box. Sold by all medicine dealers or sent post paid at 50c. per box or six boxes for $2.50, by writing direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

WAKELY & FORD **WAKELY & FORD**

One Thousand Five Hundred and Sixty-seven Yards Flannelette at Three and a Half Cents.

The head line serves as a text of what you can get here this week.
FLANNELETTES AT THREE AND A HALF CENTS.

—A Wakely & Ford Bargain is all that it seems to be.

—Goods exactly as represented. Prices just as we say.

DID you ever hear the like of it outside this store? That's what buying does in large syndicate quantities for cash and then selling for cash EVERY TIME. But that is not the only good thing here. We've finished stock-taking and know exactly where we stand; and so liberal has been your patronage during our first five months' business in Lindsay, that we've actually surprised ourselves in the total sales. So we feel that we can afford to cut the price on every winter article in the house—to sell at once rather than to hold it over into another season, and so the prices are cut deeper.

Thousands of yards of Flannelettes---all underprice

At 3½c. A nice soft finished Flannelette, 18 inches wide, fast colors, assorted light stripes, also plain white, pinks, blues and creams, worth double what we ask.

At 5c. Another lot, a little heavier and wider than the above line, choice new patterns, regular 7c. and 8c. kinds.

At 7½c. Better qualities still at this price; there's a good choice of patterns here, 30 to 32 inches wide, regular 9c. and 10c. values,

At 9½c. Here's an elegant quality, heavy soft and durable, full 36 inches wide, (note the width) all the best light patterns, you save 3c. on every yard you buy, regular 12½c.

At 8½c. Printed Wrapperettes, for Dressing Sacques, Wrappers, Waists, etc., a good assortment of new patterns, regular 10c. and 12½c.

BLANKETS, COMFORTERS—reduced.

At $1.69. A large union Blanket, fast colored borders, guaranteed to wear well, regular $2.75 a pair.

At 75c. Horse Blankets of wool kersey cloth, shaped edges, tape bound, breast strap, regular $1.00 each.

At $1.19. Bed comforters of fancy sateen tops, batting filling, quilted, 60x72 inches, worth $1.75. Better kinds and larger sizes are also marked to clear.

A Sharp Clean Up in Jackets at close to Half Price.

$3.00 Children's Reefers, $1.50. 15 only Children's Navy and Red Reefer Jackets, fit girls from 4 to 10 years, nicely made, good styles for spring wear, while they last, $1.50 each.

ANOTHER HALF-PRICE LOT.

At $3.75. Misses' box back Coats of Grey or Black Frieze Cloth, lined throughout, size 12 to 18 years, regular 6 00 and $6.50.

$7.00 RAINCOATS $4.90.

Too many in stock at present, that's the only reason for this remarkably low price. They're all this season's styles of light weight rain proof cloth, finished with velvet on cuffs and around the large collar. These are a snap at 4.90.

Your Last Chance to Buy Furs at such Low Prices.

These Furs are as good as Gold Dollars as far as value and worth is concerned, for we'll sell the same things next season at twenty-five to fifty per cent. more than the prices we quote here. Perhaps you would rather buy now.

IF IT'S RUFFS YOU WANT, COME HERE.

A great number of Ruffs of Alaska Sable, Electric Seal, Brown and Black Oppossum, Black Martin and Imitation Mink; $17.50 kinds for $13.75, $15.00 for $11.90, 13 50 for 11.00, 11.00 for 9.00, 9.00 for 7.50 and 6.50 and 7.00 kinds for 4.75, 1.75 kinds for **1.38**

GOOD MUFFS TO GO CHEAP.

$13 Alaska Sable for 11.00, 11.00 for 9.00; 9.50 American Sable, 7.50; 10.00 Black Persian Lamb, 8.00, 8.00 for 6.50; 7.50 Black Astrachan, 5.75; and 4 00 at..**2 75**

CAPERINE BARGAINS.

$18.50 Grey Lamb 15.00, and 13 00 for 10.90, 12.00 for 9.50, 10.00 for 8.50; 6 50 Grey Lamb Collars 5.75, 5.50 for 4.50, and 4 50 for **3.75**

$26.00 Alaska Sable and Electric Seal Combination, 21 00, and 18.50 for 15.00. Black Oppossum and Astrachan with Electric Seal Combinations, 13 50 for **11.00**

$15.00 Imitation Mink and Electric Seal for 12.00; 7.50 Coney for 5.90; 6 50 and 6.00 Astrachan **4.75**

GAUNTLETS TO SELL CHEAP.

$11.00 Black Persian Lamb Gauntlets, 8.90; Grey Lamb, 6.00 kinds 5.00, 4.50 for 3.75; Black Astrachan, 5.50 for 4.50 and 4.00 for 3.25; 3.25 Electric Seal **2.50**

CAPS THAT ARE ALWAYS GOOD.

$10. Black Persian Lamb Wedge $8, and 9.50 Jockey style, 7.90; 9.00 Wedge, 7.50, And 6 00 for 4.75; 5.00 Electric Seal Wedge, 3.90, 4.50 for 3.50, 3.00 for 2.25; Astrachan Wedge, 4.50 for 3.50, Neutra Wedge, 7.00 for 5.50, 6.00 for 4.75, 4.00 for **$3.00**

Grey Lamb Wedge, 3 50 for 2.50, 4.00 for **3.00**

WOMEN'S COATS REDUCED A THIRD.

A $65 Electric Seal with Stone Martin collar for $53. A $50 Grey Lamb 42.50. A $50 Raccoon 37.50. A $26 Electric Seal 22.50. $35 Astrachan 29.50. $32 kinds 27.50, and $28 kinds 23.50.

MEN'S FUR COATS.

A $55 Raccoon 49.00; a $27 Wambat 22.00; a $22 Astrachan 18.50; a $20 Imitation Buffalo **17.50**

HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, PURSES.

At 24c. Heavy Worsted Stockings, also a lot of ribbed and plain wool, sizes 8 to 10 inch, worth up to 35c

At 39c. An extra heavy Stocking of fine worsted yarns, double knee, sizes 8 to 10 inch, always sold at 50c.

At 47c. Women's Wool Under Vests and Drawers, ribbed shaped, splendid wearing qualities, worth up to 60c. each.

At 19c. These are perfect garments in fit and quality, vests are ribbed shaped and trimmed, drawers to match, regular 25c. value.

At 19c. Women's Purses of leather, nickle trimmings, card and silver pockets, worth up to 30c.

IN THE MEN'S DEPARTMENT.

At 23c. 10 doz. Men's Black Worsted Socks, also a few dozen heavy grey wool Socks, extra value at 23c.

At ⅓ off. A manufacturer's samples of heavy knit top Shirts, 50c. kinds 39c., and 75c. kinds 59c.

A GREAT SALE OE NEW PRINTS, OVER 1500 YARDS AT CLOSE PRICES.

This offering will appeal to every careful woman who knows by experience that this is the month to buy Prints. There are about 487 bright new dainty American patterns that are exclusive to this store. A choice wide enough to please the most critical buyers.

At 5c. About 25 choice new patterns, light and dark shades, 24 inches wide, a strong heavy cloth that will wear and wash well, regular value 7c. and 8c.

At 10c. In this lot you get your choice of scores of new and novelty patterns, in a great assortment of light and dark shades, 32 inches wide, a splendid wearing cloth full of style and strength. It really requires good judgment to know these from the regular 12½c. kinds.

Watch for our White Goods announcement next week. There'll be some remarkably low prices

At 12½c. Women will be delighted with the brightness and newness in these 12½c. qualities. The beauty of them is that when they are made up you find it hard to distinguish them from the very expensive muslins. Cloth the best and most durable kind found in Prints.

Wakely & Ford,
Opposite the Postoffice
LINDSAY.

Injured in a Runaway.

Miss Slight, ex-Mayor Ingle's neice, and a lady friend were out driving yesterday afternoon, and at the junction of Victoria-ave. and Wellington-st. their horse made a sudden dash around the corner, with the result that the cutter upset and the occupants were thrown out. The horse was brought to a standstill by a near-by pedestrian. Unfortunately in the fall Miss Slight sustained several nasty bruises and injured her shoulder. Her friend escaped injury.

"Made in Canada."

The February 2nd issue of that popular farm journal, The Farming World, appears in its former up-to-date, three column form. When the Canadian circulation of The Farm and Home was taken over in November last some concessions had to be made to the tastes of different readers and provision has to be made for the manufacture of the paper, with its combined circulation of 40,000 readers. The publishers' plans are now taking shape and afford facilities for making the best agricultural paper on the continent, as the current issue shows. The Farming World is an out and out Canadian product; Canadian capital, Canadian editorial skill, Canadian enterprise, employing Canadian labor, and using Canadian material, all combine in producing a strictly "made in Canada" paper.

—IT PAYS TO BUY AT CINNAMON'S—

..STOVES..

Great Bargains in Stoves

AT CINNAMON'S STORE

During February, while we are stock-taking, we will offer our Celebrated Cooking Stoves at the old price, before the advance. If you want the best Cook Stove on the market and wish to save from $3 to $5, buy now. It will pay you.

D. CINNAMON

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Axes, Cross-Cut Saws, Lanterns, Horse Blankets, Etc.

—KENT STREET, - - LINDSAY—

SOME VERY EXCELLENT BARGAINS

FOR FEB. 6th and 7th, 1903.

Opportunity never knocked harder at your door!

In point of merchandise, variety of stocks, value for price, we are determined that no store shall surpass us.

BARGAIN
1—Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, regular 1.10, B days....85c
2— " " 1.75, B days....$1.35
3—White Bed Spreads, full size, regular 1.10, B days....89c
4—Bleached Table Linen, 70 inches, regular 1.40, B days....$1.05
5— " " " " 1.20, B days....90c
6— " " 66 inches " 1.00, B days....75c
7—Unbleached Table Linen, 64 inches, regular 65c, B days....50c
8— " " 60 inches, regular 45c, B days....37c
9—Glass Towelling, 25 inches, regular 13c, B days....10c
10—Roller Towelling, 20 inches, regular 12c, B days....9c
11— " 18 inches, regular 8c. B days....6c
12—Ladies' White Corset Covers, trimmed with embroidery, regular 30c, B days....24c
13— " Night Dresses, neatly trimmed, regular 1.20, B days....90c
14—Ladies' White Lawn Drawers, handsomely trimmed, regular 75c, B days....60c
15—Men's White Un'aundered Shirts, regular 55c, B days....45c
16—5-8 Linen Table Napkins, regular 1.25, B days....90c
17—3-4 " " 1.75, B days....$1.35
18—Ladies' White Wool Gloves, regular 25c, B days....20c
19— " Handkerchiefs, lace trimmed, regular 15c, B days....10c
20— " Lawn Handkerchiefs, regular 4c; B days three for....10c
21—Ladies' White Kid Gloves, regular 80c, B days....69c
22— " Wool Vests and Drawers, regular 1.30, B days....90c
23—Baby White Wool Vests, regular 25c, B days....20c
24—White Lawn, regular 17c, B days 13c; regular 13, B days....10c
25—Men's White Braces, regular 35c, B days....22c
26—Men's Four-in-hand White Silk Neckties, regular 35c, B days....23c
27—White Linen Sideboard Covers, regular 45c, B days....35c
28— " " " " 30c, B days....22c
29—White Irish Linen, 45 inches, regular 60c, B days....49c
30—White Apron Linen, colored border, regular 20c, B days....17c
31—White Silk Blouses, regular 4.50, B days....$3.60
32— " " " 5 25, B days....$4.50
33—White Taffeta Silk, regular 1.00, B days....75c
34— " Tamaline Silk, regular 50c, B days....40c
35—White China Silk, regular 25c, B days....21c
36—Ladies' White Silk Sleeveless Vests, regular 50c, B days....37c
37—White Eiderdown, regular 50c, B days....40c
38—White Table Padding, regular 1.00, B days....80c
39—White Ground Prints, colored spots, B days....5c, 7c, 10c, 12c
40—200 bunches White Batting, for each....5c
41—White and Cream Cashmere, regular 60c, B days....45c
42—Cream Lustre, regular 50c, B days....40c
43—Ladies' White Shawls, shoulder, regular 1.25, B days....98c
44—1 piece White Scrim for Curtains, regular 10c, B days....8c
45—White Cotton Sheets, hemmed, full size, regular 1.25, B days....$1.00
46—Flannelette Sheets, regular 85c, B days....69c
47—White Wool Blankets, regular 3.75, B days....$3.00
48—White Table Oil Cloth, regular 25c, B days....21c
49—White Curtain Poles, regular 20c, B days....15c
50—White Shade Blinds, lace trimmed, regular 80c, B days....68c
51—White Lawn Embroidery, extra special, B days....5c, 8c, 10c
52—White Pillow Lace, regular 8c, B days 5c; regular 6c, B days....4c
53—4 Paper Pins for 5c, 3 Packages White Wool Mendings for....5c
54—4 bunches of Tape for 5c, 3 papers White Hooks and Eyes for....5c
55—Men's White Linen Cuffs, regular 25c, B days....20c
56— " " Collars " 13c, B days....10c
57—Men's Coon Coats, $30, $50, $60 and $65, 15 per cent. off bargain days.
58—15 per cent. off all Clothing, Carpets and Mantles bargain days
59—15 per cent. off all Dress Goods and Silk bargain days.

E. E. W. McGAFFEY

THE CANADA PAINT CO
MONTREAL.

PRISM BRAND

READY MIXED PAINTS

These are without any question the best paints made.

To be had in any quantity. See the 1903 Color Card for latest shades.

McLENNAN & CO.
"ELEPHANT" WHITE LEAD,
AMBERILS, VARNISHES.

NO NEED

To have your horse in a poor condition when

Kenny's Condition Powders

Are so easily to be had; will give result that will astonish you and only

25c package.

Sold at

DUNOON'S DRUG... STORE..

Next Campbell's Grocery.

Strained Relations.

It took place in a dairy.

The dairymen was pouring large quantities of milk through a fine wire netting.

There were microbes in the milk. Other microbes by the hundred were sitting on the edge of the crock and gaily looking on.

Their relations were being strained.

The alleged straining does not remove all the stable sediment.

For proof of this, allow your milk to stand for a time, then pour slowly into another vessel. Then think of the microbes nesting in the filth to be seen at the bottom.

This experiment might properly engage the attention of our Board of Health. It has interested a number of our citizens of late.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

BREEZY LOCAL BREVITIES.

GATHERED BY POST REPORTERS

What is Happening in Town and the Country About Us.

—Mr. A. Williamson was in Cannington lately on business.

—Trooper Hadley, of "A' Battery, Kingston, is visiting Lindsay friends.

—Do the railroads intend to keep on until they succeed in wiping us all of the earth.

—Mr. John Walsh, the popular clerk of Carden township, was in town last week.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Vapo-Cresolene tablets. ten cents per box. All druggists

—Mr. Thexton has a quantity of Mangolds and Turnips for sale, cheap. For particulars apply to Mr. Callaghan, Market Clerk.—w1.

—Miss A. L. Robson, daughter of Mr. Thos Robson town, is among the number of recent graduates of the Toronto Normal School.

—People do not read advertisements for the purpose of benefitting the advertiser, but of benefitting themselves.

—The Sylvester band will hold their grand masquerade carnival on Tuesday evening, Feb. 10th, instead of the 6th, as stated a few days ago.

—Kent-st. property owners are observing the by-law forbidding the shovelling of snow off the roofs of premis[illegible] Kent-st.

—Albert G. Burrage, of Boston, owes the start of his fortune of $20,000,000, gained in eight years, to reading a news item in his home paper. Now is the time to subscribe.

—Mrs. Dan. Thomas, of Kearney, Parry Sound, who was called here owing to the serious illness of her mother, Mrs. Massaw, of the east ward returned home last week.

—The fame of the Lindsay Local Minstrels has gone abroad. The manager of the company received today a request from an organization in Peterboro, asking for a date for that town in the near future.

—Mr. Geo. Jordan, representing the Raven Lake Cement Co., is authority for the statement that some fine catches of trout are being made through the ice on some of our north country lakes.

—Peterboro Review: At a meeting of the Master Horseshoers held lately they decided to charge $1.20 per set cash for iron shoes; $1.60 credit; 60c, cash per set for setting. The change will take effect on April 1st.

—Minden Echo: Mr. Walter Moore, of Stanhope, brought to Minden this week a turkey which tipped the scales at 27 1-2 pounds. The bird was purchased by Mr. John Durby. ....Don't see how friend Silverwood missed that big fellow. The bird must have taken to the bush while A. E. was making his rounds.

—The Indians of Hiawatha (Rice Lake), Chemong and Scugog Reserves assembled at Chemong Reserve Friday to hold a grand pow-wow or Council, lasting two days. Chief Paudash being ill, his son, Mr. J. Paudish, presided in his stead. Mr. McCleary, of the Sidlon Department, Ottawa, was present to explain matters in connection with certain claims made by the red men.

Monkey Brand Soap cleans kitchen utensils, steel, iron and tinware, knives and forks, and all kinds of cutlery.

—Mr. P. B. McIlhargey made his usual weekly shipment of hogs to the Matthews Co., Peterboro, this week. Mr. McIlhargey shipped 104, making up a full carload. The price paid was $5.80 per hundred live weight.

—Galt has had no less than 50 cases of smallpox in the past month and Dr. Wardlaw is authority for the statement that only nine of the victims had been vaccinated. Also that the nine vaccinated were the lightest cases.

—Mr. Wes. Henders, formerly of town but now with Mr. A. H. Stratton, Peterboro, has challenged Oliver Dusty, of Cannington for a race in the Peterboro rink. It has been accepted and the race will take place this week.

— The members of Lindsay Branch 77, C. M. B. A., held an open meeting in their rooms in the Parish Hall last Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock, when addresses on the aims and objects of the Association were delivered.

—Mr. W. J. Moore shipped two carloads of hogs, one from Fenelon Falls and the other from Lindsay, to the Davies Co., Toronto, last week. Mr. P. B. McIlhargey shipped a load of porkers to the Matthews Co., Peterboro, Thursday. The price paid was $5.80 per hundred live weight.

—Liliputian, Mr. W. H. Simpson's game little pacer, captured second place in the 2.25 race at Belleville, being beaten for first place by Johnny P., a Napanee horse with lots of speed. The second heat of the race was taken by Liliputian in fine style. Mr. Simpson has sent his horse on to Ottawa, where he expects to capture a good purse.

—Mrs. Bertha Cushing Child, of Boston, contralto; Miss Helen Wyrick, of Detroit, entertainer; Miss Isabel Gordon, violinist. Academy of Music, Friday evening, Feb. 20th. This will be Mr. Parnell Morris' chief attraction for the season, and a rich treat is promised. The plan will open at R. S. Porter's bookstore Friday, the 13th, at 9 o'clock. Admission 25c., 35c. and 50c.—d2w1.

Ottawa Free Press: The Agricultural College at Guelph has over five hundred students. This speaks well for the foresight of Sir John Carling, who instituted it in the first place at Mimico and also proves that the farmer's mind is expanding. Time was when the college was not very popular with that class of the community which largely affected a contempt for what is called "book farming." That scientific knowledge is essential in farming is now fully appreciated by the agriculturists of the province and this is a satisfactory development.

Last Monday was Candlemas Day and according to the old saw, the day on which bruin comes out to make a weather forecast. If the bear sees his shadow he returns to his lair and hibernates for another six weeks. If he sees no shadow he remains out for the balance of the winter. If bruin had looked sharp yesterday morning he might have seen his shadow, and doubtless we are in for six weeks more of cold weather.

—The banquet tendered Mr. B. McAlpine, of the Ontario Bank, who is leaving for Trenton, at the Royal hotel Monday night, was attended by about twenty-five of his friends, and a very enjoyable evening was spent. The various speakers expressed their regret at Mr. McAlpine's departure from town, but wished him success in his new duties at Trenton. Mr. McAlpine was presented with a fine meerschaum pipe as a slight token of the esteem in which he is held by his friends.

BIRTHS

LEE—At Boston, Mas., on Jan. 27th, 1903, the wife of Mr. John W. Lee, a son.

Especially at the Burlesquers

Collier Downe—Many women go to church merely to see what other people have on.

Mrs. Collier Downe—And many men attend the theatre for the opposite reason.

Gentlemen, are You Bald?

Investigate and see for yourself the Art Coverings in Wigs and Toupees. Prof. Dorenwend's manufactures are worn on over 55,000 heads by all classes and in all stations of life. They are the essence of perfection, light in weight, durable and a great benefit to health, and a protection to the head against Colds, Draughts, Catarrh, etc. Trying on and demonstrating the completeness of these goods free of charge. Will be at Lindsay, Benson house, Tuesday,

Saturday's Market.

The stormy weather prevented many farmers' wives from attending the market last Saturday, and the demand for farm products was greater than the supply. However, there were a few of the regular attendants on hand with some choice butter and eggs. Mrs. D. Dundas, Mariposa, offered 32 pounds of fine dairy butter done up in five pound rolls, which she quickly sold at 20c. Mrs. Curtin had butter, eggs and cream. Miss O'Connor disposed of several fine turkeys. Mr. Merchison, Islay, exhibited a fine turkey weighing 22 pounds. Miss McGeough and Mrs White had butter and eggs, and found a ready sale. Outside dressed beef and pork were offered. Following are the quotations: Butter 20c. per lb., eggs 20c. to 25c. per doz., turkeys 14c. to 15c. per lb., chickens 40c. to 60c. per pair, geese 10c. per lb., beef 6c. to 7c. per lb., pork 8c. to 9c. per lb.

County Orange Lodge.

The annual meeting of the County Orange Lodge of the County of Victoria was held in the lodge room of L O. L. 557 on Tuesday, 3rd inst., there being a good attendance of representatives from the several primary and district lodges in the County. The following were elected officers for the ensuing year: County Master, W. R Cottingham, re elected; Deputy County Maste, J. W. Wallace; Chaplain, Josiah Perrin; Rec.-Sec, John Kelley, re elected; Fin.-Sec., John Vout, re elected; Treas., Jos. Brown, re-elected; Director of Ceremonies, Thos. Roberts, re elected; Lecturers, Jos. T. Beatty, re elected, W. D. Stinson and McGillvray.

AS TRAVELLERS COME AND GO

PITHY PERSONAL POINTERS.

Movements of Citizens and Strangers Within Our Gates.

—Mr. Frank Wallace left recently for Newmarket.

—Mr. Jas. Storey, of Port Hope, was in town Wednesday.

—Mr. John T. Thompson, of Fenelon Falls, was in town Tuesday.

—Mrs. Dr. De Grassi, of Bobcaygeon, was in town Wednesday.

—Mr. White, representing Buntin Reid & Co., was in town Tuesday.

—Rev. Fr. O'Leary, parish priest of Galway, was in town last week.

—Mr. E. Edwards, liveryman of Fenelon Falls, was in town recently.

—Mr. Jas. Dickson, D.L.S., of Fenelon Falls, wwas in town Wednesday.

—Mr. F. W. Johnston, traveller for the Lincoln Paper Co., Toronto, was in town Wednesday.

—Mr. J. Patterson, of Portage La Prairie, Man., is visiting Lindsay friends.

—Mr. E. D. Hand, editor of The Gazette, Fenelon Falls, was in town Tuesday on business.

—Miss Jean Gross, nurse in training at the Sick Children's Hospital, Toronto, was home over Sunday.

—Mrs. M. J. Smith, of town, is at present visiting with Fenelon Falls friends.

—Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Roberts, of Fenelon Falls, were in town on Monday.

—Mr. M. H. McCallum, merchant tailor, Fenelon Falls, was in town Monday.

—Mr. Chris. Grainey, of Kinmount, tie buyer for the Rathburn Co., was in town Saturday.

—Miss Mabel Reynolds and Miss Lillie Dobson, of Oakwood, were in town last week.

—Mr. Jerry Twomey, proprietor of the Mansion house, Fenelon Falls was in town recently.

—Mr. F Janes, formerly of town, but now studying medicine in Rochester, is visiting friends in town.

—Mr. J. T. Beatty, Mr. W. R. Collingham and Mr. Wm. Adams, of Omemee, were in town on Monday.

—Miss Scultnorpe, of Welcome, near Port Hope, who had been visiting her sister, Mrs. W. W. Webster, returned home Saturday.

—Mr. Geo. Stevens, of Boskung, Haliburton Co., the well known trapper and woodsman, was in town on Monday.

—Miss Ida Thurston, of the north ward, has been the guest of her cousin, Miss Eva Preston, of Peterboro, for some days.

—Miss Ethel Jean Barr, honor graduate of the New York City Training School for Nurses, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Whiteside, of Bond-st.

—Mr. Walter Reesor left for Winnipeg last week via Chicago and St. Paul, and will cheer the Flavelle rink on to victory during the bonspiel.

—Mrs. W. A. Leigh, who had been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Maunder, and other friends returned to Beeton Wednesday.

—Miss Nellie McGill, who had been visiting her mother, Mrs. Connell, for a couple of weeks, returned to Toronto Monday evening.

—Mr. E. Lytle, of Hogg & Lytle, Mariposa, was in town lately. He was returning from a business trip to Port Hope, where the firm has started a branch business.

—Port Hope Guide: Mrs. M. M. Stephens and daughter, Miss Millicent, Lindsay, are guests of Mrs. Asa Choate at Belmont. They will visit Mrs. F. W. Wilson, Walton-st., before returning home.

—Mr. A. W. Parkin, of the north ward returned Saturday evening from a weeks stay in the north country, where he visited the lumber camps of his son, Mr. S. G. Parkin, and the jobbers in his employ.

—Mr. H. J. Scott, who for the past two years has been in the dress goods department of Messrs. Dundas & Flavelle Bros' store, left Saturday for Kingston, where he has secured a similar position.

—Rev. Mr. Perkins, who for the past seven months has been curate at St. Paul's church, left recently for Exeter. He has accepted the Rectorship of the Anglican church in that village.

—Minden Echo: Mr. T. Stinson, of Minden, who has been attending Toronto University, has returned to resume his duties as a law student in Messrs. McLaughlin & Peel's office, Lindsay.

—Mr. Garnet Armstrong, who had been visiting at home since the Merritton railway wreck, returned to London lately to resume his duties as expressman on the run between the Forest City and the Niagara Falls.

—Mr. and Mrs. Weldon Imrie, of Balsam Grove, Fenelon, passed through Lindsay on Friday last on their way from Uxbridge, where they attended the funeral of the late Mr. John Weldon, Mr. Imrie's uncle.

—Mr. W. J. Hallett, a former teacher on Lindsay Public School staff, but now teaching in Barrie, was in town last week. Mr. Hallett was an applicant for the position of Inspector of Schools for West Victoria

—Toronto World: Miss Cassie M. Hill, a recent gold medalist at the Normal School, is a niece of Rev. Newton Hill, of this city, pastor of Simpson-ave. church. Her home is in the village of Buxton, Kent County.

—Mr. Will Goodwin, painter and decorator, of Toronto, has removed to town and will start up in his business here. Mr. Goodwin's extensive experience in some of the best shops in New York and Toronto, will make him a great acquisition to our town tradesmen.

—Mr. Michael O'Brien, of Peterboro, Inspector of Separate Schools, examined the boys' classes in Lindsay-st school, and the Convent classes for girls Thursday and Friday of last weeks. Mr. O'Brien was for a number of years principal of the boys' school here and has a host of friends in town.

—Winnipeg Free Press: Rev. Y. Hiraiwa, president of the Japan Methodist Conference, who was the delegate from Japan to the Methodist general conference at Winnipeg, and who has been in the country since that time, has left for San Francisco, where he will take ship for Japan.

CARTER'S

STOCKTAKING
SALE
NOW ON.

BIG BARGAINS

IN MEN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTHS' SUITS AND OVERCOATS.

ODD PANTS, VESTS AND COATS. HATS, CAPS AND FURS.

ALSO TOP SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, NECKWEAR, MITTS, GLOVES, ETC.

Every Dollar you spend here has a string to it. If you are not satisfied with your purchase, bring it back.

M. J. CARTER, The Clothier, Lindsay.

THE SHEPHERD-NEEDLER CUP.

TROPHY CAPTURED BY THE ORILLIA CURLERS MONDAY.

Skip Flavelle and Rink Accompanied by the Scotch Curlers on Their Trip to Winnipeg—Watch for Bulletins—The Tankard Primaries.

On Monday a cold blast struck the curlers who went to Orillia, though the weather was quite mild and fall-like, and the Orillia contingent from Lindsay, who curled for the Shepherd-Needler Cup were not in it, at any time.

The Disaster in Orillia.

Mr. McIntosh for a long time put up a good fight and was ahead until the close of the sixteenth end, but the last two ends yielded 7 to Orillia and he went down to defeat before R. R. Cunningham, who skipped for Orillia against him. He was handicapped in not being able to turn his stones, and the ice became so heavy at the close that it was impossible to put the stones up without turning them. Mr. Flavelle played Mr. Main, and he made the best showing of the four rinks. His rink was down only four. Mr Little was beaten 10 points by Mr. George Grant, the man who is opposing Hon. Geo. E. Foster in North Ontario, and Mr. N. F. A. McSweyn went down to defeat before Mr. J. Scott to the tune of 13 points. Altogether the rinks in Orillia were 55 points down.

The Play in Lindsay.

The news came to Lindsay before the games here were through, and until it was confirmed three times neither Orillia nor Lindsay players rinks here fully counted upon their could believe it was true. The Orillia rinks in Orillia pulling out a victory on their heavy ice, but 35 points was too good to be true. The ice here was in fair condition at the start, but kept getting worse, and though the stones had not to be turned still it was too heavy for nice fine curling. Orillia were evidently bound to have the Cup, as they started out with fourteen points in the first end in Lindsay. Lindsay gradually pulled this down and forged a little ahead, but not enough to overcome the great lead in Orillia.

On Ice No. 2 Mr. W. Needler played against Mr. W. Harvey, and after a hard fight the game closed a tie —15 all. On Ice No. 3 Dr. Walters pulled out a victory over Mr. H. S. Holcroft by six shots; and on Ice No 4 Mr. W. McLennan led his men to victory against Mr. F. Toogood by eight points. On Ice No. 5 Mr. J. M. Knowlson played against Mr. Geo. Thomson. This sheet of ice was the heaviest in the rink, and as the Orillia men were able more uniformly to put the stones up, they came out ahead by 7 points.

Score in Lindsay.

Orillia—H. J. Bartlett, P. H. Wade, E. A. Wakefield, H. S. Holcroft skip, 14; vs. Lindsay—C. Pilkie, M. H. Sisson, L. Primeau, Dr. F. A. Walters, skip, 20.

Orillia—B. R. Kean, A. Jamieson, G. T. Madden, F. Toogood, skip, 12; vs. Lindsay—C. W. Graham, L. V. O'Connor, W. R. Widdess, W. McLennan, skip, 20.

Orillia—Rev. Father Moyna, S. D. McPhee, J. F. Hunter, W. M. Harvey, skip, 15; vs. Lindsay—A. Fisher, A. Ross, J. Keith, W. Needler, skip, 15.

Orillia—Dr. A. E. Ardagh, J. B. Tudhope, Dr. A. R. Harvie, George Thomson, skip, 20; vs. Lindsay—H. M. McNeil, W. Bretnour, F Crandell, J. M. Knowlson, skip, 13.

Total, Orillia 61; Lindsay, 68

Good Sportsmen All.

The Orillia curlers left on the six o'clock train for home, taking the Cup with them. They left very jubilant, and they carried home with them the warmest congratulations of the losers. The games for this Cup have always been played with the very best of feeling on both sides. The Orillia Club have the satisfaction not only of winning the Cup, but also of winning the respect and friendship of all those that have had the pleasure of playing against them, and we are sure that the Lindsay Club are very anxious for next season to come, when they will enter the contest with a greater determination to turn the tables and to again have the Cup brought back to Lindsay.

As Orillia were 9 points ahead on the first game, and 28 on this game, they have won by 37 points, the greatest number by all odds in the history of the Cup.

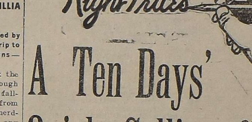
They Travelled in Company.

At Atherley Station our curlers waved and cheered farewell to Mr. Flavelle and his rink, and also to the Scotch Curlers who were on the same train, and who seemed delighted to have the Lindsay Rink with them and to have a chance of again meeting Lindsay curlers. They joined very heartily in cheering for the Lindsay curlers who were returning home.

The Tankard Primaries.

It is expected that the play in the southern section of Group 5 will be played off at Port Hope, and that Lindsay will play the winners on Thursday. Yesterday we understand that our club were notified that a protest had been sent in by the Peterboro Club with reference to the play here last Thursday. Just exactly what the grounds for the protest are we were unable to learn, however our men were ordered to Port Hope to-day, but as they have no ice there that order is changed, and now our Club are awaiting orders of ice to play all the competitions off in good time.

Evidently the fame of the Lindsay rink has gone before it, as a special prize has been added by a Westerner for the best aggregate made at the Bonspiel for any rink west of Port Arthur and outside of Winnipeg. This leaves out the city rinks and Mr. Flavelle's rink.



A Ten Days' Quick Selling Sale....

THIS is part of our store program for February. Up-to-date storekeeping demands that we cut down our stock in order to make shelf room for new spring goods that are already arriving.

To accomplish this end quickly, we have gone even to the extreme in cutting down prices; but all surplus stock must go out within the next ten days.

Here is a mere outline of the bargains to be picked up:

BARGAINS IN FELT BOOTS.

We have made big reductions in Men's Heavy Winter Footwear of all descriptions, also in Women's and Children's Felt Boots and Slippers. Our entire stock has been marked down to the lowest notch, prices that simbly cannot be duplicated in Lindsay. This is your opportunity to save money.

BARGAINS IN RUBBERS.

You will not find any so-called cheap rubbers in our stock, but all lines that we have reduced are perfectly reliable goods, and bear the brand of only the best makers. If you require anything in Rubber Footwear, do not fail to attend this sale of High Quality Rubbers.

BARGAINS IN STREET BOOTS

We are introducing this spring a new shoe for ladies. All other makers goods must move out. That is why we are making a 25 per cent reduction on a number of lines of Ladies' Street Boots. See east side window display.

SEEING IS BELIEVING. Watch our show windows: be convinced, and then buy freely.

R. NEILL

90 KENT STREET, LINDSAY

CASH AND ONE PRICE. "THE SHOE KING"

Wedding Stationery.

The latest in Wedding Stationery and Cake Boxes can be had at The Post printing office.

J. RIGGS,

LINDSAY.

Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of Hair Goods, of which I keep a large assortment.

Your own Hair made to order

Hair Requisites in black,
Pomp and Round Combs.
Hair Brushes.
Pocket Combs and Pomp Pads.
Hair Pins and Set

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

CANADIAN OPPORTUNITIES

100,000,000 Bushels

Grain Crop in Manitoba in 1902. Proportionate yield in Alberta, Assiniboia and Saskatchewan.

Millions of acres of good land for sale on easy terms in the North-West.

Immense timber and mineral resources in British Columbia.

Openings for Ranchers, Farmers, Dairymen, Fruit Growers, Millers, Mechanics, Prospectors, Miners.

Write your nearest Canadian Pacific agent for free illustrated booklets on "Western Canada" and "British Columbia."

T. C. MATCHETT, Local Agent, 60 Kent st., Lindsay

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 6.

VICTORIA COUNTY COUNCIL.

(Continued from page 1.)

The Reeve of Verulam has appeared to request that a claim made by the township of Verulam for the sum of $12, being part of the cost of rebuilding a bridge across Sherriff's Creek, through which the stone crusher had broken, be allowed, the committee having recommended that the claim be not entertained, your committee recommend that the action of the committee be sustained. Your committee further recommend that the report of the committee be re-introduced to the Council.

The question of liability for damage to bridges by the passing over of them by traction engines and like machinery, having been brought to the attention of your committee by the presence of this claim, your committee recommend that a deputation composed of Frederick Shaver, Alexander McGee, Dennis Scully and James Graham, esquires, be appointed to wait on the Government of this Province and call their attention to the act relating to traction engines, and impress upon the Government the need for amendment of the act with a view to make it clear that the Act does not apply to traction engines used for threshing purposes or to machinery used for roadmaking purposes.

Your committee in obedience to your instructions have considered the resolutions of Council and beg to recommend as follows:

1. That the sum of one hundred dollars be granted to the township of Ops to assist in completing the West Cross Creeks bridge.

2. That a committee be appointed, composed of the Warden and Thomas H. McQuade and Dennis Scully, esquires, to confer respecting the building of the proposed bridge and approaches across the stream known as the Marsh Creek, on the boundary between the townships of Ops and Manvers, with such committees as may be appointed by the Council of the United Counties of Northumberland and Durham and the Councils of the townships of Ops and Manvers, or any of them, and provided satisfactory terms can be agreed on as to the proportions of the cost of building the bridge and approaches to be borne by the respective municipalities, the committee be empowered to act in conjunction with the other committee or committees in constructing the bridge and approaches, and that leave be given for the introduction of a by-law to give effect to this recommendation.

3. That the sum of one hundred dollars be granted to the township of Carden to assist that municipality in repairing the Mud Lake Narrows bridge, provided that not less than one hundred dollars additional shall be expended, and that Dr. John W. Wood be commissioner on behalf of the County. A communication from the Reeve of Carden has also been considered.

4. That the Warden and Adam E. Staback, esq., be authorized to take such steps as they may deem to be expedient relative to the bridge across the watercourse near the Trent Valley bridge, on the Victoria Road, referred to in the report of this committee at the November session, and that the recommendation then made so far as it may be inconsistent with this clause be rescinded.

Your committee have considered the communication from John Austin, esq., informing the Council that the township of Somerville has assumed by by-law the Kinmount bridge, that the stone for the abutments is now being quarried, and that a contract has been entered into for a steel superstructure, conformable to the recommendation of your committee at the June session, 1902.

Your committee have again considered the report of Thomas Walters, esq., relative to the Fenelon Falls bridge, deferred from the November session, and recommend that decision be further deferred until the June session.

Your committee have considered the claim made by Mr. Thomas Wright for damages caused by his horse getting a foot into a hole in the bridge over the watercourse on the boundary between the townships of Eldon and Bexley, resulting in breaking badly a new buggy and throwing out and severely bruising his wife, and beg to recommend that the sum of twenty-five dollars, the amount claimed, be paid.

Your committee have considered the claim of Mr Duncan McMillan for the building of the bridge known as the Royal Oak bridge, on the boundary between the townships of Mariposa and Brock, and correspondence relating thereto, and beg to recommend that in the event of the County of Ontario assuming responsibility for one-half the amount claimed, in all $68, the Treasurer is hereby authorized to pay one-half the amount.

Your committee have further considered the claim made by the township of Fenelon, deferred from the November session, for the amount expended in building a bridge on the boundary between the townships of Fenelon and Mariposa, and beg to recommend that the sum of $14 71, the amount claimed, be paid.

Your committee have examined the statement of expenditure by the overseer of County bridges in repairing the Forest House bridge, Bobcaygeon, authorized at the November session, and beg to recommend that the amount, $59 01, be passed.

Your committee have examined the statement of expenditure by George Johnson, esq., in rebuilding Weldon's bridge, and beg to recommend that the amount, $146 45, be passed.

Your committee recommend that the communication from A. W. Campbell, esq., Commissioner of Highways, relative to the petition for amendment of the Act for the improvement of public highways, passed at the November session, be fyled with an expression of appreciation of the interest taken by Mr. Campbell.

Your committee recommend that a committee be appointed, composed of James Graham, Robert Bryans, Adam E. Staback and William Channon, esquires, to take charge of the operation of the stone crusher during the present year, with power to make all necessary regulations.

Your committee recommend that the following accounts and allowances be passed, viz.:

Hart & Riddell, engraving of bridge...	$6 10
Alex McGee, attendance, Fenelon Falls bridge...	3 30
Dr J. W. Wood, attendance, Talbot River bridge...	3.80
A. E. Staback, attendance, watercourse bridge...	4 50
Chas Fairbairn, attendance, Forest House bridge...	3 00

Appointments to Office Committee.

On motion of Mr. Fairbairn, seconded by Mr. McQuade, the report of the Committee on Appointments to Office was introduced, read and adopted as follows:

Appointments to Office

Gentlemen,—Your committee have considered the paragraph of the Warden's address referring to the vacancy in the office of Inspector of Schools for the western division of the County caused by the death of Mr. Henry Reazin, and have given attention to the question of the appointment of a successor.

Your committee have considered the applications submitted to them, and beg to recommend that W. H. Stevens, esq., be appointed to the office of Inspector of Public Schools for the division named, which is known also as Territorial District Number Two. Your committee recommend further that the remuneration be the amount named in Public Schools Act, namely, at the rate of $5 00 per annum for every teacher in the Inspectorate occupying a separate room with a separate register and, in addition thereto, at the rate of $1 00 per annum for the number of teachers for travelling expenses, it being understood that there shall be paid by the Treasurer to the widow of the late Mr Reazin, one-third of the amount that will be payable at the end of the March quarter, on the delivery to Mr Stevens of copies of the official correspondence and all school papers that were in the custody of the late incumbent of the office.

Your committee have considered the resolutions of Council and the other communications referred to them, and beg to recommend as follows:

1. That David Eagleson and John Kelley, esquires, be appointed auditors of County accounts.

2. That John W. Wood, M.D., and James Fleury, esquires, be appointed auditors of accounts for administration of justice.

3. That Robert Kennedy, esq., be appointed a trustee of the Lindsay Collegiate Institute for a term of three years.

4. That Thomas C. Ivory, esq., be appointed a trustee of the Omemee High School for a term of three years.

5. That James H. Knight, William H. Stevens and John O. Harstone, esquires, be appointed a Board of Examiners.

6. That the resignation of James G. Edwards, esq., of his office as a Trustee of the Lindsay Collegiate Institute be accepted.

7. That James G. Edwards, esq., be appointed a trustee of the Lindsay Collegiate Institute for a term of two years.

Your committee beg leave to introduce the necessary by-laws to give effect to the foregoing recommendation of appointments.

SATURDAY'S SESSION.

The County legislators assembled for business at the usual hour, with all the members present except Mr. Austin. The minutes of Friday's business were read and confirmed.

More Communications.

From Mr. Austin, stating that on account of the death of Mr. Scott at Kinmount he would not be able to attend, and asking to be excused.

From Mr. S. R. Armstrong, secretary-treasurer of the Trent Waterway Association, calling attention to a meeting to be held on Feb. 10th in Peterboro, and urging a large attendance.

From J. C. Rogers, of New York, applying for the position of Inspector of Schools for West Victoria.

From Mr. J. E. Farewell, Clerk of Ontario County, respecting repairs to the Seagrave, Talbot River and Royal Oak bridges.

On motion the above communications were fyled.

Report of Education Committee.

On motion of Dr. Wood, seconded by Mr. Staback, the report of the standing committee on Education was received, read and adopted without amendment as follows:

Gentlemen,—Your Committee have considered the paragraph of the Warden's address relative to the maintenance of County pupils at the Lindsay Collegiate Institute and the Omemee High School, and beg to recommend that a committee composed of Frederick Shaver, James Graham, and John W. Wood, M.D., esquires, be appointed with authority to enter into an agreement with the Board of Education, Lindsay, and the Board of Education, Omemee, as to the amount for which the County shall be liable for the maintenance of County pupils. Your committee beg leave to introduce a by-law to give effect to the foregoing recommendation.

Your committee have considered the resolution of Council relative to the Entrance Examination, and beg to recommend that the holding of an examination at the village of Oakwood be restored.

In response to a communication from the Secretary of the Trustees' Association of Ontario, your committee recommend that Adam E. Staback and John W. Wood, M.D., esquires be appointed to represent the County at the meeting of the Ontario Educational Association, to be held in Toronto on April 14th, 15th and 16th, 1903.

Your committee recommend that the communication from the Secretary of the Board of Education, Port Perry, relative to the fees of pupils in attendance at the Port Perry High School, be fyled.

Your committee have considered the statement submitted by the Treasurer of the Board of Education, Lindsay, respecting the maintenance of County pupils in 1902, showing the following result, viz.:

Total for which County was liable under agreement...	$2342.16
Less fees from County pupils...	513.00
Net amount payable...	$1829.16

Your committee recommend that the statement be accepted.

Your committee have examined accounts as follows, and beg to recommend that the same be passed, viz.:

Board of Examiners, expenses of Model School Examination...	$109.45
G. W. Beall, stationery for same...	6.75

Farm Laborers Needed.

Moved by Mr. Staback, seconded by Mr. Fairbairn, that a petition be sent to the Hon. Clifford Sifton, Minister of the Interior, Ottawa, setting forth that owing to the great and increasing difficulty being experienced by the farmers of Ontario in obtaining a sufficient number of men and women to assist in the work of cultivating the land, removing the crops, and for all the various services that are required in the care and feeding of horses and cattle and in dairying operations, that the efforts of the Dominion Government to secure the immigration of members of the laboring classes, especially from Great Britain and Ireland, should be increased and enlarged. That such efforts, if successful, would relieve the stringency in the supply of labor, and would provide for the maintenance in comfort, in the older agricultural portions of the country, of all suitable persons who could be induced to seek work and homes especially in Ontario. That such steps may be taken to make effective efforts to relieve a situation the existence of which is retarding the improvement and development of the varied agricultural interests of Ontario.—Carried.

On motion of Mr. Staback the petition was signed and sealed, and will be forwarded to Ottawa.

Roads and Bridges Report No. 2.

On motion of Mr. Channon, seconded by Mr. Shaver, a second report of the committee on Roads and Bridges was introduced, read and adopted.

Claim Against Government.

On motion of Mr. Staback, seconded by Dr. Wood, a memorial to the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council and the Legislative Assembly of Ontario, respecting the repayment to the County by the Province of constables' fees in certain criminal cases, was read, adopted, signed and sealed, and ordered to be forwarded.

Two Years' Term for Councillors.

On motion of Dr. Wood, seconded by Mr Staback, a petition to the Legislative Assembly, asking that the term of local Municipal Councils be extended from one to two years, the same as County Councils, in order to effect a saving of expense and be an advantage to members by their extended experience, was read adopted, signed and sealed.

The Sinews of War.

On motion of Mr. Staback, seconded by Mr. Fairbairn, a by-law authorizing the treasurer to borrow money was read and adopted.

County Students at High Schools.

On motion of Dr Wood, seconded by Mr. McGee, a by-law appointing a committee with power and authority to settle with the Boards of Education of Lindsay and Omemee the amounts to be paid by the County for the maintenance of County pupils at the Lindsay Collegiate Institute and the Omemee High School, was introduced and adopted.

In the same hall, Col. Sam. Hughes Add county council.

The Hospital Rules.

The paragraph in the report of the Finance and Assessment committee in reference to a proposed grant to the Ross Memorial Hospital caused Mr. Scully to make a few remarks. He did not think it right that the Board of Governors should compel persons to take private wards if they preferred a public ward. He had a daughter who went the other day to be treated, and she was compelled to take a private ward against her wish. If the County was going to give a grant every month to this institution, then why prevent patients from taking the public ward? The cost of a private ward would be a great expense, and he did not think people should be dictated to if they preferred the other. A profit is being made, and he did not think it right. Something was wrong.

Mr. Bryans—"As one of the Board of Governors I feel I should say a few words in reply. I am sorry this question was brought up again, as I thought it had been thrashed out in committee. I can assure Mr. Scully that no person is making any money out of the Hospital. Mr. Flavelle, myself and others have subscribed liberally towards its maintenance. Mr. Flavelle has not only given liberally, but he has also given a great deal of valuable time. I am not in a position to know whether Mr. Scully's daughter is able to pay for a private ward or not; however, I think if people are able to pay they should not try to get into the private ward because it is cheaper. The public ward is only intended for poor people. As for the money so far given by the County, it would about pay for the fuel that's been used so far this winter."

Finance and Assessment Committee.

On motion of Dr. Wood, seconded by Mr. Staback, the report of the above committee was introduced, read and adopted without amendment as follows:

Gentlemen,—Your committee have examined the Treasurer's abstract statement of the general receipts and expenditures for the year 1902, and statement showing the moneys at the credit of the corporation on the 31st day of December, 1902, and beg to recommend that the same be fyled.

Your committee have examined the Treasurer's statement of current liabilities and available assets, January 1st, 1903, exhibiting a surplus of $1,497.13, and beg to recommend that the same be fyled.

Your committee, in obedience to your instructions, have considered the resolutions of Council, and beg to recommend as follows:

1. That the sum of $6.00 per month be granted to the township of Eldon for the maintenance of Mrs. Daly.

2. That a pedlar's license to travel with one horse be granted to Edward Sluggett, of the township of Mariposa, free of charge.

3. That leave be given to introduce a petition to the Dominion Government to enlarge and strengthen their efforts to increase the immigration to Canada of the agricultural laboring classes.

4. That in lieu of the proposed grant to the Governors of the Ross Memorial Hospital of the sum of one hundred dollars per month, an aggregate grant of four hundred dollars be now made to assist in the maintenance of the Hospital.

5. That the sum of $25 each be granted to the East and West Victoria Farmers' Institutes.

6. That the sum of $10 be granted to the East Victoria Women's Institute.

7. That the Treasurer be instructed to subscribe for one copy of the Municipal World for each member of the Council, and one copy for the Clerk and Treasurer.

8. That the sum of $50 be granted to each of the Public Libraries heretofore recognized, and that the Norland Library be placed upon the list to receive the usual grant as soon as the Clerk has received proof of the Library having been incorporated.

Your committee have considered the documents referred to them, and beg to recommend as follows:

1. That gratification be expressed on hearing read the deed of trust from James Ross, esq., to the Trustees and Governors of the Ross Memorial Hospital and its lands and equipment.

2. That with regard to the petition and bill for the incorporation of the Hospital by the Legislature, it be respectfully requested of the Legislature that the bill be passed and made law, and that the usual fees be remitted.

3. That gratification be expressed with the admirable report made by George Johnston, esq., who attended the meeting of the Cattle Guard Commission held in the town of Peterboro as the representative of the County of Victoria.

4. That the sum of $10 be granted in aid of the funds of the Western Ontario Good Roads Association.

5. That the communication from the Secretary of the Eastern Ontario Good Roads Association be filed.

6. That the sum of $10 be granted to the Prisoners' Aid Association.

7. That the sum of $100 be granted in aid of the funds of the Sick Children's Hospital, Toronto.

8. That the communication from Rev. J. M. Cragg, chairman of the Board of Management of the Norland Library, be fyled, provision for a grant having been made in a preceding clause.

9. That the sum of $50 be granted to the Victoria Rifle Association.

10. That the presentment of the Grand Jury at the General Sessions, December, 1902, be fyled.

11. That the Registrar's statutory return of fees and emoluments for the year 1902 be fyled. The amount of surplus payable to the County is $83.23.

12. That the question of the care and maintenance of a man named George Claude, now in the hospital, be entrusted to Robert Bryans, esq.

13. That a petition to the Lieutenant-Governor and Legislative Assembly be introduced to the Council, relative to the repayment to the County by the Province of constables' fees in certain cases, in the terms of the draft submitted by the Clerk of the County of Waterloo.

14. That a petition to the Legislative Assembly be introduced to Council, asking that the term of local municipal Councils be extended from one to two years, in the terms of the draft submitted by the Clerk of the County of Grey.

15. That the communication from the publishers of the Municipal World soliciting subscriptions, be fyled, the question having been dealt with under a resolution of Council.

16. That the communication from the Secretary of the Trent Valley Waterway Association be fyled.

17. That the sum of $25 be granted to the Lindsay Law Association.

18. That the communication from J. J. Kelso, esq., superintendent of Neglected Children, respecting the case of Louis Davidson, an inmate of the Industrial School, be fyled.

19. That the report of the Manager of the Bank of Montreal, showing the balance at the credit of the corporation on Dec. 31st, 1902, be fyled.

20. That reports as follows be fyled, viz., The Lindsay Law Association, the County Police Magistrate, for 1902, the North Victoria Agricultural Society, the South Victoria Agricultural Society, the Victoria Rifle Association, the Home for the Aged, the Children's Aid Society, the Public Libraries of Manilla, Kinmount, Kirkfield, Bobcaygeon, Fenelon Falls and Norland.

The Treasurer has informed your committee that a guarantee bond for the sum of $3,000 has been taken from the Employers' Liability Assurance Corporation to replace the amount of one of his private sureties in conformity with the recommendation of your committee at the November session, and that the consent of the remaining private sureties to the change has been obtained. There has also been submitted a communication from the manager of the assuring company on the question of providing the whole amount of the Fidelity Assurance required. Your committee beg to recommend that the Treasurer be authorized to increase the amount assured to the total sum of $10,000 and that on the approval of the policy or policies for the amount named by the Warden, the bond of the private sureties be cancelled.

Your committee beg to recommend that accounts and allowances be passed as follows:

J. B. Weldon, nominating officer, first division...	$10 50
W. F. O'Boyle, nominating officer, second division...	13 07
R. J. Grandy, nominating officer, third division...	16 00
Geo W. Taylor, nominating officer, fourth division...	13.00
John Ham, nominating officer, fifth division...	9.00
Edward Mosgrove, nominating officer, sixth division...	10.00
C. E. Stewart, Clerk, Bobcaygeon taking vote...	6.00
County Treasurer, postage, 1902...	71.98
County Treasurer, telephone, telegraph, etc., 1902...	22.42
Stone Crusher committee, attendance, etc...	20.90
Moore & Jackson, Solicitor's services...	14.50
Victoria Industrial School, maintenance...	47.14
B. Gonigle, cab hire, prisoner, etc., to station...	.75
Andrew Jackson, cab hire, etc., prisoner, etc., to station	.80
Home for the Aged, maintenance, inmates...	58.70

Your committee beg leave to introduce a by-law to authorize the Warden and Treasurer to borrow money for current purposes.

The January session of the Council was then brought to a close.

CUTTING TEETH.

A Trying Time to Both Baby and Mother

There is no time when baby requires more attention than during the teething period. At that time the little one is always cross and fretful, subject to stomach disorders and sometimes convulsions. Often mothers are absolutely worn out caring for baby, and the whole household is in a condition of anxiety. This condition can be easily remedied by the use of Baby's Own Tablets, which cool the sour little stomach, allay the inflammation of the gums and give the little one healthy, natural sleep. A mother's word can always be depended upon where the health of her little ones is concerned, and thousands of mothers praise this medicine. Mrs. R. L. McFarlane, Bristol, Que., says: "In my estimation, Baby's Own Tablets have no equal as a medicine for children. They are invaluable at the teething period, and I would not be without them as they keep my baby healthy and happy.

The Tablets relieve all the minor ailments of little ones; are guaranteed to contain no opiate or poisonous "soothing stuff," and may be given with absolutely safety to a new born babe. Sold at 25 cents a box by all druggists, or sent post paid, by writing direct to the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y.

This is Shocking.

(From the Brooklyn Eagle.)

There was a sculptor named Phideas,
Whose statues were perfectly hideous;
He made Aphrodite
Without any nightie,
And so shocked the ultra-fastidious.
furnished. Let's get down to business.

Sick Blood

Feed pale girls on Scott's Emulsion.

We do not need to give all the reasons why Scott's Emulsion restores the strength and flesh and color of good health to those who suffer from sick blood.

The fact that it is the best preparation of Cod Liver Oil, rich in nutrition, full of healthy stimulation is a suggestion as to why it does what it does.

Scott's Emulsion presents Cod Liver Oil at its best, fullest in strength, least in taste.

Young women in their "teens" are permanently cured of the peculiar disease of the blood which shows itself in paleness, weakness and nervousness, by regular treatment with Scott's Emulsion.

It is a true blood food and is naturally adapted to the cure of the blood sickness from which so many young women suffer.

We will be glad to send a sample to any sufferer.

Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto, Ontario.

WHITE SEASON - 1903

THIS is nature's own white season, and why should not woman—nature's own fairest daughter—be clothed like her mother. We see the advisability of keeping in touch with our surroundings, hence we announce to the daughters of "Our Lady of the Snows" of Lindsay, Victoria, a

White-Wear Sale

We open our program with a selection of the finest pieces the best masters of this art can place on the market.

UNDERSKIRTS

Ladies' Underskirts, made of fine English Nainsook Muslin, with a 15 inch flounce, finished with deep lace, and 3½ inch lace insertions, for **$2.67**

Ladies' Underskirts, made of fine Nainsook Muslin, with 3 India linen frills, each frill edged with French Val. lace, $2.50 for **$1.99**

Ladies' Underskirts, made of fine English Cambric, with 5 rows of hem-stitched tucking, flounce of deep embroidery, also with 2 rows of bleached Imitation Torchon insertion, finished with lace to match, $1.50 for...**$1.29**

Ladies' Underskirts, of fine Lawnsdale Cambric, large tuck with clusters of small tucks, on each side, deep embroidery frill **99c**

Ladies' Underskirts, made of English long cloth, with Cambric flounce, trimmed with lace and insertion, 6 hem tucked, embroidery frills, for **87c**

Ladies' Skirts, good bleached cotton, with tucking and deep hem for **43c**

GOWNS

Ladies' Gowns from ....**42c. up**

Ladies' Gown, fine Nainsook Gown, pointed yoke of French Val. Lace and Embroidery Insertion, finished with frill of Emb'dy and baby ribbon, $3.00 for **$2.39**

Ladies' Gowns, made of fine Cambric, with Torchon Lace and Insertion, lace frill on cuff, others with Emb'dy frill, $1.00 for **83c**

SALE COMMENCES THUR. FEB. 5TH

DRAWERS

Ladies' Drawers, made of fine English Cambric, with 5 rows of hem-stitched tucking, finished with fine Emb'dy **83c**

Ladies' Drawers, made of fine English Nainsook Muslin, beautifully trimmed with fine Cambric Embr'dy, 2 clusters of tucks, deep embroidery frill for **$1.05**

Ladies' Drawers, made of fine English long cloth, with cluster of tucks and lace and insertion, 70c. for **59c**

Ladies' Drawers—good American Cambric cluster of tucks, edged with fine embroidery **37½c**

Ladies' Drawers, good cotton finished with tucks and embroidery...**21c**

Corset Covers

Corset Covers in all kinds and styles, from ....**10c. to $1.50**

Corset Covers, made of fine Bishop's Lawn, edged with French Val. Lace on yoke and sleeves, Vandyke insertion in front, with double frill of wide French Val. Lace down front, medallion and baby ribbon trimmings, $1.50 for **$1.29**

Our Sale also includes Cottons, Pillow Cottons, Sheetings, Table Linen, Towellings, Lace Curtains, Napkins, Counterpanes, Shirts, Collars and Cuffs, Etc.

O'LOUGHLIN & McINTYRE

Cash and One Price.

Bronchitis All serious lung troubles begin with a tickling in the throat. You can stop this at first in a single night with Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Use it also for hard colds, and for coughs of all kinds. 25c., 50c., $1.00. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

IF YOU CONTEMPLATE BUILDING

Call at Ingle's Planing Mills.

Mr. Ingle can supply anything in BUILDING MATERIAL.

SASH, DOORS, WINDOW BLINDS,

always on hand. Being in business fo over thirty years, I am satisfied I know the wants of the people. Nothing but first-class material for house or barn buildings turned out of my factory. Prices most reasonable. Consult me be fore making a contract.

Satisfaction guaranteed in every case.

GEO. INGLE.,

Cor. Cambridge and Wellington-sts.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 6.

FAST EXPRESS WRECKED.

A Number of Passengers Were Injured, Engineer and Fireman of Freight Killed, and Others Injured.

Hazelton, Jan. 31.—The fast express train from Wilkes-Barre for Philadelphia on the Schuylkill Valley Division of the Pennsylvania, collided head-on last evening with a freight train near Lofty, nine miles south of Hazelton. The engineer and fireman of the freight were killed. The engineer and fireman and colored porter of the passenger train were seriously hurt and seven passengers slightly injured.

Train Strikes Street Car.

Springfield, O., Jan. 31.—A southbound Big Four train struck a street car at Yellow Springs street crossing at 7.45 last night. Reported 10 injured, two probably fatally.

Another G.T.R. Collision.

Lewiston, Maine, Jan. 31.—A local passenger train on the Grand Trunk Railroad collided with a freight in the fog, near Lewiston Junction yesterday. No one was seriously injured.

Died From His Injuries.

St. Catharines, Jan. 31.—Frank Miller, the G.T.R. brakeman injured Thursday, died at noon yesterday. He was 22 years of age.

EXPRESS STRIKES LOCAL.

Cars Crushed to Pieces at Tilsonburg—No Passengers Hurt.

Tilsonburg, Jan. 31.—A rear end collision occurred in the M. C. R. yards here about 4 o'clock yesterday morning, when No. 11 westbound flyer ran into a local freight train, which had just pulled out from the siding. The flyer struck the caboose of the local, smashing it into fragments, and then ploughed through five or six other cars, most of which were crushed into kindling wood and scattered all along the embankment. One car was telescoped and stands its full length in the air. The cab of the express engine was also smashed into atoms. Nobody was injured, however, except the engineer, whose knee is hurt. Very little damage was done to the flyer, the passengers not even being much disturbed by the sudden stop.

Struck by Lightning.

Sydenham, Jan. 31. — Thomas Leonard's barn, in Hartington Township, was struck by lightning in the big storm which visited this section Thursday night and was completely destroyed.

Frankville, Jan. 31.—The barns of Wesley Soper, two miles east of here, were struck by lightning and burned Thursday night, together with 21 cattle, 30 hogs, a thresher, two feed crushers and other machinery. Loss about $2,400; insured for $800.

Want a Larger Grant.

Toronto, Jan. 31.—The Ontario Beet Sugar Association called on Premier Ross yesterday and asked for a larger grant to carry on their educational work. The present grant is $200 a year, but during the past couple of years, a large amount of money had been invested in the enterprise. About $2,000,000, and the output is now about 20,000,000 pounds of sugar. The Premier promised consideration.

Minister of Lands Accused.

London, Jan. 31.—The Times correspondent at Melbourne, Australia, says Victorian Minister of Lands McKenzie, who has been highly respected, has been accused of improperly obtaining public lands for his own purposes. He indignantly denies wrongdoing, and has resigned the portfolio. The courts are making an inquiry, and a select investigating committee has been appointed.

A LIGHTNING FLASH

Caused Serious Trouble to Niagara Falls Power Co. Plant.

FOUR MEN WERE INJURED.

After 19 Hours the Electrical Famine Which Resulted Was Ended—7,000 Feet of Cable Were Ruined and Power Company's Loss Is About $50,000 — Factories Were Shut Down.

Niagara Falls, N.Y., Jan. 31.—The plant of the Niagara Falls power House was damaged from an unusual cause Thursday night by a bolt of lightning which struck a cable with defective insulation, causing a short circuit, which blew up a transformer in the power house. The large cables leading from the generating room to the transformer room were soon ablaze, the flames communicating to the transformer house. There was somewhat of a delay in the response to the alarm on the part of the firemen. When they did arrive a large amount of water was poured into the building and at 12.45 o'clock yesterday morning the flames were extinguished. No serious trouble has ever been experienced from lightning at the power house, and, coming in January, it is regarded as most extraordinary.

At 6.30 o'clock last night the temporary repairs at the Niagara Falls and Conduit Company's plant were completed, and the electrical famine along the Niagara frontier, due to the early morning fire started by a flash of lightning, was practically at an end.

Four Men Badly Burned.

Power was sent out from the plant an hour before that time, but it was not permanent, owing to a short circuit, which occurred in the power house shortly thereafter, and which seriously burned four men, one of whom may die. The short circuit and the injury of the four men came as a climax to disconcerting accidents which had marked the day, despite the fact that the repairing of the damage in so short a time is considered remarkable.

Never before since the establishment of Niagara Falls power has there been a delay of such magnitude. It was felt directly by thousands of people in Buffalo, Niagara and Lockport, and the Tonawanda and intermediate points. Hundreds of factories were shut down for the day, and the street car service was demoralized. Thousand of workmen employed in the factories along the river were temporarily thrown out of employment.

Official Statement.

The officials of the Power Company state, however, that the seriousness of the situation was not so great as was first thought probable. As a matter of fact the electrical famine lasted 19 hours. The worst of it was over last night. On the Buffalo line 10,000 horse-power was ready for distribution at 6.30. Under ordinary conditions 15,000 horse-power is used there.

Charles R. Huntley, vice-president of the company, said that by 10 o'clock last night all of the necessary additional power would be obtainable.

E. B. Rankin, vice-president of the company, made the following statement last evening: "The cause of the fire was a bolt of lightning, which entered the transformer room and set fire to one of the cables, upon which the insulation was worn. The flames communicated to the cable in the stone arch over the intake, and in a short time the roof of the arch and the transformer house were ablaze. The cables were destroyed in a short time, and it was necessary to shut down power house No. 1. Operations in power house No. 2 were not interfered with in anyway. There was no damage to machinery in either power house. In all about 7,000 feet of cable were destroyed. There was a reserve supply of cable on hand sufficient to replace it."

The loss by fire is estimated at $50,000.

Were Terribly Burned.

The men injured last night were Will Allen, H. Anderson, William H. Beam and William Milks, all of whom are electricians, and Superintendent Imlay. They were engaged in testing what is known as a feeder to No. 2 switchboard in No. 1 power house. A short circuit caused a blinding flash, which enveloped the unfortunate men. An ambulance was called, and the four electricians were taken to the hospital. Beam and Anderson were found to have been injured the worst. In places the bones of their hands were exposed to view, and in addition their faces and necks were terribly burned. Allen was burned severely about the hands and face, but not to such an extent that it was necessary to remove him to the hospital. The manner in which the short circuit was caused is unknown.

Many Factories Shut Down.

Lockport, N.Y., Jan. 31.—Twenty of Lockport's 55 factories were shut down yesterday owing to the fire at Niagara Falls. Fortunately most of the large mills are run by water and steam power. The newspaper plants and smaller factories are idle. The street car service is at a standstill, except one line, which is operated by Buffalo power, and the Buffalo line, which is reduced to one car hourly. The city lighting is not affected.

A terrific thunderstorm visited this city during the night, accompanied by vivid lightning and torrents of rain.

Trolley Lines Crippled.

Buffalo, N.Y., Jan. 31.—The trolley lines in this city, which get their power from Niagara Falls, were badly crippled early yesterday, but by the use of storage battery a number of lines were operated, although but a limited number of cars were run on them. On several lines no cars were run. A number of plants in this city were without light or power, among them the City Hall

To Amend the Patent Act.

Ottawa, Jan. 31.—Legislation will be introduced next session to amend the Patent Act.

THE BYE-ELECTIONS.

North Grey, Terrebonne and Two Mountains Probably on February 24—Agony of Hon. G. E. Foster Prolonged.

Ottawa, Jan. 31.—It is supposed that the bye-elections in North Grey, Terrebonne and Two Mountains will take place on February 24th.

Mr. Foster's Agony Extended.

Owing, however, to the gerrymander of North Ontario, it has been found impossible at this season of the year to get the proclamations posted up in each municipality of the riding, as required by law, so as to enable the election to be held at the same time as those in the other constituencies.

The riding of North Ontario extends from the Town of Uxbridge, which is within 20 miles of Lake Ontario, for a distance of nearly 150 miles north, into the remotest northerly parts of the district of Muskoka, it being only a few miles wide, at places not more than four. The constituency is actually longer than the distance from Toronto to London. By reason of its great length as compared with its width, the riding has for many years been known as "the fish-pole riding." It is possible that Mr. Foster, with his present practical experience as to this gerrymander, will be more favorable to its repeal than he was when a Minister.

EARL CROMER'S TRIBUTE.

Through Efforts of Missionaries Natives Are Learning That the Foreigners Visiting Them Are Not Slavers.

Khartoum, Jan. 31.—Earl Cromer, British agent in Egypt, speaking at a banquet here yesterday, paid a tribute to the work of the missionaries in the Soudan, where the natives were learning that the foreigners visiting them were no longer slave dealers but the bitter opponents of slavery. He said:

"Let me testify to the special pleasure afforded me by a visit to the admirably conducted establishment of the missionaries on the Sobat River, and to that of the Austrian missionaries on the White Nile. One is a Catholic institution and the other Protestant, but I know no distinction between such efforts among the pagans and they shall receive encouragement and assistance."

Lord Cromer spoke at length on the recent material, moral and intellectual development of the Soudan, and held out the hope of early railway communication with Suakim, which would open up the Soudan provinces to the world's trade. He said there was a prospect of finding coal in the region south of Khartoum, which, in the circumstances, was more valuable than gold.

THE SHEEP BREEDERS.

Met in Toronto on Friday and Elected Their Officers.

Toronto, Jan. 31.—The Dominion Sheep Breeders' Association held their annual meeting here yesterday morning. President R. H. Harding of Thorndale, in opening the meeting, briefly addressed the members present. Secretary A. P. Westervelt of the Dominion Cattle, Sheep and Swine Breeders' Associations read his report, in which he drew attention to the lack of accommodation for people attending the winter fair in Guelph.

The following officers for 1902 were re-elected for the present year: R. H. Harding, Thorndale, president; J. M. Gardhouse, Highfield, vice-president; A. P. Westervelt, secretary-treasurer. The directors are: D. McCrea, Guelph; Andrew Whitelaw, Guelph; John Kelly, Shakespeare; Col. John A. McGillivray, John Jackson, Abingdon; James Tolton, Walkerton; John G. Gibson, Denfield; W. M. Smith, Scotland; D. G. Hanmer, Mount Vernon; Prof. G. E. Day, O.A.C., Guelph; auditor, J. M. Duff, Guelph; delegates to Industrial Fair Board, J. M. Gardhouse and John Jackson; Ottawa Fair Board, F. W. Hodson, London; A. W. Smith, Maple Lodge, and A. P. Westervelt; Provincial Winter Fair at Guelph, A. W. Smith, John Jackson and James Tolton; Eastern Winter Fair, the president, the other two to be elected by the executive.

Swine Breeders' Officers.

Toronto, Jan. 31.—The Dominion Swine Breeders' Association met yesterday afternoon at the Palmer House and re-elected these officers:—President. G. R. Hood, Guelph; Vice-President, Thos. Teasdale, Concord; Secretary-Treasurer, A. P. Westervelt, Toronto.

NOVA SCOTIAN RAILWAY DEAL.

Mackenzie & Mann Have Secured the Nova Scotia Central.

Toronto, Jan. 31. — It is understood that Messrs. Mackenzie & Mann have secured control of the Nova Scotia Central Railway, a line 74 miles in extent, which runs from Middleton to Lunenburg, N.S. The road has a charter for an extension to the Bay of Fundy.

Under Single Army Head.

London, Jan. 31.—It is announced that from Feb. 1 the whole of the British forces in South Africa from the Zambesi to the Cape will be under a single command, to which Lieut.-Gen. Lyttleton will be appointed, with headquarters at Pretoria.

Hit by La Grippe.

Ottawa, Jan .31.—Lord Dundonald is confined to his room with an attack of la grippe, which is epidemic in Ottawa in a mild form.

Big Gift to Chicago.

Chicago, Jan. 30.—Sir William C. Van Horne of Montreal, chairman of the Board of Directors of the Canadian Pacific Railroad, has presented to the University of Chicago his collection of fossils, valued at $25,000. The collection is on the way to the university, where it will be installed in Walker museum.

To See the Mikado.

Ottawa, Jan. 30.—Hon. Sydney Fisher leaves here Friday for Japan. While in Tokio he will see the Mikado.

THE BALKAN CRISIS

Looms Up Again to Trouble the Diplomats of Europe.

THE "SICK MAN" STRONG.

Sultan Said to Prefer War to Losing Macedonia, and Austria and Russia Said to Be Agreed Upon Reforms For That Country — Turkish Troops Defeat a Macedonian Band.

London, Jan. 31.—The publication of a French yellow book, detailing the efforts made by France and Russia during the past year to induce Turkey to institute reforms in Macedonia, which resulted in the tour through the Balkans of Count Lamsdorff, and in the Austro-Russian agreement regarding press reforms in Turkey, is held to point to the fact that an acute phase of the Balkan question has arisen. The rumors that Austria is preparing a squadron at her naval port of Pola, the passage of the Russian torpedo boats through the Dardanelles into the Black Sea, and other incidents, are being recalled, while the official denials of mobilization rumors issued by the Austrian Government are received with scepticism. There have been lately several reports of hasty purchases of war material by Roumania, the Balkan States and Turkey.

Reports are current in Odessa that Austria and Russia have agreed upon a joint naval coercion of Turkey in the coming spring to enforce the reforms in Macedonia, according to Prof. Hambery, who is supposed to be well informed as to the views entertained at Yildiz Kiosk, the Sultan believing that the intention is to wrest Macedonia from the Turkish Empire would prefer the risks of war to acquiesce in these European demands.

A Conflict in Albania.

Constantinople, Jan. 31. — A detachment of Turkish troops has defeated a strong band of Macedonians near Lake Okhrida, Albania.

The Russian Embassy is actively occupied with preparing for presentation to the Porte the Austro-Russian scheme for the improvement of Macedonia.

Odessa, Jan. 31.—Events in Macedonia are being keenly watched by the Russian military authorities. Orders have been given to the commisariat to be prepared for eventualities.

ASK INCORPORATION.

Toronto-Hamilton Railway Line Seeking a Dominion Charter.

Ottawa, Jan. 31.—Mr. H. B. McGiverin of Ottawa gives notice that application is to be made to Parliament for an act to incorporate a company with power to construct and operate a railway from Toronto to Hamilton, passing through the Counties of York, Peel and Halton. The proposed line is to be operated by steam, electricity or other motive power, and authority is sought to amalgamate with or acquire by lease, purchase or otherwise, existing electric, street or other railways, or sell or lease to such railways, or make traffic or operating arrangements therewith, and to acquire the capital stock, bonds and other securities of other companies, and to guarantee their bonds. The proposed company likewise wishes to acquire, generate, use and sell electric force or power, and to acquire, lease, own and operate steamboats, wharfs, elevators and storehouses.

WON'T RECOGNIZE THE UNION.

Company Would Rather Drown Its Mines—Workmen and Wages.

Philadelphia, Jan. 31. — Adam Boyd, superintendent of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company at Shenandoah, continued his testimony when the Coal Strike Commission opened its sessions yesterday.

In cross-examination he said the company would rather let its mines drown than give recognition to the union.

Jacob P. Jones of Pottsville, paymaster of the Reading Co., presented a statement showing the annual earnings of the contract miners at several collieries. It shows that 24 men who worked on an average of 268 shifts during 1901, earned $1,000 and over. The lowest average in the statement was shown by 901, who worked an average of 28 shifts and earned less than $200.

THE MILITANT BOERS.

Vice-Governor Von Estorff Recalled For a Bad Move.

Berlin, Jan. 31. — Vice-Governor Von Estorff of German Southwest Africa, has resigned, and is returning home because of a disagreement in Berlin with his policy towards immigrant Boers in permitting the establishment of Dutch reformed congregations under the authority of the Cape Town Presbyetry. The Colonial Office here regards this policy as dangerous, fearing that the Boers may make an attempt later to establish their independence.

Goes to the C.P.R.

Montreal, Jan. 31.—A. H. Harris, traffic manager of the Quebec Southern Railway, has resigned to accept a position with the C.P.R.

Chief of Blackfeet Dead.

Washington, Jan. 31.—White Calf, chief of the Blackfeet, who played a part in the Indian wars of the West in the sixties, is dead.

Cobb, the Sculptor, Dead.

Boston, Mass., Jan. 31.—Boston's famous sculptor, painter and musician, Cyrus Cobb, is dead, at the age of 68.

Children Cry for
CASTORIA.

BOERS WILL TREK.

Have Secured 1,000,000 Acres of Land in New Mexico and Texas.

London, Feb. 2.—Reynolds' Newspaper positively asserts that the Boers are contemplating a great trek to New Mexico and Texas, where their agents have bought nearly 1,000,000 acres of land. This land is to be paid for with an issue of bonds which are to be secured by the land, stock and buildings. It is estimated that 900 families will start the exodus from South Africa within two months' time. The Boers will devote themselves to the breeding of sheep, goats, horses and cattle, ostrich farming and vineyards.

PARLIAMENT SUMMONED.

Cabinet Council on Saturday So Decided —110 Private Bills.

Ottawa, Feb. 2. — At a Cabinet Council yesterday it was decided to summon Parliament to meet on Thursday, March 12th. In addition to several important Government measures, there will be a large accumulation of private bills to be dealt with, so that the House is likely to sit until the summer. The applications so far for private bills number about 10, of which some 38 have reference to railway charters.

TWO MOUNTAINS NOMINATION.

Mr. B. C. Beauchamp the Conservative Candidate For the Commons.

Montreal, Feb. 2.—Mr. B. C. Beauchamp, formerly M.P.P. for Two Mountains, has been chosen by the Conservatives to contest the constituency against Mr. Ethier, Liberal, for the House of Commons. The election will take place on Feb. 24.

Fourth Boat Goes Through.

Constantinople, Feb. 2.—The Porte has suppressed the recently formed Macedonian Reforms Commission. The fourth of the Russian torpedo boats, against whose passage through the Dardanelles Great Britain protested to Turkey, steamed through the Bosphorous yesterday, en route to Sebastopol.

To Limit Man's Fortune.

Washington, Feb. 2.—Senator Wellington Saturday introduced an amendment to the constitution prohibiting the holding of fortunes exceeding $10,000,000 by any one individual in the United States.

News in Mid-Ocean.

London, Jan. 31.—The first attempt to supply incoming steamers with a news service was made yesterday by Reuter's Telegram Company, which filed with the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company, 100 words of news for the Cunard Line steamer Lucania, which left New York Saturday last, and which is due to arrive at Queenstown to-day.

Power Charter Granted.

Toronto, Jan. 31. — An order-in-Council has been passed by the Ontario Government granting a franchise to a Toronto syndicate to generate Niagara Falls power. The charter awaits the signature of the Lieutenant-Governor. The company must put up a bond of $25,000. The charter provides for the development of 125,000 horse power.

Shut Up For Two Years.

Berlin, Jan. 31.—First Lieut. Werner Von Graswert, son of the Lieutenant-General of that name, who shot Dr. Aye, a lawyer of Flensburg, through the neck, cutting the spinal cord and causing instant death, in a duel fought in the Grunewald forest Jan. 16, has been sentenced by a military court to two years in a fortress.

Rev. Dr. Shaw Accepts.

Montreal, Jan. 31.—Rev. Dr. Shaw has accepted the position of principal of the Wesleyan Theological College, in succession to Rev. Dr. Maggs, resigned.

MISCELLANEOUS.

W. F. O'BOYLE, Clerk of the Municipality of Ops. INSURANCE AGENT Fire, Life and Accident—best companies MONEY TO OAN. Private and other Funds at lowest rates.
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Sashes and Frames for Sale.
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All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished promptly on application. Works north of market square, Cambridge st.

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Ontario and Dominion Land Surveyors
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repayable on terms to suit borrower. Also a large amount of trust funds to loan on advantageous terms
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No charge for extraction when plates are ordered.
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Many a child has been fooled by the story of the pot of gold which is to be found just at the foot of the rainbow, and has started out to gather riches full of happy dreams.

Many a man and woman have been deceived by the tale that there was health to be found out beyond the sunset, and they have started out dreaming of a healthful future, never to be realized.

People who have tried change of climate in vain for the cure of weak lungs have been perfectly and permanently cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures deep-seated coughs, bronchitis, bleeding lungs, emaciation, and other conditions which, if neglected or unskilfully treated, find a fatal end in consumption.

"Last spring I had a severe attack of pneumonia which left me with a very bad cough, and also left my lungs in a very bad condition," writes John M. Russell, Esq., of Brent, Cherokee Nat., Ind. Ty. "I had no appetite and was so weak I could scarcely walk. My breast was all sore with running sores. I got two bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which I believe saved my life. I cannot express my gratitude to you. I am able now to do very good work."

Any substitute offered as "just as good" as "Golden Medical Discovery" is a shadow of that medicine. There are cures behind every claim made for the "Discovery," which no "just as good" medicine can show.

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The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 6.

DEADLOCK REACHED

The Allies Reject the Proposals of Venezuela.

FRENCH PRESSING CLAIMS.

Demand Made For Equality of Treatment—France Insistent Upon Her Rights—Events Construed in a Warlike Fashion Are Misleading—What It All Means—A New Proposition Stated.

Caracas, Feb. 2.—In reply to Minister Bowen's inquiry as to what Venezuela intends to do regarding the demand for preferential treatment made by the allies, President Castro has telegraphed: "The Venezuelan Government desires equal treatment for all the creditor nations in Europe and Americam keeping in mind in addition its diplomatic conventions and interior stipulations."

The French legation has notified the Venezuelan Government that, in virtue of the convention of 1866, France was allowed to collect directly a part of the revenues of several custom houses in Venezuela as a guarantee for her diplomatic claims arising out of the previous revolutions. France, it is said, renounced forever by the convention of 1885, the exercise of this right on condition that the interest on this debt should always be regularly paid. As this payment has not been made, France, without asking the authorization of Germany, England and Italy, intends to revive her right of direct collection. The French Charge d'Affaires has paid a visit to the Foreign Minister and has twice called on President Castro during the past 48 hours. This activity on the part of France is evidently in connection with her intention to revive her rights, and is considered as an answer to the attitude adopted by the allied powers.

A Deadlock Reached.

Washington, Feb. 2.—Reports of warlike preparations on the part of the United States and the powers coercing Venezuela has no relation to the pending negotiations, now temporarily broken off, for the settlement of the claims of President Castro's Government.

The discussion of a greater navy and of a program for steady increase and the hasty passage of the army staff bill by the Senate naturally looks warlike, and without explanation might give a misleading impression. The only thing to be said about these preparations is that this administration and Congress are determined to do everything possible to be prepared for any eventuality.

The situation is not so acute as to justify preparations for war. Diplomatic relations between the countries are very friendly. This Government is strongly hopeful of a settlement of all Venezuelan claims without having to participate itself in the diplomatic discussion.

At the same time the situation is irritating and is likely to remain so as long as the deadlock continues. The allied powers still insist on preferential treatment, and Venezuela, through Minister Bowen, asserts that all nations must be allowed to participate in the distribution of the customs when collected under Mr. Bowen's plan.

The French Amabassador says: France will insist upon her rights. One-eighth of the customs duties of Venezuela, until her claim has been discharged. The allies, Germany, Great Britain and Italy, cannot be permitted to interfere with the claims of France. France by arbitration has secured rights in Venezuela which Germany, Great Britain and Italy are bound to respect. Never has the feeling of friendship between France and the United States been so strong as now.

Propositions involving a compromise of the allied powers' contentions for preferential treatment in the settlement of their claims against Venezuela have been submitted to the Governments of Great Britain, Germany and Italy by their representatives here. It provides that for a short period, perhaps six months or a year, Great Britain, Germany and Italy shall receive exclusively 30 per cent. of the customs receipts of the ports of Puerto Cabello and La Guayra, and at the end of the period that all the claimant nations be placed upon the same footing.

Rush Order For Rifles.

Springfield, Mass., Feb. 2.—A rush order has been received at the United States armory for 100,000 Krag-Jorgensen rifles, to be shipped to arsenals throughout the country. Half of the order has been filled within the last few days, and it is expected that the other rifles will be shipped before the end of the coming week.

The order received from Washington states that the rifles are needed because of the passage of the militia bill.

Offer Ships to Germany.

Santiago, Chili, Feb. 2.—The agents of Germany have proposed to the Government the immediate purchase of the Chilian battleship Capitan Prat, and the armored cruiser Esmeralda, and have offered to take over the warships now being built in Europe for Chili.

A DISORDERLY STATE

Long Time Before U. S. Becomes Responsible for Venezuela.

IT IS ONLY CO-OPERATION.

No German or European Alliance Says Lord Cranborne—Why Britain Engaged in Coercing Venezuela—Suggested at Washington That Question May Go to The Hague Commission.

London, Jan. 31.—Lord Cranborne, Under Secretary of Foreign Affairs, speaking last night at the banquet of the Sheffield Chamber of Commerce, said the Government's policy in Venezuela was dictated by a determination to defend the interests of British subjects, and there was no infringement of the Monroe Doctrine. This was also the view, he continued, of the United States, which would be a long time before making itself responsible for a disorderly state like Venezuela. The Foreign Office had maintained intact Great Britain's friendship with the United States. Lord Cranborne concluded by saying: "There is no German or European alliance, but Great Britain is ready to co-operate with the powers, not only in South America, but in Asia, Africa and Europe."

MR. BOWEN'S OFF DAY.

Venezuelan Question May Yet Have to Go to The Hague.

Washington, Jan. 31.—If Mr. Bowen cannot adjust the claims with the allies the purpose is to have The Hague Arbitration Tribunal pass upon them, but just how the Venezuelan question is to get before The Hague in the event of Mr. Bowen's failure to adjust the differences is not quite clear.

It is inconceivable to the administration that there should be a renewal of hostilities on the Venezuelan coast, no matter how Mr. Bowen's work shall turn out, so The Hague Tribunal comes naturally into sight as a port of safety.

But to place a case before the tribunal requires the laying down of certain basic propositions of matters to be arbitrated and agreement on the limitations to be placed on the arbitration, and it is difficult to conjecture how all hands can be brought together on the complex and difficult propositions involved in an arbitration protocol.

C.P.R. HEADQUARTERS.

Brilliant Immediate Future of the City of Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, Jan. 31.—The Tribune says that Winnipeg will virtually become the headquarters of the C.P.R. The company will build a magnificent station and hotel, and spend some millions of dollars. It is now stated that General Manager McNicoll will reside here, and other prominent officials will move west from Montreal.

Want to Restrain Judge.

Toronto, Jan. 31.—Before Mr. Justice Street yesterday, at Osgoode Hall, J. A. Robinson of St. Thomas made application that Judge Bell be restrained from passing sentence on Robert Foster, Henry Branton and William Walsh, all of St. Thomas, recently found guilty by him for personation and illegal practices in connection with the referendum vote in that place. It is claimed that Judge Bell, being of Kent County, had no jurisdiction in Elgin County, and that the whole procedure was wrong.

Municipal Ownership in New York.

New York, Jan. 31.—Mayor Low presented a statement to the board of estimates yesterday in favor of municipal ownership of the Street Railway in one of the five boroughs of the city, the Bronx. The question of granting a franchise to a company came up and after the Mayor had been heard it was awarded with a provision which obliges the city to buy the company's property at the end of 50 years.

To Protect Child Labor.

Berlin, Feb. 2.—The Reichstag Saturday passed the second reading of the bill protecting child labor in factories and shops, and prohibiting the employment of children under 15 years of age in some branches of industry and under 18 in others.

Genuine Castoria always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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BELLEVILLE BUSINESS COLLEGE,
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Students have a larger earning power who take the following lines of preparation under our system of training. It has no superior.

DEPARTMENTS.

I.—Comprising Book-keeping — Double and Single Entry in its various applications. Business Papers and Customs, Calculations, Business Writing, Business History and Geography.

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This College is open throughout the year. Students may enter at any time.

Send for Catalogue. Address:

J. A. Tousaw, Secretary, or J. Frith Jeffers, President.

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Per annum, payable half-yearly, is allowed on all sums of $100 and upwards left with this Company for from one to five years.

National Trust Co.
Limited,
22 King St. E., Toronto

CAPITAL, - - - - $1,000,000
RESERVE, - - - - 300,000

A COMPLETE DEFEAT

Sultan of Morocco's Troops Utterly Vanquish Bu Hamara.

THE FATE OF A PRETENDER

Either Captured or Slain—His Camp Rushed and Many Killed—Even If Either of These Was Escaped by Him It Is in Vain That He Will Seek to Rehabilitate Himself—Saintship Exploded.

Tangier, Feb. 2.—The Sultan's troops have utterly routed the forces of the Moorish pretender and captured Bu Hamara himself. A special courier brought the news from Fez yesterday. He reports that at daybreak last Thursday the army of the Sultan, commanded by the War Minister, El Menebbi, attacked the pretender's position and inflicted a complete defeat on his followers, at the same time capturing Bu Hamara.

Another courier from Fez confirms the news of the defeat of the rebels, but says the pretender was not captured, and that it is not known that his body was among the great number slain. The Sultan's victory was absolute, almost the entire following of the pretender being either slain or captured. His camp, provisions, ammunition were taken, and the artillery, which was lost by the Sultan's army in the battle of Dec. 28, was recaptured. Even if Bu Hamara escaped it is hopeless for him to seek to retrieve his defeat, as his claim to be a saint is exploded. The pretender's camp was surprised and rushed at dawn.

There are great rejoicings here at the Sultan's victory.

Exhibited in a Cage.

London, Feb. 2.—A despatch from Tangier to The Morning Leader mentions a circumstantial report current in that city, that Bu Hamara was brought to Fez in a cage and exposed to public derision. The despatch adds that it is impossible to ascertain the truth, and attributes the Sultan's victory more to his bribery of the tribes than to military tactics. The bribed rebels suddenly abandoned the pretender's standard.

An Aeroplane That Flies.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 2.—Prof. Langley has invented an aeroplane that flies. The test was made on Saturday.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

WAIVED EXTRADITION.

Missing Treasurer of Kent County, With a $14,000 Shortage Taken to Chatham From Detroit Hospital.

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 2.—Alfred T. Shambleau, aged 46 years, former treasurer of Kent County, Ont., who it is alleged, is wanted at Chatham, Ont., on three warrants, charging theft and forgery in connection with a shortage in the county funds of about $14,000, was yesterday placed under arrest at Grace Hospital in this city, and later taken across the river by Ontario officers and started for Chatham. Shambleau consented to go without extradition proceedings being instituted. Under the name of A. W. Fish he was brought to the hospital Saturday night from Pontiac, Mich., suffering from a fractured skull, which, it is said, was received here last week in a fight.

NO ARBITRATION.

But Senate Committee Have Reported the Alaskan Boundary Bill—Secretary Hay Is Canny.

Washington, Feb. 2.—At the next executive session of the Senate Chairman Cullom of the Committee on Foreign Relations will make a favorable report on the Alaskan boundary treaty. The committee Saturday by a unanimous vote decided that this action should be taken. There is no time limit as to the ratification of the convention, but Senator Cullom hopes to put it through at this session.

The history of the negotiation of this treaty shows how carefully Secretary Hay has sought to avoid the inclusion of any matter that would make the treaty objectionable, and how he has steered clear of any reference to "arbitration." When the draft of the convention was first prepared it contained both in the preamble and the body the words "arbitral tribunal." The word "arbitral" was stricken out of the articles before the convention was signed, but was inadvertently left in the preamble.

The committee Saturday corrected this error and eliminated all reference to arbitration. The award of the tribunal, if it agrees, is to be final. It is to determine solely and only whether the boundary line as described in the third and fourth articles of the Anglo-Russian treaty of 1825 shall be drawn in a line thirty marine miles from the coast, or whether it shall be measured from the coast line of the indentations of the mainland.

The tribunal will meet in London two months after the exchange of ratifications, when the case will be presented and the counter cases at a further period of two months. These periods are not, however, arbitrary, as the tribunal has power, if the necessity should arise, to grant additional time.

Buffalo, Feb. 2.—James Edward Quigley is now Archbishop of Chicago. The papal brief appointing him has arrived at Washington.

HARNESS! HARNESS

Now is the time to buy harness. We will sell for a short time Team Harness worth $28.00 for $25.00.

Single Harness, nickle trimmed, for $10.00, $14.00, $16.00 and $18.00.

Solid Nickle or Rubber Harness for $20.00.

Our stock of Harness is good and well made.

E. PROUSE,
Harness Maker and General Merchant.
OAKWOOD.

To Citizens of Little Britain and Vicinity

WINTER IS HERE

If you have not already ordered your

WINTER OVERCOAT

It is not too late. We can make you up a nice stylish fitting Overcoat from $10 to $20. Why buy a ready-made Suit when you can get a better one made to order at nearly the same price. Our goods cannot be beaten for quality, and as for style our reputation as a cutter and tailor speaks for itself.

Give us a trial before patronizing Oakwood, Port Perry or Lindsay tailors.

J. J. RICH
LITTLE BRITAIN.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS.

EPPS'S COCOA

An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact, fitted to build up and maintain robust health, and to resist winter's extreme cold. Sold in ¼ lb. tins, labelled JAMES EPPS & Co., Ld., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

EPPS'S COCOA
GIVING STRENGTH & VIGOUR.

NOTICE.

The Governors of the Ross Memorial Hospital

will apply at the next session of the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, for an Act to incorporate them under the name of "THE ROSS MEMORIAL HOSPITAL," with power to hold land, and other necessary powers, and also to enable Municipalities to contribute to the funds of the Hospital.

KINGSMILL, HELLMUTH,
SAUNDERS & TORRANCE,
Solicitors for the Applicants.

Dated this 24th day of December, '02—wt.

TURN OF THE C. N. R.

Several Passengers Injured in an Accident Saturday.

COACHES INTO THE DITCH.

Bridge Foreman Marvin Keenan Received Severe Internal Injuries Besides Other Hurts—Passengers Were Lightly Clad, Although 20 Below Zero Was Registered at Time of the Accident—The Injured.

Winnipeg, Feb. 2.—Spreading rails caused a bad smashup Saturday afternoon on the Canadian Northern Railway, near Marchand, a station forty-eight miles east of Winnipeg, on the Port Arthur line, and it seems a miracle that no fatalities resulted, although several passengers were badly shaken up and cut by flying glass.

Marvin Keenan, foreman of the C. N. R. bridge building department, sustained severe internal injuries, besides being badly cut about the head and having his leg broken.

The train was behind time, and was running at a high rate of speed when the rear coach left the rails, turning over and throwing two preceding coaches into the ditch. The baggage car and engine were derailed, but remained upright upon the ties.

The rear coach turned a complete somersault and crashed into the coach ahead, but fortunately no one was caught in the wreck, though the under car was smashed into match wood.

The majority of the passengers succeeded in extricating themselves from the debris, and though lightly clad, the thermometer registering 20 below zero, successfully rescued their less fortunate fellows.

Those injured were carefully wrapped in watm clothing and taken to Marchand, where a special was sent to bring them to Winnipeg. Besides Keenan, who was immediately removed to the hospital, others more or less injured were:

Al. Mills, customs officer at Sprague, badly cut about the head.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Grimshaw, Rainy River, cut and severely bruised.

Mrs. William Campbell, Pine River, Minn., badly shaken up and slightly cut by glass.

Several Winnipeggers were on the train, but, beyond the shaking up, escaped without serious injury.

VERDICT AGAINST AULD.

Train Despatcher Blamed For Charles Warning's Death at Merritton—Electric Signals Necessary on Road.

St. Catharines, Feb. 2. — The inquest touching the death of Charles Warning, who was killed in the collision on the Grand Trunk Railway between the Merritton station and the tunnel under the Welland Canal on January 3, was continued at the Merritton Town Hall Saturday afternoon by Coroner Dr. Goodman of this city.

The train despatcher, John Auld, was not present, as he left the locality a few days after the accident, after having first called for his pay, and his whereabouts are at this time unknown.

The two engineers, Desault and Duke, have not yet recovered from their injuries and were unable to attend to testify, but the jury concluded that they had facts before them sufficient to enable them to arrive at a verdict.

The verdict was to the effect that Charles Warning came to his death through the negligence of the train despatcher, John Auld. It was further found that the Grand Trunk should have electric signals at the tunnel to give warning to approaching trains, at least until the line is double tracked between Merritton and Niagara Falls.

RAILWAY STRIKE CALLED OFF.

Employes of the Dutch Roads Go Back to Work.

Amsterdam, Feb. 2.—After a meeting Saturday night of the leaders of the unions it was decided to call off the railroad strike. Work was resumed at 6 o'clock yesterday morning.

CANADIAN FRESH MEAT.

War Office Wants Supplies For Army in South Africa.

London, Feb. 2.—The British War Office has decided to invite tenders from Canadian farmers for the supply of fresh meat to the British army in South Africa.

News From Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 2.—The customs revenue of the Dominion for the month of January was $2,726,249, an increase of $237,063 over the same month last year. The revenue for the seven months was $20,752,865, an increase of $2,398,987 over the same time in 1901, which was the highest on record.

J. Bruce Walker of The Brantford Expositor has been appointed emigration agent at Glasgow, Scotland, in the place of Mr. Murray, who has resigned.

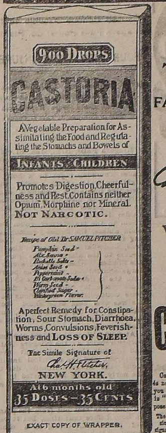
TWO OVER ONE HUNDRED DIE.

Passing of a Servant 74 Years With One Family.

London, Feb. 2.—Mrs. Elizabeth Alsop of Gosden Common, Guildford, died Saturday, aged 102. She was born in Swallow street, London. For seventy-four years she was with the family of the late Mr. Audrey Ridsdale, a relative of Lady Audrey Buller. She received the late Duchess of Teck's prize for the female servant who had served in one family for the longest period.

Lived in Canada Once.

Tacoma, Wash., Feb. 2.—Mrs. Marguerite Allen, the oldest woman in the State of Washington, died at the home of her daughter in this city Saturday, aged 104 years. Mrs. Allen was born in Scotland and emigrated to Canada more than seventy years ago, moving later to Ohio. She leaves a son in Detroit.



EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE —OF— Chas. H. Fletcher. IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

The RUDD HARNESS Co.

JANUARY SALE OF
ROBES, BELLS AND BLANKETS.

We intend to sell the above goods at prices that will clear out our entire stock.

ight and eavy Harness always in stock, . . . and made to order. . . .

50 Dozen thread length Raw Hide Whips to sell at 35c, regular 50c each. Brown Book Livet Pads at 25c each.

Give us a call and save money. Repairing neat'y and promptly done.

A FULL LINE OF TRUNKS AND ALISES ALWAYS IN STOCK.

THE RUDD HARNE CO.
H. J. LITTLE, MANAGER.

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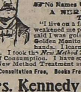
Weak, Nervous, Diseased Men.

Thousands of *Young and Middle Aged Men* are annually swept to a premature grave through early indiscretions and later excesses. Self abuse and Constitutional Blood Diseases have ruined and wrecked the life of many a promising young man. Have you any of the following symptoms: Nervous and Despondent; Tired in Morning; No Ambition; Memory Poor; Easily Fatigued; Excitable and Irritable; Eyes Blur; Pimples on the Face; Dreams and Drains at Night; Restless; Haggard Looking; Blotches; Sore Throat; Hair Loose; Pains in the Body; Sunken Eyes; Lifeless; Distrustful and Lack of Energy and Strength. Our *New Method Treatment* will build you up mentally, physically and sexually. Cures Guaranteed or no Pay.



25 YEARS IN DETROIT. BANK SECURITY.

No Names Used Without Written Consent.

A NERVOUS WRECK—A HAPPY LIFE.

T. P. Emerson has a Narrow Escape.

"I live on a farm. At school I learned an early habit, which weakened me physically, sexually and mentally. Family Doctors said I was going into "decline" (Consumption). Finally, "The Golden Monitor," edited by Drs. Kennedy & Kergan fell into my hands. I learned the *truth* and *cause*. Self abuse had sapped my vitality. I took the *New Method Treatment* and was cured. My friends think I was cured of Consumption. I have sent them many patients, all of whom were cured. Their New Method Treatment supplies vigor, vitality and manhood."

Consultation Free. Books Free. Write for Question Blank for Home Treatment.

Drs. Kennedy & Kergan, 148 Shelby Street, Detroit, Mich.

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HAIR GOODS!

Prof. Dorenwend
OF TORONTO,
IS COMING.

He will be at BENSON HOUSE, Lindsay, on Tuesday, February 10th, 1903.

THIS WINTER VISIT OF 1903

I am prepared to show a larger variety of NEW YORK, LONDON and PARIS STYLES than ever offered to the public before. I shall have LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S WIGS, TOUPEES, BANGS, WAVY and PLAIN FRONTS, SWITCHES of all long hair in every length and shade, etc.

LADIES, my GOODS are recognized as the STANDARD of PERFECTION and their use protects the head and produces a younger expression to the face.

Gentlemen, are you Bald?

I invite you to my Show Rooms to demonstrate the complete success of my ART COVERINGS in WIGS and TOUPEES, worn on over 55 000 Heads. They are light in weight, strong and most natural in appearance, and a protection to the head against DRAUGHTS, COLDS, CATARRH, NEURALGIA, etc., and give a younger and handsome expression to the face. Please remember day and date:—

Benson House, Lindsay, on Tuesday, Feb. 10th.

Fear Outbreak Near Canton.

Hong Kong, Feb. 2.—The authorities of Canton have captured arms, ammunition and the commissariat which were in possession of the reformers. Foreign marines are patrolling Shamien, a suburb of Canton. Gunboats are being held in readiness in case of emergency.

Was to Kill a King.

Barcelona, Feb. 2.—A Belgian Anarchist, named Martin, has been arrested in this city. He has confessed that he was selected to kill the King of the Belgians, but was prevented from carrying out the deed by being arrested during the strike in Barcelona a year ago.

Common soaps destroy the clothes and render the hands liable to eczema.

SUNLIGHT SOAP REDUCES EXPENSE

Ask for the Octagon Bar 211

NOT THE THING.

Depend upon it, ready-made garments won't satisfy you, though to read the advertisem the dealers you may be led to fancy that clothing made of shoddy and cut with a buz saw is superior to all other kinds.

If you stand in need of a NEW SUIT or OVERCOAT you will save dollars by coming here for it. We give every man the worth of his money, and the sewing won't rip the first time a strain comes on the garment.

We have a grand range of English, Irish, Scotch and Domestic Cloths to choose from. If you want new clothes for Spring, place your order now.

CATHRO & CO.

RAN AGAINST A FENCE RAIL.

The Gas Co's Manager Painfully Injured This Morning.

Mr. Geo. H. Smith, manager of the Lindsay Gas Co., was the victim of a painful accident on Saturday. To-day being the last day of the month Mr. Smith was making his rounds reading meters, as is customary. Being in a hurry, he decided to enter Dr. Gillespie's residence by the rear door. On leaving the walk, owing to the heavy snowstorm, he failed to notice the top rail of a fence which he intended passing under, the result being that he bumped the left side of his head against the rail with great force, bruising his forehead painfully and cutting the eyelid badly. Dr. Gillespie being absent at the time, Dr. White was called in and had to put eight stitches in the gashed eyelid. Mr. Smith is doing as well as can be expected, but will be off duty for a couple of weeks. The business of the company is being looked after by Mr. Burgess, who arrived Saturday evening.

School Board Election

A nomination to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of the Rev. J. W. Macmillan, Public School trustee for the north ward, was held on Jan. 29th between 12 and 1 o'clock, in the Clerk's office. Two candidates were nominated. Mr. Thos. Blackwell was proposed by Mr. Jas. Boxall, seconded by Mr. J. W. Anderson; Dr. Clarke was proposed by Mr. R. M. Beal, seconded by Mr. J. P. Morris. As neither of the candidates resigned, there will be a contest next Thursday.

Popular Bankers to Leave Town.

The Ontario Bank has opened a new branch in the flourishing town of Trenton, and two of Lindsay's popular bankers have been called to take charge of the agency—Mr. B. H. Siddall, who for the last three years has been accountant in the local branch, and Mr. Bernie McAlpine, who has officiated as teller. At the new branch in Trenton Mr. Siddall will be manager and Mr. McAlpine teller and accountant. We must congratulate these young men on their promotion, which they so well deserve. They leave town to-morrow morning for their new home in Trenton, and a banquet will be tendered them this evening by their friends at the Royal hotel at 7 o'clock.

Railway Gates in Towns.

A judgment rendered the other day in the Court of Appeal, Toronto, has a strong bearing on the duty of railway companies to maintain gates or flagmen at dangerous crossings. The plaintiff sued for damages for the death of his wife and the destruction of a horse and buggy by being run into by a train at a crossing in the town of Forest, and he was awarded $1300. The jury at the first trial found the defendents negligent in running over an unprotected crossing at the rate of 20 miles an hour, while the railway contended that they themselves, not a jury, must judge of the proper speed at which their trains should run when the line is fenced as required by the Railway Act. That view was not shared by the Court of Appeal, and the Company's appeal was dismissed with costs.

Hockey Notes.

—The Fenelon Falls Gazette says: It is only justice to the hockey players of Lindsay that a word should be said in their favor. A feeling has existed for some years to the effect that Lindsay could not play a fair game against Fenelon Falls, and this feeling was not an agreeable one to have between two sister towns. We think it is time for it to disappear. When our boys went to Lindsay a couple of weeks ago, they were treated like gentlemen, and when the Lindsay boys came out on Jan. 27th, their playing and general deportment was all that could be desired. As stated in our account of the game, we considered they came out fully expecting to win, but they took their defeat in good part and expressed the hope that the relations between the two towns should be more friendly in future. So we hope they may have their desire.

GIVEN A ROUSING SEND-OFF.

SKIP FLAVELLE AND MEN LEFT FOR THE WEST MONDAY MORNING.

Will Battle for Trophies with an Exceptionally Well Balanced Rink.

A large number of our citizens were at the station on Monday to see Mr. Flavelle and his Winnipeg rink off for the West, where they will take part in the Winnipeg Bonspiel. Messrs. Flavelle, McIntosh, Little and McSweyn were kept busy for a time shaking hands with their numerous friends. As the train pulled out a hearty cheer was given, and the air was thick with waving brooms for a few minutes.

The following prizes are open to Mr. Flavelle's rink:

1. Grand Challenge Cup, value $250, with four cabinets silver table cutlery valued at $125. 2nd prize, four pearl-handled umbrellas, value $50. 3rd prize, four bronze statues, value $40. 4th prize, four handsome clocks, value $30.

2. Alfred Dodge Trophy value $250, and four gold watches, value $100. 2nd prize, four pairs Lemaire opera glasses, value $60.

3. Brunswick Trophy, value $200, with four gents' solid gold chains, value $175. 2nd prize, four gold lockets, value $60. 3rd prize, four pairs silver mounted brushes, value $40. 4th prize, four pairs gold cuff links, value $30.

4. Totley Tea Tankard, value $200, and four silver tea sets, value $100. 2nd prize, four glass cut berry bowls, value $50. 3rd prize, four ladies' jewel cases, value $40. 4th prize, four silver shaving cups and brushes, value $30.

5. American Abell Trophy, value $200, with four chaste gold medals, value $100. 2nd prize, four gents' travelling toilet cases, value $50. 3rd prize, four gold stick pins, diamond setting, value $40. 4th prize, four alligator skin cigar cases, value $30.

6. Blue Ribbon Competition, four gold watches, value $150.

7. Special Aggregate Prizes: 1st prize, four gold buttons. 2nd prize, four silver buttons. 3rd prize, four bronze buttons.

8. Grand Point Competition: 1st prize, gold watch, value $50. 2nd prize, travelling case, value $35. 3rd prize, Lemaire field glass, $30. 4th prize, a gold watch, value $25. 5th prize, cut glass liqueur set, value $20.

The West-bound rink were accompanied as far as Orillia by four rinks of Lindsay curlers who were going to the latter place to play for the Shepherd-Needler Cup. Mr. Wm. McCarty, jeweller, will accompany Mr. Flavelle and rink to Winnipeg, where they will be joined by the Scotch curlers. A fine Collie dog, consigned to Mr. D. H. Cooper, Winnipeg, will no doubt serve as a mascot for the Lindsay rink at the great bonspiel.

SCOTCH CURLERS VISIT TO NIAGRA

Chaplains Kerr's Rebly to Rev. Mr. Milligan's Strictures.

We published Dr. Milligan's remarks upon the visit of the Scotch Curlers to Niagara on Sunday last. To-day we publish Rev. J. Kerr's reply:

"I see in your issue of to-day that the Rev. Dr. Milligan, of St. Andrew's church, Jarvis-st., has been making some severe strictures from his pulpit on the visiting of Niagara Falls by the Scottish curlers on Sunday. He says the members of the team ought to be ashamed of themselves, and if there was a minister among them the matter was still worse. In the absence of members of the team from the city I write on their behalf to say that I am sure no one had any idea that they would offend Dr Milligan or anybody else by taking the opportunity that was offered them of visiting one of the most wonderful and awe-inspiring works of the great Creator, whose majesty and glory are revealed in nature as well as in revelation, sometimes more attractively than in some of our churches, where "new presbyter is but old priest writ large."

Since we came to Canada our team has regularly attended church, and surely a day off to worship the Almighty at such a magnificent shrine might be permitted us without our being held up, with the minister at the head, to the reprobation of the Toronto people by Dr Milligan whose censure becomes the only fly in the pot of ointment in the grand reception given us by our brother Scots and our Canadian cousins. I have no doubt that the doctor means well, but I venture as a minister to say that such narrow Judaistic conceptions as he seems to hold, in my opinion, do more harm to true religion than any visits of ours to Niagara on a Sunday can ever do. I pity the prospects of the churches in this great and promising country if they cannot go beyond the rev. doctor's conception of good conduct and good taste. Since I render him the honor of 'all the sages,' the rev doctor will pardon me for slightly transposing a stanza from nature's great poet, Wordsworth, who was also a good Christian:

'One impulse from Niagara
Will teach you more of man,
Of moral evil and of good,
Than Dr Milligan.'"

The Reason The Lights Went Out.

Saturday evening about 7 o'clock the gas lights went out. We are informed that this was caused by the gasometer at the Gas Works having become stuck on the guide posts, thereby cutting off the pressure.

CARD OF THANKS

To the Officers and Members of Court Lindsay, No. 125, C.O.F.:

Gentlemen,—Allow me to gratefully acknowledge the receipt of a cheque for one thousand dollars, insurance upon the life of my late husband, Thos. Wetherup, who died on Jan. 3rd, 1903. I also wish to convey my sincere thanks for many acts of kindness received since his death. I sincerely hope your Order may continue to flourish and be the blessing in the future that it has been in the past.—Yours very truly,

MRS. T. WETHERUP.

Lindsay, Jan. 28th, 1903.—w1d1.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH AFFAIRS.

Annual Meeting of the Congregation Jan 28th--Successful Year's Work

The congregation of St. Andrew's church, Lindsay, met in goodly numbers in the Schoolroom on Jan. 28th from 6 p.m. to 8 p.m., during which time tea was served in the basement, which has recently been finished with a cement floor and kitchen, and is now splendidly equipped (thanks to the efforts of "The Talent Workers") for the accommodation of social gatherings.

The occasion was the annual congregational tea, preceding the annual meeting, and a most enjoyable two hours were spent, after which the annual business meeting of the congregation was held in the church, when full reports were presented by the different organizations in connection with the congregation. These, although it is difficult to tabulate spiritual results, still expressed the hope that some fruitful work had been accomplished. The finances were shown to be in a satisfactory condition, the revenue for ordinary purposes being considerably in excess of that of any previous year and showing a credit balance of $45.00, and the total receipts for all purposes during last year being $6,017.58. The membership at the close of the year was 571. Regret was expressed at the prospective departure of the pastor, but more will be said of that again.

ST. ANDREW'S ANNIVERSARY.

Special Services Held Monday—Rev. Dr. McLaren, of Toronto, Present.

The 15th anniversary services of the opening of St. Andrew's church were conducted on Sunday by Rev. Dr. McLaren, late of Vancouver, now General Secretary of Home Missions of the Presbyterian Church. In the morning he preached on the absolute need of "Visions" before anything great, either in individual or national life, can be accomplished, and in the evening he spoke on a busject which his long experience in the West peculiarly fits him to speak of, viz., "Perils which Threaten our Nation."

Basing his remarks on the condition of the Israelites at the time of entering into the "Promised Land" when the natives were not driven immediately out of the whole land, but only as much as could be fully occupied by the Israelites, so that none of the land was left desolate to become the haunt of wild beasts. Dr. McLaren said the wisdom of this policy is quite apparent. This policy of the God of Nations should commend itself to the Government of this young Dominion of ours. No doubt we are on the eve of a time of great expansion both in New Ontario and the North-west, and there is great danger of these places being overrun by people having prosperity without a sense of responsibility, and of the growing up of a population devoid of high principles or religious ideas.

"There are three special dangers I would like to mention," said the speaker. 1st. The danger of disunion. In the older provinces this danger of people of different nationalities growing up together with different ideals was very acutely felt, but now is happily past; but when we think of the heterogenous population now going into the North-west we fear for the result unless these people are assimilated into our Canadian life. In the Yorkton District alone there are 15 languages spoken; in one colony there are 10,000 Galicians, and 12,000 in another; and Roumanians, Nestorians and other foreigners scattered here and there all over. They bring in ignorant prejudices and cannot understand our Canadian institutions and ideas, but there they are part of our North-west life, and in time will have considerable influence in determining the class of legislation. How are we going to retain our ideals which have made Britain so great? Only by teaching these people the bible. "In the name of Canadian nationality I plead for a greater prosecution of, and substantial, sympathetic interest in, Home Missions."

The second danger is "Immorality." Some men will condone things in the West which they would not tolerate in the East, and claim that if a town is not run on the wide open principle they must be prepared to lose trade; and vice of every description band together to resist the advance of everything good and pure. His experience of 14 years in the West had convinced him that the responsibility and initiative of putting down evil and holding up higher ideals rests on the ministers and missionaries, and whatever the West is allowed to become in the next quarter of a century the East will also eventually become.

The third danger is "Irreligion." The surroundings and life of the West are not conducive to a deepening, or even retention of spiritual life.

The pastor, Rev. J. W. Macmillan, intimated that he would speak a few words of farewell to the congregation next Sunday evening, Feb. 8th.

BANK OF MONTREAL.

The repairs and alterations to the Bank of Montreal premises on William-st. South are completed, and business is now being transacted in the newly-remodelled offices. The temporary office on William-st. North, occupied for some months, has been closed.

J. A. PADDON, Manager.

Lindsay Benson House, Tuesday, Feb. 10

Ladies and Gentlemen, see Prof. Dorenwend's beautiful Wigs, Toupees, Bangs, Wavy and Plain Fronts, Switches in every length and shade, etc. His Hair Goods Styles when properly adjusted protect and ornament the head, soften and beautify the expression of the face and consequently tone up aged appearance. Prof. Dorenwend has for this season many new and pretty designs. He has added a number of New York, London and Paris patterns. Be sure to see them and not forget day and date.—w2.

MAN'S LEG IN THE FIRE-BOX.

CRUESOME FIND OF A LINDSAY TRAIN CREW AT MIDLAND.

Discovered to be Part of the Remains of a Man Named Haddon, Employed in a Saw Mill at Fesserton.

One day last week a light engine, in charge of engineer Geo. Peacock, was sent from Lindsay to Midland. On arriving at the latter place the fireman, while cleaning the engine, discovered in the ash pan the leg of a man and other pieces of flesh. On enquiries being made at way stations it was learned that a man named Haddon had left Fesserton, a small station this side of Midland, bound for Victoria Harbor, and had taken to the railway track, intending to walk the distance. The man was not seen on the track, and how the accident occurred Driver Peacock is unable to explain. The body was badly cut and mangled, portions of flesh being scattered along the track at the point for a considerable distance. The crew of the Midland way-freight picked up the remains, which were taken to Fesserton for burial. We understand the unfortunate man was employed in Carter's saw mill at Fesserton.

LOCAL RAILWAY MISHAPS.

REAR-END COLLISION MONDAY MORNING EAST OF THE RIVER.

On Saturday a Broken Driving Rod Demolished the Cab of Engine No. 80 and Caused Other Damage.

About 7.30 Monday morning a double-header train in charge on Conductor Fred Shaw, with Engineers Smith and Yarnold at the throttles, was coming into Lindsay from Belleville, pulling about twenty-five empty box cars. At a point about a quarter of a mile east of the iron bridge, on a stiff down grade, the train separated, with the result that the rear end crashed into the front end, causing considerable damage. The cars came together with such force that two of them stood up on their ends and then fell over the embankment on the east side of the river, a distance of fifteen feet. Besides these, six or seven other cars were damaged more or less.

No injury was done to the track, consequently the regular train, No 21, from Port Hope, came in on time. The auxiliary train and crew were called into service to remove the damaged cars. Fortunately the brakesman did not happen to be near when the cars came together, and no person was hurt.

A double-header train pulling about twenty loaded cars, in charge of Engineers Haines and Meyers, started for Belleville Saturday afternoon. Just as they got to a point one mile east of Reaboro the side rod of engine No. 80 broke, smashing the cab badly and doing other damage. Another engine was sent from the shops here to replace the one disabled, and the train continued its journey after a delay of two hours. The damaged engine is beyond repairing at the local shops, so it will be sent to Stratford.

A SWIFT GAME OF HOCKEY.

LINDSAY COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE vs. TRINITY COLLEGE SCHOOL.

The Return Match Saturday Afternoon Resulted in a Tie—2 All.

The match Saturday afternoon between Trinity College School and Lindsay Collegiate Institute resulted in the best game of the season, and was witnessed by about 250 spectators. Both teams played splendid hockey, and the play was very close, though it was the general opinion that if the L.C.I. forwards had played a little more combination, and shot more, the score would have been in their favor.

Mr. Taylor lined the teams up at 3.10 and play was soon transferred to T.C.S. goal, but in a few minutes a shot along the ice beat out Scully and the T.C.S. boys enthused. The next goal went to L.C.I., and though the rushes of the School forwards were dangerous, Brooks and T.C.S.' fine defence managed to stave off a score, leaving the game at half-time a tie—1 all.

Both teams came out fresh, and play became very fierce. Eyres got clear away once, but a trip from Carrey spoiled good intentions. Both forward lines and Duffus worked hard, but the best the teams could do was to score a goal apiece, and the game ended in a tie—2 all.

For T.C.S. Brooks, in goal, was the star—he played a splendid game. Carrey did some excellent shooting, but somebody was always in the way. Kidd and McPherson played the best game on the rush line, but the latter is inclined to play a little on the rough side. For L.C.I. Scully, in goal, had little to do, but he did that well. Koyl, at point, played a splendid game, and few T.C.S. forward men passed him. Duffus, at cover, never played better, and his blocking and rushes up the ice were the feature. McDonald, on the line, played a fine game, beating his check. Towser played a good game, but he did not keep his place hardly. Eyres, a rover, made some splendid rushes, but invariably lost the puck near the T.C.S. goal. Hopkins had to play Kidd, one of the best T.C.S. forwards, and he did well. The census of opinion was that with a little more "com" on the forward line the L.C.I. will have a team that will trim pretty near anything. Mr. "Goosey" Taylor refereed a fair and imparttial game. Teams and officials were:

T.C.S. (2)—Goal, Brooks; point, Paschal; cover-point, Carrey; forwards, Kidd, McPherson, Mason, Hammond.

L. C. I. (2)—Goal, Scully; point, Koyl; cover-point, Duffus; forwards, Hopkins, Eyres, McDonald, Killen.

Umpires, McFadyen, Hagarty; timers, C. D. H. McAlpine, J. E. Sawyer; referee, "Goosey" Taylor.

BRETHREN OF THE THREE LINKS.

Members of Lindsay Lodge I. O. O. F. the Guests of Peterboro Lodge No 111 on Jan 29th—a Pleasant Time Enjoyed.

About twenty-five members of Lindsay Lodge No. 100, I.O.O.F., paid a fraternal visit to Peterboro Lodge No. 111 last Thursday. The Lindsay brethren went down by special train, leaving here at 7.30. On arrival at Peterboro they were met by the local brethren, who escorted them to their commodious and handsome lodge rooms at the corner of George and Hunter-sts. The first and third degrees were put on by the Peterboro degree team, after which all repaired to the spacious dining hall, where a fine supper was served. A short toast list, with a couple of recitations and songs, brought a very enjoyable evening to a close. The music supplied by the Peterboro Orchestra was very much appreciated. The special left Peterboro at 1.30 on the return trip.

A.O.U.W. Officers.

At the last regular meeting of the A.O.U.W. the following officers were installed: P.M.W., Dr. Vrooman; Master Workman, Robt. Mills; Foreman, J. Bush; Overseer, Sam Howe; Financier, A. Cathro; Fin. Sec., J. D. Graham; Recorder, Dr. Gross; Guide, J. Kinnear; J. W., Joe Lytle; O.W., J. Parker.

$100 Dollars Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

HAND PIERCED BY A SPLINTER.

Painful Accident Sustained by a Lindsay Man in a Lumber Camp.

A young man named Abercrombie of the east ward, met with a very painful accident Friday at Carew's lumber camp near Blackstock, in Durham County. While at work felling trees Mr. Abercrombie by some means ran a large hemlock sliver into the palm of his right hand, causing a very nasty wound. He was brought to town and had the injured hand attended to. There is some danger that blood poisoning may set in.

WRECK NARROWLY AVERTED

ENGINE OF HALIBURTON TRAIN LOST A WHEEL LAST FRIDAY.

Luckily Driver Clark was Slowing up at the Time, and no Damage was Done.

Passengers on the Haliburton train last Friday spent about an hour on the track a few miles north of the town, engaged in sober meditation on the uncertainties of life. These thoughts sprang from the knowledge that a very serious accident had been narrowly averted.

Several times on the trip down from Haliburton Engineer Ralph Clarke had trouble with a hot box on one of the front trucks of his engine, but as the train neared town the trouble seemed to lessen. But there was more ahead. Just after the train had passed over Distillery Creek bridge he slackened speed to stop at the Junction, where Conductor Lithgow has to book in. When the speed was the slowest Driver Clarke heard an unusual sound, and realizing that something was wrong he applied the air brakes coming to a sudden stop. An examination disclosed that the wheel that had been giving so much trouble had dropped off its axle and rolled into the ditch.

While the passengers were commenting upon their narrow escape Conductor Lithgow sent word to the authorities in town of his plight, and soon the yard shunting engine appeared on the scene. Through some bungling oversight a spare coach was not attached, and the passengers—eager to reach town—had to make the trip in on the dirty engine.

The auxiliary train left for the scene about 9.30, and returned with the disabled engine and empty coaches a few minutes before 12 o'clock.

Does it not seem more effective to breathe in a remedy, to cure disease of the breathing organs, than to take the remedy into the stomach?

Vapo-Cresolene.

Established 1879.

Cures While You Sleep

It cures because the air rendered strongly antiseptic is carried over the diseased surface with every breath, giving prolonged and constant treatment. It is invaluable to mothers with small children.

Is a boon to asthmatics.

—FOR—

Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Croup, Coughs, Catarrh, Colds, Grippe and Hay Fever

The Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a lifetime, together with a bottle of Cresolene, $1.50. Extra supplies of Cresolene 25 cents and 50 cents. Write for descriptive booklet containing highest testimony as to its value.

VAPO-CRESOLENE IS SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Vapo-Cresolene Co.

180 Fulton Street, New York — 1651 Notre Dame Street, Montreal

DO YOU WANT A DINNER SETT?

We have about 12 to 15 Dinner Setts—all 97 piece Setts, and from the very best makers; regular $12 to $14 values, which we offer until February 10th at - - PER SETT **$10.50**

These goods certainly cannot be secured at these prices in a regular way. Buy now.

WE HAVE A FINE STOCK OF ALL STAPLE AND FANCY LINES IN CHINA, PORCELAIN AND GLASS. OUR VALUES ARE UNEQUALLED, AS WE IMPORT DIRECT.

ARCH. CAMPBELL,

GROCERIES: KENT-ST. CHINA HALL: WILLIAM-ST.

PASCOE BROS, GENERAL MERCHANTS.

Successors to Hogg Bros., OAKWOOD.

WE are still taking orders for anything our customers desire that we do not keep in stock.

Orders for furs are still coming in; and anyone desiring furs or anything else, kindly call at the store and have particulars, and we will give our best attention in procuring them to the satisfaction of the customer.

Mr. Champion, the tailor, is burning midnight oil getting out work, as he is very busy, trying to get the work finished at the date promised.

The Suits which we are clearing out at $12.00, worth $16.00 and $18.00, are going rapidly.

Call and leave your orders refore the rush of Spring trade is on.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.—We are reducing the price of all our ready-made goods, such as Overcoats, Reefers, Ulsters and Men's Suits.

Highest market price paid for Butter Eggs, Dried Apples, Fowls, etc. Our wagon will be taking its regular route in the Spring and solicits your patronage.

PASCOE BROS.

Terms Cash or Trade. OAKWOOD

PEDLAR & EMMERSON,

Blacksmiths and Carriage Makers, desire to return their hearty thanks to their many patrons for support given since starting business in Lindsay. They beg to announce that they are in better position than ever to attend to all business entrusted to them. Their horse-shoeing gives universal satisfaction, and their repairing and jobbing trade is growing very fast every year. Their cutters for style, strength and finish are unexcelled. Prices most moderate. Call and see them.

PEDLAR & EMMERSON,

William-st North.

TREASURER'S SALE OF LANDS

—IN THE—

COUNTY OF VICTORIA

FOR ARREARS OF TAXES, TO BE HELD IN THE COURT HOUSE LINDSAY, ON

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 17th, 1903, AT 11 O'CLOCK A.M.

Part of Lot or Street.	Lot	Con	Acres	Arrears	Costs of advertising & comm'n	Total	Patented or not Patented
TOWNSHIP OF BEXLEY.							
	9	9	65	$11 82	$2 50	$14 32	patented
	10	9	90	15 59	2 59	18 18	patented
TOWNSHIP OF CARDEN.							
	18	6	200	9 47	2 45	11 92	not patented
TOWNSHIP OF DALTON.							
South Half	6	12	50	23 74	2 79	26 53	not patented
TOWNSHIP OF DIGBY.							
	5	1	100	11 08	2 48	13 56	Pat'd Mining
	31	4	100	17 36	2 63	19 99	not patented
VILLAGE OF FENELON FALLS.							
Fenelon Falls, West	32		¼	3 56	2 45	6 01	patented
F.F. West, Wpt. Blk J			1	67	2 45	3 12	patented
TOWNSHIP OF SOMERVILLE.							
East part	12	3	100	20 32	2 71	23 03	patented
North half	14	3	100	26 69	2 87	29 56	patented
N. E. Cor Lot 14, Con. 5, Block	B		3	44 03	3 30	47 33	patented
[illegible]	17	7	6	8 41	2 45	10 86	not patented
South half	6	8	100	22 29	2 76	25 05	patented
	10	13	175	27 23	2 88	30 11	patented
South half	3	14	100	13 32	2 53	15 85	not patented
South half	4	14	100	13 11	2 53	15 64	patented
VILLAGE OF COBOCONK IN SOMERVILLE.							
N Cameron St. e pt	E		½	17 82	2 65	20 47	patented
VILLAGE OF KINMOUNT IN SOMERVILLE.							
E of Queen St	3		¼	5 91	3 68	9 59	patented
N of Cluxton St	1		¼	9 60	2 45	12 05	patented
" "	2		¼	10 17	2 45	12 62	patented

I, JAMES RICHARDSON McNEILLIE, Treasurer of the County of Victoria, as directed by the Warrant of the Warden of the County of Victoria, dated the Eleventh day of November, A. D., 1902, will proceed to sell each and every of the above mentioned parcels of land, for the arrears of taxes now due upon them respectively, as above set out, together with the costs, (unless the said arrears of taxes and costs are sooner paid,) at the Court House in the Town of Lindsay, in the said County of Victoria, at Eleven o'clock in the forenoon on TUESDAY, THE SEVENTEENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D., 1903.

County Treasurer's Office, Lindsay, November 11th, 1902.

J. R. McNEILLIE, County Treasurer.

(First published in the "Weekly Post" November 14th, 1902.)

GET READY

If you are going to do any .... **BUILDING** this season, we can furnish you with the ..... **HARDWARE**

We Solicit a Call.

J. G. EDWARDS & CO.
LINDSAY.

Money and Insurance

Unlimited amount of **Cash to Loan** on mortgages at lowest rates. Notes discounted.

Agent for the **Union Assurance Society** of London, England, and the **Scottish Union** and **National Insurance Company.**

JOHN KENNEDY,
Adam Block, Kent st

The Weekly Post

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 6.

CORRESPONDENTS' LETTERS.

CAMBRAY.

(From our own Correspondent)

The patrons of the Cambray cheese factory have decided to form a stock Company. A meeting will be held in that village on February 11th, when those desirous of subscribing stock should do so. A large attendance of farmers and others interested in the dairy business is cordially invited.

EDEN—THORAH.

(From our own Correspondent.)

On Monday evening Jan. 26th, about sixty friends met at the residence of Mr. John Veale to express to him their appreciation of his valuable services in the township during his many years as a resident. For nearly forty years Mr. Veale has resided within the township, and during that time has been active in municipal affairs. During the evening Mr. and Mrs. Veale were each presented with a handsome chair.

On Wednesday evening after the Endeavor meeting Mr and Mrs Caris Smith, who have both been active members of the society since its organization, were presented on behalf of Endeavor society with a beautiful sugar bowl and a cup and saucer apiece. An address showing the esteem in which they are held by their many friends, as well as appreciation of their services as members of the society, was read by Miss Maggie Leslie. The presentation was made by Miss Mary Smith and Miss Annie McMillan.

According to present prospects, there will be a good deal of building done in this section during the coming summer.

We regret to hear that Mr. Emerson Sheffield, who has been ill with sciatica for over a month, is not improving very fast.

Mr. John Little is also on the sick list at present.

MOUNT PLEASANT.

(From our own Correspondent)

St. John's church, Ida, was the scene of a pretty event on Wednesday, Jan. 21st, when Miss Margaret Runnings and Mr. Chas. Lough were united in marriage by the Rev. Wm. Cartwright Allen. At 5.30 the party entered the church to the strains of Mendelssohn wedding march rendered by Miss J. Vance, the bride leaning on the arm of her brother-in-law, Mr. M. Plunkett, who gave her away. The bride, who was becomingly attired in white organdy, wore the conventional veil and orange blossoms, and carried a shower bouquet of white carnations, while Mr. Frank Lough of Bathgate, North Dakota, acted as best man. After the happy nuptial ceremony a reception was held at the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs David Curtis, when about fifty guests sat down to a dainty repast. There was much merriment. The groom's gift to the bride was a handsome sable muff; and to the bridesmaid and organist, pretty opal rings.

We regret to hear that Mr. J. D. Thexton met with an accident which might have resulted seriously. He fell from a load of hay. Dr Turner is attending him, and he is now improving.

The tea and entertainment held on Jan. 21st, in connection with the Presbyterian S. S. here was a financial success. The ladies of this locality deserve much praise for the many good things provided by them, so as to help the Sunday school to purchase a supply of literature for the library.

For a long time the Tory party have been calling loud and long over this great Dominion of ours by saying "Its time for a change." In answer to that the Province of Ontario expressed itself to the contrary. It is satisfied for the next four years with the Hon. G. W. Ross and his Government to guide the ship of state. During the reign of the Liberal party at Ottawa and Toronto, Ontario has prospered. Those who were at one time barrowers are now lenders of money. We hope in the near future we will have many Carnegies in Ontario who will give a good share of their overplus back to the people again. Under the Liberal Government at the present time those who are willing to work can find plenty of work.

IRONDALE.

(From our own Correspondent)

Despite the unfavorable weather the attendance at the concert held last Monday was fairly large. Miss Emma I Irons, elecutionist, was very pleasing. Her selections were interspersed by somee vocal solos rendered by Rev. Mr. Braund. Miss T. and Mr. G. Maxwell rendered a duett. The proceeds were far greater than expected.

Some of our young people on the evening of the entertainment acted very much out of place. They insisted in turning the church into a dance hall and even commenced to dance. They stopped after being threatened with arrest. It certainly showed a great lack of reverance and respect for the Methodist church and christianity.

CANNINGTON.

(From our own Correspondent)

Messrs. Woodward Bros., hardware merchants have removed into the store fitted up by especially for them, one door west of Sammis Bros'. grocery. When they get properly settled they will have one of the best hardware stores in this part of the county.

The entertainment in the town hall on Friday evening, in aid of the All Saints church, was not was well attended as it otherwise would have been if the weather had been more favorable. However, those who faced the storm were well repaid for their trouble, as without any doubt Mr. Conkling is one of the best entertainers on the road, and if he should ever make his appearance in Cannington again, we can assure him a crowded house.

Mr. Hugh Wilson made a visit to Kirkfield and Victoria Road last week on business.

Mr. James Prouse and wife, formerly of Hope Township, but now near Yorkton, N. W. T., and who have been visting his brother, Richard, returned to Port Hope on Saturday, where they will spend a few weeks before returning home. Mr. Prouse is in the ranching business and is doing well. Last fall he disposed of over three thousand dollars of cattle. He has also on hand now in the neighborhood of fifty good horses.

Rev. Mr. Martin was in Oakwood on Monday evening of last week attending a business meeting in the Presbyterian church in that place.

The Presbyterian church on Sunday evening was well filled, and the large congregation was treated to an eloquent and impressive discourse. The subject was an appeal for aid for the sanitarium at Gravenhurst.

At the meeting of the county Loyal Orange Lodge for North Ontario, was held in Uxbridge on Tuesday, Feb 3rd. Cannington Lodge, No. 168, was represented by Bros. H. Wilson, merchant, and W. J. Gibbs, county councillor.

Mr Olly Edwards, who has been connected for a long time with the Queen's hotel, and who is highly respected by travellers and citizens generally, has severed his connection with the Queen's. He is going to Toronto to start in the barber business, of which profession he is an expert. We are sure that we are only voicing the sentiments of the whole community in wishing him the greatest success for the future.

The many friends of Mr. Thos. Philp will regret to hear of the death of his beloved wife, which sad event occurred Saaturday night at nine o'clock. The remains were followed to the Cedarvale cemetery on Tuesday by a large concourse of friends. Rev. Mr. Jolliffe officiated.

Mr. Ed. Jackson, proprietor of the Patti House, Coboconk, and Mr. J. Haw, merchant, of the same place, were in town Tuesday last.

Mr. John James Sproule, of Brandon, Man., formerly of Cannington, is visiting old friends here.

On account of the bad state of the roads business has not been so brisk during the last few days.

Mr. Grant, of Orillia, the Reform candidate for the coming bye-election for this riding, was in town last week getting acquainted

Quite a number of young folks drove out to Mr. W. J. Gibb's Wednesday evening of last week and spent a very pleasant evening.

The farm stock sale at Mr. Adam Dawson's, a mile and half west of the town, was one of the big events of the season. An enormous crowd was in attendance from far and near. One party came from Sudbury and Huntsville. We understand prices ruled high; for instance, one cow and calf selling for $270. Mr. Jackson, of Port Perry, wielded the gavel, which probably accounted for some of the high prices obtained.

Hon. Geo. E. Foster, Conservative candidate for North Ontario, arrived in town on Tuesday. He is holding meetings at Wilfrid and other places this week.

Rev. Geo. Brown, formerly pastor of the Methodist church, but now in Oremee, was in town this week.

Mrs. Rev. Martin went to Tweed on Wednesday of last week to attend the marriage of one of her old friends of that place

Mr. George Haiward left Tuesday for Hanover to visit his two brothers, who are residing there. The hockey players need not be surprised if they should three Haalward names appear on a western team.

Mr Shipman received a car of coal on Tuesday which has been on the road nearly a month. Talk about visitors being welcomed, but you should have seen the crowd around that coal car

LIFFORD.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Mr. James Mills, of Holland, Man., is spending the winter here renewing old acquaintances. James must be prospering in the west, as it is reported that he is not going back alone.

Miss Lily Wilson has returned home after visiting friends at Starkville.

Mr. Touchburn of Ida, was visiting friends here last week.

Mr. C. W. Wetherilt spent last week visiting friends in Peterboro.

Mr. and Miss Lee, of Mt. Horeb, were guests of Mrs. Grandy last week

The oyster supper in connection with the Lifford M.C.C., on Friday night was very successful considering the inclement weather.

Mrs. Howe of Janetville is spending a few days visiting friends here.

Mrs. J. F. Johnston, of Lucknow, is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Atkinson in the village.

MANILLA.

(From our own Correspondent.)

Mr. John Moore, has returned home after spending several weeks at Brechin.

We are glad to see Mr. D. King around again after his severe illness.

The many friends of Mr. G. M. Pearce will be glad to hear that he is improving.

Mrs. (Dr.) Gillespie, of Lindsay spent a few days with her sister, Mrs. McQueen lately.

Mr. William Carter spent a day with his parents last week.

Dr. McPhail was in Toronto one day last week on business.

Mr. J. Sanguines has moved into our village.

Mr. William Christian, of Prosperity, N. Y., is visiting friends in our village.

PENIEL.

(From our own Correspondent.)

The semi-yearly visits of Mr. H. Reazin, P.S.I., West Victoria belong to the past. His pleasant countenance will be missed by our teachers generally.

The little town of Bobcaygeon is fast coming to the "front," as evidenced by the visitors at the "Maple Lodge" farm from that burg. We noticed Miss Anderson and brother and Miss. Ingram.

What might have been a serious runaway occurred on Sunday, Jan. 25th. A horse driven by Mrs. Thos. Russell en route to Peniel church, made a dash for liberty near "Cedar Grove." The animal continued the gallop more than half way down the concession, despite the heroic efforts of the young ladies to rein him. They then turned him into a snow drift, where he freed himself from the cutter. No one was hurt but Mrs. R., was quite exhausted. The harness suffered a slight damage.

Peniel church now boasts of two stoves, and now that a janitor has been secured for the winter, we need not fear of coming into a cold building for worship.

Our missionary meeting was not well attended owing to the heavy snow storm. Rev Mr. Jelliffe, of Cannington, preached the sermon.

WOODVILLE.

(From our own Correspondent.)

A party of thirty residents in the community of Mariposa gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Choate on the night preceeding the departure of Mr. Stewart Clute, of Sillaville, Lennox Co., who has been taking a vacation of a few weeks at his sisters. After spending part of the evening in games instrumental and vocal solos quartettes and choruses, a very sumptous tea was provided by the hostess and ladies of the community.

What is the matter with the street lighting these dark nights? The new Council have been in office now for a month, and nothing has been done to remedy the trouble. Will some one point out an improvement to be made.

In last week's report of the Presbyterian congregation's annual meeting, it should have read that Mrs. Harry Robertson was re-appointed organist.

The Rev. Wesley Elliott commenced a series of sermons last Sunday evening on the Works of Moses and the Deliverance of the Children of Israel.

A well attended meeting of ratepayers and citizens was held Monday night in the town hall. Mr. J. McPherson was appointed chairman. The object of the meeting was to hear reports from delegates sent by the village council to Uxbridge to get information and the cost of building a new town hall. The reeve and members of the council all favored building a new hall, which is much needed, at a cost of about $3,500 to $4,000. Dr. McKay, Messrs. C. E. Weeks, A. Campbell, C. G. Campbell, D. McTaggart, J. P. Ego, Wm. McKee and others, briefly expressed a desire to see a new hall built, and would cheerfully contribute their share in extra taxes. A new hall would be an credit to the town. A vote of thanks was tendered Mr. McPherson, the chairman, who, in a few remarks, very forcibly put the situation plainly before the meeting, saying he had been a resident of the town for twelve years and the accommodation in the way of a public or town hall was worse now than ever before.

KIRKFIELD.

(From our own Correspondent)

The annual meeting of the Kirkfield Public Library was held in the reading room Jan. 31st, with Dr. Ross acting as chairman. The Financial Statement showing a small balance in the treasury, was audited and reported correct. From the annual report of 1902 the following facts are obtained. The total number of volumes in the library at present is 1288 of which 127 were added during the year at a cost of $158. The total number of books issued to the 105 members was 1295, composed principally of fiction and general literature. The small membership fee, fifty cents per annum—should induce many more to profit by using the Library. The Board of Directors appointed for 1903 consists of Dr. Ross, chairman; G. C. Staples, treasurer; Mr. H. S. Routley, secretary; Misses Jean and Mysie McFadden, Mary McKenzie and Florence Wood; Messrs. D. E. Bethune, Wm. Mitchell, J. McCelland and Neil McInnes, directors. Miss R. McCelland, librarian. A meeting of the directors is called for Monday, Feb. 16th. All are requested to be present.

GARDEN.

(From our own Correspondent.)

A very pretty but quiet wedding was solemnized at the R. C. church, Victoria Road, on Wednesday, Jan. 28th., when Mr. Jos. Barrett, one of our promising young men led to the altar Miss Eleanor, daughter of Mrs. Timothy Finn. Rev. Father O'Sullivan performed the ceremony in the celebration of nuptial high mass at 9 a.m. The bride was attired in a beautiful travelling suit of grey ladies cloth piqued with silk velvet, opening over a white silk blouse with hat to match. Miss Margaret McRhoy was bridesmaid. She looked pretty dressed in a blue zebeline cloth with strappings opening over a sky blue silk waist trimmed with applique and wearing a black picture hat. The groom was ably supported by Mr. Michael Burns. After the ceremony the happy couple and their friends repaired to the Victoria hotel where congratulations were extended, and a wedding breakfast was served. The bridal party then drove to Brechin where they took the train for a honeymoon trip to Northern Ontario. The Post and their numerous friends join in wishing them a happy married life.

GOODERHAM.

(From our own Correspondent)

Rev. E. W. Tink, of Wilberforce, visited our burg on Friday last.

We are pleased to know that Mrs. John McColl, is able to be around again after a severe illness.

Mr. Robert White's little girl is very sick.

Our citizens are making good use of the sleighing to get in their bark, wood and logs.

There is a large quantity of bark being shipped from Gooderham this winter.

We had a very heavy rain Thursday. In the evening a thunder storm accompanied by lightning which was very sharp for this time of the year. The rain made the roads very bad except when there had been a great deal of traffic.

Gooderham has had her share of sickness the last two months. The measles have visited nearly every house. Some of our grown up people have been very sick, but are recovering.

Miss Gardener, our teacher, resumed her duties on Wednesday, after an attack of tonsilitis. She was unable to teach for a week or more. We are pleased to see her around again.

Mr. John Treghell fell off a load of bark a few days ago. In falling he caught the back of the sleigh, and dargged on the ground some distance receiving many severe bruises; We are glad to say he is able top be around again.

Rev. J. M. White, of Minden, conducted the quarterly official board meeting of the Methodist church on Saturday, Jan. 24th. He preached on Sunday afternoon, after which the sacrament of the Lord's Supper was administered. Mr. M. A. Braund occupied Mr. White's pulpit at Minden.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hedge are now settled in their ne whouse. We all wish them a long, happy and prosperous married life.

St. Paul's Y. M. A. Meeting.

The February meeting of the Y.M.A. in connection with St. Paul's church was held Tuesday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lamont, Cambridge-st. The attendance was large, there being over thirty members present. The chair was taken by Mr. Geo. Beall, jr., and Mr. Roy Lamont acted as secretary. Some very important business was transacted, one item of which was the undertaking of the association to install a new furnace in the Sunday School. After the meeting refreshments were served, and a pleasant social evening spent. The next place of meeting will be the home of Mrs Perkins, Peel-st.

DEATHS.

KENNEY—At Seagrave, on Wednesday, Jan. 21st, 1903, of pneumonia, Elizabeth E. daughter of the Rev. Geo. H. and Lydia Kenney, aged 32 years, 2 months.

OSBORNE.—In Mariposa, on Feb. 4th, Eva Osborne, wife of Harbert Shaver. The funeral will leave the family residence, Lot 13, Con. 1, Mariposa, on Saturday, Feb. 7, at One o'clock, and proceed to Pleasant Point church for service and interment.

SALE REGISTER.

SATURDAY, FEB. 21 --By Peter Brown, auctioneer, at No. 49 Wellington street, Lindsay, auction sale of household effects, the property of Mr. John Mallett. Sale at one o'clock sharp.—w2-d2s

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 18—By George Jackson, auctioneer, on Lot 3, Con. 13, Mariposa, credit sale of valuable farm stock and implements, the property of Malcolm McCallum. Sale at one o'clock sharp and without reserve.

ON FRIDAY, FEB. 20th -By Peter Brown, auctioneer, on lot 24, con. 12, north half of Mariposa, the valuable Farm Stock and Implements of Mrs. Elizabeth Condy. Sale at 12 o'clock sharp and without reserve. In the large list of stock to be sold are four first-class working horses, one colt one year old, and ten milk cows supposed to be in calf.

For Goodness Sake

Wear

Granby Rubbers

The Rubber that has the largest sale in Canada, simply on account of its goodness. Made from (This is Important) *new* rubber.

"Granby Rubbers wear like iron"

GOING LIKE THE WIND !

B. J. GOUGH'S GREATEST OF ALL Challenge Sale

WERE you ever in the predicament of having so much good news to tell that words failed you? Well, that's our condition this week as we enter upon February with our "Greatest of All Challenge Sale." The truly surprising values we have been offering has given us a truly surprising trade during January. The most remarkable, the most attractive, the most appreciated values known in years.

PRICES TURNING HAND SPRINGS

Over $29,000 worth of Winter Clothing, Hats, Caps and Furnishings at the mercy of wide-awake buyers.

MEN'S WINTER SUITS
YOUTHS' WINTER SUITS
BOYS' WINTER SUITS
MEN'S WINTER OVERCOATS
YOUTHS' WINTER OVERCOATS
BOYS' WINTER OVERCOATS
WINTER UNDERCLOTHING
WINTER HATS AND CAPS
WINTER FURNISHINGS

IF you want to know who are the far-sighted and fore-handed folks in the community, come to GOUGH'S Store this week and see them buying.

GOUGH is doing what he can to lessen the cost of living.

It's our custom to close out all Winter Goods ere Winter has ended. In this way, each Spring and Summer season is begun with new and seasonable goods. We will have no Winter Goods to carry from one season to another if prices will move them.

A Question of Arithmetic

$3.50 is equal to .... $6.50 | $5.50 is equal to $9.00
4.5 " .... $8.00 | $6.50 " $10.00
$7.50 is equal to $12.00

That is how it reads at Gough's if you come this week to our Challenge Sale.

B. J. GOUGH

THE WONDERFUL CHEAP MAN.

LANDS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—The undersigned has for sale a number of thoroughbred Durham Bulls with pedigrees, also several fine Tamworth and Yorkshire Boars and Sows. W. J. MOORE, Glenelg-st. west, Telephone No. 174 at residence—w4.

STRAYED—From the premises of the undersigned about the 1st of April last, a red heifer, coming two years old, with white spot on forehead and another between hip and tail. Any person giving any information that may lead to her recovery will be suitably rewarded. MRS. MARY CAVANAGH, Ennismore, P. O.

FARM FOR SALE.—One of the best farms in the county of Victoria containing about 112 acres, all plow land in first-class state of cultivation. Buildings good. Eight miles from Lindsay, one mile from Reaboro, and four miles from Omemee. For particulars apply to box 592, Lindsay.

FOR SALE.—200 acres farm in the Township of Eldon, being north half of 14 and east half of 15 on the 3 concession. About 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, the balance in pasture and timber land. There is on the premises a good house and a large frame barn with other outbuildings. Good well, some fruit trees, and situated convenient school and market. For further particulars apply to MALCOLM McECHERN, Argyle.—4tw

100 ACRE FARM FOR SALE.—Half-way between Woodville and Cambray, on 14 Con. of Mariposa, 90 acres cleared, balance hardwood bush, barn 65 x 50 feet, with stone foundation, good stabling. A large pig pen and good driving house, frame dwelling, with wood house attached, good orchard; buildings almost new. Plenty of spring water, convenient. —A. ANDERSON, 211 McCaul Street, Toronto.—m1

FARM FOR SALE.—100 acres, Lot 5 Con. 7, Ennismore; 80 acres cleared, balance in wooded land, and in good state of cultivation; house, two barns, two spring wells; school across the road; two miles north of Village of Ennismore; daily stage between Peterborough and Bobcaygeon. Will be sold by tender, which will be received until 1st of March. Possession given by arrangement to be made satisfactory to all. Address tenders to Mrs. E. Corkery or James B. Dwyer, Lindsay, Ont.—8tw.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FARM FOR SALE—East half of Lot 14. in 1st concession Ops. For particulars apply on the premises, or by letter to Thomas Fleury, Lindsay P.O.—w3.

BULLS FOR SALE.—Two pure bred Durham Bulls for sale; one two years old, other 13 months. Apply to F. SHAVER, Lot 13, Con. 1, Mariposa, Little Britain P.O.—w3

TIMBER FOR SALE.—On Lot 16, Concession 4, Township of Eldon, between 45 and 50 acres of large standing tamarack, 2½ miles from Argyle Station and 2 miles from Eldon Station; will be sold on block.—HECTOR McEACHERN, Box 12, Argyle.—1m

THOROUGHBRED CATTLE FOR SALE.
1 Thoroughbred Durham Bull, rising two years old.
1 Thoroughbred Durham Bull, rising one year old.
1 Thoroughbred Durham Bull, seven months old.
4 Thoroughbred Durham Heifers.
Apply to WM. HALL, Cambray.—w7.

Animals for Service.

One Durham Bull, One Jersey Bull, One Yorkshire Pig, One Tamworth Pig. Terms $1.00.

GEO. CONNORS.
Fee's Farm, Lot 22, 4th Con., Ops.—w4

IMPOUNDED COW.

To the Clerk of the Township of Eldon:

I hereby give notice that I have taken up a Cow that strayed into my premises about the 15th day of January, 1903. The Cow is of a red color, appears to be about four years old, and is dehorned. She has a white star in the forehead.

In case the cow is not claimed by the owner and all expenses paid within two months from date, steps will be taken to sell the animal as provided by the Act respecting Pounds.

Dated at Eldon (Lot 5, in 1st Concession), January 28th, 1903.

w3 **JOHN WARD.**

MISCELLANEOUS.

$5 REWARD—A Reward of $5 will be paid to any person giving information that will lead to the conviction of any person selling liquor in the County of Victoria otherwise than according to the law as laid down in the Liquor License Act. The address of the sender will be treated with confidence and the information will be acted on promptly. JOHN SHORT License Inspector, Box 473, Lindsay.—dw.

TAKE NOTICE that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at its next session by the Lindsay, Bobcaygeon and Pontypool Railway Company, for an Act extending the time for the expenditure on the construction of the Company's Railway, provided for by the Acts relating to the Company, and for such amendments to the said Acts as may be necessary. Dated at Lindsay, 4th February, 1903. H. J. WICKHAM, Solicitor for Applicants.—w2

EXECUTORS' NOTICE

Pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Ontario, Cap. 129, the Creditors of **BRIDGET O'NEILL**, late of the Township of Emily, in the County of Victoria, Widow, deceased, who died on or about the Fourteenth day of January, 1903, are required on or before the

26th day of February 1903,

to send by post prepaid to Messrs. Stewart & O'Connor, of the Town of Lindsay, in the County of Victoria, solicitors for the executors of the last will and testament of the said Bridget O'Neill, deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and occupations, full particulars of their claims, and the nature of the security, if any, held by them. The said Executors shall, after the said Twenty sixth day of February next, be at liberty to distribute the assets of the said deceased, or any part thereof, among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice; and shall not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claim such executors have not notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

Dated this 3rd day of Feb., A.D. 1903.

STEWART & O'CONNOR.
w3 Solicitors for the Executors.

TEN PAGES **THE WEEKLY POST.** TEN PAGES

OUR FIFTY-SEVENTH YEAR—NO. 104 LINDSAY, ONT., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1903. TERMS—$1.00 PER YEAR PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

"Trustworthy Goods at Uniformly Right Prices."

Specials for the second week of our Great Annual

WHITE SALE.

Ladies' White Petticoats Good quality cotton, ten inch flounces with one row of hemstitching, wide hem, French band, each **50c**

English cotton, ruffle of same with one row of one inch embroidery insertion and edged with heavy wide embroidery, draw tape band, each **85c**

Fine quality cotton, six and a half inch flounce of fine lawn with clusters of four tucks each, also ruffle of lawn and two inch torchon lace, dust frill, draw tape band, very neat, special **1.35**

Good quality cotton, eleven inch flounces, two clusters of three tucks each and wide, embroidery finished, draw tape band, White Sale Price, each **1.00**

Handkerchiefs 10 dozen men's white lawn handkerchiefs, size 19 x 20, one half inch clear hemstitched hem. Extra value during sale **6 for 25c**

Ladies' White Corset Covers Fine English cotton, embroidery trimmed, with fly front. Regular value 25c for **18c**

English cotton, assorted styles of front and back. Embroidery and frill and trimmed yoke, also lace and embroidery trimmings, special **25c**

Nainsook corset covers, tucked back to waist line, square neck, yoke front trimmed with lace insertion and tucks, draw ribbon, special **38c**

Fine India muslin, Marguerite style, fine embroidery, beading at waist, with draw ribbon, beading and ribbon at top, lace trimmed around neck and arms, front embroidered and hemstitched, back with thirty fine tucks, ribbon shoulder straps, each **2.75**

White Goods Specials for the Home.

Extra heavy twilled cotton sheets, trimmed ready for use, 2 yards by 2½ yards, special per pair **1.10**

72 inch unbleached twilled or plain cotton sheeting, special per yard **18c**

72 inch heavy unbleached cotton sheeting, plain or twilled, special **20c**

72 inch heavy full-bleached cotton sheeting, twilled or plain, special **25c**

40 inch circular pillow cotton, bleached, extra special.......................... **12c**

60 inch bleached table linen, extra quality, neat small pattern, pretty border, regular 40c per yard, special **32c**

63 inch bleached table linen, heavy double damask floral pattern, small border; regular 60c, special **50c**

Laundry Bags of strong white cotton, draw string top, front stamped "Laundry" in various designs—11 only left. Regular 25c, for **19c**

Twilled heavy cotton sheets, ready for use, size 2 yards by 2½ yards, regular $1.15 per pair. The pair for **98c**

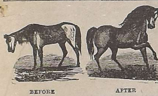
Travellers' Sample Towels 20 per cent. under priced. This lot Towels are the samples of the Canadian traveller for a well-known Old Country Manufacturer. There are all grades of plain, fancy and check Linen, Cotton and Turkish Towels—all sizes and pairs of each. During our White Sale we offer them at .... **20 per cent. under Regular Prices**

New Print Wrappers Just opened up one of the choicest ranges of Print Wrappers we have ever shown. All the new colorings, coupled with daintiness in manufacture, and at prices below what you would ordinarily pay for them. You see them—second floor.

This store closes Saturday Evenings at 9 o'clock during February and March.

J. SUTCLIFFE & SONS

CASH LINDSAY ONE PRICE



This Cut shows you exactly what the

Old English Condition Powders

will do. It can be given in any weather and at any time. RAIN OR SHINE it won't hurt any animal. It is good for

HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP, PIGS and FOWL.

A. HIGINBOTHAM, Druggist, LINDSAY.

(NEXT PYM'S HOTEL, LINDSAY,)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Estate of ANN SANDERS, late of the Township of Eldon, in the County of Victoria, Married Woman, Deceased.

In pursuance of Chap. 129, Sec. 38, R. S. O. 1897, notice is hereby given that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said late Ann Sanders, deceased, who died on or about the sixteenth day of July, 1902, are required to send by post prepaid, or to deliver to C. E. Weeks, of the Village of Woodville, Solicitor for John McEachern and John Smith, both of the Township of Eldon, farmers, the executors of the last will and testament of the said late Ann Sanders, on or before the 10th DAY OF MARCH, 1903, a statement of their names and addresses, the full particulars of their claims and securities (if any) held by them; and that after said date the said executors will distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they have had notice, and that the said executors will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by them at the time of such distribution.

JOHN McEACHERN
JOHN SMITH, Executors.
C. E. WEEKS, Solicitor for Executors.
Dated at Woodville, Feb. 3rd, 1903.
—w4.

WANTED.

WANTED AT ONCE—Teacher, female, 3rd Class Certificate, for Atikokan, Ont., School. Apply to Secretary stating salary, etc. H. L. WALTON, Secretary.—w4.

AGENTS AVERAGE $6.00 A DAY—the year round selling our goods. Always in use. Household necessities not fads or luxuries. No dull season. Write G. Marshall & Co. London, Ont. dw

WANTED

WANTED.—Smart Servant Girl. Apply to Mrs. JAS. KILLEN, 34 Glenelg-st.—dtfwl

WANTED—A girl for general house work; good wages; country girl preferred. Apply to Mrs. Dr. Clarke. Cambridge-st.—wtf.

TWO APPOINTMENTS.

Thomas Hodgins, K.C., Judge of Admiralty and Peter Ball, Commercial Agent at Birmingham.

Ottawa, Feb. 11.—Thomas Hodgins, K.C., Master-in-Ordinary at Osgoode Hall, Toronto, has been appointed Judge of the Admiralty at Toronto. This is one of the positions held by the late Judge McDougall.

Peter Ball of Toronto has been appointed Commercial Agent for Canada in Birmingham.

Thomas Hodgins, K.C., was appointed Master-in-Ordinary of the Supreme Court of Ontario in 1883 and judicial referee under the drainage laws in 1896. He is the author of some legal works, has collected reports of Canadian election cases, is the author of several brochures on international affairs, particularly the Alaskan boundary dispute, and British diplomacy in dealing with Canadian-United States boundary at other points. He is a graduate of the University of Toronto, and for many years sat in the Senate of that institution.

The Admiralty division of the Exchequer Court of Canada was organized in 1891, the position of judge having been occupied by the late Judge McDougall since its establishment.

Peter Ball, the newly-appointed Commercial Agent at Birmingham, is very well known in business circles in this province, having been a commercial traveler for a number of years. He is at present representative for the Western Union Commercial Code. Mr. Ball is a nephew of the late Hon. George Brown.

COUNCIL AND LIBRARY SITE.

LEGISLATURE TO BE ASKED FOR POWER TO USE MARKET PARK.

Ald. Robson Warns the Board of Determined Opposition.

A special meeting of Council was held Monday evening to consult with the Public Library Board concerning the use of the market park as a site for the Free Library building. All members were present, and Town Solicitor Hopkins was in attendance, with a draft of the application to be presented to the Legislature asking for power to so devote the property.

On motion the resolution passed in Council on motion of Aldermen O'Rielly and Cinnamon was read, Mayor Southeran adding that it did not seem to be definite enough.

Solicitor Hopkins said he had given his opinion last year that Council could not convey the site to the Library Board without securing a special act. He did not profess to be infallible, however, and would welcome the procuring of another opinion. When the resolution was placed in his hands the other day he realized that it would be well to have it further discussed so that the act to be secured might cover all the points involved. Are we in a position to guarantee the 10 per cent. required for maintenance of the library? Any lawyer would bear him out in holding that it was a nice question to say that we can on our present assessment guarantee $1000 yearly. Then again, is the site to be close to the town hall, in the middle of the plot, or at the corner? Of course it wouldn't be necessary to fix the exact location in the act.

Chairman Harding—"There is another matter—we should secure authority to accept land, as at present the act only empowers us to accept property. Of course we don't want the land—only the use of it for the benefit of the public."

Solicitor Hopkins then read a draft of the proposed application to the Legislature.

Mr. R. M. Beal—"Why can't the land be held by the town, instead of handing it over to the Board?"

Mr. Flavelle—"I see no reason why that can't be done—it really makes no difference."

Mr. Beal—"Before the last vote I was told by a member of the Board that the people were not the aprties concerned. I believe they are, and hold that the property of these public utilities should be vested in the people."

Mr. Flavelle said Mr. Beal labored under a misconception. The impression he had intended to convey in the conversation referred to was that the members of the Board were qualified to make a better selection in the matter of a site than were the people because they had made a study of the question."

Solicitor Hopkins—"It makes no difference whether the property is vested in the Board or the Council. The schools are as much the property of the people as is the market, and the same is true of the waterworks. The School Board and Waterworks Commissioners have certain powers, but they are simply custodians of the people's property."

Mr. Moore said he failed to understand the exact drift of the meeting—had it been called to approve or disapprove of anything? The selection of the market site would not meet the approval of a large section of the people. He distinctly disapproved of giving one inch of the market square for such a purpose.

Solicitor Hopkins—"If there is opposition to the bill the Government will probably stipulate that permission shall be subject to a vote of the people."

Mr. Moore—"I think the Wilson site the best in town. We need all the market room we have. The market park is too close to the railway and too far out of the way for working-men."

Chairman Harding — "I think we have got beyond that stage of the discussion. The people have declared against the Wilson lot and Council has agreed to give us a site and apply for an act to legalize it. Personally I am in favor of the Wilson site, but as the by-law was voted down I do not think we have any right to discuss the point raised by Mr. Moore. When Mr. Hopkins has completed the draft of application the document should be submitted to the Board for final consideration."

Mr. Beal—"Are we to understand that the Library Board will go ahead against the wish of the people?"

Mr. Moore — "The people did not approve of the market site."

Ald. O'Rielly—"While I voted for the market site as a last resort, I am on record as having preferred other locations—Britton's corner, for instance. When the matter was hanging fire I decided that the Council, having promised a site, should provide one and so end the difficulty."

Ald. Robinson—"I was the only member that opposed the market site when the resolution passed, and I do so again to-night. I back up every word uttered by Mr. Moore. Farming has been in its infancy of late years; it is now in its boyhood, and 20 or 30 years hence it will be in its manhood, and we will need every inch of the present market space in a few years. The people of Lindsay must be the best-natured to be found, or they wouldn't stand **what they do. There** is no need of a new library—every church in town has fine literature—but if we have to have one, then let us build on some other site. The town is growing, the country is growing, and market room will soon be a pressing want. If we can't get another site let us buy one—I'll pay my share."

Mr. Devlin—"Now, gentlemen, Mr. Carnegie has offered us $10,000 for a library—"

Mr. Beal—"Charity."

Mr. Devlin—"Call it what you will. People spend large sums on education and when children have been taught to love learning you would refuse them the means of further improvement."

Chairman Harding referred to the approaching departure of Rev. J. W. Macmillan, a member of the Board, and a motion expressive of the regret felt by his colleagues, was moved by Mr. Devlin, seconded by Mr. W. Flavelle.

The meeting then adjourned.

NEW RAILWAYS IN CENTRAL ONTARIO.

What Lindsay Stands to Gain by Projected Extensions Already in Sight.

THE INTERCOLONIAL R. R. MAY TAP TORONTO VIA LINDSAY.

The Enormous Grain Harvests of the North-west Will Undoubtedly Lead to the Extension of the C. P. R. from Peterboro to Midland, Through This Town—Other Plans May Lead to the Extension of the Victoria Line and the Taking Over of the I. B. & O. R. R.

"Lindsay" contributes the following article to the Toronto Daily Star;

It is quite clear that the Dominion is about to witness and experience the commencement during the present year of an era of remarkable railway extension. No less than three Pacific main lines are projected. Of one, the Canadian Northern, large sections are already constructed. The proposed Grand Trunk Pacific is in the hands of such strong and able financial promoters and railway constructors that it will no doubt be rapidly pushed on across the continent, from Gravenhurst or North Bay, whichever may be the starting point of the new undertaking. The third, the Trans-Canada, looks attractive on the map, as an air line proposition.

What is the powerful magnate that is attracting all these great lines of steel rails? It is the enormous wheat crop of our North-west, where, if the people pour in and cultivate the land, untold millions will be ready every fall for transportation to Atlantic ports for the Old World markets. It is not surprising that "Jim" Hill's mouth waters as he looks at the grand prospect of the next decade.

But the point I wish to make just now is to congratulate The Star on having "sized up" the tremendous importance of having the Intercolonial Railway extended from Montreal to Georgian Bay. This is of the utmost importance, not merely from the Ontario standpoint, but in the interests of the whole Dominion, and especially of the grain gardens of the North-west.

It is well known that already an enormous volume of North-western grain takes to the water at the head of Lake Superior for Georgian Bay ports or for Buffalo. Hitherto Buffalo has almost monopolized this enormous traffic, owing to its magnificent railway and elevator facilities. But of late years Georgian Bay ports have attracted a steadily increasing volume of this always increasing grain trade. It is simply a question of providing elevator and other terminal facilities at the Georgian Bay ports and similar facilities at the ocean destination.

What the I.C.R. Could Do.

Now if the Intercolonial could absorb the Canada Atlantic it would have from Montreal via Ottawa a through line to Parry Sound. This is a feasible scheme. Mr. Blair is able and cautious, but he has the energy and enterprise and the courage to do the bold thing. The extension of the Intercolonial to the great lakes would be an immense boon to the whole country, for by the influence of its presence at Parry Sound it would have a decidedly beneficial influence upon freight rates nearly the whole year round. It could govern the situation. Plenty of traffic would flow constantly to it. Even "Jim" Hill would send it his heaviest grain-laden whalebacks.

The I.C.R. and Toronto.

An extension of the Intercolonial to Toronto could be easily and cheaply made from a point on the Canada Atlantic division, along lines at present partly constructed, or surveyed and projected. This extension to Toronto would open up and develop a large and interesting section of the Province greatly in need of railway facilities, and offering a fine field for the settler and for mining and manufacturing enterprises. The presence of the Intercolonial at Toronto would immensely benefit the farming and manufacturing interests of the western half of the Province, for it would give advantages in freight rates to the eastern markets, and to tidewater that would be felt on every farm and in every factory. A diagram of the railway situation as thus outlined makes the case clearer.

The Canada Central.

I may add there is a new candidate for public consideration. The official notices have been given of the Canada Central Railway, an across continent project, apparently. One section is to secure Ontario connections by starting at Sudbury, thence to Scotia Junction, where the Canada Atlantic and present Grand Trunk line to North Bay cross, thence to Sturgeon Lake region, and via Lindsay south-westerly to the capital, Toronto. This would give a line a few miles (and only a few miles) longer than the lines west of Lake Simcoe, but it would give far easier grades and a straighter course for long distances. Easy grades and few curves are the great desiderata in handling long and heavy trains on up-to-date railways.

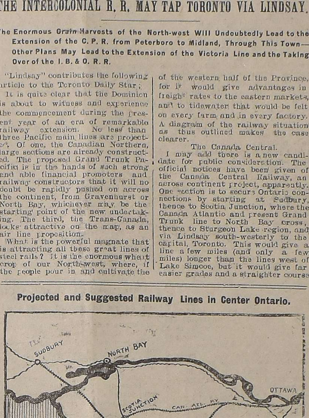
To show the immense importance of the lake grain trade, I may add that the Grand Trunk will at once make its Midland, Lindsay, Port Hope division up-to-date in every respect, not merely for the grain trade, but for the eastern business of the Grand Trunk Pacific.

The C.P.R. to Midland.

We may put down as one of the things sure to happen that the C.P.R. will construct from Peterboro to Midland via Lindsay an up-to-date road, on the easiest grades, by which a big Mogul can haul a 40 or 60-car train of grain from the inland sea to its Atlantic port.

The time is ripe for Intercolonial extension to Georgian Bay and Toronto. The Star is right in urging it with vigor. There is room for all. If all the roads outlined above are constructed within the next four or five years they will not be able to handle the grain freights that will be ready for them.

Projected and Suggested Railway Lines in Center Ontario.



The above map shows how "Lindsay" would extend the Intercolonial, and construct a line across a district of Ontario not now touched by railways, but said to be rich in timber and minerals. The Intercolonial would acquire the Canada Atlantic from Ottawa to Depot Harbor, and build a branch to Lindsay, Oshawa and Toronto, as shown by the crossed lines on the map, while the proposed Central Canada, as part of the same system, or as a district line, would extend from Lindsay to Sudbury. The map also shows the proposed extension of the Canadian Pacific from Lindsay to Midland.

Macpherson's Majority.

Vancouver, B. C., Sept. 11.—Voting took place in Atlin on Monday, but owing to wire trouble returns were not received until yesterday afternoon. They are as follows: Foley, 115, Macpherson, 76; McInnes, 1. This reduced Macpherson's majority, according to official returns, to 97, though several returns from northern coast points are yet to be received. It is thought his majority will be about 200, as compared with 600 odd obtained by Maxwell in the general election.

How Losses Are Provided For.

London, Feb. 11.—The Bullionist says that it is apparently certain that the Grand Trunk Railway will apply to the Dominion Parliament for a subsidy and a guarantee on first mortgage bonds. The same journal says the pecuniary results to the shareholders on account of the late accidents on the road in Canada will not amount to £50,000. It points out that this loss is being provided for out of the earnings of the last half-year.

C.P.R. Earnings.

Montreal, Feb. 11.—The C. P. R. earnings for the traffic week ending February 7 were $705,000; same week last year, $551,000.

VERDICT IS MURDER

Coroner's Jury Says Romaine Shot Louis Goldsmith.

WIDOW IS CHIEF WITNESS.

Details of the Victoria Street Affray Told Under Oath in Toronto on Tuesday—Mrs. Goldsmith Related Very Consecutive Story of the Altercation—Medical and Other Testimony Given.

Toronto, Feb. 11.—"We find that Louis Goldsmith came to his death from bullet wounds inflicted by Isaac Walter Romaine, and that the said Romaine did unlawfully kill and murder said Goldsmith."

Such is the substance of the verdict returned last night by the coroner's jury at the inquest on the body of Louis Goldsmith, who died on Monday afternoon from bullet wounds received on Friday night at his home on Victoria street.

Coroner Johnston conducted the inquiry in the Police Court.

Dr. J. B. Chisholm, house surgeon at the Emergency Hospital, was the first witness. Mr. Robinette tried to get him to admit that Goldsmith, when he made his ante-mortem statement, was not in the fear of death, but the witness would not do so.

Dr. Bingham, who held a post-mortem on the remains, testified as to the nature of the wounds. The evident direction of the bullets was down, back, and to the left.

Mr. Robinette: Fired from close quarters?

Witness: No.

Dr. R. Kyles said that, on Saturday, Goldsmith expressed a wish to die.

Dr. N. A. Powell said that, from the powder marks around the wound on the hand, the revolver must have been not less than three nor more than ten inches distant.

Mrs. Goldsmith gave her evidence clearly. After returning home with her husband and Romaine at 11 o'clock, Mrs. Jackson called, and was admitted by Romaine. Then Romaine and her husband went into the other room, and had whispered conversation. She heard Goldsmith say, "I wish you'd let me alone; I have enough to worry me now." Romaine said something, and Goldsmith called him a —— liar. Then there was a noise of scuffling. She ran in, and saw the pair wrestling on a cot, Goldsmith on top, and holding the scissors in his hand, resting on the cot, the point away from Romaine. She took the shears from him. Then she tried to get between the two men to separate them. She saw Romaine reach for his hip pocket, and heard him say, "If you don't let go, I'll pull the trigger." Goldsmith jumped up, and was standing ten feet away, when Romaine fired. She was between the two then. She screamed, and asked her husband if he was hurt, and he said no, and ran back into their bed-room, breaking the lamp, supposedly, that he might hide in the darkness. He had also evidently tried to hide behind the bed. Romaine followed him up. She called to him: "Oh, Mr. Romaine, let me talk to you!" He replied, "I won't stand any talk; I'll shoot you to get at your husband." Then someone tapped at the window, and Romaine ran and locked the door. She unlocked it, while she heard two men grappling together in the darkness. Then she heard two shots, and ran, screaming for help, out into the street.

Continuing, Mrs. Goldsmith said Romaine had been drinking that night. Romaine carried his revolver, or, if not, kept it in his trunk, and never under his pillow. One night he was cleaning it, and she saw at that time he had four bullets. He said he carried a revolver because he was afraid of a man on Victoria street, who carried a razor. Romaine had been running after this man's wife, she thought. After the shooting, Goldsmith ran into the street, knocking her down. Both men were pretty angry, when fighting. Romaine used the expression, "I have bullets enough here to kill the bunch," before he began firing. When the first shot was fired, her husband would be probably ten feet away.

Mrs. John Jackson corroborated Mrs. Goldsmith's evidence up to the firing of the first shot, when she ran out of the house and over to Yonge street. Romaine had said, "Give your wife the shears, and I'll call it square; Louie, let me up, or I'll pull the trigger," and "I have bullets enough to kill the bunch."

John Jackson, her husband, arrived in time to see the two men wrestling near the doorway. Goldsmith was on top of Romaine, who was leaning over a low partition. He parted the two men, and Goldsmith then had the revolver, and snapped it two or three times after Romaine.

Charles Carey saw Goldsmith jerk something out of Romaine's hands in the struggle that looked like the revolver.

P. C. Nelson, who arrested Romaine, said that, when he took the prisoner back to the house, Goldsmith had said, "That man shot me!" Romaine had said, "Why wouldn't I shoot him, when he had the shears at me?"

Sergt. Watson of No. 2 Division and Charles Lindsay gave evidence as to the revolver exhibited.

The jury were out about half an hour.

Romaine will appear in this morning's Police Court.

Nyon, Switzerland, Feb. 11.—The report that the former Crown Princess of Saxony has attempted to commit suicide is untrue.

PRIVATE INTERVIEW

Canadian Manufacturers Wait on the Government.

QUESTIONS OF THE TARIFF.

Asked Premier and Ministers Whether Any Tariff Changes Would Be Made at Coming Session, and If So, Their Nature — Manufacturers Will Have to Wait For Budget For Answer.

Ottawa, Feb. 11.—Messrs. Robert Munro, Montreal; Frederic Nicholls and R. J. Young, Toronto, representing the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, waited upon Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Sir Richard Cartwright, Hon. W. S. Fielding and Hon. Wm. Paterson yesterday morning.

The interview was private at the wish of the delegation, who asked that the matter should be treated as confidential. It is said, however, that the manufacturers wished to ascertain whether any tariff changes would be made at the coming session of Parliament, and, if so, what character they would assume. The manufacturers would then be in a position to formulate demands for readjustment in accordance with their wishes.

Of course it was wholly out of the question for the Government to comply with the request, and the manufacturers will have to wait for the desired information until the budget is brought down.

The deputation discussed in a general way the necessity of protection, and to the statements a patient hearing was accorded. It is not known whether the manufacturers will now submit any applications for tariff changes to the Government.

The difficulty seems to be that the manufacturers as a whole cannot find a basis for common action. What is one manufacturer's finished product is another man's raw material, and when consideration of the tariff is entered upon in detail differences of opinion develop, which tend to prevent unity of purpose. Moreover, a number of the manufacturers are said to hold the view that the tariff as at present framed is well adapted to the needs of the country.

Brusque Mr. Nicholls.

Mr. Nicholls, when asked to state what representations the deputation would make to the Government, brusquely said: "Etiquette debars us from making any statement for publication. Get your information from the Premier. If he chooses to speak, he can do so. It is a private matter with us."

"But, surely the tariff is not a private matter?" queried the reporter.

"Can't say anything," repeated Mr. Nicholls. "It is a matter of etiquette."

Another member of the deputation, when spoken to, said: "The interview is a confidential one, but I may say we are not making any special demands. We have come down to discuss with the Government quietly and privately the question of protection. The matter is not ripe for publication yet, but when it is, we shall take the public into our confidence."

DEATH FOR ASSASSINS.

The Murderer of the Armenian Patriarch Will Die.

Constantinople, Feb. 11. — Agap Hatchikian, the drug clerk who, on January 19, shot the Armenian Patriarch, Ormanian, while the latter was celebrating Mass in the Kumkapu Cathedral on the occasion of the Armenian Christmas, has been sentenced to death after a trial behind closed doors.

A similar sentence was passed on his friend, Baghos Kaprelian, supposed to be the instigator of the assassination, who, however, has escaped from the country.

Two other men were sentenced to life imprisonment at penal servitude.

LIFE IMPRISONMENT.

Gennaro Rubino Sentenced For Trying to Shoot the King.

Brussels, Feb. 11.—Gennaro Rubino, the Italian Anarchist, who has been on trial here since Feb. 6, charged with attempting to assassinate King Leopold Nov. 15 by firing three shots at His Majesty, while the latter was returning from the Cathedral after attending a Te Deum in the memory of the late Queen Henrietta, was found guilty yesterday and was sentenced to imprisonment for life at penal servitude.

Kidnapped on Canadian Soil.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 11.—Unable to extradite Alex. W. Waters (alias W. Wilson), who is wanted at Manila on the charge of embezzling $8,000 belonging to the Coast Guard and Transportation Department, and who was arrested at Montreal some days ago, United States Special Agents D. R. Dwyer and C. E. Heron kidnapped him on board the Oriental Liner Athenian, which sailed from here last night.

Street Car Men Organize.

Montreal, Feb. 11.—The motormen and conductors of the Montreal Street Railway at a meeting held to-night organized a union with Mr. Varin as president. The question of affiliating with the International Union was left over for the present.

School Books to Be Free.

Winnipeg, Feb. 11.—At a Conservative banquet in Somerset, Man., last night, Premier Roblin announced that the Government would issue new text books for the schools, to be distributed free, including one in French

Professional Brethern . . .

—BY—

GEORGE E. WALSH

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"So you've told me before, doctor, and I've accepted it trustingly. But now I want to know how much longer you will have to experiment with me? You admit yourself it is only experimental?"

"It was at first, but not now. I'm positive about the results. So well have I succeeded that I'm ready to announce that in half a dozen more treatments you will be entirely cured. There will then be no more danger of phthisis, and you can feel that you are free from any taint of heredity."

"That is consoling, and under such circumstances I will permit you to continue the treatment for another month. Then I will refuse to submit longer to these hypnotic trances."

"Very well; I accept the conditions, and I have reason to believe that you will always thank me for my perseverance."

"I shall if you succeed."

"Shall we make another experiment, as you call it, tonight? It will shorten your month by a few days."

"Yes, I'm willing."

Then a most remarkable scene occurred.

CHAPTER XXIII.

THE doctor busied himself with some medical implements, while my master remained perfectly quiet, staring gloomily and abstractedly at the fire. In about five minutes the former seemed to have found what he wanted and said:

"Now, if you will take a seat in the chair, Charles, I will hurry up, so you can return home early and have a good sleep. It is rather late now—after 11."

He looked at his watch as he spoke, and my master took a seat in a large, comfortable operating chair. He threw himself back into it and closed his eyes for a moment.

"Now, Charles, look at me and yield yourself to my influence," Dr. Squires said. "Remain in as passive a condition as possible."

My master sat up and looked dreamily at the man, while the doctor slowly made passes before his eyes.

He was hypnotizing him not against his will, but with his full consent. Miss Stetson breathed hard and with difficulty restrained a scream. I placed a warning hand on her arm. She controlled herself with marvelous power and waited patiently for further developments.

In a few moments my master was reduced to a perfectly helpless condition. He was merely an automaton obeying the will of Dr. Squires. The latter smiled quietly to himself.

"Now, Charles, you do not remember any of your past life, do you?" he asked.

"No. Only the present."

"You feel tired and weary, don't you?"

"Yes; very tired."

"Well, rouse yourself and do my bidding with alacrity."

"Certainly. What is it? I feel fresh enough for anything."

"I thought so."

Then after a short pause:

"I want you to be as shrewd and alert as possible tonight, for I have a very difficult mission for you. You know the large mansion on the main road just as you turn off from Gates avenue?"

My master nodded.

"Well, that house is occupied by Dr. Chalmers, a rich old fogy, who has plenty of valuable articles in the mansion. I want you to go there and bring back to me all that you can collect. You must then go down the main highway until you reach the house with two elm trees in front of it. Open the front door with a key you will find in your pocket. Enter it and go into the first bedroom on the right on the upper landing, undress yourself and go to bed. Sleep there until morning, and when you awake you will remember nothing of tonight's proceedings."

Again my master bowed his assent and waited for further instructions.

"Here are your pistol and dark lantern," the doctor continued, bringing out from a secret drawer in his desk the two articles mentioned.

"I want to caution you particularly tonight," he added. "The house is well protected. There are a burglar alarm, a watchdog and several manservants in the house. You must be extremely careful or you will be caught. Now, do you understand all?"

"Yes, I understand."

He made a movement as if to pick up the pistol from the desk, but I felt that my time had come, and I stepped quickly out of the closet and seized the weapon. Before Dr. Squires could recover from his surprise I had him covered with my own pistol, while the other one was pointed at my master. I did not know what the latter might attempt to do in his hypnotic state.

"You are caught, doctor," I said as calmly as possible under the circumstances. "Do not attempt to move or I will shoot you dead."

The swarthy face paled a trifle, and then his eyes wandered toward my master. I saw his intention immediately.

"If you order him to help you, I will shoot you first and then disarm him," I said. "You are the one I'm after, and I shall have you or kill you."

He had not spoken, but I knew that his alert mind was active. I decided to cower him into submission if possible.

"I'm not alone here tonight," I added a moment later. "The house is surrounded. Your servant is a prisoner, and I have help behind me."

Mr. Jaimson and Miss Stetson stepped from their hiding place. The doctor uttered a hasty exclamation which never took the form of distinct words. He realized that it was impossible to deny his crime. There were three witnesses to testify against him.

"Well, I guess the game is up," he finally muttered.

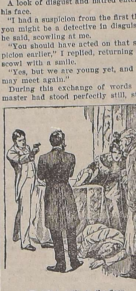
A look of disgust and hatred entered his face.

"I had a suspicion from the first that you might be a detective in disguise," he said, scowling at me.

"You should have acted on that suspicion earlier," I replied, returning his scowl with a smile.

"Yes, but we are young yet, and we may meet again."

During this exchange of words my master had stood perfectly still, star-



He fell heavily to the floor.

ing at us as if petrified. He seemed to recognize nobody in the room except the doctor and me.

Suddenly Miss Stetson walked up to his side and, taking one of his hands, said pleadingly:

"Charles, what does all this mean?"

But he only returned a stony stare.

"Don't you know me? Charles, I'm— Oh, God! He does not know me!"

She staggered back a few steps, but her agonizing cry aroused the dulled senses of the hypnotized man. He raised his hand to his forehead and mumbled something.

Then slowly the feeble dawn of another intelligence seemed to break upon his mind. He moved a step forward, his eyes dilated, his features grew pale and drawn. He moaned as if awakening from deep slumber:

"Where am I? Who are you? Yes, Belle—my Belle—I see you. I"—

His eyes grew dim, his limbs collapsed, and he fell heavily to the floor. Miss Stetson was by his side in a minute, holding his head in her lap.

"Go for medical assistance at once," I said to Mr. Jaimson, "and bring other help."

The man tremblingly made haste to obey, and then I spoke to Dr. Squires sternly:

"Now that you are caught and there is no way of escape show some mercy to the man whose life you have nearly wrecked. Give him what medical help you can until another doctor comes."

At first he returned my command with a sardonic grin, and then a spark of a better nature in him changed his mind.

"Yes, I'll do it for Charles, but not to oblige you," he said.

He took some brandy from the shelf and poured it down the throat of the unconscious man. In this sudden readiness to help my master I thought there lurked a double motive. He was only waiting for a chance to make a break for liberty, but I kept him so carefully covered with my pistol that he did not have the opportunity. I followed him wherever he went and once ordered him not to leave the room.

"But I need some medicine," he said.

"We'll do without the medicine," I replied, "for another physician will be here in a moment to relieve you."

In half an hour Mr. Jaimson brought a doctor and two officers. While the latter took Dr. Squires in charge the rest of us devoted our attention to Mr. Goddard, who seemed lost in a heavy stupor.

CHAPTER XXIV.

ALL that night my master remained unconscious. It was not safe to remove him from the house, and we made him as comfortable as possible in the doctor's own bed. Miss Stetson and I took turns in watching by his side.

But dawn broke in the east before he showed any signs of recovery. Then as the sun flooded the landscape with its first rays he moved uneasily. The doctor said that a high fever was raging in him and that he would be in a critical condition for weeks. All that day and the next he tossed restlessly upon his bed, talking excitedly in his dreams, but recognizing no one.

Meanwhile Dr. Squires was lodged in prison, and thither I went to see him. He was totally subdued now and resigned to his position. Luck had turned against him, and he was not averse to confessing everything. In fact, he prided himself upon the smart game he had played.

He made his confession first to me, which he afterward submitted in writing and signed in the presence of three witnesses. In his own spoken words, however, it sounded more interesting than when he wrote it out, and as such I will repeat the essential parts of it.

"You were smart to catch me," he said, "and I admire you for it. I thought I was alert enough to throw everybody off the track. In fact, you were the only one who ever suspected me. Now, be fair and tell me how you got your first clew."

"I visited your house some time ago and discovered the collection of stolen goods," I replied, "and neither you nor your servant was wise enough to find it out."

"He was always a fool," he ejaculated. "But when did you first realize that I was hypnotizing Charles and using him as a tool for my purpose."

I flushed a little, but answered truthfully:

"I never suspected until that night in the office when you hypnotized him right before us."

"Ha, ha! Then I had one point ahead of you!" he laughed.

"Yes, I never suspected it."

"Well, it's all over now, and I've had lots of excitement out of it. I wish Charles no evil and hope he will soon recover. I will explain everything so that he will be exonerated from blame. He is perfectly innocent of any crime.

"It was three years ago when I first met him in Paris. It was at the time when hypnotism was a fashionable rage. Everybody was talking about it and experimenting with it. I wanted to be fashionable, too, and I soon found that I possessed wonderful powers in that direction. I had been studying medicine and occult sciences with passionate interest for years, and it was natural that I should take up with hypnotism.

"While I was at the height of my studies I met Charles, and we struck up an intimate friendship. He talked to me freely then about the fear he had of inheriting phthisis from his father and said that it had been the means of his not marrying the girl he loved. I gradually got the whole story out of him. Now, I wanted somebody for my hypnotic experiments, and I found that I could easily influence Charles. Consequently I concocted a story about being able to eradicate the germs of phthisis from any human system through the aid of hypnotic therapeutics. He readily entered into my little scheme and willingly submitted to my experiments.

"Thereafter I regularly hypnotized him at his own volition and tried all manner of experiments with him. I would get him to do the strangest things and enjoy them hugely. I had no thought of crime then. But I would send him forth at night to do absurd things for me and then tell him to forget them all when he passed into his natural condition again. I found that I could control him in everything when hypnotized and completely change his nature, but he would remember nothing when he awakened.

"When he returned home, I accompanied him as a medical adviser. He had complete faith in me and promised to pay me liberally if I would continue my treatments. He imagined by this time that I was really helping him. Well, when I arrived here and saw Miss Stetson and realized what a princely fortune she possessed my nature changed. I envied Charles his prospects. I was poor and friendless; he was rich and had the love of a beautiful woman. Why could not I possess some of these good things of life?

"It was while in this mood that I planned the scheme which you have succeeded in balking. While in his hypnotic state I made Charles rob house after house in the neighborhood. He brought all the silver plate, jewels and money to me. He was so shrewd when hypnotized that I had little fear of his ever being caught. His faculties were almost supernatural in their sensitiveness. When he woke up again the next morning, he never remembered anything of the preceding night's work.

"When I had collected a small fortune in stolen goods, I determined to ship them off to some foreign country and then go there and dispose of them, giving as an excuse for my absence that a distant relative had died and left me his wealth and that my presence was required to settle up the estate. Then I meant to return and marry Miss Stetson if possible. I believe that I was learning to love her for her own sake. I certainly thought more of her than of any other woman I ever met. To gain her hand I told her that Charles was suffering from the incipient form of leprosy and that I was devoting my time to curing him. This I knew would turn her from him in horror and that she would never dare marry him.

"But you can tell Miss Stetson that there is no more leprosy in his system than in yours or mine and that he has no inherited disease of any kind that she need be worried about. If all men were as healthy as he is, we wouldn't need doctors in this world.

"Well, this part of the scheme didn't work entirely as I wished. The leprosy scare made her confess that she would never marry Charles, but she still loved him and wouldn't think of marrying anybody else. My only hope was to keep at it until she yielded to my importunities, and I was even contemplating some method of killing off Charles by slow degrees. With him out of the way my chances would be infinitely improved.

"That's all the story I have to tell. I was about making arrangements to ship my stolen goods away when you nabbed me. Another month and the robberies that have recently occurred in this neighborhood would forever have remained a mystery. But now the cat is out of the bag, and you can use this confession to suit yourself. I suppose I will get twenty years; maybe more. Well, I'll practice hypnotic experiments upon my keeper, and maybe I won't have to serve the full time."

He showed his white teeth in one of his sardonic grins and complacently smoked a cigar the keeper had permitted him to have.

CHAPTER XXV.

WHEN I related the whole confession to Miss Stetson, a new light slowly entered her beautiful eyes. In conclusion she laid her head alongside of that of the sick man and sobbed.

A week after the arrest of Dr. Squires I was watching by the bedside of my master. Suddenly he opened his eyes and stared hard at me. A look of recognition seemed to enter them. I did not speak, but returned his glance steadily.

"You here?" he said suddenly. "What are you doing here?"

I thought he was wandering in his mind, and so did Miss Stetson, who smoothed out his hair and said gently:

"You mustn't talk, Charles. You must rest quietly."

But he did not notice her. His eyes were still fixed upon me.

"Why is it we meet so often?" he added. "Are you dogging my footsteps?"

"No," I replied, not knowing what else to say.

"When I met you that first night, I gave you one-third of the goods and told you I never wanted to meet you again. Why do you persist in running across me, or is it accident?"

"Yes," I replied, beginning to divine his meaning. "It is pure accident."

"And I saved you that other night from the doctor's hounds. That should make you a little indebted to me. If you appreciate that, you will never meet me again."

"I hope I never shall."

I spoke in earnest then, for it was not my master who was talking, but the hypnotized robber and burglar whom I had twice encountered in his midnight prowlings.

The doctor, who had come in, said he was wandering in his mind, but I knew differently. His other self, which Dr. Squires had created out of him, was talking. Would that other self predominate and possess the body of Charles Goddard, my master?

He soon relapsed into his former quietness. About midnight the doctor said a change would soon come. We watched critically every line of his face and forehead.

"There are signs of his recovering consciousness," the doctor said finally. "He will probably remember nothing about all that has occurred. His hypnotic state is all a blank to him, and it must never be mentioned to him. He is as pure and innocent of crime as any of us. Let him never think otherwise. The whole story can be hushed up. If he knew it all, the shock might kill him."

The climax of the fever was reached shortly after 2 o'clock in the morning. The breathing slowly lost its laboriousness, and the hands grew moist and soft. The eyelids finally fluttered and opened. He looked around a moment in silence; then he said softly:

"Belle, dear, I've had such horrible dreams, but they were nothing but dreams, were they?"

"No, Charles; nothing but dreams—nothing but horrible dreams."

She bent over him with admirable composure, but a tear trickled down and splashed on the pillow as she kissed his lips.

THE END.

A Strange Dream.

As I rode along in one of the suburban tram cars I passed a cottage wherein a strange thing happened awhile ago. Near by lived an old man who had received many kindnesses from the true hearted mistress of the cottage, who took compassion upon his necessity. Early one morning this lady woke in great affright. She had dreamed that the old man was calling her in frantic haste to come and help him. She looked at the clock and noted the time. It was 4:30. Later on the lifeless body of the old man was found in a well. The medical opinion was that it must have got into the water at about 4:30 that morning. That was their independent testimony before they had been told of the curious experience of the woman. The distance of the well from the house made it impossible that she could have heard the old man cry, if he really did cry. How, then, can one explain the incident? I might relate other facts similar in their nature, all showing that there is in the world more mystery than we have yet comprehended.—London Standard.

Imitation New Potatoes.

Here is a way in which imitation new potatoes are made: Late in the season, after the other crops are out of the way, the gardener plants a crop of late and good keeping potatoes. These potatoes are dug and buried in heaps in the open field and left until spring opens and the new potato season arrives. At the proper time the heaps are opened and the potatoes dipped into a boiling solution to curl the skin. The effect of dipping any potato, no matter how old, into this boiling lye solution is to crack and curl the skin, and at the same time it hardens or makes the potato much more firm, so that its resemblance to a new potato is so near that it would be hard to pick out the impostor, from appearance alone, from a basket of the genuine article.—London Globe.

A MISUNDERSTANDING.

Senator Lodge's Opinion of Passing Alaskan Boundary Treaty.

Washington, Feb. 7. — Senator Lodge, Massachusetts, member of the Foreign Relations Committee, had a conference with the President yesterday, during which they discussed the status of the Alaskan boundary treaty. The Senator informed the President that he does not regard the ratification of the treaty as a hopeless task. It is said to be the purpose of the friends of the measure to press its consideration in the Senate, because some of the opposition is based on misunderstanding.

The Truant —and— The Shark

By P. Y. BLACK

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"HM! I'd like to see me!"

The small boys looked at Master Wat with admiring eyes.

"You chaps can go and be taught by a burgher if you like, but not me."

"Won't your father lick you, Wat?"

"Shut up! He's got no father, and his mother never licks him."

Wat walked off, with his nose in the air, and just around the corner he ran squarely into the schoolmaster who was to take the place temporarily of the regular teacher, who had broken his leg. Wat sniffed impudently and would have walked past, but Jan de Jough put out a hand to stop him—put it out with diffidence, hesitatingly, almost as an inferior might do.

"It is time for school, Master Thoms," said he.

"I am not going to school today."

"And tomorrow?"

"Not tomorrow."

"May I know why?"

Wat looked to one side and another, rather abashed, and then insolently at the young schoolmaster.

"White men," said he, "should not be taught by—by black men."

He ran away and did not see the flush of anger and sorrow that reddened De Jough's olive cheeks. The schoolmaster looked after him for a second and then slowly proceeded to open the school.

This happened in Natal, where are many men of different races—English, Dutch descendants, Portuguese, Malays, descendants of the coolies brought in old times from the East Indies as plantation workers, and Kaffirs. So there are many social ranks and grades. Wat was an English boy, brought out to the colony when a baby, and as the English rank highest in the country and never would think of mingling intimately with the other races Wat, being only twelve years old, had a rather exaggerated idea of his own and his people's worth.

Jan de Jough was not a black man, though his skin was dark, like most Italians. He was the descendant of Dutch and Portuguese ancestors, who long, long ago had owned the country before the Englishmen took it as the spoil of war, just as America today has come into possession of the Philippines.

Mr. de Jough was downhearted. Most of the boys were of English parentage, and if Wat, their leader, rebelled he foresaw a falling off in attendance and the consequent loss of his first position, his first stepping stone. He was right. The boys, small as they were, were impudent and unruly, and Jan dismissed the school despondently.

Meantime Wat, for sufficient reason, did not go straight home. He doubted his reception by his mother might not be altogether cordial and appreciative. It was hot, as it usually is on the coast of the Indian ocean. One advantage the heat brings to the boys is that one can go swimming any day almost all the year round. Wat, wandering along by the surf, soon felt the sun oppressive, and when he came to a cove which he and his chums knew well as a swimming place where the surf did not break too violently he naturally came to the conclusion that a bath would be a good thing to break the lonely monotony of the morning. He was, like most boys in warm countries, a first rate swimmer, and he had no hesitation in plunging into the huge Indian ocean even when quite alone.

He left his clothes on the beach near some rocks without fear of pilfering wanderers, for the cove was some distance from the town and a spot where few ever wandered. He ran in with a dash, paused to catch an incoming breaker just at the right moment before it broke, dived beneath its crest, swam vigorously under water for a minute and came up puffing and blowing on the glorious swell of the waves, with the sun glowing down upon him in warm hearted approval.

Wat turned on his back and let himself be rocked luxuriously. One moment he would be lifted up so that he could look far out to sea or inland at the vast extent of greenery, and the next he was down in a great hollow, with nothing before his eyes but the cloudless blue above and the glassy waters reaching up at his sides like precipitous mountains.

"Poof—oof—ow!" cried the boy. "This is better than a stuffy schoolroom, with a low burgher making you study the idiotic history of the country. He had a cheek to think he could teach English boys. I wish he was here, and I'd teach him to swim. Wouldn't I duck him? Oh, no! Certainly not!"

He was like a fish. He reveled and played in the sea like one of its own inhabitants. A home bred boy of a colder climate, used to one or two months' swimming in the summer holidays, would not have believed a twelve-year-old youngster could be so much at ease on the breast of the fathomless ocean. Wat struck out to deeper water with a bold, swift side stroke and soon was standing, monarch of all he surveyed, on a great black rock which broke the force of the waves as they strove to dash, with headlong strength, into the quiet cove.

As he stood there, with joyous eyes, facing the ocean defiantly, as his race's eyes have done for centuries and do today, sudden interest increased their wide brightness. A quarter mile out from the beach of the little bay but only half that distance from the rock on which he stood, lay on a reef the dark timbers of a recent wreck. Wat remembered hearing of a little bark rushing on the reef in a gale a month ago, but school and cricket had prevented his going out to the cove until now. At once he was filled with the desire to explore, and without a moment's hesitation he plunged into the deeper outside waters and swam for the hulk. It did not take him long to cover the 200 or 300 yards to the wreck. When the vessel was wrecked, monster waves, driven in by a landward gale, had broken over the reef, but now the sea about the dead ship was comparatively quiet, and on the lee side Wat had no difficulty in climbing aboard.

Here were new and exhilarating delights of the rarest sort. To explore strange corners, to stand waist deep—now the tide was out—in the skipper's own cabin and, poking about with fingers and toes, unearth strange things, worthless now, but interesting; to peek and pry with an excited heart in the hope that he might light upon a won-

Wat looked cautiously overboard.

derful find—perhaps treasure overlooked, perhaps— At the thought of perhaps seeing something ghastly, although he knew all the crew had been saved, Wat suddenly felt lonely and afraid. He ran quickly up on the broken deck. He was startled to note how long by the sun his walk and his swim and his explorations had taken. Now he felt hungry, and he knew it must be long past time at his mother's house. Tiffin? He looked again at the sun and the shadows of the rocks upon the sea and calculated correctly that it must be 2 o'clock and school would be coming out in an hour.

Wat ran to jump overboard. His foot was on the broken rail, and his hands were raised to dive. In an instant he would have been in the water, when he staggered back, white as flour, shaking at the nearness of his escape. Slowly,

Continued on page 8.

PUMPS!

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100 acre farm one mile north of Manilla in Brock. Good stone house, frame barns, orchard, 95 acres cleared, all tillable land.

173 acre farm near Valentia, 125 acres cleared, frame house and frame barn with stone cellar, convenient to school, church, post office, store and blacksmith shop.

142 acre farm 2 miles east of Omemee, 138 acres cleared, 4 acres hardwood bush, good frame house and barn with stone wall, well fenced and well watered, small orchard.

125 acre farm, 2 miles south of Omemee, 90 acres cleared, fair buildings, well fenced and watered, for sale cheap.

100 acre farm near Kirkfield, mostly all cleared, good frame house and frame barn with stone cellar, good well and running stream, for sale at a great bargain. Term of payment very easy.

150 acre farm near Zion, in Fenelon, for sale, 80 acres cleared, good farm, for sale, cheap, payments to suit purchaser.

112 acre farm one mile north of Cameron for sale, 75 acres cleared, brick house, frame barn with stone cellar, cheese factory close to farm, well situated, terms to suit purchaser.

200 acre farm in Mariposa for sale, good brick house, large frame barn with one of the best cement cellars in the county. Situation is everything that could be desired, orchard, 150 acres cleared.

66 acre farm in Mariposa, good buildings, 60 acres cleared, 6 acres hardwood bush.

200 Acre Farm 5th con., Eldon. Two frame barns, brick house; mostly cleared—a good farm.

200 Acre Farm, 6th con., Eldon. brick house, good frame barn and underground stable, orchard; mostly cleared.

60 acre farm, all cleared, 14th con. of Brock, first-class buildings; 2 miles from Woodville, 3½ miles from Cannington.

50 acre farm, all cleared, first-class farm on 7th con. of Mariposa, near Cresswell; good frame barn, stone cellar, log house.

Blacksmith shop, two houses and outbuilding, about ½ acre land, and in good locality, for sale cheap

One of the best farms in Eldon for sale, 100 acres; 70 acres cleared and under cultivation, clay loam, 30 acres hardwood bush. Large solid brick house, 10 rooms; large frame barn, stone wall stabling complete. New wind-mill, good outbuildings, 3 wells spring creek running across corner of farm; well fenced, small orchard, 1½ miles south of Kirkfield; ploughing all done. Possession given in time to put in crop. A very desirable farm.

232 acre farm for sale a few miles west of Kirkfield, 135 acres under cultivation, balance timber and pasture; large new brick house, 11 rooms. A large new frame barn with concrete floors; wind-mill on barn. Plenty of good water. A large orchard. For sale cheap.

A number of other farms for sale, also some desirable buildings in town.

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NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum has been declared on the paid up Capital Stock for half year ending Dec. 31st inst., payable at the Company's office on and after Jan. 3rd, 1903.

Transfer books will be closed from Dec. 27th to 31st inclusive.

By order of the Board.

JAMES LOW,
Manager.

LINDSAY. Dec. 27th, 1902.

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J. H. SOOTHERAN
Land Agent, 91 Kent-st. Lindsay

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEB. 13, 1903.

COMMUNICATIONS

A HINT FOR THE SANITARY INSPECTOR

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Dear Sir,—I read in the Evening Post that Sanitary Inspector Douglas has discovered a nuisance in the town hall closets. This seems strange to me. The G.T.R. has the same kind of closets at the passenger station here, and they are used much more than the pair in the town hall. Has this nuisance escaped his eagle eye? Can it be possible that he does not know that it exists? He should have them closed at once. Let him try it!—Yours truly,

SOUTH WARDER.

Lindsay, Feb. 4th, 1903.

STICK TO THE OLD COUNCIL CHAMBER

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Sir,—As the Library Board are again urging their request to the Council for a Carnegie Library site, would it not be for the general good if they would condescend to inform the ratepayers who opposed that measure at the recent municipal referendum of the conditions or terms of the aforesaid grant; also if our Mayor and Council will have control of the funds.

It may be true or otherwise that the Labor voters misunderstood the question, notwithstanding the whitewashing of Mr. Carnegie by a prominent member of the Board and the promise of a workingman's smoking room in connection with the new library.

The common people have refused to give their sanction at the polls for the extra two thousand dollars required to start the building. Then why in the name of common sense do the board delay year after year the acceptance of the offer by our city fathers of the use of the old Council chamber on the first floor of the town hall, for the use of our town property now in the care of the Library Board, to relieve the stagnation and worse than jail-like conditions of the present resort.—Yours truly,

STUDENT.

SEWER GAS AND MAN-HOLE COVERS

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Dear Sir,—For the last few days my house and the house next door—and I hear of others—have been invaded by sewer gas. Yesterday it became so offensive in the cellars and rooms that one could not remain in them. If the gas entered in such ly sealed traps or bad plumbing, it dangerous quantities from imperfect- shows the importance of having all sewer connections with dwellings, carefully made under the inspection of a competent inspector of plumbing.

However, in the present case there is quite another point to be considered. It is well known that even in properly plumbed connections the water sealing the traps can resist only a definite amount of pressure from the sewer gas. If that pressure from any of the many causes become greater, the gas will force itself through the water and enter the house, making it not only unpleasant but injurious to health. In constructing our sewers this excessive pressure was provided against by having ventilated man-holes placed at intervals of about one hundred feet apart. The covers were well provided with perforations to allow the escape of gas. Recently the rain and melted snow were frozen in hard and compact deposits over all these ventilating openings, and the repeated snow falls, packed by travel on them, aided in hermetically sealing all chance of escape of the gas by the ways provided. The gas in the sewers from time to time is subjected to great pressure, and to such an extent that it forces its way through the seals. I write this particularly to draw the attention of the general public, as well as of the Board of Health, to the importance of keeping these man-holes open during the winter season, that the gas may escape and not be forced into our dwellings.

I at once had the Street Commissioner open up two of the sealed openings and since that I have not found the smell of gas in the house. I hope all the man-holes will be opened at once.

A very strange circumstance was revealed at one of the man-holes. Usually there is a catch-pan placed in these man-holes to catch the silt and dirt that are washed in during a storm or thaw, but in this case the pan was absent—and, of course, all the dirt was permitted to fall in the sewer and tend to clog it up. It is possible, also, the pan, being overloaded, has fallen into the sewer, which, with the dirt, would soon make serious trouble. This should be looked into at once. Any obstruction would affect the whole sewer above that point.

In conclusion I urge citizens having sewer connections to see to it that their traps are not allowed to become dry. The absence of water will allow sewer gas free entry into the houses.—Yours truly,

W. L. HERRIMAN.

Lindsay, Feb. 5, 1903.

THE PRESS AND PEOPLE'S RIGHTS.

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Sir,—Do you not think you are somewhat slack in your duties towards the interests of this town as regards electric power and light? True, you give a spasmodic kick now and then, but it lacks that "perseverance-of-the-saints" motion which is so essential now-a-days if we are to get what we want. You called our attention the other day to the fact that Orillia was advertising itself as a town where electric power could be had at $14 per horse power per year. In Peterboro they are contracting for it at $10, and with electric light as cheap in proportion. In this town we pay $45 per h.p.

What would interest your readers is—how can we expect manufacturers to locate here with power offered by towns on either side of us at from one-quarter to one-third the price they will have to pay here. Why do we have to pay $45? It is claimed that power can be produced by coal at $35 per h. p., and yet we are charged $45 for water power electricity! ! ! This is where you lack both newspaper inquisitiveness and pugnacity, Mr. Editor. It seems to me that as a newspaper having the interests of the town at heart, and incidentally your own, you should make the necessary enquiries and find out why we cannot get power and light as cheaply as our neighbors, and if, on investigation, you find that the reason is—as most of us think it is—because the present owners think they have a monopoly, then it is your duty to kick and protest, and protest and kick, viciously if necessary, until we get our just dues. If nature is against us the sooner we know it and realize it the better, but we don't all think that it is. What say you, Mr. Editor? Don't you think it is an important enough subject for you to take off your coat to? Yours, etc.,

USER.

Lindsay, Feb. 4, 1903.

SALARIES OF TOWN OFFICIALS.

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Dear Sir,—I have been thinking over the salaries paid a few of our town officers, and find some of them underpaid.

If I understand it, Wilson, who is caretaker of the town hall and lock-up is paid $225, for which he has to ring the bell at 7, 8.45 and 12 a.m., and 1, 6 and 9 p.m., fire up the Town Clerk's office and clean it before office hours, and also prepare the Council chamber for Police Court, Board of Health, Board of Education, Library Board, Children's Aid Society, Home for the Aged and Council and committee meetings, and often be there till 10 and 11 p.m., till a meeting is over. Is $225 enough? I say no.

The Market Clerk receives $450 for being at his post from 8 a. m. till 6 p.m., and bringing into the town about $900 a year, besides weighing stone for nothing, and sundry other duties. Is that enough? If the plumbing inspector receives $25 more than the office brings in, how would that be in this case? Give the Market Clerk $600, which would be a fair wage.

Night Officer Reeves receives $450. Now, he has a first-class trade, for which, for six months in the year, he could receive $3 a day, or say $500, and have six months to turn his hand to something else. He has to be out all night, rain or shine,—the more stormy it is, the more important it is for him to be out. Pay him $600.

Chief Nevison receives $550 and about $50 more from dog tax and poll tax. Now, a hustling chief such as we have, who is on the trot every day and brings in a revenue to the town out of dog and poll taxes of about $500, besides police court fines, and also has to perform the duties of fire warden, is worth to the town at least $800, which I think would be fair, without any percentage on dog and poll taxes.

The Town Clerk and Treasurer receives $1300, out of which he has to pay two clerks and be responsible for all money that goes through his hands. That was wages enough years ago, when he had only one tax to look after, but now, with all the frontage taxes on sewers and walks,—all different prices,—think of the amount of extra work he has to do, and what has he left for himself after paying two clerks. He should get $1500, or be appointed Town Clerk at $1000, and have someone else as Town Treasurer at $500.

The Auditor, I understand, receives something like $250 for his work. Now, he is the man we look to to see that no mistakes are made, and who has to go over all that is done in Council and in the Town Treasurer's office, and in whom we put the utmost confidence. Is that wage enough to put a man above temptation? I say no—pay him $500.

The driver of the fire team is not so bad as the rest at $400, but the town ought to have a driver for the ladder wagon who would drive a second watering cart to do the residential parts of the town and take care of the fire hall and bounce out all the "bums" who loaf there. We should pay him a fair wage in addition to free light, rent, heat, etc.

The firemen get $50 a year, and the Chief gets $200. How much more work does the Chief do than the men? The pay should be $75 each for the men and $100 for the Chief.

There has been fault found with paying an inspector of walks and sewers $3 a day. Is it even enough to put them above a contractor's temptation to let him skimp work for a consideration? I think $3 a day right, but pick out the best men at that.

The sum of $800 is what we have been paying our Town Commissioner for planning and overseeing all town work, engineering, etc., which is low compared to other towns. If the offices be separated, $500 would be fair to overseers and 3 per cent. to an engineer.

Can we expect a man to devote three months in the summer to do the assessing for $175 and do only what has been done in the past, that is, copy the book of the year before? We should pay a first-class man $500—one who is above fear and favor, and who will not copy the book of the year before, but will assess each property at what it is worth, and be guided by the revenue it produces. I think it would make a difference of at least one-third more on the assessed value of the town.

Last, but not by any means least, comes the collection of taxes. Why have a man devote a whole year to earn $300 while the town is waiting for the money and paying 5 per cent. for it. Make him earn that $300 in six months.

Hoping our Council will face these facts fairly and squarely and pay fair wages to all, I am, yours truly,

A UNION MAN.

P. S.—I will touch on M. H. O., Truant, Black Knot and Sanitary Inspectors, also the schools, in a future letter.—U. M.

E. VICTORIA TEACHERS' CONVENTION

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Sir,—The Trustees of rural schools in East Victoria are reminded that it is the duty of every teacher to attend the annual convention. When this is impossible the school should be kept open, and in no case should the salary be paid in full if a teacher closes the school and neglects to attend the convention.

The roll is called at the beginning of each session of the convention, those who come late being expected to report themselves at adjournment. The teachers who did not answer to their names at the late convention are those of the following schools: Ops, S. S. No. 7; Emily, S. S. Nos. 7, 10 and 13; Verulam, S. S. Nos. 5 and 8; Somerville, S. S. Nos. 3, jr. Div., 4, 5, 6, 9, 12 and 13.

J. H. KNIGHT.
P. S. Inspector.

Lindsay, 9th, Feb., 1903.

THE OLD COUNCIL AND THE NEW

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Sir,—As I have no quarrel with Alderman Cinnamon, I take it that his remark at the Council committee meeting last Friday night, after Mayor Sootheran's threat that he would hold the Council of 1902 personally liable for the deficit of $3,000, "Where will Dr. Burrows be then?" was meant as a well intentioned hint that I should put my house in order and be prepared for the explosion of the torpedo. I may say, however, to relieve Alderman Cinnamon's anxiety, that this time I am entirely out of it. If Alderman Cinnamon had read the proceedings as published throughout the year he would have known that I time and again protested against extravagant expenditure and warned the Council of the inevitable result. At the nomination meeting I took the trouble to mark the proof of my prophecy, and distributed the annual statement to shew its correctness. Not only that, but at the very first meeting of Council, I proposed cutting down salaries with a view to strict economy.

Only a month has the new Council been in office, yet what do we find? The salaries cut down have been doubly increased—one from $50 to $100, the other from $75 to $300. Not only that, but at a meeting of committees a deputation waited upon the Council asking the appointment of "a practical man" as inspector of plumbing. During the discussion Ald. Cinnamon said, "I don't see why Douglas should not be able to do the work." Ald. McWatters, "Well, it was proposed to give him an increase." Ald. Storer, "I move that Mr. Douglas be made plumbing inspector and the joint salary be $300." Seconded by Mayor Sootheran and carried."

Now, sir, it is news to me that a railway engineer should by his training be a practical plumbing inspector. I did think, and do still think, a better appointment could have been made. I have quoted enough to show that Alderman Cinnamon is not without blame, if there be any, in this appointment. The year is not yet out; before it is the worthy Alderman may find that although one may enter the Council with very best intent, personal interest will at times override, and however well intentioned one may be, the majority vote decides.

I make no apologies for the Council of 1902, for although with them I was not of them. They carried things with a high hand. They conspired for place, position and emolument. They were wedded to the fire hall scheme and rushed construction without due deliberation. It is true, prices were high and labor scarce, but all was left in the hands of one man whom I, at any rate, thought in every way incompetent. The result is an expensive building, costing much more than proposed, and as little like the one it was intended to imitate as a pumpkin is to a pineapple. It will have to be rearranged and remodelled at great expense.

Alderman Cinnamon will please remember I had nothing to with the engaging of Street Commissioner Chalmers, and that on any and every occasion I strongly protested against his percentages on works—either sewers or granolithic walks. I hold when in Council, as I do now, that every public servant should have a straight salary and no percentages. At Monday's meeting of Council, although Mr. Chalmers had a salary of $800, he put in an account for $216.17 percentages. This claim Alderman Cinnamon thought "a reasonable one," and this economical Council ordered it to be paid.—Yours truly,

P. PALMER BURROWS.

February 5th, 1903.

CAVE-IN OF A ROOF.

Four Persons Were in the Building, But Were Not Hurt.

Montmagny, Que., Feb. 10. — The roof of the buildings used for the Postoffice, City and Parish Councils, Music Hall and office of the Banque Nationale sank under the pressure of snow about 10 o'clock yesterday morning. The local manager of the bank and his accountant and the postmistress and her assistant were in their respective offices at the time of the accident, but were not injured. Damage about $800.

Organized Torture System.

Washington, Feb. 10.—Speaking in the Senate yesterday in the Rawlins resolution calling for the records of court-martial officers serving in the Philippines, Senator Carmack (Tenn.) asserted that there was an organized system of torture in the Philippines.

REV. MACMILLAN'S FAREWELL

THE CAPACITY OF ST. ANDREW'S WAS TAXED SUNDAY EVENING.

An Immence Congregation Present to Listen to the Farewell Sermon of Rev. J. W. MacMillan.

The fierce storm of wind and snow that raged Sunday evening did not affect the attendance at St. Andrew's church. The announcement made the previous Sunday and in the press that the popular minister of St. Andrew's would deliver his farewell sermon that evening was the means of attracting a very large congregation to the church, and the seating accommodation had to be helped out by placing chairs in the aisles.

Rev. Macmillan took as his text the 14th chapter St. John, 27th verse. "Peace I leave with you, my peace I give unto you; not as the world giveth, give I unto you. Let not your heart be troubled, neither let it be afraid."

When a Greek greeted or bade farewell to his neighbor he said, "Joy be with you." When a Hebrew greeted or bade farewell to his neighbor he said, "Peace be with you." Jesus has but taken the familiar words of everyday salutation, and made of them an eternal adieu. Many a time, no doubt, when he and they had parted for a little they had lightly said to each other, "Good-bye," but now, when He is about to die, the words are charged with tenfold more meaning. It is thus with our farewells to-day. We use the same words when we part for a few hours, when we see a friend off at the station for a month's absence, when a companion moves out of our town, or when one of our number is about to close his eyes in death. No man can tell how much "good-bye" may mean until he knows the circumstances under which it was spoken. How much more the good-bye means when it is united with a clasp of a hand which in a few hours we know will be cold and stiff, than when it is accompanied with the gay wave of the hand which means "see you to-morrow." So we may be sure that these words, being used in Jesus' last farewell to his disciples before the crucifixion, carry the very deepest meaning of which they are capable.

Its origin was in the desert and times of war—when the approaching horseman was most likely to be an enemy, and the departing friend was liable to be ambushed before he reached his home. The danger that it contemplated was fighting, and it came to the Hebrews—with their Semitic blood—from ancestors who had to fight for their cattle, their wives and their children. How true it is to the life of men in all ages — walking continually in danger of assault from the malicious forces of pain and sin. We know not what a day or an hour may bring forth of disturbance in our health, our fortunes, our reputation, our character. The one thing that is insecure, and that we long for, is peace.

Peace is not the opposite of sorrow, that is joy. Nor is it the opposite of toil; that is rest. It is the opposite of conflict. Joy is not so great as peace, so needful and satisfactory a quality of human life, for joy is fitful and emotional; it laughs to-day, but may weep to-morrow. And rest is a dull, dead, unconscious thing, the lapse and slackening of the soul's powers. Peace is spiritual, eternal. It is a living thing. Sorrow is not always man's foe. Toil is often his friend. But he has foes, the mighty potentates of the earth and hell, and relief from them is peace. "Let the peace of God," says the Apostle," rule in your hearts." That is the province of peace—to rule, to be our captain and governor, and win for us the victory.

We need peace in two respects; first, with God; secondly, with ourselves. Peace with God, and this peace is of two kinds—the peace of reconciliation, and the peace of trust.

1. The Peace of Reconciliation. There can be no doubt that man is at war with the Ruler of all the earth. The earth bears the marks of the campaigning. For as in the time of invasion of an enemy's country one can trace the course of the fighting by the smoking farmhouses, the looted villages, the bullet marks on tree and stone, the wounded and the dead, so human fears and pains and guilt are the irrefutable witnesses to the war between humanity and the Creator. We have rebelled against our lawful King. We have traitorously made terms with his foes, and treasonably failed to support his Government. We have lent our strength to the foe and made his spies our counsellors—for pride and greed and hate have been our chosen intimates.

We need to be reconciled to God. We need to be reconciled to His law. He has framed a code of statutes which say, "Thou shalt," and we have not. Again, they say "Thou shalt not," and we have. There is one always before His throne, even Moses, who accuseth us. We are liable to arrest, to trial and to penalty. And should we be convicted our punishment is greater than we can bear.

We need to be reconciled to His justice. Grand is the figure of the just man who pays every claim upon him, who will not wrong another, who swears unto his own hurt. But grander far is the figure of the just God, with his perfect and unalterable laws. All the activities of God are true and eternal. As the force of gravitation is designed to hold in stable poise and harmonious motion the numberless planets which make up the universe, so His justice is designed to preserve in purity and strength the virtue of his intelligent creatures. But we are as wandering stars, fugitive planets, driven hither and thither by caprice, spreading disorder and dismay through solar systems; we children of folly have swung and drifted, without sense or aim, driven by our own blind passions, to the injury of ourselves and all we meet.

We need to be reconciled to God's mercy. For mercy is not a weak connivance at wrong-doing, but the restoration of the penitent. It is a false kindness that gives more drink to the thirsty drunkard, or puts a knife into the hand of the would-be suicide or murderer. We are willing to receive all the mercy that will smile upon our faults and leave us to our pleasant wantoning with sin, but the mercy that offers to light us back to rectitude we refuse. In God's mercy, which is the only true mercy, there are certain conditions which we decline. We do not want to be willing in the day of salvation. We want to keep our sins and yet escape their penalty. There is no peace for the unforgiven wicked. We may cry "Peace, peace," where there is no peace, but all our crying only increases the disturbance and the clamor. There is no peace till there is reconciliation by the blood of Christ.

2. If we would be at peace with God we must have the peace of trust. There are only two ways of meeting the future—by foresight and trust; either by knowing what is to come and preparing for it by committing ourselves into the hands of One who knows and will prepare for us. We must either have some light that we can flash into the darkness, or clasp our Father's hand.

Now, in regard to certain things we can and must use the method of foresight. It is thus by knowing the needs of the body that we stock our pantries and grocery stores with provisions. The explorer takes with him food for months because he knows that three times every day his body will cry out to be fed, and so we lay in our wood and coal for the winter. And so we have our dry goods stores, our drug stores, our hotels, our railway, our insurance companies, because we know that in time certain needs will arise which must be supplied. This is the foresight of commerce. Yet even in these plain and tangible instances we are introduced to trust. Our knowledge of the future is not a certain knowledge; it is but an approximation, a reasonable estimate. No man knows for certain that he will be alive to-morrow. No man knows when some flaming comet may collide with our earth and bury its populous cities beneath the overflowing sea. It is faith in the future which prepares, it is the belief in the continuity of nature and the preservance of law which provides for our food and fuel and travel and health. Besides the foresight of commerce, there is the trust of commerce.

But outside these regions what a world of mysteries remains. Here foresight must become trust. Here God alone knows and must be trusted. He is the only guide that has threaded these labyrinths, the only warrior that can safely force his way through their dangers. We soon get to the end of our tether—and the longer that tether the more of the margin of the unknown we see, and the greater our need of trust. There is no science whose limits have been reached. He who has come nearest to exhausting any sphere of human knowledge is most inclined to believe it exhaustless. Understanding, while it pushes the mystery back, shows its greater size. Astronomy looks simple to the naked eye. One can count in a single night all the stars in the sky, and their number will not be many thousands. Look through an opera glass and they are doubled. Take a hand telescope and many more appear. Peep through the monster lens of the Lick observatory and every square inch is alive with new lights. So even the problems of commerce—the bread question, the medicine question, the fuel question, the travel question, are more and more seen to be dependent, not on us, but on God, and the most experienced and wisest prays most simply, "Give us this day our daily bread."

When the chariot of fire, fashioned in heaven for Elijah's translation, was about to descend to earth the pupils of Elisha came to him, excited

Continued on page 9.

ANOTHER SOUTHERN WAR.

Guatemala Has Declared It on Salvador and Honduras.

London, Feb. 10.—The Daily Mail this morning publishes a despatch from Guatemala declaring that war has been declared between Guatemala on one side and Salvador and Honduras on the other.

London, Feb. 10.—Edna Lyall, the authoress, died yesterday at Eastbourne from pneumonia, following an attack of influenza.

Your Nose

That is what you should breathe through—not your mouth.

But there may be times when your catarrh is so bad you can't breathe through it.

Breathing through the mouth is always bad for the lungs, and it is especially so when their delicate tissues have been weakened by the scrofulous condition of the blood on which catarrh depends.

Alfred E. Yingse, Hoernerstown, Pa., suffered from catarrh for years. His head felt bad, there was a ringing in his ears, and he could not breathe through one of his nostrils nor clear his head.

After trying several catarrh specifics from which he derived no benefit, he was completely cured, according to his own statement, by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

This great medicine radically and permanently cures catarrh by cleansing the blood and building up the whole system.

Hood's Pills are the favorite cathartic. 25c.

THE N. HOCKIN SHOE STORE

MID-WINTER FOOTWEAR.

Cold and stormy weather is predicted for the month of February. Warm Footwear and Overshoes will be in demand. This store keeps its weather-eye open and is prepared for all conditions of atmospheric changes.

TWO SHIPMENTS OF OVERSHOES RECEIVED THIS WEEK :

Men's 1, 2 and 3-buckle Lined Waterproof Overshoes, all sizes in stock.

An odd line of Men's Lined Waterproof Artics, size 11, worth $1.50, to be pushed out at 99c per pair.

Children's, Boys' and Girls' Overshoes from 50c per pair.

Men's warm and easy-to-wear Felt Gaiters, all sizes at 99c per pair.

Women's fine and warm Felt Gaiters, all sizes at 89c per pair.

Our first offering of Women's Fine Up-to-date $1.25 Dongola Laced Boots, sold in the push price of 99c. Having gone up with a rush, we will place another 30 pairs of the same splendid shoe on our bargain table to-morrow Saturday, to be sold at the same popular push price of 99c per pair.

THE N. HOCKIN SHOE STORE

HOUSEKEEPERS.

We are in a position to supply your wants with the best goods obtainable from foreign and domestic wholesale firms. We mention a few lines that are now selling freely;

FISH—Here you will find every kind—fresh, salt smoked and canned. We guarantee the quality to be the best known to the trade. Lowest prices on small lots or quantities.

PICKLES—In addition to the old standard lines we handle many new relishes that have taken a strong hold on the public fancy. A taste of these acts as a fillip to a jaded appetite and they should be on every table.

BREAKFAST FOODS—We handle all the popular lines and can tell you something about the virtues of each. Some of these lines are attaining a very large sale strictly on their merits. They are aids to health and are economical as well.

SPRATT & KILLEN,

FAMILY GROCERS.

Extra value in 10 piece TOILET SETTS, large pieces, neatly gold stippled, clear colors and pleasing shapes. **$3.00**

15 doz. pint Jugs with neat decorations and bright glaze, which we offer at .... each **12c**

You can always have your wants in China, Porcelain or Glassware supplied at our China Hall.

ARCH. CAMPBELL,

GROCERIES: KENT-ST. CHINA HALL: WILLIAM-ST.

PEDLAR & EMMERSON

Carriage Makers, General Blacksmiths.

We wish to call the attention of the public to our facilities for repainting. Our paint shop is in charge of a first-class painter, and we use nothing but the best stock. We can also attend to all repairs necessary to your Carriage before painting. All sorts of Vehicles built to order as usual.

—CHARGES MODERATE.—

PEDLAR & EMMERSON

William-st. North.

SCHOOL CHILDREN'S EYES

Supply Your Intellect.

Defective eyes stunt the mind.
Can you expect fair progress in school, or success in business, if so handicapped?

Examination of children for glasses is a special feature of our Optical Department.
THE EXAMINATION IS FREE.

BRITTON BROS., Opticians,

Foot of Kent Street LINDSAY.

BOXALL AND MATTHIE

Hardware	Curry Combs
Graniteware	Stove Pipes and Elbows
Tinware	Stove Boards
Window Glass	Stove Blacking
Mixed Paints	Pipe Varnish
Clothes Wringers	Stove Repairs
Washing Machines	Stove Mica
Step Ladders	Evetrough
Coal Oil	Conductor Pipe
Machine Oils	Pumps
Scoop Shovels	Sinks
Manure Forks	Iron Pipe and Fittings
Horse Brushes	Brass Fittings

Call and see our Store Display.

TINSMITHING AND PLUMBING

We Lead in these Lines.

BOXALL & MATTHIE

112 Kent st., Lindsay.

AN INSTITUTION WITH A FUTURE

The annual report of the Victoria Loan & Savings Co., which appeared last week, is deserving of more attention than a brief examination of the incomplete balance sheet then permitted.

For years the farmers of the County, and others, had been subjected to considerable inconvenience, and occasionally loss, through being compelled to negotiate loans with outside financial institutions whose lack of knowledge of attendant circumstances, and excess of caution born thereof, made any monetary transaction with them a thing to dreaded and postponed as long as possible owing to the difficulties involved. The many transactions incident to a prosperous community made such loans a necessity, however, and very large sums were annually sent out of the district in repayment of principal and interest.

Some seven years ago a few of our leading citizens got together, held a meeting at which the above situation was discussed, and as a result of the conference organized the Victoria Loan & Savings Co. The public quickly manifested approval of the newly established financial institution, first, because of the actual need referred to, and, secondly, because the management commanded the fullest confidence. From a small beginning the total assets have now grown to $352,689.75, while the liabilities stand at $210,182.56, leaving a nice nest egg of $142,498.19. The net profits for last year were $11,175.32, and the directors point out that while they are now investing over $350,000 of the people's savings they could with ease place a million dollars on gilt-edge security. That this fine total will be reached in a few years we feel confident. The company pay 3 1-2 per cent. interest on sums on deposit, the amount so placed being in the neighborhood of $130,000. Investors can obtain 4 per cent. by taking advantage of the Company's yearly debenture system, which is rapidly becoming popular, owing to the rule that in case a debenture holder requires his money it will be repaid at any time, with interest at deposit rate from last interest day.

As mentioned in the report, to the prudence and care displayed by the late John Magwood as manager may be ascribed much of the initial success of the company, and in selecting Mr. Jas. Low to fill the vacancy caused by death, the shareholders made the wisest choice possible. Mr. Low, having been Mr. Magwood's assistant, is thoroughly in touch with the policy he inaugurated, and the $68,000 increase in the company's assets this year proves that he knows how to apply his knowledge in a way very satisfying to the shareholders. He is held in high respect by all with whom he has come in contact, and of him it may truly be said, "he has a wise head on young shoulders." Under his capable supervision the company's affairs are bound to prosper.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY EXTENSION.

An interesting contribution to the new railway literature of the day is furnished by a correspondent of the Toronto Star. The extension of the Intercolonial Railway from Montreal to Georgian Bay by the absorption of the Canada Atlantic or Parry Sound Railway is advocated. A very strong case for Government enterprise in the public interest is made out by the Star's correspondent; and the Star has been editorially advocating this cause for some time. The presence of the Government through railway at a good harbor on our Great Lakes would have a beneficial effect on freight rates as far west as the Rocky Mountains. Every grain-raiser and grain-shipper in the North-west would be advantaged during the season of navigation by the presence of the Intercolonial at Georgian Bay. That is the line of argument; and its importance and value will be quickly and widely admitted.

Such an extension of the Intercolonial is an attractive proposition; and as it would be natural and reasonable to have a line to Toronto, the Star's correspondent puts it on the diagram to run from or near Golden Lake through Bancroft and Bobcaygeon to Lindsay, thence by the easiest route to Toronto. We have not observed any particular display of energy on the part of Toronto in impressing on the Government the desirability, in the public interest, of an extension of this kind. Toronto is too serenely wrapped up in the sense of its own importance to take any special interest in Provincial development; and in the meantime, as to that great stream of trade and freight from our North-west, steadily growing into a great river in volume and value, Toronto, is becoming quite effectively side-tracked. The stream will go east to Montreal.

The diagram or map shows a new railway candidate for public business. It is called in the official notices in the Canada Gazette the Canada Central Railway. One section of it is to run—so the advertisements state—from Sudbury via Scotia Junction down this way—it is mapped through Lindsay—and thence to Toronto. It is not known yet who are the promoters of this proposed railway but this will be developed in due course before the Railway Committee at Ottawa or at Toronto next month. From an item in the newspapers the other day it would appear that Mr. Booth, of the Canada Atlantic, intends to build a line from his railway at or near Whitney to Sudbury. This may be the Canada Central scheme. At any rate there will be some very interesting railway developments within the next few months—in a local and provincial sense as well as in across-the-continent projects. Some important railway projects will be developed and pushed on through this central part of the Province, and Lindsay, from its position, stands to gain a great deal. It will be on a main line east of the Grand Trunk Pacific, for all their eastern business will pass this way. Some such connection with the Canada Atlantic—or whatever it may be called when plans are fully matured—may be expected.

We apprehend, however, that before the Government can decide upon so important an undertaking as the extension of the Intercolonial to the Great Lakes, the Canada Atlantic will have been purchased or amalgamated by one of the continental projects that would naturally prefer not to have the Government a competitor at Georgian Bay. The directorate of a great railway will decide a question of this kind in a few days; while the Government — any Government—must necessarily be slower in its operations.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

President Roosevelt is suffering from excessive fatness. He shares in the growing time.

Those people who are sneering at Hon. Mr. Ross because he proposes to be guided by the majority in the Legislature in the matter of temperance legislation are permitting their zeal to befog their reason. Mr. Ross is no dictator; the Cabinet does not legislate, that is done by the members of the Assembly. The Cabinet is merely a committee of the Legislature, clothed with certain executive powers,but incompetent to make laws. No Premier can defy the Legislative majority; it would not be well that he should be able to do so.

In the Supreme Court of the United States a judgment has been rendered sustaining a law of California which declares void all contracts for the purchase or sale on margin of the shares of the capital stock of any corporation, or for the purchase or sale of shares to be delivered at any future time, or all agreements for payment of any money in such transactions. One, Parker who bought stock on margin and lost, sued the broker to get his money back and has won. The California law looks like a pretty successful whack at stock gambling.

Belleville Daily Ontario: "Keep cool!" is good advice to give the man on the street these days when he sees the cost of the assessment commission mounting up into hundreds. Apparently it must be that way if we are going to have the city assessment placed on an equitable basis which will serve for many years to come. It was understood from the very first that the assessments would of necessity be costly, and we will say this much for the Mayor and Council, that only the conviction that the end to be obtained will be a lasting benefit to the city serves to steady their nerves as the accounts come in. It is a very serious matter, and they are taking it seriously; but they have already been sustained in their course by positive evidence that the end will justify the means.

CARD OF THANKS.

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Dear Sir,—We beg leave through the columns of your paper to express our sincere thanks to the Dickson Lumber Co. for their kindness to our son George while in their employ. But more especially do we wish to express our appreciation of their kindness, thoughtfulness, and attention to him from the time he received his fatal injury until his burial. It is a great comfort to us, in our hours of sorrow and bereavement, to know that when we were unable to be near that everything that could be done for him was being done by them. We wish in conclusion, to thank them for the financial aid rendered us in this our hour of greatest need.— Sincerely yours,

MR. and MRS. NESBITT.

Minden, Feb 4th, 1903.

THE HIGH SCHOOL SETTLEMENT.

(To the Editor of The Post)

Mr. Editor,—I am sorry to have again—so soon—to ask you to allow me, through the medium of your paper, to communicate with the public, but trust that what I shall have to say will be of sufficient public importance as to give me reasonable ground for the request.

It is to be regretted that Mr. Shaver's reply in the Watchman-Warder of Jan. 29th to my challenge to discuss the High School settlement with him before any impartial set of men whose report would have weight with the people, has been so evasive of the question. Mr. Shaver says, with childlike innocense, what he said was on nomination day on the platform, after being alluded to by myself, and goes on to try to show —with some apparent success—that it could not have been a factor in my defeat. It would be easy to show how Mr. Shaver's charge affected me, differently from what it did Mr. Channon, were I so inclined. But this is not the important question, the exact "quantum" of good or harm it did me. The great question—the one the people of the County want to know, the one they must know—is, "Is it true, as Mr. Shaver charges, (and I will try and give it in his own words), that the County lost a very lare amount of money in the last High School settlement, and because, as he further said, speaking to 150 to 200 of the electorate of the township of Mariposa, 'you had not men in that Council capable of looking after your interests.'" This was the time, it must be observed, when Mr. Shaver was not of the Council.

This is what the people want to know. Is it true, or did Mr Shaver make this thrust at the Council, knowing it to be untrue, but hoping to make a point with the electors against those who were likely to be in the contest with him in the future, and members of the Council which effected this settlement.

Realizing, in discussing this question on nomination day with the people, that it is of just sufficient complexity, hearing of it for the first time, and for the most part unacquainted with the law upon which the settlement is based, and also, bearing the construction Mr. Shaver puts upon it, the people go away in a sort of confusion of mind, saying to themselves, "It is hard to tell who is right or wrong in the matter." This is my reason for asking Mr. Shaver to discuss it before men who are familiar with it, and whose opinions will have weight with the people.

I say this County did not lose one cent in that settlement, that it was a fair settlement as far as the County is concerned, and that the County of Victoria, in common with the other counties of the Province, will be fortunate if conditions as at present exist, that will enable the Councils to always effect as favorable a settlement with the High School Boards for the tuition of the County pupils.

Again I challenge Mr. Shaver to discuss the question before the two School Inspectors, or before Judge Dean, Judge Harding or Judge McIntyre, or before any three of his colleagues in the Council who are familiar with the question, I to pay half the expenses of reference and he the other half.

There are only two honorable courses for Mr. Shaver—to accept this proposition or to apologize to the Council and say that he was mistaken in the value he attached to the figures of the settlement. There is the third course, but it is hard to think of Mr. Shaver taking it. That is too cowardly — slink back, snail-like, in silent disregard of his most obvious duty to the Council and the people, and take shelter under a hardened and crustaceous covering of false accusation, treachery and wrong.—Yours, etc.,

GEO. JOHNSON.

Mariposa, Feb. 7th, 1903.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Women and Farmers' Institutes.

The importance of women's work in connection with the system of farmers' institutes is being more and more recognized, and that it deserves to be encouraged is the conclusion one must arrive at after reading the excellent report of Women's Institutes of the Province of Ontario for 1901, recently issued by the Ontario Department of Agriculture. According to this report the membership of Women's Institutes in 1900 was 1,602, with a total attendance of 3,800 women, while in 1901 the membership increased to 3,081 and the attendance of women to 16,410. Judging by brief extracts given from reports of local institutes, the meetings have aroused much interest and have done much good in many ways. The main part of the report, however, is given to pointed papers, chiefly by women who speak from a practical acquaintance with the subjects in hand. Most of these paper are on some phase of household science, and they range from hints on good manners to directions regarding ventilation, cooking, and other items of domestic economy. Considerable space is also given to the women's flower and vegetable garden every article on these themes being contributed by women. Health and comfort are not neglected, papers being given on such topics as "Home Nursing," "Heredity," "Ill Effects of Mouth Breathing," "How and When to Rest," etc. In fact, the report is one that every mother, whether residing in town or country, will read with pleasure and profit. It is sent free to every member of a Women's Institute. It is desirable that such institutes should be established in every section of the Province. Those interested in forming an institute should communicate with the Superintendent of Farmers' Institutes, Toronto.

MARIPOSA COUNCIL DOINGS.

REGULAR MEETING LAST MONDAY.

Considerable Business of a Routine Character Dealt with.

Council met on Monday, Feb. 9th. The members were all present. The minutes of last meeting were read and confirmed.

The Clerk read a note from Mrs. Minnie James, thanking the Council for their support and kindness to her and family.

Mr. R. M. Taylor presented a certificate from Mr. Thos. Grimstone, overseer, stating that Mr. John Thompson had done the road work charged against his lot in East Oakwood in 1901.

Communications.

From Mr. S. R. Armstrong, secretary of the Trent Valley Waterway Association, soliciting the co-operation of this township to memorialize the Hon. the Minister of Railways and Canals to complete the work on the canal as soon as possible.

From Mr. A. Bagshaw, stating that Mr. Alex. Currin did all his statute labor last year.

From Mr. John McSweyn, solicitor, giving some advice whereby Councils may avoid many difficulties.

From Mr. W. J. Devitt, soliciting an order for more concrete piping.

Mr. Alex. Smith addressed the Council on behalf of Mrs. Woolacott, of Glandine.

Rev. G. R. Clare was present on behalf of Mrs. Grace James and Mrs. Minnie James, of Oakwood.

Mr. John McSweyn, township solicitor, was present on behalf of the Oakwood drainage debenture by-law.

Mr. Wm. Heattie was present on behalf of his claim for damages to his engine.

The Clerk presented the Auditor's statement and report of the accounts for 1902.

The engineer's award in the Hall drain was dealt with, and a committee appointed to look after the township's interests in the matter.

A Number of Motions.

Moved by Mr. McLeod, seconded by Mr. Michael, that the Reeve and Clerk be authorized to sign the memorial to the Hon. G. W. Blair, Minister of Railways and Canals, respecting the completion of the Trent Valley Canal.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. McLeod, seconded by Mr. Michael, that Mr. Alex. Smith be paid the sum of sixteen dollars for eight cords of wood for Mrs. Woolacott.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cameron, seconded by Mr. Mark, that the Treasurer to authorized to pay for two tons of coal, one for Mrs. Minnie James and the other for Mrs. Grace James.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cameron, seconded by Mr. Mark, that By-law No. 545, being a by-law to provide drainage in the unincorporated village of Oakwood and adjacent lands, and to provide for borrowing money to pay for the same by issuing debentures to be secured by local special rates upon the properties to be benefitted, be received and read a first time.—Carried.

By-law No. 545 was read the usual number of times, passed, signed and sealed

Moved by Mr. Mark, seconded by Mr. Cameron, that Mr. Wm. Heattie be paid the sum of three hundred dollars in full payment of the damages done to his threshing engine in the fall of 1902.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cameron, seconded by Mr. Michael, that the auditor's statement and the report of the treasurer's accounts for the year 1902 be received and adopted, and that the auditors be paid their usual salary, and that the Clerk be authorized to have the abstract statement and report published in the Lindsay papers.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Michael, seconded by Mr. McLeod, that Mr. F. S. Mark and Mr. D. Cameron be appointed a committee to inspect that part of the town hall drain apportioned by the engineer to the township of Mariposa and take whatever action they deem best.—Carried.

A Batch of Accounts

Moved by Mr. Mark, seconded by Mr. Michael, that the following accounts be paid: Pascoe Bros., for E. T. Reeder, $6.24; Pascoe Bros., postage, $8.41; Pascoe Bros., sundries for Hall, etc., $6.27; The Municipal World, $8.01; Thos. North, 40 1-2 cords of stone, $54.67; George Martindale, day on grader, $1.75; Geo. Hicks, for one day team on grader in 1902, $3; Duncan McMillan, building bridges, boundary of Brock and Mariposa, $65; Alex. Currie, refund statute labor for 1902, $1; R. M. Taylor, refund one day statute labor for 1901, $1; George Vokes, 1 cord of wood for E. T. Reeder, $3.75; Wm McKee, gravelling 24 rods on lot 8, con. 15, $18.96.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mark, seconded by Mr. Cameron, that this council grant Messrs. John Cliff and Archie McEachren one dollar per month in addition to what is granted for the winter months till May 1st.—Carried.

The Council then adjourned till the second Monday in March for general business and to appoint overseers.

J. B. WELDON, Clerk.

CROSS BABIES.

How to Make Them Bright, Good Natured and Well.

A crying baby is an unwell baby The little chap is not cross for the fun of it He cries because that is the only way he has of expressing the fact that he is either in pain or discomfort Most of his little troubles are due to some disorder of the stomach or bowels, and if Baby's Own Tablets are given both the trouble and resulting crossness will disappear You can take a mother's word for it, and Mrs John T. Sutherland, of Blissfield, N B., says: "I think Baby's Own Tablets the best medicine in the world for little ones My baby was very cross and used to keep me awake half the night before I got the Tablets Now she sleeps soundly, is good natured and is growing splendidly" You can give these Tablets with perfect safety to a new born babe They are guaranteed to contain no opiate or poisonous sleepy stuff, and are a sure cure for all the minor ailments from which little ones suffer Sold by medicine dealers or sent post paid at 25 cents a box by writing direct to the Dr Williams Medicine Co, Brockville, Ont.

WAKELY & FORD

The Safe Satisfactory Store.

In spite of every statement and claim made by others, the fact remains that the best offerings are here.

Make comparisons. Take the matter up yourself. That's the sure way of reaching a firm and unmistakable personal conviction

OUR FIRST WHITE GOODS SALE.

"A New Broom Sweeps Clean."

ON Friday morning, Feb. 13th, we open our first White Goods Sale. Of course we decided months ago that we would devote our attention to some extra attractions in white goods this month. The next move was to be on the alert for some good bargains in staple goods and a varied and dainty line of Women's Muslin Underwear, which would do justice to the reputation we bear for large and tasteful stocks.

We recognize the fact that the fair sex in and about Lindsay are good judges of value and particular in every detail of dress. In consequence we have been at great pains to choose the greater portion of our Muslin Underwear Department from the prettiest and most elegant models. We have not forgotten that all purses will not allow the purchases of those superb billowy creations which grace the figure of the Gibson girl. Our stock comprises simple dainty goods, durable and neat, and from that starting point runs all the way to the latest fancies of fashion. We are satisfied that this sale will be a winner. No pains have been spared to make it a success. Only one thing is needed to sell all our white goods and that is—your inspection. Our cash basis of selling and our syndicate method of buying enables us to quote prices which need no comment when you see the goods. Style and economy are here. Early comers have an advantage in selection.

Usual Goods at Unusual Prices.

Such staple things as cottons, sheetings, linens, towelings, prints, muslins, etc., are, of course, sold every day, but never at such low price. You wouldn't make a mistake to supply yourself for future needs at these extraordinarily low prices:—

Cotton Worth up to 8c. a Yard at 5c.

1000 yards of White Cotton, 36 inches wide, some fine sheer quality, some of medium weight and others of heavy coarse kind, suitable for any purpose. This is only one instance of how we save you money. Worth up to 10c, sale price........5c

500 yards full bleached Cotton, extra fine, even weave, excellent finish, full 38 inches wide; this cotton is good enough for any purpose. To-day's market value 12½c a yard, sale price........10c

Here's another lot comprising fine qualities, heavy kinds and medium weights, plain and twilled; actually worth up to 12½c........15c a yard

22c. Sheetings 19c.

500 yards Sheetings, full two yards wide, splendid weight, plain or twilled, bleached or unbleached; regular value 22c a yard, sale price........19c

Another pile of two yards wide Sheetings, plain or twilled; these are splendid qualities equal to most stores, 28c kinds sale price........24c

17c. Pillow Cotton 14c.

A 42 Inch Circular Pillow Cotton, of good, firm, bleached cloth; easily worth 17c a yard, while it lasts only........14c

25c. Towels 18c.

25 dozen Towels, of genuine huck-a-back linen, 18 x 30 inches, fringed ends, assorted colored borders; regular value 25c a pair, sale price........18c

Regular 50c. a pair 19c. each.

About 300 Towels in this lot—they are of every thread pure linen, large size, 26 x 42 inches, hemstitched ends; no better wearing towel made. Our regular price 50c a pair, while they last they go at each 19c

30c. Table Linen 24c.

60 Inch Unbleached Table Linen, every thread pure linen, satin finish, perfect goods; regular value 30c, sale price........24c

45c. Table Linen 32c.

This may seem a big reduction, but the linen is slightly imperfect by a drop thread here and there, but the value is almost as good; the width is 72 inches. The pattern is a beauty. The saving is 13c a yard, only........32c

An Excellent Linen at 89c.

A very fine Irish Linen of the finest grass bleach; a very exquisite pattern; a rich satin finish, 2 yards wide; guaranteed to give excellent wear, a quality often sold at $1 25, sale price........89c

25 Linen Table Cloths, 64 inches wide by 2¼ yards long, choice of several dainty patterns; these are slightly damaged, but it is almost unnoticeable. Worth $2 00 each, sale price........1 48

Better ones at $2.25, $3.00, $3.75 and $4.50

Pure Linen Table Napkins, 19 x 19 inches, pretty pattern with border, durable and inexpensive; worth $1 25 a dozen, sale price........98c

Others up to $3 00, equally good value.

White Quilts at 89c.

One case White Crochet Quilts, large bed size, good weight, new patterns; a quilt well worth more money, sale price........89c

Fancy Linen Less than Half Price.

Through a fortunate purchase of our buying Syndicate, we are enabled to sell you fancy linens for less money than they were made for. Wise people will get here early Friday morning. The details follow:—

A great variety of Pillow Shams, Tray Cloths, Sideboard Scarfs, Stand and Dresser Covers. In the prettiest, daintiest and most exquisite designs of Tambour Work and Net Centres, etc. Some are very slightly soiled; all are perfect in manufacture. Former prices were $1 00, $1.25 and $1.50 each; until sold, sale price........69c

Lace Curtains and Muslins.

Prices Decidedly in your Favor.

50 pairs Nottingham Lace Curtains, 50 inches wide, 3 yards long, edges bound; dainty, delicate, new patterns that were never shown before, worth more than we ask, sale price a pair........69c

Another style of Nottingham Lace, edges bound, 3½ yards long 54 inches wide, new and novel designs of the more expensive kinds; regular price $2.25, sale price........98c

These are sample prices, we've others equally as good in value but better quality, especially priced at........$1 48, $1 69, $1 95, $2.23, $2.47 a pair and up

8c. Swiss Spotted Muslins 5c.

350 yards White Swiss Muslins, 23 inches wide, all new patterns; suitable for many purposes. Regular prices 7c and 8c a yard, sale price........5c

Laces, Embroideries and Handkerchiefs, Around the Half Price Mark.

Embroideries worth up to 12½c. at 5c.

In the lot are some very neat and dainty designs from 1 to 4 inches wide, lawn or cotton, ends of 2 to 8 yards in each piece; worth up to 12½c, sale price 5c

15c. and 20c. Laces 7½c.

Hundreds of yards dainty white or cream shimmering lace, of cotton, and a few silk pieces; the light lace effects and the heavier kinds, 3 to 6 inches wide; worth up to 20c a yard, sale price........7½c

10c. and 12½c. Handkerchiefs 6 for 25c.

25 dozen Women's Handkerchiefs of Lawn and Linen, assorted sizes and widths of the hem; these were sold as high as 12½c regularly, but we sell as we buy—underpriced, 6 for........25c

Muslin Underwear.

Not How Cheap but How Good.

Corset Covers at 24c.

20 dozen Corset Covers of fine Cotton, Lace trimmed, daintily tucked yoke, full size; a garment equal to many sold at 35c, our sale price........24c

$1.25 Gowns 98c.

White Gowns of good strong white Cotton, mantle full in length and width, choice of four charming new styles finished with numerous tuckings, and pretty embroidery trimmings on neck and sleeves; the kind that is never sold less than $1.25, sale price 98c

A Good Petticoat at 83c.

Women's Petticoats of white cotton, full in size, nicely finished with embroidery and several rows of tucking, regular value $1, sale price........83c

White Waists at 69c.

Women's Waists of white muslin, charmingly made with rows of narrow tucking on front and back, also insertion in front, extra value, sale price..69c

Drawers at 48c.

Women's Drawers, of white cotton, trimmed with embroidery and tucking, extra value at........48c

THE MEN'S SHARE IN THE WHITE GOODS.

15c. to 25c. Handkerchiefs 2 for 25c.

25 Doz. Men's White Linen Handkerchiefs, fine sheer quality, good size, hemstitch, a splendid opportunity to lay in a supply at little cost, worth up to 25c. each, sale price, 2 for........25c

Unlaundered Shirts 49c.

10 Doz. Men's White Unlaundered Shirts, of fine white cotton, reinforced front and back, strong and durable, as good as the regular 75c. dress shirts, sale price........49c

WAKELY & FORD

LINDSAY.

COME WITH THE CROWD! COME WITH THE CROWD

Bargain Friday and Saturday

....FEBRUARY 13th—14th....

We have such an assortment of Attractive Bargains for this week which will be appreciated when you see them.

BARGAIN	BARGAIN DAY
1—3 Patterns White Striped Apron Muslin, reg. 6c	4c
2—2 Patterns Checked Lawn for aprons, reg. 11c	8c
3—25 Boxes White Shetland Floss, reg. 7c	6c
4—White Lace Curtains, 3½ yards, reg. $2	$1 60
5—White Lace Curtains, 3½ yards, reg. $1 10	90c
6—White Lustre Blouses, reg. $2 60	$2 10
7—White Silk Blouses, reg. $4 50	$3 85
8—White Lawn and Muslin Blouses, reg. $1 00 and $1 50	75c
9—White Mercerized Sateen, reg. 20c	15c
10—White Bordered Lawn, 40-inch., reg. 12½c	9c
11—White Lawn, reg. 12, b.d. 9c; reg. 13	10c
12—White Lonsdale Cambric or White Cotton, reg. 11c	9c
13—White Sheeting, 8-4, reg. 28c for 23c; reg. 30c	26c
14—White Pillow Cotton, 44 in., reg. 17c, b.d. 13c; reg. 20c	16c
15—White Lawn Handkerchiefs, 2 for 5c; reg. 5c each, 3 for	10c
16—White Lawn Handkerchiefs with colored border, reg. 7c	5c
17—White Lawn Handkerchiefs, fancy corner, lace edge, reg. 10c, 2 for	15
18—Men's White Cotton Handkerchiefs, 2 for 5c, reg. 8c	5c
19—White Lawn Undershirts, reg. 10 B Days 78c, reg. $1,25	$100
20—White Chemises, Embroidery trimming, reg 55c	45c
21—White Night Gowns, Lace trimmed, reg. $1.10	78c
22—White Lawn Drawers, embroidery trimming, reg. 53c	45c
23—White Corset Covers, embroidery trimming, reg. 30c	24c
10 per cent off all other White Goods	
24—White Ribbon Gloria, 4 inches, reg. 25c, at 20c Taffeta, reg. 25c	20c
25—White Lousine Ribbon, 4 inch, 16c at 13c, watered, reg. 25c	20c
26—White C. P. Corsets No. 645 reg $1.25	$1 00
27—New Embroideries, 3c, 5c, 8c, 10c, 15c and 20c	
28—White C. P. Corsets, No. 645, reg. $1.25	$1.00
29—White Wool Knitted Gloves. reg. 35c	28c
10 per cent off all Kid Gloves and Corsets, Bargain Days	
30—New Val. Laces 2c, 3c, 4c, 5c, 6c 7c 8c and 10c.	
31—Chatelaine Bags 25c, 30c, 40c and 45c.	
32—White Laundried Shirts, reg. $1.00	75c
33—White Linen Towels, 24x40, reg 28c	22c
34—White Linen Towels, 20c, 40c, 25c	20c
35—White Flannel, reg. 38c at 28c, reg. 55c	44c
36—White Table Linen, 66 in., reg. 85c at 65c, reg. 90c	70c
37—White Table Linen, 65 in., 45c, 38c; reg. 50c	40c
38—China Cups and Saucers, reg. 25c	15c
39—4 Fancy China Cheese Dishes, reg. 50c	40c
40—4 Fancy China Biscuit Bowls, 50c	40c
41—100 Bread and Butter Plates, reg. 10c each	7c
42—5 pieces Colored Wrapperette, reg. 8c	6c
43—39 remnants Shaker Flannel, reg. 9c	6c
44—56 inch Blue Serge, reg. 65c	50c
45—46 inch Black Satin Solid Dress Goods, reg 69c	14c
46—Remnants Colored Silk from 1 to 2 1-2 yards, per yard	25c
47—Colored Waist Lining, reg. 15c	12c
48—Ladies' Vests, reg. 25c	20c
49—Ladies' Vests, reg. 30c	24c
50—Ladies' Drawers, reg. 55c	42c
51—Checked Apron Linen, 40 in., reg 20c	16c
52—Apron Gingham, reg. 10c	7c
53—Roller Towelling, 5c, 4c, 5c, 6c and	7c
54—Men's Blue Fleece-Lined Top Shirts, reg. $1 00	80c
55—Tapestry Carpets, four patterns, reg. 60c	48c
56—Wool filled Carpets, reg. 65c	53c
57—100 Shade Blinds, reg. $1.00 and $1.10	60c
58—Men's Coon Fur Coats, reg. $50 00	$42.00
59—Men's Coon Fur Coats, reg. $60 00	$50.00
60—Men's $30 Fur Coats, four styles	$25 00
61—Ladies' Austrachan Mantles, reg $48 00	$39 00
62—Ladies, Astrachan Mantle, reg. $45.00	$38 00
63—Ladies' Fur lined Circulars, reg. $30.00	$24.00

15 per cent. of all Mantles and Clothing, Bargain Days.
15 per cent. of all Overcoats, Bargain Days.

E. E. W. McGAFFEY

McLennan & Co.

ENGLISH CUTLERY

Carvers,
Carvers in Cases,
Razors,
Pocket Knives,
Scissors,
Table Knives and Forks,
Sterling Silver Spoons

McLennan & Co.

Shelf and Heavy Hardware.
Tinware and Graniteware.
Coal and Iron.
Glazed Sewer Pipe.
Portland Cement.

NO NEED

To have your horse in a poor condition when

Kenny's Condition Powders

Are so easily to be had; will give result that will astonish you and only

25c package.

Sold at

DUNOON'S DRUG... STORE..

Next Campbell's Grocery.

TENDERS WANTED.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned, at their office, 16 King street west, Toronto, up to Monday, February 23rd, inclusive, for the necessary EXCAVATING, BLASTING, STONE MASONRY, BRICK MASONRY AND CONCRETE WORK at Raven Lake and Elliott's Falls, Victoria County, Ontario, for the construction of buildings. Plans and specifications may be seen at 16 King street west, Toronto; at the Company's office, Raven Lake, and at the office of McLaughlin & Peel, Lindsay, Ontario.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted—w2.

RAVEN LAKE PORTLAND CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

Toronto, Feb. 10, 1903.

DEATHS.

OSBORNE.—In Mariposa, on Feb. 4th Eva Osborne, wife of Herbert Shaver.

BREEZY LOCAL BREVITIES.

GATHERED BY POST REPORTERS.

What is Happening in Town and the Country About Us.

—Lent will begin in three weeks. Hustle up with the card parties.

—Miss O'Sullivan, of Campbellford, is visiting at Senator McHugh's, Regent-st.

Monkey Brand Soap cleans kitchen utensils, steel, iron and tinware, knives and forks, and all kinds of cutlery.

The boy stood in the alley,
He had left the burning deck;
And call the people who passed by
Got a snowball in the neck.

—Mr. Harry Babcock had his finger badly injured at the Sylvester Works a couple of days ago. Dr. White dressed the wound.

—The annual spring meeting of Maple Leaf cheese factory will be held on Friday, Feb 20th, at 1 o'clock, in the cheese factory All patrons are requested to be present

—Victor Hugo's masterpiece, "The Story of Jean Valjean," will be the subject of Rev. Dr. Cleaver's lecture in St. Andrew's church, Lindsay, on Tuesday, March 3rd.—dw1.

—In our report of the Board of Education meeting, published a few days ago we stated that Mr. Kylie had been appointed a member of the Managing committee. This was incorrect.

—A meeting of the Trent Waterway Association will be held in the Town Council Chamber, Peterboro, on Monday, February 16th, 1903, at 1.30 o'clock in the afternoon. A large attendance from all parts of the district is urged.

—Orillia News-Letter: Down in Lindsay the superintendent of the waterworks says electric pumps are a failure in pumping water, and cites teh experience of Yarmouth, N.S., as an example. He might come nearer home and cite Orillia, as a big success, however.

—Chief of Police Roszel, of Peterboro, who is the town's sanitary inspector has been deputed by the Board of Health to visit the homes of 300 absent school children and ascertain the cause. If a medical certificate cannot be shown the parents will be prosecuted.

—Miss Cummings, of Minneapolis, the champion lady fancy skater of America, gave a performance at the rink Friday night to a small crowd, there being only about 100 in attendance owing to the free entertainment in the Collegiate. Miss Cummings performed many difficult feats which elicited much praise. She gave a performance in Fenelon Falls Saturday evening.

—Peterboro Central Fair Board has been reorganized and a new Association formed with Hon. J. R. Stratton as Hon. Vice-President, and Mr. Hughes-Charles, President. Several members of the Turf Club were appointed on the Board of Directors. The obligations of the former Association, some $1.400, will not be assumed by the new body.

—A special car attached to No. 21 from Port Hope—conveying the St. Peter's church choir boys, of Berlin, who had been in attendance at the Provincial Y.M.C.A. Convention of Peterboro,—passed through yesterday morning. There were 36 boys from 9 to 15 years in the choir, and their singing while the train was at the station was greatly enjoyed by those present.

—The McAll Missionary Society will meet at the residence of Mrs. Milne, Cambridge-st., on Monday, Feb. 9th, at 3 o'clock p.m.

—Mr. R. Kylie was in Peterboro to-dya attending the funeral of the 10 year old daughter of his brother, Mr. John Kylie, a bright child who died Thursday of an attack of meningitis.

—Dr. P. H. Bryce, Secretary of the Provincial Board of Health, visited Peterboro on Wednesday and conferred with the local Board of Health as to the steps that should be taken to cope with the scarlet fever and diphtheria outbreak.

—About a dozen of our citiens took in the excursion to Berlin on Wednesday, run under the auspices of the Whitby Board of Trade, to inspect the large sugar beet factory which was erected there last summer.

—The following paragraph, clipped from a list of new companies seeking incorporation in Ontario, will interest our readers: The Kawartha Lakes Navigation Company of Lindsay; capital, $50,000, provisional directors, John Carew, Joseph B. Parkin and T. H. Hamilton.

—The entertainment given Monday night under the auspices of Lindsay Home Circle was a great success. The lodge room was packed to the doors and the program, which consisted of vocal and instrumental music, readings, etc., was first-class. Mr. Jos. Brown officiated as chairman.

—Following are the delegates who went from Lindsay to attend the annual Y. M. C. A. Convention at Peterboro, which was in session last week in that town; Messrs. O. A. Jones, secretary of the local Y. M. C. A., J. Palmer, —W. Carlisle, E. W. Henley, W. Kenny, O. Pogue and W. Pearce.

—The officers of Guiding Star Encampment No. 22, I.O.O.F., were installed for the ensuing term last week by Bro. H. Morgan, of Peterboro, D.D.C.M. Bros. Geo. F. Cairns, S. Sharpe and R. J. Matchett, of Peterboro, were present, and after the installation, short speeches were made and a pleasant evening spent.

—In Peterboro, on Thursday night, Oliver Dusty, of Cannington, defeated Walter Jackson, champion of Peterboro County, in a challenge skating race. The race was run in three heats of a mile each, Dusty winning the whole three. The best time made was 3.40 and 3.28. The same evening Mr. Geuno, of Copper Cliff, gave an exhibition of jumping on skates.

—The attention of contractors is directed to the advertisement of the Raven Lake Portland Cement Company, Limited, asking for tenders for different kinds of work in connection with their buildings at Raven Lake and Elliott's Falls. Copies of the plans and specifications may be seen at the office of McLaughlan & Peel, Lindsay. The Company have been delivering large quantities of building material at their Raven Lake building site, and the indications all point to great activity there when the snow and frost leave the ground.

—On the evening of Feb. 19th Orillia Board of Trade will tender a complimentary banquet to the officials of the Grand Trunk Railway. General Manager Hays has promised that the management will be well represented, and that he will be present in person if possible. Lindsay seems to manifest a desire to offer a cold shoulder in place of a banquet, as an important request made by Supt. Tiffin is being continually shelved. It will also give some of our people a chill to learn that the banquet tickets are $1.50 each.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. This signature *E. W. Grove* on every box, 25c.

ONLY A SLIGHT COLD.

Yet It May Lead to Consumption and an Early Grave.

If your blood is poor or watery a touch of cold or influenza will settle in your lungs, and the slight cough of to-day may turn to the racking consumptive's cough of to-morrow.

Weak lungs are caused by weak blood; weak blood is an open invitation for consumption to lay upon you the hand of death

Stop that cough by enriching your blood and strengthening your lungs with Dr Williams' Pink Pills They make new, rich, red blood They add resisting power to the lungs They have saved hundreds from a consumptive's grave Here is a positive proof that Dr Williams' Pink Pills cure where other medicines fail Miss Katie Henry, Charlottetown, P.E.I., says: 'Some months ago I got caught in a rain storm, and the wetting was followed by a cold At first I paid but little attention to it, but as the cold clung to me and finally developed into a hacking cough, I became alarmed and consulted a doctor, who gave me a bottle of medicine Unfortunately, it did not help me, and I began to grow pale, lost in weight and my appetite completely left me I was now regularly under the care of the doctor, who told me my lungs were affected, and that I was threatened with consumption The doctor's treatment did not seem to benefit me in the least, I steadily grew weaker, and finally was compelled to remain in bed At this time a friend urged me to try Dr Williams' Pink Pills, and even brought me three boxes before I finally consented to take them. I have reason now to bless my friend's persistence, because I felt better before all the pills were gone, and I gladly continued the treatment, and was soon able to be out of bed and take a walk each day I am now in the best of health and weigh ten pounds more than I did before I took sick I feel that I owe my life to Dr Williams' Pink Pills, and hope my experience will benefit some other sufferer

All diseases which come from poor blood or weak nerves can be driven from the system by the use of Dr Williams' Pink Pills, which may be had from any dealer in medicine, or will be sent post paid at 50c per box or six boxes for $2.50 by writing direct to the Dr Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. Remember that substitutes and medicines said to be "just as good" do not cure

No Matter What

You may require in the printing line, it may pay you to consult The Post Job Department. The fine plant and equipment make it possible to cope with the best city establish-

IT'S JUST LIKE THIS!

We have had a good business this year, and will know to a dollar how we stand when we take stock February 28th. We are anxious to have our stock reduced by hundreds of dollars before this date. It's one of our stock rules to sell all Winter lines at FIRST COST rather than summer them over. Our loss will be your gain; look through the following list of articles that we include in the BARGAIN GIVING CHANCE:

Children's, Boys', Youth's Young Men's and Men's Overcoats.	Young Men's and Men's Smoking Jackets, Lounging Coats and Dressing Gowns.	Men's and Boys' Colored Cambric Shirts, soft or stiff bosoms.
Boys', Youths', Men's Jackets.	Men's Fur Coats, Caps and Mitts.	Boys' and Girls' Blue and Grey Lamb Caps.
Boys', Youths', Men's Odd Coats, Vest and Pants.	Cardigan Jackets, Sweaters, Mufflers, Underclothing.	Boys', Youths' and Men's Cloth Caps.
Boys', Youths' and Men's Tweed, Serge and Worsted Suits.	Flannel, Wool, Knit and Fleeced-lined top Shirts.	100 Girls' and Boys' Cloth, Velvet and Silk Tams, regular 50c and 75c kind for 35c.

We have bargains for old and young, rich and poor, and only one price.

M. J. CARTER, The Clothier, Lindsay.

AS TRAVELLERS COME AND GO

PITHY PERSONAL POINTERS.

Movements of Citizens and Strangers Within Our Gates.

—Mr. Albert Jewett left for Winnipeg last week.

—Mrs. J. A. Paddon is visiting friends in Toronto.

Mr. David Eagleson left on Monday for Huntsville.

—Mr. Bruce Paton, of Toronto, was home over Sunday.

—Mr. F. A. McDiarmid has been made a notary public.

—Mr. Addison Rickaby, of Brooklin, was in town over Sunday.

—Mrs. J. Scott and Mrs. Caldwell, of Kinmount were in town Tuesday.

—Mr. J. B. Anderson, of Haliburton, was in town Wednesday.

—Mr. W. H. Bryce, of Depot Harbor, was in town Wednesday on business.

—Miss Campbell, of Lorneville, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. Wakely, Cambridge-st.

—Mr. H. Milligan, of Millbrook, inspector for the Midland Loan & Savings Co., was in town Tuesday.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. Y. Hopkins and Mrs. Geo. Train, of Kinmount, were in town Monday.

—Mrs. Haw, of Sidney, Man., is visiting Miss Violet Cann, Oakwood, and other friends in Mariposa.

—Mr. M. McCarty, conductor on the run between Midland and Blackwater, was in town over Sunday.

—Mr. Geo. Bemister, of Haliburton, passed through to Toronto Tuesday.

—Mr. Jos. McFarland, general merchant, Fenelon Falls, was in town Wednesday on business.

—Mr. F. Sanford, of Fenelon Falls, and Mr. J. T. Graham, of Baddow, were in town Tuesday.

Miss Kate Moriarty, of buffalo,, is visiting her brother, Mr. M. Moriarty, of South Ops.

—Toronto Star; Miss Mollie Baker, of Lindsay, is the guest of Mrs. Harry C. Baker, 231 Sherbourne-st.

—Miss Dingle, who had been visiting her sister, Mrs. Palen, left lately for Toronto to visit friends, after which she goes to New York.

—Dr. C. Harnden, dentist, of Bowmanville, was in town on Tuesday, passing through to the north country.

—Miss M. Brady, of Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., is the guest of her uncle, Mr. Nicholas Brady, South Ops.

—Port Hope Guide: Miss Cobourn, of Lindsay, is spending a few days with her friend, Miss Bessie Campion, Bloomsgrove-ave.

—Rev. W. J. Creighton, of Bobcaygeon, and Rev. Mr. Soward, of Kinmount, passed through to Toronto Wednesday.

—Rev. Fr. Spratt, of Wolfe Island, near Kingston, is spending a few day's in town with his brother, Mr. R. P. Spratt.

—Mr. John Mallett has decided to give up housekeeping for a time, and has sold his fine residence on Wellington-st. to Mr. Arksey, an employee of the Flavelle Milling Co. Mr. Mallett is advertising his household furniture and effects for sale.

—Dr. Day left Monday for Toronto to attend the annual meeting of the Ontario Dental Association He returned on Wednesday.

—Mr. C. H. Grantham, who had been visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. T. C. Boyd at Bobcaygeon for several weeks, passed through to Toronto on Saturday.

—Mr. G. H. Adair, formerly of Norland, but now with the C.P.R. at Rat Portage, was in town to-day and made The Post a friendly call.

—Miss L. A. Wakely, head milliner for Messrs. Dundas & Flavelle Bros., left Monday for Toronto and New York to attend the millinery openings.

—Mr. W. L. Grase and Mr. Jas. Sheppard, of Bradford, were in town Saturday. They have been conducting Farmers' Institute meetings throughout the County.

—Miss M. E. Sheriff, who for several years has been stenographer in Mr. Hopkins' office, has secured a good position near her home in Kansas, and left for that city on Saturday last.

Mr. Geo. Bradshaw, a former Lindsayite, and a brother of Mr. Archie Bradshaw, town, has been appointed Chief of Police of Rossland, B. C. Mr. Bradshaw has been acting as sergeant to the Chief for the past couple of years.

—Mr. Bert Lamont, formerly of The Post staff, but for the past couple of years with the Berlin News-Record, Berlin, left on Monday for Winnipeg, where he has accepted a position as typograph operator on The Tribune staff.

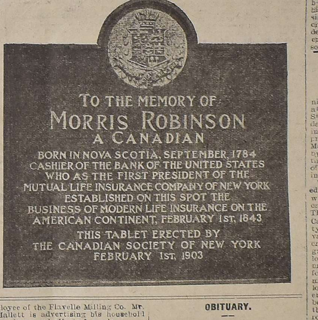
—Port Hope Guide: Lieut. Hector Read, 46th Regiment, has been notified that the Secretary of State for War has granted him a commission in the Gold Coast Regiment, serving on the west coast of Africa. Lieut. Read is required to report at the War Office in England as soon as possible. We congratulate Mr. Read on his success and we feel sure he will fill the bill with credit.

—Mr. Wes. Stacey, manager of the Rathbun Co's business at Fenelon Falls, was in town Saturday on business.

—Bowmanville News: Messrs. Albret Tait and H. Avery are visiting friends at Oakwood, Little Britain and Lindsay.

—Miss Minnie Grosjean, of Cobourg, who had been visiting Miss Katie Hartnett and Miss May Twohey, left for her home on Wednesday last.

—Mr. Andrew Brown, of Chatham, an old resident of Ops township, is visiting his son, Mr. Sam. Brown, of the east ward. Mr. Brown left this district 26 years ago, and is calling on old friends for the second time in that long period.



OBITUARY.

The Late Thomas Hutton.

Thomas Hutton, who was buried in the Roman Catholic cemetery on Monday, Feb. 2nd, came with his parents from Dumfries, in Scotland, in the year 1829, when he was about two years of age. His father, Francis Hutton, settled on lot 21, in the 2nd concession of Ops, and it was on this farm that Thomas Hutton lived and died. At the time when he came to this country there were not more than twenty settlers in the township, and about half-a-dozen log houses marked out the town of Lindsay. Purdy's Mill had not yet been built, and any flour or meal required had to be brought from Peterboro, which was then a village of nearly 1000 inhabitants.

Several of the people who came into Ops had settled along the shores of the Sougog river, which offered the only means of communication. A bag of wheat carried to Peterboro on the shoulders of the hardy pioneer, or slung across the back of the ox team, to be ground into flour and brought back by the same means, was the only luxury indulged in for several years after his arrival. In 1837 two of his uncles and an aunt came to live in the same neighborhood. The vessel on which they had crossed the Atlantic was stopped at Quebec by news of the rebellion, and the young people had to make their way as best they could in small boats up the River St. Lawrence, and after leaving the waterway, by many weary days' travel through the wilderness, to their future home. Mrs. Diament, mother of Captain Diament, and a relative of Thomas Hutton, was one of this party.

About this time there was a considerable influx of population. The trail marked out by the foot passengers was being widened to accommodate the ox team, which in time gave way to the horse and heavy wagon, or in winter time the more easy-going jumper. These followed the route of the original trail winding through the woods, and it was many years before the roads were marked out on the straight boundary lines. The trials of those days were met and overcome by stout, cheerful hearts and strong arms, and many of the settlers lived to see the log cabin exchanged for the comfortable brick dwelling surrounded by commodious outbuildings.

By industry and hard work, with the assistance of a thrifty and willing wife, Thomas Hutton shared in the general advancement, and at his death had the satisfaction of leaving his three sons—Francis, Thomas James and John Joseph—in possession of three splendid farms, all free from debt. Three of his daughters—Mary, wife of Thomas Flynn; Margaret, wife of John Rielly; and Elizabeth, wife of John Fleury, with three unmarried daughters and his widow, survive him. An honest man, he enjoyed the respect and esteem of his neighbors; a faithful and consistent member of the Catholic church, he led a good life and at his death was made happy by the presence of his family and by the consolations of his religion.

A FEBRUARY WEDDING.

Mills—Stinson.

A very pretty wedding was solemnized at 2.30 on Friday afternoon at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Stinson, Janetville, when their daughter, Wilma Maud, was united in marriage to Mr. Wm. J. Mills, a prosperous young farmer of Holland, Man. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Mr. Howard, pastor of the Methodist church, in the presence of about 100 invited guests, including relatives and friends.

The bride looked charming, dressed in white violeenn train, trimmed with white silk and applique. She carried a boquet of white carnations The bridesmaid was Miss M. Cairns, of Lifford, who looked pretty attired in organdis trimmed with valenciennes lace and chiffon and carried a bouquet of flowers. The groom was supported by Mr. Willoughby Stinson, brother of the bride. Miss Ada Wilson of Lifford, played Mendelssohn's wedding march as the bride entered the parlor leaning on the arm of her father. After the congratulations had been extended to the happy couple the party repaired to the dining-room, where a sumptuous wedding dejeuner was served.

The presents to the bride were handsome and numerous; which is an indication of her popularity among her friends.

In addition to those present from Lindsay, Lifford, and other places, were Mr. and Mrs. H. Stinson, Mr. and Miss Matchett, of Treherm; Mr. Jos. Paul, of Holland, Man; and Mr. W. J. Robinson, of Winnipeg. A strange incident in connection with the marriage is that this is the third daughter of Mr. Stinson that has married into the Mills family, the third daughter marrying the third son. Mr. and Mrs. Mills will spend a couple of weeks with Lindsay friends before going to their home in Holland.

The Post and their numerous friends join in wishing them a long and happy married life.

MARRIAGES.

SONLEY—MULLEN—At the parsonage, 245 University-ave., Toronto, on Feb. 4th, 1903, by the Rev. G. W. Dewey, Mr. T. H. Sonley, of Mariposa, to Miss Gertrude Mullen, of Toronto.

BIRTHS

MOORE.—In Lindsay, on Feb. 4th, the wife of Harry Moore, east ward, a daughter.

DEATHS.

MOORE.—In Lindsay, on Friday, Feb. 6th, the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. H. Moore.

Commercial Printing.

When in need of anything in the line of commercial stationery, visiting cards, etc., leave your order at The Post job department. Workmanship unexcelled.

SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT.

Academy of Music, Feb. 20th.

Mrs. Bertha Cushing Childs, of Boston, the renowned contralto who appears in Lindsay on Friday evening, 20th inst., under Mr. J. Parnell Morris' direction, is one of the foremost artists on this continent. She studied with Clara Munger, the teacher of the famous prima donna, Emma Eames, also with George Henschel in London. In Paris she she studied with Mme de Lande Boreby and Madam Richard, all of the Grand Opera. She has been soloist of the Central Congregational church, Boston, and the Broadway Tabernacle, New York City. Her assisting artists, Miss Helen Wyrick, of Detroit, entertainer, Miss Isabel Gordon, solo violinist, and Mr. W. Spencer Jones, accompanist, will form a combination of artists that will present a program never surpassed here. The Opera House will hold one of the largest and most fashionable audiences of the season. Three rows 50c, balance 35c.; gallery 25c.—wd1.

Police Court Calendar

—Ed. Kearney and A. Cameron appeared before P. M. Steers yesterday at 9.30 charged with assault and acting disorderly. They were each fined $5 and costs, amounting to $6.50 in all, and were warned to keep the peace in the future.

—Last spring Redmond McGrath, along with Geo. Walker of the east ward, burglarized a couple of hotels in Midland, securing $50 in cash and several valuable rings and watches. They fled from Midiand, but a couple of months later Walker turned up in Lindsay and was immediately arrested and taken back to Midland. He was let off on suspended sentence on agreing to makee restitution by giving security for the amount of goods. McGrath went over to Uncle Sam's domains, but thinking the trouble had blown over he came back to Lindsay last week. Chief Nevison heard of his arrival and going to his home at 6 o'clock in the morning awakened him from his peaceful slumbers. He was taken taken to Midland yesterday by Constable Richards, of that town, to stand his trial

Are you going to see them?

THE ATHLETES FROM

THE BRITANNIA NAVAL BRIGADE CLUBS

(Champions of Canada),

Academy of Music, Lindsay,

Tuesday, February 24th, 1903, at 8.30 p.m.

BAG PUNCHING—Jas. Willett, Champion of Canada.

ACROBATIC ACT—Jack Lougheed and Co.

BICYCLE RACE on Home Trainers—Jas. Willett vs. George Campbell, Champion of Canada.

BOXING—Three rounds at 90 lbs.—B. Goslin vs. Ted Southam, Champion Boy of Canada. Three rounds at 110 lbs.—Thomas Daly, vs. Abe Harris, Champion of Canada. Five rounds at 125 lbs.—Billy Smith vs. Jumbo Campbell, Champion Colored Boxer of Canada.

WRESTLING—Catch-as-catch-can, best two in three falls—Alex Peterson, Beaverton heavyweight, vs. W. Lorne Galloway, Champion of Canada at 140 lbs.

Mouth Organ Imitations—Wm. Smith, Champion of Canada.

Comic Singing—Chas. Jones, one of the best.

Jack Daly, Champion lightweight boxer of Canada, referee.

EXTRAS—W. Lorne Galloway will forfeit $10 to any 140 lbs. man he fails to throw in fifteen minutes. Jack Daly will stop any lightweight in 5 rounds or forfeit $10.

Usual prices—Gallery 25c., ground floor 35c. and 50c. These will be clever exhibitions.—Come.—w2d2.

THE CANADA PAINT CO
MONTREAL.
PRISM BRAND
READY MIXED PAINTS
These are without any question the best paints made.
To be had in any quantity. See the 1903 Color Card for latest shades.

McLENNAN & CO.
"ELEPHANT" WHITE LEAD, AMBERILS, VARNISHES.

The Weekly Post
LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEB. 13, 1903.

E. V. TEACHERS' CONVENTION.

THE ANNUAL GATHERING OPENED THURSDAY JAN. 5th.

A Number of Interesting Addresses Followed by Profitable Discussions.

The annual Convention of the teachers of East Victoria met yesterday morning in the Union School at ten o'clock, with a large number of teachers from the country. Mr. Knight opened the proceedings with prayer, after which the secretary Miss Nugent, read the minutes and the various committees were appointed.

The President's address was given by Mr. Peters, who spoke on the importance of school libraries —of their necessity in inculcating ideals of citizenship, of the selection of good books, and of the means of securing libraries. He suggested that the amount of the Government grant depend on the value of the school library.

Mr. E. A. Hardy led in this discussion on school libraries, and briefly explained the origin of the movement in this county. Two years ago at this Convention a paper on History was read, advising historical libraries for our public schools. The Town Council gave fifty dollars to this end, with which ten sets of books — all bearing on history — were bought, and were sent around from school to school in this district. As far as Mr. Hardy knew, every school had had a set of these books at least once in the year. Three sets had been returned, seven were still in circulation, and four had been bought by teachers or trustees. Four general principles were laid down:—1. History is most important in teaching children to be good citizens. 2 Teachers are lacking in knowledge of history. 3 History cannot be taught without fresh knowledge. 4 Teachers are not in a financial condition to buy books Mr. Hardy went on to say that the teachers had not supported these school libraries as well as they might have, and urged them to take more interest in them, and show that interest.

Several teachers spoke commending these travelling libraries and testifying to the interest taken in them by the pupils.

Mr. Lochhead spoke on the "Preparation and Authorization of Text Books," and advised the teachers to take the lead in preparing text books and not to follow the Minister of Education. He said that Mr. Ross and Hon. Mr. Harcourt are willing to use the text books of practical teachers.

In the discussion which followed several of the teachers spoke in disappointing terms of the History text books now in use, and advocated a text book written by teachers who themselves teach history.

Dr. Goggin spoke very briefly and pointed out the difficulties in the way of good text books, the chief one being wide diversities of opinion among teachers themselves, as to what is helpful. The publishers of text books are most anxious to have good books, and the Government gets as much advice from educational bodies as is, perhaps, good for it.

The session then adjourned till the afternoon.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON.

The afternoon session of the East Victoria Teachers' Convention opened by roll call, followed by an admirable paper by Miss Armstrong on "Good Citizenship." Mr. J. J. Tilley then gave a talk on "Geography," showing that man's condition is determined by his surroundings. In North America he pointed out the prominent physical features — the slopes determining the drainage, the climate determining the products, the natural outlets and all affecting man.

Dr. Goggin next spoke on "Natural Study," and said that this branch had been taught in Manitoba for the last ten years, and that during that time many blunders had been made of which he might warn us. Perhaps the greatest had been too much use of the text books. Books kill nature study. He pointed out the three aspects of it—and the practical view of the matter, and spiritual and went on to give the purpose of nature study. This is to study all parts of nature as living organisms. The attitude should be that of Emerson in his lines,

"Hast thou passed all the birds without a gun?
Loved the mild rose and left it on its stem?"

Do not bring nature to the child, but take the child to nature, and teach him to be reverent and careful in his dealings with nature's children. Dr. Goggin then gave several illustrations of lessons on germination and buds, also on birds, showing that the plant world and the bird world are not so unlike our own.

Mr. Macmillan in introducing his subject "The Bible in Schools," said that the argument for the bible is that the school is the place to make good citizens. There is need of good character in this, and the teaching of conduct, which, as Matthew Arnold says, is three-fourths of life. The bible teaches good conduct and tends to make character. Three points were touched on—that religion is practically ruled out of the schools, the reasons for letting it in, and how this might be done. The reason for the first is that it is a masterialistic age, and so our schools have become, not artists studios, but shoe-peg factories. If the bible were let into the schools, it would tend to unite all classes, the rich and the poor, educated and illiterate, foreign and native-born. At present, the growing numbers of sectarian colleges is deepening the chasm between these classes. No one practically believes in the separation of the churches on the different creeds as a ground. The same helps are used in our Sunday schools, throughout the churches. In closing, Mr. Macmillan said that the teacher's personality is most important—more so than anything else. The school is everything to the child, and if he does not get moral training at school, he often gets it somewhere else.

A motion was made that Mr. Macmillans paper be published in the town daily, and that a copy be sent to every teacher in the County.

FRIDAY'S SESSIONS.

After the roll call and the minutes of the previous meetings, the reports were read. The treasurer reported $50.55 on hand. Mr. Armour led in a discussion on "The Value of Imperfect Answers in Examinations," and spoke of the objects of examinations, classification and a proper valuation of the child's knowledge. He pointed out the danger of a teacher magnifying the work of his own pupils and spoke of the value of neatness on an examination paper. Mr. McEachern did not believe in the promotion examinations, and thought that if a teacher is fit to teach, he is fit to promote. Miss Thomas spoke briefly as to the value of answers in arithmetic.

Mr. J. J. Tilley then illustrated "Inductive Teaching," in its four stages—examination, composition, abstraction and generalization—in getting the concept of an island.

The first part of the afternoon was taken up with resolutions, on which there was some discussion. Then Mr. Tilley spoke on "School Management," and reminded the teachers not to expect a practical cure-all for the ills of school, and that school management like other kinds of management depends largely on what is to managed, To this end he spoke on the following instincts of child nature all of which must be regarded: Activity, love of change and variety, curiosity, mastery in conquest, and imitation.

At the end of this talk a vote of thanks was heartily given to Mr. Tilley, Dr. Goggin and Mr. Lochhead, all of whom had been much enjoyed by the Convention. After the report of the nominating committee had been given, the Convention adjourned till next year.

ADDRESS AND PRESENTATION.

The Ladies' Aid of Queen-st Church Pay a Tribute to a Departing Member.

The Ladies, Aid of Queen-st. Methodist church met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Maunder on Monday night, February 2nd, for the purpose of saying good bye to Mrs. J. C. Mark, who has been an active worker in the church, and also to present the following address and make a presentation to her. Mr. Mark, Mrs. Mark and family are residing now in Toronto. The following is the address:

To Mrs. J. C. Mark; Dear Friend—A number of your well-wishers of the Queen-st.. Methodist church, Lindsay, embrace the present opportunity of conveying to you in some slight tangible form the warm feeling of esteem and friendship and christian love we have towards you. Your sympathy with the interests of the church, and your genial christian kindness of disposition, have made you very dear to us, and while we bid you good bye, we are cheered by the reflection that in a new sphere of usefulness you will cheer other hearts and do all that devoted piety and womanly sympathy can avail in doing the Master's will, promoting the interests of His church and the happiness of His children.

As a memento from your many friends of this church, and more especially from the Ladies Aid, we ask your acceptance of this Bible and Hymn Book, with the prayer that as you read and use them they will often remind you of your friends in Lindsay, whose prayers will follow you. The Master's presence go with you and yours, that it may abide with you and bless your work, and by and bye, when life's duties are all done and we are called one by one into His presence may there be a glad reunion in that heavenly home. We would desire it understood that the regret we feel extends to your estimable partner and family. We will miss you all very much, and we hope that "Our loss will be your gain," and in your new home we believe you will always exert a great influence for good.

Let us all hope and pray that we may in that heavenly home be gathered and known as His jewels and realize by participation that—

"My Saviour comes and walks with me,
And sweet communion here have we,
As angels with the white-robed throng
Join in the sweet redemption song."

—Signed, Mrs. J. Pollard, President; Mrs. William Maunder, Secretary.

My Lungs Perhaps they are sore and weak from constant coughing. How is this? Have you forgotten about the cough medicine your grandmother gave you 50 years ago,—Ayer's Cherry Pectoral?
25c., 50c., $1.00. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

OUR BOARD OF EDUCATION

INAUGURAL MEETING HELD WEDNESDAY FEB. 4th.

Mr. T. Stewart Re-elected Chairman—the Standing Committees—Teacher Armour Granted an Increase of Salary, and the Sec.-Treasurer and Caretakers Prefer Requests to that End.

The first meeting of the Board of Education for 1903 was held on Feb 9th in the Council chamber. The following members subscribed to the declaration of qualification and office and took their seats: —Messrs. T. Stewart, D. R. Anderson, Dr. Blanchard, R. Kennedy, R. Kylie, Col. Deacon, J. G. Edwards, J. Staples, Dr. Jeffers, P. G. Pilkie and Jas. McKnight. Principals Harston, of the Collegiate, Broderick, of the Public Schools, and Mr. E. A. Hardy were also present.

Executive Officers.

Mr. Spier, the secretary, called the meeting to order, and then said it was their duty to elect a chairman.

On motion of Col. Deacon, seconded by Mr. Anderson, Mr. Stewart was appointed chairman for the ensuing year. Mr. Stewart briefly thanked the members for the honor conferred.

Mr. Spier —"It's your duty next, gentlemen, to appoint a secretary-teasurrer, and if you wish me to take it I must have an increase in salary. I have been your secretary for thirty years and I think my long service entitles me to a larger remuneration."

On motion of Col. Deacon, seconded by Dr. Blanchard, Mr. Spier was re-appointed for 1903 at a salary to be fixed by the Board at a future meeting.

The minutes of the last meeting, held on Jan. 6, 1903. were read and adopted.

The Standing Committees.

On motion of Col. Deacon, seconded by Mr. Kennedy, the Board went into committee of the whole for the purpose of striking the several committees for the year. The following members were placed on the respective committees, the first named being chairman:

Finance — Messrs. Staples, Anderson, Flavelle, Kylie. Edwards and Blanchard.

Management — Messrs. Anderson, Staples, Dr. Jeffers, McKnight, Pilkie and Kennedy.

Visiting — Messrs. Deacon, Kylie, Edwards and McKnight.

Lectures — Messrs. Flavelle. Kylie and Blanchard.

The trustee elected in the north ward to fill Rev. MacMillan's place will be placed on the Management and Lecture committees.

Principals' Reports.

Principal Harstone presented his report for January. The total number of pupils on the roll for that month was 167, 100 being from Lindsay, 58 from the County of Victoria, and nine from outside counties. The average attendance was 151. He reminded the Board that the usual annual grant should be made for books and scientific apparatus, and that would be required during the year. the customary supply of stationery. The repairs to the building that were undertaken by the Board last year have not been completed, and he asked that the work be taken up this year, and that the question of purchasing typewriters, shelved a year or two ago, be again carefully considered, as they were a necessity of commercial department equipment. A report for December was also read, showing the total amount collected from students, and stating that two town pupils were in arrears.

Principal Broderick's report showed the number of pupils on the roll for January to have been 857, the average attendance, 799.85, and the percentage 92. In addition to this he presented a summary of the attendance at the Public Schools for the last fifteen years, as follows:

Year	Total Attendance.	Average.	Percentage.
1888	... 920	... 546	... 59
1889	... 948	... 620	... 60
1890	... 1008	... 570	... 57
1891	... 1010	... 710	... 70
1892	... 1018	... 742	... 73
1893	... 1042	... 778	... 75
1894	... 1048	... 709	... 68
1895	... 1033	... 721	... 70
1897	... 1058	... 854	... 76
1898	... 1068	... 759	... 71
1899	... 1083	... 770	... 72
1900	... 1105	... 786	... 71
1901	... 1102	... 795	... 72
1902	... 1128	... 794	... 70

The report for 1896 was omitted on account of the papers having been sent to the Department and not returned. There was an increase in the total attendance for 1902, and if it had not been for the scarlet fever outbreak last summer the average would have been more. Mr. Broderick reminded the Board that two rooms in the Central school, and Miss Fee's room in the south ward, were in need of new desks. He further stated that the printing supply according to contract for 1902 had not been filled, and as he was in need of material, that new tenders be called for.

Communications.

From Miss Wray, extending her thanks to the Board for acceding to her request for increase of salary.

From Mr. Colling, expressing his thanks for an increase of salary.

From Misses Thomas and Workman in reference to the same.

From Mr. W. H. Stevens, stating that owing to having been appointed Inspector of Schools of West Victoria he wished to resign his position as Science Master of the Collegiate, his duties to cease at the end of March, also extending his thanks to the Board for their kind treatment during the last fourteen years and for their kind liberality in making the Science department of the Collegiate one of the best in the Province. It was with great regret he was about to sever his connections with the staff and the Board, and hoped that in the future the Collegiate would still continue to hold its high position.

A General Discussion.

Mr Stewart —"Before going any further I wish to urge upon all members to attend meetings regularly, whether it be a Board or committee meeting. Several of the members are absent to-night, and it is important they should be present. One or two of the members have to do all the work and it is not right."

Mr. Anderson —"I don't understand why those two students were allowed to get behind. The collector was complaining to me the other day that he could not collect fees for the year."

Mr. Stewart —"I notice in Mr. Broderick's report that some of the teachers don't say whether pupils attended regularly or not. There is a column in the report left for them them to fill in and we should see that it's done."

Mr. Anderson —"They are supposed to do that, Mr. Broderick, are they not, in sending in the report to you?"

Mr. Broderick —"Yes, but I think in making out the reports hurriedly, some of the teachers occasionally overlooked that."

Mr. Stewart —"It must be looked after."

Mr. Broderick —"What about the printing for 1902? It's not done and we are out of supplies."

Mr. Stewart —"You have mentioned that, Mr. Broderick, in your report."

Mr. Anderson —"We had better call a special meeting to consider that."

On motion of Dr. Blanchard, the above reports and communications were referred to their respective committees.

Resignation Accepted.

On motion of Dr. Jeffers, seconded by Mr. Pilkie, Mr. Stevens's resignation was accepted, his duties to cease on March 31st.

Sundry Matters.

On motion of Mr. Anderson, seconded by Mr. Staples, the County auditors were appointed auditors of the Public School accounts for 1902, at a salary of $5 each.

On motion of Mr. Anderson, seconded by Mr. Staples, the usual grant of $50 was made to the Science department and library of the Collegiate for the year.

Public Library Representative.

Mr. Kylie —"I understand Mr. Wm. Flavelle's term expired in January as a member of the Public Library." On motion of Mr. Kylie, seconded by Mr. Staples, Mr. Flavelle was re-appointed.

A Transfer of Duties.

Moved by Mr. Pilkie, seconded by Dr. Jeffers, that Mr. Kylie's name be substituted in place of Mr. Pilkie on the Management committee, and Mr Pilkie be placed on Finance in place of Mr Kylie —Carried.

Wanted, a Science Master.

Moved by Dr. Jeffers, seconded by Mr. Kylie, that the clerk advertise in the Toronto Globe and Mail for a Science Master to fill Mr. Stevens' Science Master to fill Mr. Steven's place, and that the applicant name his salary —Carried.

The School Caretakers.

Mr Anderson —"The caretakers of the Public Schools are asking for increase of salaries."

Mr Stewart —"What about a caretaker for the Collegiate Institute?"

Mr. Spier — "I have received a number of applications for the position."

Mr. Stewart then read over a list of names, numbering thirteen in all, among whom were eight residing in Lindsay, and five from the country. —Referred to Finance committee to report at next meeting.

Col. Deacon —"I think it nothing but right that you should appoint Mrs. Passmore till midsummer, anyway."

Report of Finance Committee.

Mr. Anderson, on behalf of Chairman Staples, who was suffering from a bad cold, presented the report of the Finance committee recommending the payment of a number of accounts, and requesting that the fees of a student, named Edgar McDonald, of Eldon, be remitted, he not having been in attendance regularly since last summer.

North and East Ward Schools.

Mr. Pilkie — "I visited the north ward school the other day and found it in a delapidated condition. A number of windows on the north side were broken. The same state of affairs exists at the east ward school. More cold was coming in than was necessary or pleasant."

Mr. Anderson—"I only wish we had a new school in the north ward. If the caretaker had been absent when it caught fire the other day, it would have been a mass of ruins now and I wouldn't feel very sorry over it, either."

Another Increase of Salary.

Moved by Mr. Kennedy, seconded by Mr. Anderson, that Mr. Armour's salary be increased by $50 per annum.

In support of the motion, Mr. Kennedy said that Mr. Armour had been teaching for a long time, was a good teacher, and had never asked for an increase of salary.

The motion carried unanimously, and the meeting then adjourned.

PROFIT

The matter of feed is of tremendous importance to the farmer. Wrong feeding is loss. Right feeding is profit.

The up-to-date farmer knows what to feed his cows to get the most milk, his pigs to get the most pork, his hens to get the most eggs. Science.

But how about the children? Are they fed according to science, a bone food if bones are soft and undeveloped, a flesh and muscle food if they are thin and weak and a blood food if there is anemia?

Scott's Emulsion is a mixed food; the Cod Liver Oil in it makes flesh, blood and muscle, the Lime and Soda make bone and brain. It is the standard scientific food for delicate children.

Send for free sample.
Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.
Scott & Bowne CHEMISTS, Toronto, Ontario.
50c. and $1; all druggists

WHITE SEASON - 1903

THIS is nature's own white season, and why should not woman—nature's own fairest daughter—be clothed like her mother. We see the advisability of keeping in touch with our surroundings, hence we announce to the daughters of "Our Lady of the Snows" of Lindsay, Victoria, a

White-Wear Sale

We open our program with a selection of the finest pieces the best masters of this art can place on the market.

UNDERSKIRTS

Ladies' Underskirts, made of fine English Nainsook Muslin, with a 15 inch flounce, finished with deep lace, and 3½ inch lace insertions, for $2.67

Ladies' Underskirts, made of fine Nainsook Muslin, with 3 India linen frills, each frill edged with French Val. lace, $2.50 for ... $1.99

Ladies' Underskirts, made of fine English Cambric, with 5 rows of hemstitched tucking, flounce of deep embroidery, also with 2 rows of bleached Imitation Torchon insertion, finished with lace to match, $1.50 for ... $1.29

Ladies' Underskirts, of fine Lawnsdale Cambric, large tuck with clusters of small tucks, on each side, deep embroidery frill ... 99c

Ladies' Underskirts, made of English long cloth, with Cambric flounce, trimmed with lace and insertion, others tucked, embroidery frills, for ... 87c

Ladies' Skirts, good bleached cotton, with tucking and deep hem for ... 43c

GOWNS

Ladies' Gowns from ... 42c. up

Ladies' Gown, fine Nainsook Gown, pointed yoke of French Val. Lace and Embroidery Insertion, finished with frill of Embr'dy and baby ribbon, $3.00 for ... $2.39

Ladies' Gowns, made of fine Cambric, with Torchon Lace and Insertion, lace frill on cuff, others with Emb'dy frill, $1.00 for ... 83c

SALE COMMENCES THUR. FEB. 5TH

DRAWERS

Ladies' Drawers, made of fine English Cambric, with 5 rows of hemstitched tucking, finished with fine Emb'dy ... 83c

Ladies' Drawers, made of fine English Nainsook Mus'in, beautifully trimmed with fine Cambric Embr'dy, 2 clusters of tucks, deep embroidery frill for ... $1.05

Ladies' Drawers, made of fine English long cloth, with cluster of tucks and lace and insertion, 70c. for ... 59c

Ladies' Drawers—good American Cambric cluster of tucks, edged with fine embroidery ... 37½c

Ladies' Drawers, good cotton finished with tucks and embroidery... 21c

Corset Covers

Corset Covers in all kinds and styles, from ... 10c. to $1.50

Corset Covers, made of fine Bishop's Lawn, edged with French Val. Lace on yoke and sleeves, Vandyke insertion in front, with double frill of wide French Val. Lace down front, medallion and baby ribbon trimmings, $1.50 for ... $1.29

Our Sale also includes Cottons, Pillow Cottons, Sheetings, Table Linen, Towellings, Lace Curtains, Napkins, Counterpanes, Shirts, Collars and Cuffs, Etc.

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Grain Crop in Manitoba in 1902. Proportionate yield in Alberta, Assiniboia and Saskatchewan.

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—IN THE—

COUNTY OF VICTORIA

FOR ARREARS OF TAXES, TO BE HELD IN THE COURT HOUSE LINDSAY, ON

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 17th, 1903, AT 11 O'CLOCK A.M.

Part of Lot or Street.	Lot	Con	Acres	Arrears	Costs of advertising & comm'n	Total	Patented or not Patented
TOWNSHIP OF BEXLEY.							
	9	9	65	$11 82	$2 50	$14 32	patented
	10	9	90	15 59	2 59	18 18	patented
TOWNSHIP OF CARDEN.							
	18	6	200	9 47	2 45	11 92	not patented
TOWNSHIP OF DALTON.							
South Half	6	12	50	23 74	2 79	26 53	not patented
TOWNSHIP OF DIGBY.							
	5	1	100	11 08	2 48	13 56	Pat'd Mining
	31	4	100	17 36	2 63	19 99	not patented
VILLAGE OF FENELON FALLS.							
Fenelon Falls, West	32		½	3 56	2 45	6 01	patented
F.F. West, Wpt. Blk	J		1	67	2 45	3 12	patented
TOWNSHIP OF SOMERVILLE.							
East part	12	3	100	20 32	2 71	23 03	patented
North half	14	3	100	26 69	2 87	29 56	patented
N. E. Cor Lot 14, Con. 5, Block	B		3	44 03	3 30	47 33	patented
	17	7	6	8 41	2 45	10 86	not patented
South half	6	8	100	22 29	2 76	25 05	patented
	10	13	175	27 23	2 88	30 11	patented
South half	3	14	100	13 32	2 53	15 85	not patented
South half	4	14	100	13 11	2 53	15 64	patented
VILLAGE OF COBOCONK IN SOMERVILLE.							
N Cameron St. e pt	E		½	17 82	2 65	20 47	patented
VILLAGE OF KINMOUNT IN SOMERVILLE.							
E of Queen St	3		¼	5 91	3 68	9 59	patented
N of Cluxton St	1		¼	9 60	2 45	12 05	patented
" "	2		¼	10 17	2 45	12 62	patented

I JAMES RICHARDSON McNEILLIE, Treasurer of the County of Victoria, as directed by the Warrant of the Warden of the County of Victoria, dated the Eleventh day of November, A. D., 1902, will proceed to sell each and every of the above mentioned parcels of land, for the arrears of taxes now due upon them respectively, as above set out, together with the costs, (unless the said arrears of taxes and costs are sooner paid,) at the Court House in the Town of Lindsay, in the said County of Victoria, at Eleven o'clock in the forenoon on TUESDAY, THE SEVENTEENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D., 1903.

County Treasurer's Office
Lindsay, November 11th, 1902.

J. R. McNEILLIE,
County Treasurer.

(First published in the "Weekly Post" November 14th, 1902.)

Beware

of using imitations of our celebrated

BABY'S OWN SOAP

It stands at the top for purity. Most imitations are harmful for delicate skins.

Baby's Own Soap is made only by the ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO., MFRS. MONTREAL.

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EPPS'S COCOA

An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact, fitted to build up and maintain robust health, and to resist winter's extreme cold. Sold in ½ lb. tins, labelled JAMES EPPS & Co., Ld., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

EPPS'S COCOA

GIVING STRENGTH & VIGOUR.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEB. 13, 1903.

QUARRELLED OVER WOMEN.

Two Colored Men Have an Altercation in Toronto, and I. W. Romaine Is Now in Custody.

Toronto, Feb. 7.—A shooting affray that will probably result in the death of Louis Goldsmith, colored, proprietor of the New Process Company, at 102 Victoria street, occurred about midnight. Isaac Walter Romaine, also colored, is under arrest at No. 2 Station, charged with shooting with intent. If Goldsmith dies, as it is expected he will, the charge will be changed to murder.

The trouble occurred at 102-104 Victoria street, where both parties live, and is just south of Richmond street. It was the result of a quarrel over women coming into the house. Goldsmith was removed to the Emergency Hospital in the police ambulance.

There were three bullet wounds. The most serious one, and from which fatal results will almost surely follow, is in the chest, and Dr. N. A. Powell, who, with four other doctors, took charge of the injured man, states that it is identical with the wound which caused the death of President McKinley. Another bullet imbedded itself higher up in his body and the third hit his left hand.

According to the story of Romaine, he did not fire the shots, but was merely defending himself from an attack made upon him by Goldsmith, who had the revolver, and in the struggle the cartridges were exploded in some way. The women left the house and have not yet been located.

ROBBED MANY GRAVES.

Two Shrouds Found in College Introduced at Trial of Robbers.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 7.—In the trial yesterday of Dr. J. C. Alexander in the grave robbery cases two shrouds found by the detectives in the Central College were introduced. A seamstress identified one as having been made for Mrs. Catherine Dohring, whose body was stolen from the German Catholic Cemetery.

Samuel Martin, a negro, was the first witness, and testified that he met Dr. Alexander at the latter's office in June, 1902. The doctor told him he wanted from seventeen to twenty subjects for dissection, and would pay $30 each. Martin said at this meeting Dr. Alexander told Cantrell, the leader of the gang, that he would watch the death returns at the Board of Health and notify him.

The first trip was in July, when with Cantrell and the others he went to the Anderson Cemetery and secured the body of Glendore Gates and handed it over to the Central College. The next day Alexander paid him $10. When the second body was secured, he said, Dr. Alexander told him it was not a good one, because it was mangled by the cars. He received only $5. Witness detailed the sale of several more bodies to the doctor.

On one occasion the gang went to a cemetery, but failed to get a body, because they were chased away.

Getting Ready For Transports.

Constantinople, Feb. 7.—The Turkish Government has notified the Idaral Massousieh Steamship Company to send in a return of the number of steamers available for use as transports, in view of the possible despatch of considerable bodies of troops from Anatolia, Asiatic Turkey, to the European provinces of Turkey, in connection with the Macedonian revolt.

Minister's Bad Fall.

St. Thomas, Feb. 7.—Rev. J. R. Phillips fell from a haymow yesterday morning and was seriously hurt. He is over 70 years of age.

Killed by a Train.

St. Thomas, Feb. 7.—Duncan Ferguson was struck and killed by a M. C.R. express at Elgin street crossing yesterday morning. He was hauled 50 feet. He was 76.

On Way to Japan.

Ottawa, Feb. 7. — Hon. Sydney Fisher left yesterday morning by the C.P.R. for San Francisco on a trip to Japan, which will occupy about three months.

SUCCESSFUL STRIKE

Men Win the Montreal Street Car Battle in 24 Hours.

WITHOUT CARS FOR A DAY

Schedule of the Demands of the Men—What Company Expected—Opposing Forces Brought Face to Face—Then All Differences Were Settled—Got All the Increase They Asked.

Montreal, Feb. 7.—The conductors and motormen of the Montreal Street Railway went out on strike yesterday morning and the service was at a standstill. There are 1,500 men out and the strikers are naturally excited and elated over their success in bringing traffic to such a standstill. Not a car wheel was turning, nor in fact have the street railway company made any attempt to start cars. For the time being the officials are apparently acquiescent in the situation.

It looks as if it will have been a twenty-four hours' strike, for after hours' of negotiations between the company and the men it was announced at midnight last night that the Montreal Street Railway had conceded the demands of the men, which are as follows:

Employes, under 5 years, per hour, 18c.

Employes, over five years, per hour 20c.

Increase in the number of employes.

Recognition of the union.

No dismissals without reason.

Reinstatement of employes dismissed this year without assigned cause.

Payment of salary when under suspension, if charges are unfounded.

This is indeed a surprise to the friends of the company, whose officials announced yesterday morning that they would fight the matter to the bitter end.

Early in the day correspondence was exchanged between the president of the company and the Mayor of the city.

It was then understood that the company had no intention of attempting to run the cars either on Saturday or Sunday, but that they would do so on Monday, backed up by an armed force of local troops, arrangements having already been made to call out the different city regiments.

It was added that 350 of the men had signified their willingness to run cars as soon as the company desired it, and the story was that an attempt to run half of the cars would be made. In the meantime Senator Forget and Manager Wanklyn, Mayor Cochrane and Ald. Lapointe and Ames met. When this meeting had been concluded the civic people stated that there was every possibility of the strike being declared off at midnight.

After this a meeting was called between the strikers and the company's officials, this being the first time that the opposing forces had been brought face to face. It was announced at a little before midnight that all the differences had been settled, except the question of recognizing the union, but half an hour later a statement was handed out to the effect that the company would not object to the union clauses.

This had the effect of sending delegations east and west to confer with the men, who had become scattered, and now the officials are awaiting their return.

In a word, the company gives an increase of 10 per cent., and practically recognizes the union.

PUNISHING THE FINNS.

Severe Deciplinary Measures For All Non-Military Finlanders.

Stockholm, Sweden, Feb. 7.—Despatches from Helsingfors, Finland, announce that the Czar has decreed severe disciplinary measures for all Finlanders who failed to comply with their military obligations in 1902. These total 14,793 men. The decree orders all the delinquents who are engaged in State service to be immediately dismissed, that no passport shall be granted to any of them to go abroad during the next five years, that all shall be enrolled in the Landwhar and that a full battalion of life guards shall be recruited therefrom.

NORTH GREY PROTEST.

It Will Be Filed in Toronto at Osgoode Hall To-Day.

Owen Sound, Feb. 7.—The document of protest in the North Grey election will be signed to-day in Toronto. Mr. G. M. Boyd will be in Toronto ready to take whatever steps are necessary to set the wheels of law in motion.

Big Fire in Buffalo.

Buffalo, Feb. 7.—The McKinnon Sash and Hardware Company's factory, in Black Rock, was destroyed by fire last night. Four firemen were injured, one of them seriously, in a collision between an engine and a chemical while en route to the fire.

Into Disputed Acre Territory.

Rio Janeiro, Feb. 6. — A naval squadron, composed of the ironclad Marshal Floriano, a torpedo cruiser and a torpedo gunboat, under Rear Admiral Alencar, left here yesterday for the Amazon River.

Germany's China Trip's Cost.

Berlin, Feb. 6.—The total cost to Germany of the China expedition up to date is $56,250,000 and the further requirements are estimated at $1,500,000.

North Perth Protest.

Toronto, Nov. 6.—The North Perth protest was filed in the office of the registrar at Stratford on Wednesday afternoon. The petition is of the usual formal character and charges violations of the election act by Mr. Brown and his agents. The petitioner is J. C. Monteith, the defeated candidate, and his solicitors are Messrs. Smith & Steele. The seat is not claimed.

GLORIED IN ANARCHY

Rubino on Trial Bitterly Assails Modern Society.

TO KILL KING EDWARD VII.

Thought Better of It, However, on Being Treated Hospitably by England—Rubino Tells His Story of the Tragedy—Witnesses Finished Tales of Attempt on King Leopold's Life.

Brussels, Feb. 7.—The trial of Gennaro Rubino, the Italian Anarchist, on the charge of attempting to assassinate King Leopold November 15 by firing three shots at His Majesty while the latter was returning from the cathedral here after attending a Te Deum in memory of the late Queen Henriette, was opened yesterday in the Assize Court. Large crowds gathered in the vicinity of the court, to which only the witnesses, lawyers and reporters were admitted. A detachment of police of considerable strength maintained order.

Rubino replied volubly to all interrogations, and when he uttered the word "anarchist" he raised his voice as though exulting in his connection therewith. The witness bitterly assailed modern society as the cause of all evil, declaring he only attempted to take the life of the King because the latter was the highest representative of society. Rubino added that he intended going to Italy for the purpose of making an attempt on the life of the Italian monarch, but he did not have sufficient funds. During the course of the prisoner's examination it developed that he left the Italian army because his officers persecuted him.

Rubino posed as a hero throughout his examination. He declared he gloried in his crime, and in the course of his denunciation of society exclaimed: "I am not the accused. It is you and the whole of your rotten society that keeps labor in slavery that stands accused before me and the Anarchist party, and we condemn you to death." The prosecution included in the indictment a letter from Rubino to a Socialist newspaper published in London, justifying the murder of Senor Canovas del Castillo, the Spanish Premier, who was assassinated at Santa Agueda, Spain, August 8, 1897, by an Italian Anarchist, and stating that he (Rubino) had contemplated killing King Edward on November 25.

Regarding his stay in England, Rubino said it was a hospitable country, and he decided not to make an attempt to kill King Edward, as that would bring trouble on his comrades. He spent the money which he received from the Italian Embassy for spying on Anarchists in purchasing a revolver, explaining that "Anarchists ought to always be armed, so as to be in readiness to kill the wild beasts of society." He had hoped to be able to kill King Leopold, Prince Albert and a few clergymen.

When the examination of the prisoner was concluded, the hearing of witnesses was commenced.

After hearing the witnesses and the counsel for the prosecution, Counsel Royer, the court adjourned.

UNIONIST IN SOUTH ANTRIM.

C. C. Craig Defeats Dr. Keightley by Over 949.

Dublin, Feb. 7.—C. C. Craig, Unionist, has been elected to represent South Antrim in the House of Commons by a majority of 949 over Dr. Keightley, the farmers' and laborers' candidate. The Irish Nationalists supported Dr. Keightley, who was assisted by Thomas W. Russell, Liberal Unionist member of Parliament for the South Division of Tyrone. The campaign was fought on the land question, Dr. Keightley supporting compulsory sale. The vacancy was caused by the appointment of William G. MacArtney, the retiring member for South Antrim, as Deputy Master of the Mint.

ST. THOMAS PERSONATORS.

Judgment Reserved on Question of Remitting Their Fines.

Toronto, Feb. 7.—The case of the St. Thomas personators in the recent referendum vote was up again at Osgoode Hall yesterday. John A. Robinson of St. Thomas appeared for the three defendants to have the fines and imprisonment imposed by Judge Bell remitted, on the ground that the judge was acting outside of his jurisdiction, and that the act was not sufficient to justify the punishment inflicted. Justice Brittor reserved judgment.

Giron Is a Martyr.

Geneva, Feb. 7.—The legal adviser of the former Crown Princess of Saxony has made the following announcement: "M. Giron will leave Geneva this evening for Brussels to join his family. He has broken off all relations with the Princess in order not to impede the reunion of the Princess with her children."

Poisonous Pepper For Prisoners.

London, Feb. 7.—The symptoms of poisoning shown by the convicts in Maryborough Prison, Queen's County, have been traced to the use in the prisoners' soup of a poison named hellebore, in mistake for pepper, which it resembles.

King Takes an Airing.

London, Feb. 7. — King Edward, who has recovered from his recent indisposition, drove from Windsor Castle in an open Victoria yesterday afternoon, accompanied by Queen Alexandria. His Majesty appeared to be enjoying good health, taking everything into consideration, although he was paler than usual.

Balfour Playing Golf.

London, Feb. 7.—Premier Balfour, who has been ill and confined to his home for a fortnight past, was so far recovered yesterday as to be able to play golf at the Eastborne links. He is rapidly regaining his strength, and will soon again take active charge of the Venezuelan and other affairs.

GOES TO THE HAGUE

Venezuelan Dispute Will Be Argued at That Tribunal.

ROOSEVELT REFUSES TO ACT

Notified the British Ambassador at Washington on Friday That He Declined to Arbitrate the Venezuelan Difficulty—As Soon as the Protocol Is Signed to Send It to The Hague Blockade Will End.

Washington, Feb. 7. — President Roosevelt has declined the invitation of the allied powers to arbitrate the question as to whether they shall receive preferential treatment in the settlement of the claims against Venezuela over the other nations. He reached this decision shortly before 4 o'clock yesterday and instructed Secretary Hay to despatch a note to the British Embassy at once advising the British Ambassador to that effect. The matter, therefore, now will be referred to The Hague tribunal. This will result in the raising of the blockade.

THE JOURNALISTS.

Close Their Business and Adjourn to Meet in Toronto Next Year.

Toronto, Feb. 7.—The Canadian Press Association concluded its business at noon yesterday. The paper by H. J. Pettypiece, M. P. P., on "Deadhead Advertising," was again discussed, and the president appointed J. F. McKay of Woodstock, M. A. James of Bowmanville and J. T. Clark of Toronto to take the matter up.

R. W. Dillon read a paper on "Country Correspondence," and G. C. Creelman, Superintendent of Farmers' Institutes, one on "What the Press Can Do for the Agricultural Interests."

The special committee on postal regulations reported that they would ask the Government to reduce the rate of newspaper correspondence, etc.

The following gentlemen were elected to the Executive Committee: A. H. N. Colquhoun, Toronto; D. Williams, Collingwood, and W. E. Smallfield, Renfrew.

It was decided that Toronto would be the next place of meeting.

TUMULTUOUS SCENE.

German Language Fails For Words of Command in Hungarian House.

Buda Pesth, Feb. 7.—The debate yesterday on the military recruit bill in the Lower House of the Hungarian Parliament was enlivened by one of the tumultuous scenes so common of late. The opposition objected to the exclusive use of the German language in words of command, and the Premier maintained the necessity for such uniformity. The uproar finally became so great that the House adjourned.

THE BURRARD ELECTION.

No Returns From Atlin—D.R.O. May Not Have Arrived in Time.

Vancouver, B.C., Feb. 7.—Returns received yesterday from Vananda, Howe Sound and Land have increased Macpherson's majority to about 100. At Vananda, a mining centre, Foley had 17 majority, but the other places went almost solid for the Government candiaate.

Mr. Foley has protested the election on the usual grounds.

Cattle Embargo Raised.

Ottawa, Feb. 7.—At a meeting of the Cabinet yesterday it was decided to remove the embargo on the shipment of cattle by C.P.R. through Maine to St. John, N.B., for exportation to Britain. This action has been taken because the Imperial authorities are convinced that risk of infection from the foot and mouth disease no longer exists, so far as Maine is concerned. Moreover, Canada herself has received assurances from Washington that no disease exists in Maine.

2,300,000 WORDS.

Spoken to the Coal Strike Commission by 566 Witnesses.

Philadelphia, Feb. 6.—After a sitting of exactly fifty-one days, the Anthracite Coal Strike Committee concluded the hearing of witnesses at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon and adjourned until next Monday, when it will begin to hear the arguments of counsel representing the several sides. The arguments will take up five and a half days, the operators having been assigned three days and the miners the remainder of the time. In all, the commission heard 566 witnesses. None of these were called by the commission, 244 by the union miners, 155 by the non-union miners, and 158 by the operators. The stenographers took down approximately 5,200 type-written pages of testimony, or 2,300,000 words.

Woman Got Out.

Montreal, Feb. 7.—The typesetters of The Montreal Star were on strike for 15 minutes yesterday morning. A non-union woman was engaged, and the men refused to work until she was replaced. This was done and the trouble was over.

Killed by a Falling Wall.

Buffalo, Feb. 7.—Five men, Joseph Becker, William Burke, John Schneider, Adam Herzog and Michael Ambrose, were killed and three were injured yesterday by the collapse of the brick building at William street and Filmore avenue.

To Go Over the Falls.

Johnstown, Pa., Feb. 7.—Blake Briton says he has a boat, with which he intends to go over Niagara Falls.

Children Cry for

CASTORIA.

A QUICK ENDING.

Montreal Street Railway Settled on Reasonable Terms—Wages Increased—Terms of the Settlement.

Montreal, Feb. 9.—The Montreal Street Railway strike is now a thing of the past. Both sides were amenable to reason and an amicable adjustment was arrived at with business-like brevity. Although a severe snow storm raged all day, and made the service a little irregular, the first car left the Cote street shops at 1 o'clock yesterday morning. The start-out was greeted with cheers by the conductors and motormen who were standing near.

The following statement, signed by the president, shows that the company have conceded almost everything asked by the men:

(1) None shall be dismissed without full and equitable reason.

(2) The company will give an equitable hearing to any employe against whom a complaint has been made. An appeal may be made to the highest officer, be it the superintendent, the manager, or even the president.

(3) The company will maintain the same scale of wages as to sweepers, as they had in force on Feb. 3.

(4) The company will, on demand, show to a deputation of its employes the reports that shall have been made against recently dismissed employes.

(5) The company will grant a general increase of salary equivalent to 10 per cent., on the scale of wages in force on Feb. 3.

(6) The company shall recognize the right of their men to belong to any union or benefit association of their own that they may see fit. In case of any difference arising between the company and its employes the management will, at all times, be ready to discuss such grievance with the men in its employ and attendance upon any deputation to lay views of the men before the management will, in no wise, be prejudicial to the employes composing the same. The company cannot undertake to discuss among its employes nor to grant any difference of treatment to those who are members of such union and those who are not.

(7) All men discharged since Jan 1, 1903, may have their cases considered by the directors, and, in case there is dissatisfaction with the verdict, their case may be on the demand of either party submitted to a Board of Arbitration, composed of one representative named by the men and one person by the company, and a third by the agreement between the two thus named, each party agreeing to be bound by the final verdict.

(8) If there are any other matters at issue the company is prepared to discuss the same with its employes as soon as the service is resumed.

(Signed) L. J. Forget.

It looks as if the men had gone heartily to work to carry out their share of the above agreement, and as the good faith of Senator Forget and Mr. Wanklyn cannot be doubted, Montreal's walking days are evidently over.

Seeking Arbitration.

Toronto, Feb. 9.—A mass meeting of street railway employes here last night was unanimous in expressing the view that the company had discharged McCarrol because he is a union man, that he must be reinstated or the case submitted to arbitration, and that the minor officials of the company must cease their efforts to disrupt the union. The Executive Committee reported their failure to persuade the company to put McCarrol back to work.

Royal Navy Reserve.

St. John's, Nfld., Feb. 7.—Captain Spain of the Royal Navy commanding the Canadian cruiser fleet for the protection of the fisheries arrived here yesterday on board the training ship Calipso to study the working of the royal navy reserve.

MISCELLANEOUS.

$5 REWARD—A Reward of $5 will be paid to any person giving information that will lead to the conviction of any person selling liquor in the County of Victoria otherwise than according to the law as laid down in the Liquor License Act. The address of the sender will be treated with confidence and the information will be acted on promptly. JOHN SHORT License Inspector, Box 473, Lindsay.—dw.

ROBT. CHAMBERS

Monument Sculptor

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All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished promptly on application. Works north of market square, Cambridge st.

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Great care is used to supply every article true to name and of good quality.

William-St., LINDSAY, On

DOORS and FRAMES

Sashes and Frames for Sale.

ALL KINDS OF SAWS FILED at shop on Lindsay-st., south of Brown's Hotel.

GEORGE BRYANS, Lindsay.

HENRY C. HAMILTON,

Organist St. Andrew's Church,

TEACHER of PIANO and ORGAN

Graduate of Toronto Conservatory of Music.

For terms, etc., apply to JAS. LOW —dtf—wlm

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TO BORROWERS

We are loaning money on real estate mortgages at the lowest current rates. The business is done in our own office and the principal and interest is repaid to us without any expense of remitting. We also purchase mortgages and debentures.

TO INVESTORS

We invest money for clients on mortgages also on municipal debentures, investment stocks and bonds.

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MONEY TO LOAN at 4½ to 5 p. c.

We are prepared to make loans on town and farm property from either private persons or loaning companies, as may be desired, and in sums to suit borrowers, with special privileges and by paying instalments without increase in rate of interest. Interest and instalments payable at our office.

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Invested in Canada.... 900,000

Rates and premiums as low as any other respectable company. The settlement of losses is prompt and liberal. The resources and standing of the company afford these insured in it perfect security against loss.

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Agent for Lindsay and Victoria County

Life and Fire Insurance

General Agent for the

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DR. NEELANDS, Dentist has administered gas to 9,000 persons, Positively no pain. Free when getting new teeth. Specialist in crown and bridge work. Specialist gold filling. Send postal card and secure an appointment. Nearly opposite Simpson's Hotel, Lindsay.

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GUARANTEED BEST WORKMANSHIP BEST TEETH AND RUBBER,

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A postal card to Oakwood P.O. will catch Mr. Brown any time.

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The distracting headaches from which so many women suffer make life a daily purgatory. If men suffered with headache as women do, business would be almost at a standstill. Does not the fact that men do not suffer from these severe headaches suggest that there must be a womanly cause for them?

When the womanly organism is diseased, headache, backache, nervousness and sleeplessness are consequences which are sure to follow.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures headaches and other aches and pains by curing their cause. It establishes regularity, dries unhealthy drains, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures female weakness. It soothes pain and builds up the nerves. It transforms weak, sickly, nervous invalids into happy, healthy women. Thousands have testified to its marvelous merits.

"I took two bottles of your 'Favorite Prescription' and two of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and am feeling well," writes Mrs. Dan McKenrie, of Lorway Mines, Cape Breton Co., Nova Scotia. "I had uterine trouble, pain in the side and headache. After taking your medicines I got well. You may publish this or use it in any way you think best, as I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Pierce and his medicines."

"Favorite Prescription" has the testimony of thousands of women to its complete cure of womanly diseases. Do not accept an unknown and unproved substitute in its place.

FREE. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay for customs and mailing *only*. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the book in paper covers, or 50 stamps for the cloth-bound volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEB. 13, 1903.

The Truant and The Shark

Continued from page 2.

with lazy complacency, with hardly a flick of its great tail, there swam beneath the boy most leisurely a great shark. It moved about close to the surface, its dorsal fin sometimes above the water, like a sail, and its cold, cruel, vicious, hungry eyes stared up at the truant. Wat sank down, sick and faint.

He had been foolish, worse than foolish. Time and again he had been warned, with the other boys, about the sharks, which, though they do not actually infest these waters, are by no means rare. The cove was comparatively safe, but beyond it there was always danger. It was the old story of the wolf. "Shark!" had been cried so often to young Wat that he paid little attention to it. Now he was trapped.

After a time Wat got up and looked cautiously overboard. The shark was not there, but when he ran to the other side it was there. The monster knew his meal was safely cornered. Round and round he swam, lazily and unconcernedly enjoying the warmth of the sun near the surface. Wat was unable to withdraw his eyes from it. It fascinated him as a snake does a monkey. Now and then the fish would roll over on its back, and then Wat would hide his eyes, shuddering at the sight of that hideous mouth and those gleaming teeth. Once, when the shark had been on guard for an hour or more, it paused at the seaward end of the wreck and then swam slowly outward. Hope sprung in the boy's heart, and he slipped quietly to the other end, intending to glide noiselessly into the water and strike out for shore. If he had done so, he might have got safely away while the shark continued to swim about, thinking its prey was still there, but Wat had not the great courage to risk it. He hesitated, and in another two or three minutes it was too late. The brute came back, and Wat fancied as it resumed its methodical watch that it looked up at him mockingly.

The truant grew hysterical with fear and horror. He was quite able to realize his position. If he swam shoreward, he would meet a certain, cruel death, perhaps the most horrible of deaths. But the cove and the hulk lay far below the sea road, and between that road and the ocean were great masses of trees and jungle which shut out the sea from land passengers. Not once in a week perhaps might any one seek that secluded spot, while ships passed far, far out. Thus there was little chance of speedy help and an almost inevitable end by starvation and exposure, for, although the days are warm, the nights in Natal are often cold, and Wat was naked to all the chill winds of the sea.

When his hysteria grew uncontrollable, his moans and tears gave place to loud sobs, but still the placid sentry of the hulk swam round and round. The sobs at length ceased, and in their stead came loud cries which soon were shrill resounding shrieks. But the shark swam round and round till the truant was crazed, driven almost to madness by that relentless watch.

At length toward evening, when the sun was sinking fast, one piercing scream from Wat was answered from the beach of the little bay—answered by a long, full toned "Hello!" Wat ran up and down, jumping and throwing his arms in the air, shouting "Help! Shark! Help! Shark!" with all his strength and all his might. To the highest rock a figure ascended, the sun shining fully upon it, and Wat recognized the humble student, the poor schoolteacher, Jan de Jough, whom he had so grossly insulted in the morning. The boy's heart sank.

"I called him a black man," he thought, "and he isn't, and I tried to break up the school. He'll go away and leave me to die, and nobody will ever know."

shouted and cried and plead-

... schoolmaster, to his great joy, instead of going away, came along from rock to rock to a promontory where his words could be distinctly heard.

"I don't understand," cried De Jough. "Are you hurt? Can't you swim ashore?"

"A big shark is swimming around the wreck," yelled Wat, "and I can't get away from it! Oh, Mr. de Jough, forgive me and save me!"

The schoolmaster did not reply for a moment. He was startled. There was no small boat nearer than the harbor, three hours away. There and back would be six hours at the very least, and by that time it would be cold and dark, and Wat might get so crazed with cold and terror and loneliness—might grow delirious, in fact—that he would jump overboard to swim ashore, when his fate would be awful. These things the master thought of in a moment, thought of something else for a moment, just the value of his own life, thought for not a single moment of that boy's attempt to raise a mutiny in the school, and the next moment he was stripped to the skin.

"Cheer up, Wat, my boy!" he shouted, as if Wat was a good comrade instead of an insolent pupil. "Keep a good heart. I'm coming."

He was coming! Wat could not reply. How could Mr. de Jough pass out if he could not pass in? He looked and saw the master on his knees praying, and Wat knelt also.

When De Jough rose up, he had a long bladed open claspknife in his mouth and immediately dived into the water. The shark felt the vibration caused by that plunge and darted a little way in, at once on the alert. Wat, still kneeling, watched with clasped hands and anxious eyes. The head of the master appeared, his strong arms striking out resolutely. A few yards he came, when the monster detected him and made a rush. For a moment Jan de Jough paused, then suddenly dived, and the next instant the shark leaped clear of the water and, sinking again, left behind it on the surface a great red stain. De Jough came up. Wat saw the enraged shark's fin near the surface, saw the gleam of its white belly as it turned on its back so that its hideous mouth could bite, saw Jan dive once more and then saw the great fish roll over in a mess of blood and slowly sink. Jan had killed the shark in its own element. Wat leaped then, with a glad shout of thanks, and in a short time was safe on shore.

"I thank you," he cried, clinging to the student's side, "and, Mr. de Jough, I was an awful cad to say that this morning. Lick me as much as you please, and I won't cry out. You can kill me if you like. I'm ashamed of myself."

De Jough only pressed his hand and smiled.

"We'll try to forget all that, Wat," said he. "But, though I am not a black man and couldn't help it if I were, yet it was a black man who saved you from the shark."

"How?"

"Because a Kaffir on the coast, a famous diver, taught me that trick, without which I could not have saved you. So, you see, Wat, it is unwise to sneer at any person of any race, black, brown or white, for it is more than likely that person may be able, knowing what you don't know, to be of service to you."

Wat bowed his head, abashed.

"Mr. de Jough," he said after awhile, "I'm coming to school tomorrow, and—were the boys rude?"

"A little."

"Well," said Master Wat, "they won't be any more. They know me, and I like you, Mr. de Jough."

Genuine Castoria always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

MURDERED BY "JOE."

New York Dealer in Old Iron Killed by an Italian Employe.

New York, Feb. 9.—Louis Mandel, a dealer in old iron, was murdered yesterday in his office in East 23rd street, his skull being crushed by blows struck with a heavy iron bar. He was found unconscious a few minutes after the assualt, and died in the hospital.

The murder is supposed to have been committed by an Italian known as "Joe," who was employed by Mandel, and was the last person seen with him, and who has since disappeared.

TAKE ADVANCED GROUND.

Farmers Resolute Respecting Free Rural Mail Delivery and Railways.

Woodstock, Feb. 9.—The farmers of Bright and Innerkip, at a recent meeting, passed a resolution requesting the Government to inaugurate a system of free rural mail delivery.

A memorial to the Government was passed recommending that no financial assistance be given the Grand Trunk or any other railway.

"FOR HIS OWN SAFETY."

President of Ontario Coal Association Cautioned by a Friend.

Brantford, Feb. 9.—President Thomas Elliott of the Ontario Coal Association, has received a letter from a friend, who advises him to "stay-in-doors" for his own safety. The communication states that many a poor little child has been forced to go to school hungry this winter because of the coal famine. Mr. Elliott pays no attention to the letter.

Conservative Nomination.

Montreal, Feb. 9.—Henry Masson, son of Hon. R. E. Masson, ex-Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec, was chosen on Saturday at St. Jerome as Conservative candidate in Terrebonne. The convention was addressed by Messrs. F. D. Monk, M. P., E. J. G. H. Bergeron, ex-M.P., Hon. P. E. Leblanc and others.

ALLIES' PROTOCOLS.

When They Are Signed the Blockade Will Be Raised.

THE CONTENTS OF THE THREE

Minister Bowen Finds Great Britain's Ambassador the Only One Who Has His Protocol Ready—Says It Is Very Satisfactory to Him as Venezuela's Representative — To The Hague It Goes.

Washington, Feb. 9.—The representatives of the allies here are busily engaged in the preparation of the protocol which they are to sign with Mr. Bowen, Venezuela's representative, for the reference to The Hague of the question whether the blockading powers shall be entitled to preferential treatment in the settlement of their claims.

The blockade will be raised when the protocols are signed. The representatives are in constant communication with their Governments and are anxious, as far as possible to cover every detail which should be comprised in an instrument of this character. Mr. Bowen was in communication with the English and Italian Ambassadors and the German Minister yesterday. He saw Sir Michael Herbert at the latter's home, the Ambassador still having a disagreeable cold. From the instructions he has received, Ambassador Herbert has prepared the draft of a protocol, which he submitted to Minister Bowen. It was the first of the three protocols which have been prepared, and the manner in which it was drawn was very satisfactory to Venezuela's representative.

The British protocol provides for the reference of the contention of the allies for preferential treatment to The Hague for settlement; for the payment by Venezuela to Great Britain five thousand five hundred pounds cash and for the immediate raising of the blockade. The matter of the adjucication of claims and the collection of the claims and collection of 30 per cent. out of which they are to be paid, has been left for the second protocol.

Italy, it has been learned, wishes to have inserted in her protocol an article providing for a change in her treaty of amity with Venezuela, so as to include the "favored nation" clause, such as the other powers possess. Mr. Bowen claims he can do nothing more in the protocol than recommend it, as he considers the matter entirely irrelevant to the present controversy.

Regarding the German protocol little is known, except that it is along the general lines of the other two. It is understood that it will be more concise than the British. It will provide for an initial payment of the same amount as those of Italy and Great Britain. The last named country will receive its first payment in cash, Germany and Italy being content to receive thirty days after the signing of the protocols.

The fact developed yesterday that some of the unallied claimant powers are considering the matters of sharing the expense which Venezuela will be put to in carrying her cause to The Hague, since a decision would affect their claims.

Looks For Peace.

London, Feb. 9.—Lord George H. Hamilton, the Indian Secretary, spoke at Bradford Saturday night. He had previously attended the Cabinet meeting. In his speech he said he sincerely hoped that in the course of a very few hours the Venezuelan controversy would be concluded. Defending Great Britain's alliance with Germany, he said the German Government throughout had behaved with perfect propriety and tact.

Pretender For Sale.

Madrid, Feb. 9.—A despatch from Tangier confirms the news that the pretender, Bu Hamara, is a prisoner of the Riata Branch of the Kabyle tribe, which is ready to deliver him to the Sultan for a ransom.

Edna Lyall Gravely Ill.

London, Feb. 9.—Edna Lyall (Ada Ellen Bayly), the authoress, is gravely ill at Eastbourne, Essex.

Bolivia Knuckles Under.

Rio Janeiro, Feb. 9.—The Bolivian Government has replied to the Brazilian Government, agreeing to Brazilian occupation, and administration of the Acre territory, pending the settlement of the dispute.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
FOR HEADACHE.
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GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.
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ASK LAND AND CASH

5,000 Acres and $6,000 Cash the Grand Trunk Minimum.

PROMISES RE LAND GRANT.

Willing to Submit to Any Conditions For Controlling the Price and Sale of Lands Which the Government May Impose—Government Has Not Yet Discussed the Matter—A Senate Appointment.

Ottawa, Feb. 9.—All sorts of speculations are being indulged in concerning the nature and the amount of the aid which the promoters of the Grand Trunk Pacific expect to receive from the Government in order to enable them to carry out their enterprise. The impression in well-informed circles in Montreal, that are supposed to be in touch with the Grand Trunk, is that assistance in both land and cash is likely to be asked for. This idea, it may be said, obtains some credence in Ottawa.

$7,000 Cash, 7,000 Land.

Just what quantity of land per mile or how large a subsidy in cash the supporters of the enterprise will endeavor to obtain is not definitely known outside the inner circle, but it is believed that the application will be for from 5,000 to 7,000 acres of land, and from $6,000 to $7,000 in cash per mile. With respect to the land grant, the friends of the Grand Trunk Pacific are ready with all sorts of assurances. They say they are perfectly willing to submit to any conditions for controlling the price and sale of the lands which the Government may impose. So far, however, the matter has not been submitted to the Government, nor has it come up for consideration or discussion. The likelihood is that the subject will not be approached for some time, until more pressing questions have been dealt with in preparation for the coming session of Parliament.

A Senate Appointment.

Mr. Joseph H. Legris, member for Maskinonge, has sent in his resignation, and his appointment to the upper House may be looked for shortly.

AN INSULTING ADDRESS.

Calls Forth an Indignant and Angry Retort by the Colonial Secretary to the Bloemfontein Boers.

London, Feb. 9.—South Africa is again fulfilling her traditions as a land of unrest. English complacency has been considerably shaken by the speech of the Chancellor of the Exchequer this week, in which he warned British taxpayers not to expect much relief in the coming budget and not to suppose that the expenditure of British public money on the conquered republics was ended.

The later stages of Colonial Secretary Chamberlain's progress through South Africa furnished abundant indications that the Government at Pretoria and Bloemfontein by English crown officials can be carried out only by continued large disbursements over a period of time for which it is as yet impossible to see the limit.

The utterance of Colonial Secretary Chamberlain reported from Bloemfontein Saturday amount to a recognition of the fact that such is the situation which he has to face. After he heard grievance upon grievance, a demand for full redemption of military notes for commandeered property, full amnesty for all men who have borne arms against Great Britain during the war, the restoration of farms and the rebuilding of homesteads, he retorted angrily that if the Boers had determined already to tear up the terms of the treaty on which the peace rested, other terms would be substituted which would be harder.

This would be an enormous undertaking. It would mean the maintenance of a large armed force for an indefinite time to control a hostile country in addition to feeding nearly half the population on Government rations, or employing them on public works.

At Friday's conference at Bloemfontein with Colonial Secretary Chamberlain, Gen. Christian Dewet called his brother, Piet. Dewet, who is an Anglophile and was a national scout, a scoundrel, and a man whose conscience can never rest. Mr. Chamberlain protested against this language, and Gen. Christian Dewet abruptly left the conference. He said he would not stop until he had caused a rebellion, not an armed one, but one of agitation and discontent against the Government.

The deputation tendered an address to Secretary Chamberlain, which he refused to accept on the ground that it was insulting. Then members arose and detailed their grievances, demanding amnesty for all who took part in the war. Mr. Chamberlain in reply, said the terms of the Vereeniging Peace Conference had been carried out loyally by Great Britain.

Former Judge Hertzog, who was a prominent Boer commandant, repeatedly interrupted Mr. Chamberlain and denied his statements. Mr. Chamberlain finally said: "I am not here to be contradicted," and then dismissed the deputation.

System of Canals.

Ottawa, Feb. 9.—The St. Joseph Transportation Company will ask power next session of Parliament to locate and construct a canal or system of canals, so as to create a navigable waterway from some point on the eastern shore of Lake Huron, in Huron or Lambton, Ontario, to some point on the northern shore of Lake Erie, in Elgin, Ontario.

Dr. J. O. Orr, Appointed.

Toronto, Feb. 9.—Dr. J. Orlando Orr has been appointed secretary and manager of the Industrial Exhibition, succeeding H. J. Hill, who resigned owing to ill health. His duties will begin to-day, and the salary will be $3,000.

WHAT MIGHT HAPPEN

To Britain's Food Supply in the Event of War.

FAMINE PRICES FOR BREAD.

Various Reasons Advanced For This Opinion—Price of Wheat Can Be Raised Artificially by the United States—Corn Trade on Both Sides of the Water Would Expect to Make Big Profits.

London, Feb. 9.—The influential committee headed by the Duke of Sutherland, Lord Strathcona, Lord Charles Beresford, and a number of members of Parliament, admirals and other promienent men, which was formed Feb. 1, to agitate the question of the scarcity of Great Britain's food supply in time of war, issued a statement yesterday, in which the opinion is expressed that, in the event of Great Britain becoming involved in an European war, the country must be prepared to see bread at practically a famine price. Various reasons are given as the basis for this opinion. The chief reasons are that the greatest source of Great Britain's food supply is the United States, where the price of wheat can be raised artificially, and that the corn trade on both sides of the Atlantic would expect to make profits on a scale commensurate with the war risks.

BRITISH AND CANADIAN.

Increases and Decreases in Imports and Exports For January.

London, Feb. 9.—The British Board of Trade returns for January show the following increases in imports from Canada: Wheat, £109,000; white flour, £7,000; bacon, £46,000; cheese, £37,000; oats, £10,000; cattle, £58,000; sheep and lambs, £4,000; hams, £15,000; eggs, £9,000; sawn wood, £7,000.

Decreases—Butter, £7,000; peas, £10,000; hewn wood, £1,000.

The imports of canned salmon totalled £20,000, and canned lobsters, £2,000.

The following British exports to Canada show the following increases: Spirits, £1,000; wool, £3,000; oil seed, £5,000; tinned plates £12,000; cutlery, £1,000; cotton piece goods, £4,000; jute piece goods, £9,000; linen piece goods, £1,000; worsted tissues, £20,000; haberdashery, £7,000; apparel and slops waterproofed, £5,000; not waterproofed, £4,000.

Decreases—Carpets, £1,000; unwrought tins, £1,000.

The exports of rails totalled £2,000; steel bars, £16,000; sheets and plates, £15,000.

Convention of Prohibitionists.

Ingersoll, Feb. 9.—A county prohibition convention has been called and will be held in the Woodstock City Hall on Saturday, Feb. 14, commencing at 2 p. m.

Aged Minister Dead.

Halifax, N.S., Feb. 9.—Rev. Canon Maynord, D.D., of Windsor, one of the oldest Anglican clergymen in this province, died yesterday, aged 88.

If You Contemplate Building Call at Ingle's Planing Mills.

Mr. Ingle can supply anything in SASH, DOORS, WINDOW BLINDS, always on hand. Being in business for over thirty years, I am satisfied I know the wants of the people. Nothing but first-class material for house or barn buildings turned out of my factory. Prices most reasonable. Consult me before making a contract. Satisfaction guaranteed in any case.

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Security and Ability

Are the first requisites of one who is to be the EXECUTOR OF YOUR ESTATE

Upon these qualities depends the welfare of the family which you seek to protect and provide for when making your will.

You can have them by the appointment of

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22 King St. Toronto (Limited)

J. RIGGS,
LINDSAY.

Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of Hair Goods, of which I keep a large assortment.

Your own Hair made to order

Hair Requisites in black,
Pomp and Round Combs.
Hair Brushes.
Pocket Combs and Pomp Pads,
Hair Pins and Set

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"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, *Lowell, Mass.*

Castoria.
"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
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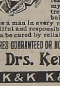
SINFUL HABITS IN YOUTH
MAKE NERVOUS, WEAK, DISEASED MEN.



THE RESULT of ignorance and folly in youth, overexertion of mind and body induced by lust and exposure are constantly wrecking the lives and future happiness of thousands of promising young men. Some fade and wither at an early age, at the blossom of manhood, while others are forced to drag out a weary, fruitless and melancholy existence. Others reach matrimony but find no solace or comfort there. The victims are found in all stations of life—the farm, the office, the workshop, the pulpit, the trades and the professions. Nervous Debility and Seminal Weakness are guaranteed cured by our New Method Treatment or No Pay. You run no risk 25 years in Detroit. Bank security.

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"I am 33 years of age and married. When young I led a gay life. Early indiscretions and later excesses made trouble for me. I became weak and nervous. My kidneys became affected and I feared Bright's Disease. Married Life was unsatisfactory and my home unhappy. I tried everything—all failed till I took treatment from Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. Their New Method built me up mentally, physically and sexually. I feel and act like a man in every respect. They treated me six years ago. They are honest, skilful and responsible financially, so why patronize Quacks and Fakirs when you can be cured by reliable doctors."—W. A. Belton.

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Light and Heavy Harness always in stock, . . . and made to order. . . .

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A FULL LINE OF TRUNKS AND VALISES ALWAYS IN STOCK.

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Now is the time to buy harness. We will sell for a short time
Team Harness worth $28.00 for $25.00.
Single Harness, nickle trimmed, for $10.00, $14.00, $16.00 and $18.00.
Solid Nickle or Rubber Harness for $20.00.

Our stock of Harness is good and well made.

E. PROUSE,
Harness Maker and General Merchant.
OAKWOOD.

To Citizens of Little Britain and Vicinity

WINTER IS HERE

If you have not already ordered your

WINTER OVERCOAT

it is not too late. We can make you up a nice stylish fitting Overcoat from $10 to $20. Why buy a ready-made Suit when you can get a better one made to order at nearly the same price. Our goods cannot be beaten for quality, and as for style our reputation as a cutter and tailor speaks for itself.

Give us a trial before patronizing Oakwood, Port Perry or Lindsay tailors.

J. J. RICH
LITTLE BRITAIN.

Breathing Disease.

Infectious diseases are breathed into the system from those affected with disease or from bad smells; yet how many women breathe daily the offensive steam from common soaps made from rancid fats, and keep their hands for hours in such solutions, and the clothing from such soap suds is worn next the tender skin. No wonder disease and eczema are prevalent! Users of Sunlight Soap —Octagon Bar—know the difference between that and the pure, healthful smell from the vegetable oils and pure edible fats in Sunlight Soap. 208

NOT THE THING.

Depend upon it, ready-made garments won't satisfy you, though to read the advertisem the dealers you may be led to fancy that clothing made of shoddy and cut with a bzz saw is superior to all other kinds.

If you stand in need of a NEW SUIT or OVERCOAT you will save dollars by coming here for it. We give every man the worth of his money, and the sewing won't rip the first time a strain comes on the garment.

We have a grand range of English, Irish, Scotch and Domestic Cloths to choose from. If you want new clothes for Spring, place your order now.

CATHRO & CO.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEB. 13, 1903.

BURNED BY MOLTEN METAL.

A Moulder Slipped Friday While Carrying A Ladle Full—Contents Splashed Over Him.

Mr. Robert Nesbitt, a moulder in the employ of the Sylvester Mfg. Co., was the victim of a painful accident on Friday afternoon last. He was carrying a ladle full of molten iron, when he slipped and fell. The iron splashed over his left arm and leg, burning them badly. He was taken home and Dr. White summoned. Mr. Nesbitt is doing as well as can be expected, but it will be a couple of weeks before he is able to resume his duties.

SCHOOL BOARD TRUSTEE ELECTION

A Large Vote Polled Jan. 5th.

More than ordinary interest was takne Feb. 5th in the contest for Public School trustee between Dr. W. H. Clarke and Mr. Thos. Blackwell, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Rev. J. W. Macmillan. Mr. Blackwell's friends rallied to his support in fine style, and organized the content on Provincial lines, with keen-eyed scrutineers at every polling place, and sleighs to carry voters to and fro. There appears to be a growing feeling that the Board of Education is a trifle exclusive in its makeup, and Mr. Blackwell's friends boomed him as the people's candidate.

It is only fair to Dr. Clarke to state that he canvassed very little, and in fact wished to withdraw as soon as he learned that Mr. Blackwell intended to run, but as he could not obtain the consent of his nominees, Messrs. R. M. Beal and MJ. P. Morris, he decided to leave choice with the electors.

The result was as follows:

CANDIDATE.	NORTH WARD. No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.
Blackwell, Thos .	77	52	70
Clarke, W. H....	23	21	48
Majority for Blackwell.............104			

Cheap Electric Power.

Parry Sound Star: The Orillia Board of Trade announces that Orillia is now ready to sell electric energy at $16 per horse power per annum, 24 hours' service every day in the year. This office pays nearly $66 per horse power per annum for the use of about two horse power of water on an average of four hours a day for each working day. If Parry Sound would arrange to supply electric energy as cheaply as Orillia we would expect to see a large number of factories take advantage of the offer.

Social Functions.

Mr. and Mrs. Rube Morgan entertained a number of their friends Friday night at their home on Wellington-st., and a couple of hours were pleasantly spent.

The Alamagoozaleumheinstein Club, comprising about twenty of our young people, assembled at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. Begg, Durham-st., south ward, Friday night, and spent a very enjoyable evening in social games.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Helson, Wellington-st., gave a party last evening in honor of their visitor, Miss Minnie Miller, who will leave shortly for Manitoba. About fifteen were present, and a very pleasant evening was spent.

"Plodders, Loafers and Croakers"

The lecture given by Rev. G. W. Henderson in Cambridge-st. Methodist church last evening, under the auspices of the Y.P.S.C.E. was very successful. Despite so many other attractions the church was well filled. The subject—a most interesting one—was ably handled by the pastor. Dr. Vrooman presided as chairman for the evening. A large number of the choir were present and were assisted in the musical part of the program by solos from Miss Winters and Mr. Sockville, which were heartily appreciated by all present. The Young People's Society were fortunate in securing the services of their pastor on this occasion, and feel very grateful to him for his untiring zeal and his ever willing hand to assist them in the work of their society.

L'C.I. TEAM vs. BOBCAYGEON.

FAST AND CLEAN GAME ON THURSDAY EVENING, JAN. 5th.

The Score a Tie, and Good Playing was a Feature on both Sides.

The L. C. I. team journeyed to Bobcaygeon Feb. 5th, and tied the crack team of that burg, who play in group No. 2 of the Trent Valley League along with the T. A. S., of Peterboro and other clubs. Both teams played in splendid form, and it was the best exhibition of hockey Hocky seen in Bobcaygeon this season.

The teams lined up at 8 o'clock, and in just ten seconds Bobcaygeon scored the first goal. The centre passed to cover-point and he lifted, and before anyone knew where it was it struck the net and up went the umpires hand. Bobcaygeon took the next on a scrimmage in front of the goal, and the score was 2 to 0 Then the L. C. I., who had been pegging away ever since the play began at the village defence, secured two goals on pretty shots of Killen and Eyres. Bobcaygeon came back with another, and the School got "com." going and McDonald banged it into the net, the score at half-time ending three all.

Both teams had good rests and came on the ice determined to win. Bobcaygeon took first blood, but Eyres put in a counter and the game was a tie again. Then Eyres got clear away through the Bobcaygeon team, but failed to shoot a goal. Killen and McDonald worked a nice "com" and the shot struck the post. Then Killen and Eyres got away and the shot was mixed when a counter seemed certain. Bobcaygeon took a hand in, and on shots from the sides scored two goals, making tally 6 to 4, and the villagers were jubiliant, but the L. C. I. finished strong and on splendid 'com' of forwards scored two goals and final tally was 6 to 6 after a clean hard fought game, in which, with any kind of luck in shooting, the L. C. I., would have won by a fair majority of goals.

For Bobcaygeon Cameron in goal played a splendid game, and his quick clearing was a feature. Their defence is big and strong, and play a good defensive game. On the rush line Trotter was the star; he is a good check and shot, and is very fast. For L. C. I. Scully, in goal, played well, but hee was much bothered by the lighting of the rink, and three of the goals which passed his citadel were of the "flukey" variety. Koyl played a good game at point, and Duffus at the cover was the same good man as of yore, and his rushes up the side and feeding the forwards were excellent. Killen was the star of the forward line, and played his man and position to perfection. Eyres was very speedy and his "com" with Killen was good. McDonald played his man well and broke up all attemps at combination with his check. He nicks in well with the other forwards and when the three came down the ice there was always something "doin'". Only 6 men a side were played on the teams, as the rink was small. Mr. "Goosie" Taylor refereed a fair and impartial game to the satisfaction of both teams. The teams and officers were:

L. C. I., (6)—Goal, Scully; point, Koyl; cover-point, Duffus (Capt.) forwards, Eyres, Killen, McDonald.

Bobcaygeon (6)—Goal Cameron; point, Carey; cover-point, McIntyre; forwards, Trotter, Garlick.

Referee, "Goosie" Taylor. Umpires, Pearson, J. A. Ross. Timers, G. Ewart, E. J. Woolard.

A ACCIDENT AT KINMOUNT.

A Son of the Rev Mr. Yorston Injured While Sleigh Riding.

A very serious accident happened in Kinmount on Saturday afternoon which may have fatal results. The eight year old son of the Rev. J. Yorston, Baptist minister, together with some companions, was enjoying himself coasting on a large hill near that village. In descending the hill Yorston's sleigh went out of its regular course, with the result that he collided with a large stump at the foot. He was thrown against the stump with great force, and when up was unconscious. The unfortunate lad is so badly bruised, cut and injured internally that his recovery is very doubtful. Drs. White, of Kinmount, and Graham, of Fenelon Falls, are in attendance.

RESOLUTION OF CONDOLENCE.

East Victoria Teachers Honor the Memory of Late Inspector Reazin.

At the late convention of the East Victoria Teachers' Association it was resolved that the following memorial be engrossed and sent to Mrs. Henry Reazin:

"The members of the East Victoria Teachers' Association have learned with deep regret of the death of the late Mr. Henry Reazin, Inspector of Schools for West Victoria. His genial manner and kindly habits had endeared him to all who knew him His unceasing labors in the cause of education during a long lifetime, and in various parts of the province of Ontario, had made him widely known, while his deep interest in the welfare of the teachers and pupils in his large inspectorate were fully recognized.

The teachers of East Victoria take this opportunity of expressing their sympathy to the widow and children of their late friend, praying that He who is the Father of the fatherless may comfort and support them in this bereavement which His wise providence has caused them to sustain."

This Has a Local Application.

The following from the Whitby Chronicle should furnish matter for discussion at the next meeting of Lindsay Board of Health: Messrs. Sleep and Brant, two farmers of Whitby, mysteriously lost some cattle two years ago by a disease which was pronounced anthrax. They entered action against the town of Whitby and the Ontario Ladies' College, both of whom were emptying sewage into a stream which flowed on their farms. The cases have been compromised out of court by the payment of $105 to Mr. Sleep, $110 to Mr. Brant and $125 costs, the College and town both agreeing to filter their sewerage by modern methods.

HOW THE GAME WAS WON.

EXCITING FINISH IN THE TANKARD PRIMARIES AT PORT HOPE.

Oshawa Men were Cock Sure of Victory, but Cuthbert Said "Nay"

Friday, in Port Hope, was played the final game in Group 5 in the Primary competition for the Ontario Tankard, unless the protest lodged by the Peterboro Clubs is allowed. Cobourg on Thursday had defeated Port Hope by 8 shots, and Oshawa in the evening defeated Cobourg by 21 shots. Quite a number of Port Hopers followed the game between Oshawa and from start to finish. A small number of ladie were in attendance all the time, and these were staunch supporters of the Lindsay rinks. The morning was mild, and as the cold spell in Port Hope was of short duration, the ice, though true enough, was far from keen, and before the game ended two or three had to turn their stones.

In the draw Mr. McLennan drew Mr. Punshon, and Mr. Harstone Mr. Sykes. Mr. Harstone was a little late in starting, as he was very anxious to appear in appropriate head-dress. He quite astonished his own men, and the oldest Scotch settler could not make out what clan he belonged to, but finally they settled it as the Clan Canadienne. Both Oshawa rinks started the scoring, each chalking up a single to its credit. McLennan in the second end came back with a single and Harstone with a double, and Lindsay was one up. Punshon and his men had their playing clothes on, and do what they would the Lindsay rink could not get the lead. In the first eight ends singles only were scored, and Oshawa took five of those and Lindsay three. At this stage of the game Sykes was one up on Harstone, and the spectators present were watching with great interest what was giving promise of a close and hard fight. Towards the middle of the game Harstone evidently decided that it was time for a change, for instead of playing his lead and second player a draw game, when there were Oshawa stones in the ring, he had them take them out, and it was impossible for the Oshawa skip to get a stone in that was not immediately landed back of the rings. This left it to vice-skip and skip to hold as many of these Lindsay stones counting as possible, and by the end of the eighteenth end the score stood—Sykes 15, Harstone 22. These rinks were playing a little faster then the other two, as they had just finished their sixteenth end, and Oshawa was five up, Lindsay two up all round and both sides played with the greates care every stone. Sykes scored one on the nineteenth end and Punshon 3 on the eighteenth, and Lindsay were down one.

The twentieth end looked bad for Lindsay, as Oshawa were lying three shots when Harstone played his final stone. This was narrow, and Oshawa still lay three. Sykes guarded, but left a port large enough for a draw, and Harstone redeemed himself by drawing to the tee and saving the end, and as McLennan had also just scored one, Lindsay was one up all round. The twenty-first end Lindsay lay shot just behind the tee until the vice-skip for Oshawa played his first stone right against the Lindsay stone, and exactly on the tee. It was decided to leave the stone there, and so Lindsay guarded and Oshawa failed to reach it and so scored only one, and when McLennan had finished his twentieth end Harstone finished his game. On 22nd end Sykes scored two, and as McLennan scored two at the same time it was up to McLennan to pull the game out for his side. The whole interest was centred in this game, and Oshawa got a stone in and Lindsay, try as they would, could not get to it. It was their only shot, as McLennan was second and third. With his last stone McLennan tried to run a double port to the Oshawa shot, but was unfortunate enough to get a wick, and when the stones had stopped rolling both Lindsay stones were out of the rings, and Oshawa lay three. Punshon drew another and scored four, and Oshawa was four up all round, and Oshawa players beamed with delight.

Some of the players in the other rinks commenced strapping stones, but Mr. Cuthbert said that he had seen four ends made before, and not to be in any hurry. Then the end began to shape well for Lindsay, and stones were put to one side and all eyes were in the game. The Oshawa men were sure that the game was theirs, and were in great spirits; and the Lindsay rink were determined to pull the game out of the hole. As it was impossible to guard, both sides were playing to get the stones in the ring, and Lindsay stones ran just right, leaving the only dangerous Oshawa stones exposed. McLennan with his first shot cleared out one of these. Punshon with his last shot played wide, and the way was clear for Lindsay to score five if McLennan could get around two stones in front of the rings. He took the broom to a hair's-breadth and played the exact weight, and after skimming by the front stone, the stone curled beautifully and out went the only Oshawa stone that hindered Lindsay from scoring five—and victory was Lindsay's. The Lindsay men shouted themselves hoarse and nearly shook McLennan's hands off. The score:

OSHAWA—F. E. Ellis, T. E. Baker, A. G. Lambert, P. H. Punshon, skip, 19; vs. LINDSAY—Rev. J. W. Macmillan, T. Burke, W. Dundas, W. M. McLennan, skip, 16.

OSHAWA—W. Coulthard, J. W. Provan, H. McMurtry, J. A. Sykes, skip, 19; vs. LINDSAY—Dr. Walters, R. H. Cuthbert, L. V. O'Connor, J. C. Harstone, skip, 23. Total, Oshawa 38; total, Lindsay 39.

The remarks of the spectators and players on the final end would fill a very interesting page in any Curling Annual had any person collected, and a man with a camera that would reproduce the changes in the countenances of the two sides as the play proceeded, with the climax at the finish, would have his fortune made.

It is quite a coincidence that last year, in the Primaries, Lindsay won their final game by one shot, and that it was the last stone of the losing rink that won the game, and that this year exactly the same thing should happen. Another strange thing is that the totals are exactly the same as last year's. They were—Lindsay 39, Peterboro 38.

SHEPHERD-NEEDLER CUP GAME.

The Play in Orillia Last Monday.

We take from the Orillia Times the following account of the games played in Orillia last Monday for the Shepherd-Needler Cup:

Monday was not a very good day for curling the ice being soft, the weather warm, and the rain falling, but the Orillia curlers found it good enough to win the Shepherd-Needler trophy from the men from Lindsay, by a good big majority. In the first match, played three weeks ago, Orillia's representatives were 9 points up, and with this advantage they went into the second with a determination to win. The four rinks that went to Lindsay to play lost seven of the nine, but the home rinks piled up the tidy majority of 35, winning the series by a total of 37. The games here were watched by a large crowd of enthusiasts, and good playing on both sides received well-merited applause.

The old time rivals, skips Flavelle and Main, fought it out on rink 1, and kept the score very even until near the end when the Orillia man drew ahead and won out with a majority of 5. On rink 2, skip Scott of Orillia, and his opponent made 3 singles each in the first six ends, when the former scored a 5, and from that out kept a comfortable lead. Skip Gordon Grant jumped into the lead from the start, and before the game was half played was 12 or 14 up, but the Lindsay quartette made things interesting in the last half, and were a little more than holding their own. On rink 4 the Lindsay men were ahead at several stages of the game, but the wind-up left them 7 shy. The Lindsay rinks were each skipped by one of the famous Winnipeg rinks, and these four gentlemen were given a hearty send-of when they boarded the train for the West. The score:

ORILLIA.		LINDSAY	
T A Main, skip	20	J D Flavelle, skip...	15
John Scott, skip	23	N F A McSwyn, sk..	19
Gordon Grant, skip	23	Geo Little, skip	13
R Cunningham, skip..	23	L McIntosh, skip	16
Total	89	Total	54

CENSURED SCOTCH CURLERS.

Presbytery of Toronto Pass a Strong Resolution

Mail and Empire.—At the close of the induction proceedings in Victoria Presbyterian church at Toronto Junction on Tuesday night, the members of Toronto Presbytery met and passed the following resolution: "The presbytery reasserts its sense of the importance of a proper observance of the Lord's Day, and of being in sympathy with every effort to maintain the day in its integrity. The presbytery expresses its regret that Rev. Mr. Kerr and his party of Scotch curlers saw fit to give their sanction to the views and practices of those who seek to impair the sanctity and hallowed influence of that Divine Institution."

F. E. B

We heard a man say the other morning that the abbreviation for February—Feb.—means "Freeze every body," and that man looked frozen in his ulster. It was apparent that he needed the kind of warmth that stays, the warmth that reaches from head to foot, all over the body. We could have told him from personal knowledge that Hood's Sarsaparilla gives permanent warmth, it invigorates the blood and speeds it along through artery and vein; and really fits men and women, boys and girls, to enjoy cold weather and resist the attacks of disease. It gives the right kind of warmth, stimulates and strengthens at the same time, and all its benefits are lasting. There may be a suggestion in this for you.

GIVEN A CABINET OF SILVER.

St. Andrew's Congregation to Their Departing Minister.

The congregation of St. Andrew's church gave a farewell social Monday evening in the schoolroom to their pastor, Rev. J. W. Macmillan, prior to his departure for Winnipeg Mr. J. R. McNeillie occupied the chair. A short musical program was given by Misses Laidlaw and Gross, and Messrs. Hamilton and Tremeer, and short speeches were made by Rev. Mr. Sinclair, of Sonya, and Messrs. Jackson, Donald, Begg, McDougal, Paton and Low, representing different departments of the church work. All expressed deep regret at the removal of Mr. Macmillan, but wished him the best of blessings in his new field of labor. Mrs. R. Ross in a few well-chosen words presented Mr. Macmillan with a beautiful cabinet of silver, which Mr. Macmillan suitably acknowledged, also expressing his appreciation of all the kindness he had received since coming to Lindsay.

Guiding Star Encampment.

The following officers of Guiding Star Encampment No. 22, I.O.O.F., were installed for the ensuing year: C.P., W. J. Fee; S.W., D. Sinclair; H.P., E. A. Hardy; W., W. Ashley; Scribe, C. Davidson; 1st W., T. C. Matchett; 2nd W., F. Jarvis, 3rd W., W. Chambers; 4th W., Thos. Walton; Guide, A. Storer; I.G., A. Eck; O.G.; G. Pratt.

Does it not seem more effective to breathe in a remedy, to cure disease of the breathing organs, than to take the remedy into the stomach?

Vapo-Cresolene.

Established 1879.

Cures While You Sleep

It cures because the air rendered strongly antiseptic is carried over the diseased surface with every breath, giving prolonged and constant treatment. It is invaluable to mothers with small children.

Is a boon to asthmatics.

—FOR—

Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Croup, Coughs, Catarrh, Colds, Grippe and Hay Fever

The Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a lifetime, together with a bottle of Cresolene, $1.50. Extra supplies of Cresolene 25 cents and 50 cents. Write for descriptive booklet containing highest testimony as to its value.

VAPO-CRESOLENE IS SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Vapo-Cresolene Co.

180 Fulton Street, New York — 1651 Notre Dame Street, Montreal

REV. MacMILLAN'S FAREWELL

Continued from page 3.

and anxious, wondering at his tranquility at the time of such a wonder. It seemed to them that ignorance was the only possible explanation of his calmness. "Knowest thou," they said, "that the Lord will take away thy master from thy head to-day?" "Yea," he replied, "I know it. Hold ye your peace." Elisha lived in trust. What the Lord did was well done.

2. At Peace with Ourselves.—There is a peace of stagnation, the peace in which the particles of earth lie together in the clods. And some people, living without aspiration to be better, have such a peace. There is a peace of death, as on the field of battle are buried side by side those who lately sought each other's lives. Their mutual hate is gone, the fierce animosities with which their hearts surged as they strove together. And some who are buried from the light beneath a mass of trespasses and sins have such a peace. The peace of Jesus is a living peace—the peace of unity, the peace of harmonious activity.

There is always a quietness and ease in the doing of anything that is well doen. It is so the graceful athlete performs his feats. It is so a well-built, well-oiled machine runs. The progress in bicycle manufacturing points this out. There is peace in the growth of a tree. How much better nature does her work than man! No man hears it, no man can mark any suddenness or jerkiness in its development, so peacefully does it put out its leaves and expand its girth. There is peace in the sunrise. Is not that the lesson of early morn, when the first gentle beams of the king of day begin to gild the eastern horizon? There is strength there too, and brightness, but most peacefully revealed.

This is the peace of God, the peace of unity, the peace of harmonious activity.

Man is a complexity. He has many organs in his body and many faculties in his mind, and many energies in his soul. Peace in body is health, when every organ is working at its best and all harmoniously together. If the lungs are fighting the heart, swollen with pleurisy and pressing it out of its place, there is no peace. Or if the lungs be dead, then the heart cannot live and work. Peace in the body demands that each organ shall be at its best and all harmoniously working together. Peace in the mind is sanity. If one is wrong all are wrong. If the memory is gone or the logical faculty is out of order, then that person is insane. There is a lunatic tumult in his brain.

And so the soul requires to have all its energies at work, and at work harmoniously, if there is to be peace in the soul. Now, sometimes the flesh wars against the spirit — the evil side of man sets itself for transgression, the good side of a man sets itself for righteousness. Principalities are the allies of evil, all the angels on the side of good. Then is the man engaged in an incarnate battle, and he knows no peace. Sometimes a man's will is battling with his sloth. He will procrastinate, move leisurely or not at all; his somnolent sympathies range no farther than his own luxury, or the success of his dearest friends — for I claim that a man who does not care for Indian peasants dying of hunger, or Africans tortured in the slave compound, is not so much a cold-blooded man as a slow-blooded man; not so much cruel as lazy; and that man's will, making his soul once in a while to feel and know his duty, strives to keep him active all the day long, and that man is the abode of war, dissatisfaction and remorse. He has no peace.

Conscience has to battle with greed. How many a business man knows this. Duty is at war with pleasure. How many a young man or woman has felt this when the season for vacations came. We must sacrifice our affections at times on the altar of duty, and always hold the love of truth as greater than reputation. This is especially true of our public men—they must never seem to hesitate as to the stand to be taken. All these things lend greatly to peace—peace of the heart and of the soul.

And now it is fitting that I should say a few personal words of farewell. I have been in Lindsay for seven and a half years (the longest Presbyterian pastorate Lindsay has known), and during that time I have met with the utmost courtesy and kindness from all classes of people, and have been honored by appointments in the 45th Battalion, on the Public Library Board, the Board of Education, and others. You know very well that my life has not been above criticism, and I yours. Were it otherwise there would be no occasion for the church I have said that I was sorry to leave Lindsay. When the invitation came from Winnipeg to become a candidate I declined, but when a unanimous call came without hearing me I took counsel of my own judgment and that of many of my friends, which was unanimously in favor of acceptance, and this I did. I had hoped that I might have been able to remain in Lindsay full ten years. When I was a boy there was one thing I thought I never would be, and that a minister, but as I grew older and the fact was pressed home to me that I could be nothing else, I determined I would have nothing to do with ecclesiastical stage business, but be a man among men. My resolve was to make my life that of an ordinary christian gentleman. And now I would say a word for my successor—a word I could not say before, and which my successor could hardly say. This is no longer a little congregation, and the homes are spread over quite a large area. A minister's work is naturally divided into two parts—the pastoral and pulpit work. I have not satisfied myself with regard to the latter, and have not satisfied you in regard to the former, but I honestly say that between the two I think I have been more successful in the pastoral work, where required. Pastoral visitation is not now what it was in former times, when it was possible to meet the whole family with the opportunity to instruct, but now the father and older members of the family are usually absent—you meet only the mother of the house, and while the visit is extremely delightful, yet it largely becomes a mere social call. A minister should enter into the citizen life of the country.

I hope to see Lindsay again, and in any case I know I will see many of you in the West, and I can assure you that anyone from this locality will always find a warm welcome at St. Andrew's Manse, Winnipeg

A Ten Days' Quick Selling Sale....

THIS is part of our store program for February. Up-to-date storekeeping demands that we cut down our stock in order to make shelf room for new spring goods that are already arriving.

To accomplish this end quickly, we have gone even to the extreme in cutting down prices; but all surplus stock must go out within the next ten days.

Here is a mere outline of the bargains to be picked up:

BARGAINS IN FELT BOOTS.

We have made big reductions in Men's Heavy Winter Footwear of all descriptions, also in Women's and Children's Felt Boots and Slippers. Our entire stock has been marked down to the lowest notch, prices that simply cannot be duplicated in Lindsay. This is your opportunity to save money.

BARGAINS IN RUBBERS.

You will not find any so-called cheap rubbers in our stock, but all lines that we have reduced are perfectly reliable goods, and bear the brand of only the best makers. If you require anything in Rubber Footwear, do not fail to attend this sale of High Quality Rubbers.

BARGAINS IN STREET BOOTS

We are introducing this spring a new shoe for ladies. All other makers goods must move out. That is why we are making a 25 per cent reduction on a number of lines of Ladies Street Boots. See east side window display.

SEEING IS BELIEVING. Watch our show windows: be convinced, and then buy freely.

R. NEILL

90 KENT STREET, LINDSAY

CASH AND ONE PRICE. "THE SHOE KING"

—IT PAYS TO BUY AT CINNAMON'S—

..STOVES..

Great Bargains in Stoves

AT CINNAMON'S STORE

During February, while we are stock-taking, we will offer our Celebrated Cooking Stoves at the old price, before the advance. If you want the best Cook Stove on the market and wish to save from $3 to $5, buy now. It will pay you.

D. CINNAMON

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Axes, Cross-Cut Saws, Lanterns, Horse Blankets, Etc.

—KENT STREET, — LINDSAY—

PASCOE BROS, GENERAL MERCHANTS.

Successors to Hegg Bros., OAKWOOD.

WE are still taking orders for anything our customers desire that we do not keep in stock.

Orders for furs are still coming in; and anyone desiring furs or anything else, kindly call at the store and have Particulars, and we will give our best attention in procuring them to the satisfaction of the customer.

Mr. Champion, the tailor, is burning midnight oil getting out work, as he is very busy, trying to get the work finished at the date promised.

The Suits which we are clearing out at $12.00, worth $16.00 and $18.00, are going rapidly.

Call and leave your orders before the rush of Spring trade is on.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.—We are reducing the price of all our ready-made goods, such as Overcoats, Reefers, Ulsters and Men's Suits.

Highest market price paid for Butter, Eggs, Dried Apples, Fowls, etc. Our wagon will be taking its regular route in the Spring and solicits your patronage.

PASCOE BROS.

Terms Cash or Trade. OAKWOOD

GENUINE....:.

1847 ROGERS BROS.

Silver Plated

Spoons Knives and Forks

FULLY WARRANTED

For sale at

J. G. EDWARDS & CO.

LINDSAY.

Money and Insurance

Unlimited amount of **Cash to Loan** on mortgages at lowest rates. Notes discounted.

Agent for the **Union Assurance Society** of London, England, and the **Scottish Union** and **National Insurance Company.**

JOHN KENNEDY,
Adam Block, Kent-st

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEB. 13, 1903.

CORRESPONDENT'S LETTERS

GREENBANK

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Miss Sylvia Leask gave an oyster supper to about forty of her friends on Thursday evening of last week

Quarterly service in the Methodist church next Sunday morning

On Saturday evening the S. O. S. entertained about fifteen of their friends from Seagrave Division. All report having had a good time

MOUNT HOREB.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

An illustrated entertainment will be given by the Victoria Stereopticon Co., assisted by Mr. Arthur Waller and his Concert Grand Gramophone, embracing selections by celebrated bands and orchestras, also the latest songs, Whip-Poor-Will, Quartettes etc. To be held in the school house, Mount Horeb, on Monday evening, Feb. 16th. What everbody says must be true—that this is the best they have ever seen or heard. Doors open at 7 p.m. concert at 8 o'clock sharp. Admission, adults, 15c., children under 12 10c., children under 5 free. God Save The King.—w1.

IRONDALE.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

In the report of our entertainment held a couple of weeks ago, a mistake occurred. It was stated the concert took place in the Methodist church. This is incorrect ;it took place in the large house owned by Mr. Handcock. However, its bad enough when a hall where an entertainment is given under the auspices of the church is converted into a dancing pavilion. It's about time our young people had better sense than to dance at an entertainment even if they did go into another room. They should show some respect towards those who do not approve of dancing.

COBOCONK.

(Special to The Post.)

The following is the standing of the pupils in the senior division of the village school for January, the names being arranged in order of merit: Fifth--Stella Harvey, Gertie McDonald, H. H. Holland, P. V. Birchard, Pearl Fockler, Ethel Forster. Fourth—Elva Thompson, Grace Hall, G. Watson, Addie Richman, A. Dayman, Jenny Barjarow, Mabel Milligan, H. Wilkinson, R. Waffle, E. Simpson.Sr. Third—Evelyn Logie, R. Fockler, E. Lake, Winnie Callan, Effie Sheldon, G. Holland, (equal) Myrtle Clifford, W. Rumney. Jr. Third—G. Dayman, R. Shiel's, Georgina Logie, Pearl Waffle, A. Barjarow, R. Holland, Etta Reed, Althea Watson, N. Holland.

Mr. T. Dayman, engineer on the Coboconk flyer, took a few enforced days off duty last week owing to illness. His friends will be pleased to have him again on duty; they feel safe when they know Tom's hand is on the throttle.

Mr. John Ham visited the city last week.

Mr. F. C. Fielding returned last Saturday from Toronto, where he had spent two weeks

Mrs. Robert Staples accompanied her daughter to Syracuse, N.Y., last week.

GOODERHAM.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

A shadow of gloom was cast over this place on Friday when the news reached hear that Mr. Haywood's house with all the contents was burned to the ground. One of the children was badly burned about the head. Mr. Haywood has the sympathy of the entire community in his loss.

We are sorry to hear of Miss Hill's serious illness.

Mr. Thomas Hall, bark buyer, was in town over Sunday.

Go to C. V. Woods for valentines and fancy goods. Bargains in millinery. Come and inspect the stock.

PLEASANT POINT.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

The weather so far for February has been very fine and mild.

Our citizens were grieved to hear of the death of Mrs. Jas. Milligan, sr., which sad event occurred last week at the age of 83 years. Mr. Milligan and family will have the sympathy of our citizens in their bereavement.

Mr. Bert Brien, of Toronto, paid his home a flying visit last Wednesday night. He was on his way to the Provincial Y. M. C. A. Convention at Peterboro.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Brien of Riverview, Pleasant Point, visited Valentin friends lately.

LITTLE BRITAIN.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Mr. Richard Smith, undertaker, was the victim of a painful accident last week. He was assisting his son-in-law, Mr. Cornish, in getting out some timber to build a new driving shed. They were engaged in felling trees, and unfortunately while Mr. Smith was standing against a stump one fell, pinning him between a large log and a stump. Mr. Smith saw the tree commence to fall but had not time to get out of the way. He was brought to Little Britain and Dr. Hall was summoned, when it was discovered that his leg was fractured and badly bruised. We are glad to say that he is progressing nicely. His many friends will wish him a speedy recovery.

We regret to have to report the death of Mrs. Herbert Shaver, which sad event occurred a few days ago. Mr. Shaver will have the sympathy of our citizens in his bereavement.

Miss Bonn, of Port Perry, is visiting Miss Ethel Marks.

On Tuesday evening a jolly sleigh load of our young people journeyed to Scugog Island to attend a basket social. They report having had a good time at the social and a pleasant sleigh drive.

The cheese factory owned by Mr. O. J. B. Yearsley has been leased to the Toronto Dairy Co. It will be fitted up for a creamery. A new engine and boiler, separator and other machinery (necessary for making first-class butter will be installed. Mr. Yearsley and Mr. Hall of the City Dairy Co. are at present in the village in connection with the proposed improvements. About 108 tons of ice will be placed in the factory for cooling purposes. The new creamery will be a great boon to the village, and it is to be hoped the farmers will assist the new firm.

IRONDALE.

(Special to The Post.)

Will you allow me space in your paper to state that there was an item in the Irondale correspondence of last week which was not correct. Your correspondent stated that some of the young people on the evening of the entertainment acted very much out of place, and insisted on turning the church into a dance hall. Allow me to say that the entertainment was held in an unoccupied house, commonly known as the big house, which is owned by Mr. Hancock, and where the young people danced was in a room in the same house but apart from where the entertainment was held. If the young people had been asked civilly to leave the house they would have done so. There was one person present who seemed to think he held the keys of the universe, as he took upon himself to order the young people out. He acted very unwisely. A man holding an office in the municipality—if he wishes to retain the good will of the people—should know better than to try to force the public in that way. The proceeds of the entertainment, after deducting expenses, amounted to $5. Everybody in this country has to paddle his own canoe, so don't think the young people of Irondale were afraid of arrest for making use of the house after the entertainment was over.

News is scarce in this neighborhood. It is some time since you heard from your own correspondent.

Mrs. A. Clarke and family, of Baptiste, are the guests of Mrs G. Dawkins

Mrs. Wm. Needler and her sister, Miss M. Graham, have returned to Lindsay, after spending a couple of weeks under the parental roof.

Mr. Wm. McCarty was in the village lately.

We are pleased to know that the services in the English church will be continued for the rest of the winter.

A number of men from the camp left Saturday for their homes.

Messrs. Jas. Barr and Geo. Dunbar, of Kinmount, who have been in the village for some time, have returned to their homes for a few days.

Mr. Geo. Dawkins and Mr. V. Hagan spent a few days of last week at Baptiste.

Miss E. Sedgwick spent Sunday last with her parents in Gelert.

Mr. J. M. White, of Minden, passed through here lately.

CANNINGTON.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Mr. James Cowan, of McKenzie & Mann, is home from the West for a short time. Mr. Cowan is looking well and no doubt the West agrees with him.

Rev. Mr. Martin assisted the Presbytery of the Presbyterian church on Monday evening in selecting a pastor to fill the vacancies in Sunderland and Cresswell churches.

Mr. Thos. Bowes, the picneer, drover of Mariposa, was in town last week.

Mr. T. A. Wilson was in the city last week on a purchasing trip.

The Orangemen of Dalrymple had a good turnout to their annual supper last Friday evening. The chair was occupied by Bro. Hugh Wilson, of Cannington. Revs. Martin and Jolliffe gave stirring addresses, and the choir of Knox church rendered several fine selections.

Mrs. (Rev.) Martin has returned, after enjoying a very pleasant visit with old friends at Tweed.

Mr. Thorndike, formerly of Lindsay, but lately with Mr. Allan at Fenelon Falls, was in town on Tuesday. He was on his way to Victoria Road, where he has been engaged by Mr Anderson, general merchant.

Mr. W. Bryant, one of the popular veterinary surgeons of Sunderland, has removed to this town, where he hopes to build up a good practice. His office is on Laidlaw-st., a few doors south of the Queen's hotel.

Mr. Charlie Bott, of Cresswell, was in town on Friday last.

OMEMEE.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Several of our teachers attended the convention at Lindsay last week.

Rev. W. M. Kannawin, B.A., preached at Woodville last Sunday. Mr. Brown, student of Queen's University, filled Mr. Kannawin's place.

The Salvation Army, with the assistance of some of the soldiers, ably put on the drama "The Prodigal Son" to a crowded house and no amateurs ever appeared before an Omemee audience that showed to better advantage. They have been induced to produce the same in Lindsay on the 16th.

The promoters of the Peterboro sugar factory held a very interesting meeting here last week, urging the farmers to grow sugar beets. The meeting was addressed by Dr. Jeffs and Messrs. Bennett and King.

Mr. Issur, a medical missionary, lectures here on Wednesday evening.

The Bible Society meeting will be held in the Presbyterian church next Sunday evening. All churches will unite for the occasion.

Mrs. Wm. Rea, after a lingering illness, died last week. She was a resident of Ops all her life, and was a consistent and useful member of the Methodist church.

We hope to hear of some enterprising person starting to run a side-wheel punt or steamer this year on Pigeon River. It would pay alright.

There are a few farmers satisfied with the good times under the present Government. They won't grow sugar beets for fear of neglecting their stock.

FENELON FAALLS.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Mr. Theodore Joy, miller, of the firm of Puley & Joy, Kinmount, was in town last Sunday.

Mr. H. Puley, of Kinmount, spent Sunday here with his family.

The storm here last Friday was of a very severe nature. Most of the roads were almost impassable for a few days.

Mrs. Calder has been appointed secretary of the Public Library, and it is generally conceded that she will make an efficient officer. Mr. Martin Kelly, who has been secretary for a number of years, was dismissed. It is to be regretted that Mr. Kelly is removed from the office, and perhaps the Board acted somewhat hastily in this matter. At all events, it is a poor recognition of services given free, or almost free, for sixteen or seventeen years, and when the weather is cold to ask him to move, especially when Mr. Kelly's father, who lives with him, is very frail. We believe he should at least have got an extension of time.

It is reported that Mr Peter Moffatt, of Fenelon has bought Mr. J. H. Cassidy's farm, and that Mr. Root. Moffatt goes onto his father's old place, while Alfred Sewell, of this village, takes Robert's farm.

A petition is being circulated requesting the Council to pass a by-law for the village to take $20,000 preferred stock in Mr. F. Sandford's company, which he is forming for the purpose of manufacturing furniture, washers, churns, doors and other articles of woodenware.

Some of our ratepayers want another audit of the school treasurer's books for the year 1901-2, and Chairman McDougall, of the School Board, says in last week's Star that the board are perfectly willing that this shall be done. Well, by all means let us have it done in order to settle once and forever this whining by anonymous writers, who it would appear have not the courage to sign their names to their productions. But name or no name, there appears to be some ground for complaint, for we feel that the Board in justice to the ratepayers and themselves should demand an audit certified to by the Council. We would like to hear the Gazette declare itself on this question. That journal has on previous occasions mourned in sackcloth and ashes the doings of Councils, but now it seems to be as silent as the walls of Troy. Why has it not scorched the Council for not forcing the auditors to bring in the audit in proper time, or is it playing the part of a weakling? The Gazette has the floor.

And Wires Sometimes.

London News.

In having their pigtails cut off, the Chinamen of Ottawa took an unnecessary precaution. Legs and corks are the only things that are pulled in the Capital.

Why do we wear

Granby Rubbers and Overshoes

Dealers all over Dominion say they give better satisfaction than any others. The people say they fit better, look better, wear better.—Because they are honestly made out of pure new rubber.

"Granby Rubbers wear like iron."

MARKET REPORTS.

Cables Came Lower, But Future at Chicago Hold Firm and Close Without Change—Latest Quotations.

Tuesday Evening, Feb. 10.

Liverpool wheat futures closed ½d lower to-day than yesterday, and corn futures ⅛d lower to ⅜d higher.

At Paris wheat futures are quoted 10 centimes lower and flour futures 15 centimes lower.

At Chicago May wheat closed unchanged from yesterday; May corn unchanged and May oats unchanged.

LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.

Following are the closing quotations at important wheat centres to-day:

	Cash.	May.	July.
New York	....	82¼	79⅜
Chicago	....	79¼	74⅞
Toledo	78¼	81¼	77
Duluth, No. 1 Northern	76⅛	78⅜	78

TORONTO ST. LAWRENCE MARKET.

Grain—

Wheat, red, bush	$0 72	to 0 73½
Wheat, white, bush	0 72	0 72½
Wheat, spring, bush	0 70	....
Wheat, goose, bush	0 68	0 68½
Beans, bush	1 30	1 50
Peas, bush	0 78½	....
Rye, bush	0 52½	....
Barley, bush	0 47	0 50
Oats, bush	0 35	0 36
Buckwheat, bush	0 55½	....

TORONTO FARM PRODUCE.

Wholesale.

Hay, baled, car lots, ton	$8 50 to	$9 00
Straw, baled, car lots, ton	5 00	5 75
Potatoes, car lots	1 00	1 10
Butter, dairy, lb. rolls	0 18	0 20
Butter, tubs, per lb.	0 18	0 19
Butter, creamery, lb. rolls	0 22	0 24
Butter, creamery, boxes	0 22	0 23
Butter, bakers', tub	0 15	0 16
Eggs, new-laid, doz	0 25	....
Turkeys, per lb	0 13	0 14
Geese, per lb	0 08½	0 09½
Ducks, per pair	0 75	1 25
Chickens, per pair	0 45	0 75
Honey, per lb	0 08	0 09
Honey (sections), each	0 12½	0 15

TORONTO HIDES AND WOOL.

Hides, No. 1 steers, inspected	$0 08 to	$0 08½
Hides, No. 2 steers, "	0 07	0 07½
Hides, No. 1 inspected	0 07½	0 08
Hides, No. 2, inspected	0 06½	0 07
Calfskins, No. 1, selected		0 10
Calfskins, No. 2, selected		0 08
Deacons (dairies), each		0 65
Sheepskins	$0 80 to	$0 95
Wool, fleece	0 15	0 16
Wool, unwashed	0 08½	0 09½
Tallow, rendered	0 05¾	0 06¼

TORONTO LIVE STOCK.

Receipts of live stock were not large, 59 car loads, composed of 970 cattle, 670 sheep and lambs, 500 hogs and about 25 calves.

Export Cattle—Choice loads of heavy shippers are worth $4.50 to $4.85; common rough exporters, $4 to $4.35.

Export Bulls—Choice heavy export bulls sold at $4 to $4.25; light export bulls, $3.50 to $3.75 per cwt.

Butchers' Cattle—Choice picked lots of butchers' cattle, equal in quality to best exporters, 1075 to 1150 lbs. each, are worth $4.40 to $4.65; loads of medium butchers', $3.65 to $4; loads of good butchers' sold at $4 to $4.80; common butchers', $3.25 to $3.50; rough, $2.80 to $3; canners, at $2.60 to $2.90. 2 2

Feeders—Feeders, 1000 to 1100 lbs. each, are worth $4, and light feeders, 800 to 900 lbs. each, $3.75 to $4 per cwt.

Stockers—Stockers, 500 to 700 lbs. each, of good quality, are worth $3 to $3.25 per cwt.; off colors and poor quality of the same weight are worth $2.75 to $3 per cwt.

Milch Cows—Milch cows and springers are worth $30 to $52 each.

Calves—Calves sold at $3 to $10 each, or from $4.50 to $6 per cwt.

Yearling Lambs—Lambs sold at $4.50 to $5.25.

Sheep—Prices $3.50 to $4 per cwt., for ewes, and bucks at $2.50 to $3.25.

Hogs—Best select bacon hogs, not less than 160 lbs. nor more than 200 lbs. each, off cars, sold at $5.90 per cwt.; lights, at $5.65; sows, $4.50 to $5 per cwt., and stags, $3 per cwt.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, N.Y., Feb. 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 225 head; steady. Veals—Steady; tops, $9.25 to $9.75; common to good, $5.50 to $9. Hogs—Receipts, 4800 head; active, heavy 5c higher, others about steady; heavy, $7.10 to $7.15; a few at $7.20; mixed, $7 to $7.10; Yorkers and pigs, $6.95 to $7; roughs, $6 to $6.25; stags, $5 to $5.50. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 11,100 head; steady; top lambs, $6.60 to $6.65; fancy, $6.75; common to good, $4.25 to $6.50; yearlings, $5.25 to $5.50; ewes, $4.50 to $4.65; top mixed sheep, $4.50 to $4.75; common to good, $2.25 to $4.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, Feb. 10.—Beeves—Receipts, 1 car direct. Dressed beef—Unchanged at 7c to 9c per pound; a little choice beef at 9½c per pound. Exports to-day are 95 0cattle, 2240 sheep and 8840 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts, 102; market steady; veals sold at $5 to $9.50 per 100 pounds; little calves at $4 to $4.50. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 1996 head; sheep 10c to 15c higher; good lambs firm; common grades steady; sheep sold at $3.50 to $5; export do., $5.20; a bunch of choice wethers at $5.50; culls, $2.50 to $3; lambs at $5.50 to $7; culls, $4 75 to $5. Hogs—Receipts, 14 cars; market steady; State hogs sold at $7.25 per 100 pounds.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Feb. 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 4000; no Texans; slow; good to prime steers, $4.40 to $5.60; poor to medium, $3 to $4.25; stockers and feeders, $2.25 to $4.40; cows, $1.40 to $3.40; heifers, $2 to $4.60; canners, $1.40 to $2.60; bulls, $2 to $4.24; calves, $3.50 to $7.75; Texas-fed steers, $3.50 to $4.25.

Hogs—Receipts to-day, 24,000; to-morrow, 35,000; left over, 600; steady to 5c higher; mixed and butchers', $6.60 to $7.05; good to choice, heavy, $6.90 to $7.12½; rough, heavy, $6.60 to $6.85; light, $6.40 to $6.65; bulk of sales, $6.60 to $6.85.

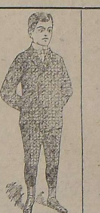
Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 14,000; sheep and lambs steady to strong; good to choice wethers, $4.50 to $5.50; fair to choice, mixed, $3.50 to $4.50; native lambs, $4.50 to $6.50; western lambs, $4.75 to $5.40.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Goose Wheat	0 63	to	0 63
Spring Wheat	0 68	to	0 68
Fall Wheat	0 68	to	0 68
Oats	0 31	to	0 31
Rye	0 48	to	0 48
Barley, No. 1	0 42	to	0 42
Barley, No. 2	0 42	to	0 42
Barley, No. 3	0 42	to	0 42
Peas, Canadian Beauties	0 75	to	0 75
Peas, Black Eye	0 75	to	0 75
Peas, Prince Albert	0 68	to	0 68
Buckwheat	0 44	to	0 44
Alaike Clover	5 75	to	7 00
Timothy "	1 60	to	2 00
Red "	6 00	to	7 25
Eggs, fresh, per doz.	0 17	to	0 18
Butter, per lb., for roll	0 17	to	0 18
Butter, crock, per lb	0 15	to	0 15
Chickens, per pair	0 40	to	0 60
Ducks	0 60	to	0 80
Turkeys	0 13	to	0 15
Geese	0 10	to	0 11
Buckwheat Flour, 100 lbs.	1 85	to	2 05
Flour, new process, bks., 100 lbs.	2 10	to	2 20
Flour, new process, mixed, 100 lbs.	1 90	to	2 10
Straight Rolle Flour	1 80	to	2 00
Rolled Oats	2 20	to	2 40
Hay	7 00	to	8 50
Hogs, select, live weight, per cwt.	5 75	to	5 75
" Fats	5 45	to	5 45
" Lights	5 45	to	5 45
" Sows	4 00	to	4 25
Potatoes, per bag	1 25	to	1 40
Apples, per bag	0 75	to	1 00
Butcher's Cattle	3 00	to	4 00
Export Cattle	4 00	to	4 50
Stocker's Cattle, good color	3 00	to	3 00
Stocker's Cattle, off color	2 00	to	2 50
Milk Cows	25 00	to	35 00
Calves	3 50	to	4 00
Spring Lambs	4 00	to	4 50
Sheep	3 00	to	3 50
Dressed Hogs	7 50	to	7 50
" Beef (hind)	6 50	to	7 00
" " (fronts)	5 50	to	5 50

Can't Understand It!

PEOPLE WONDER



AT GOUGH'S PRICES !

THERE are many people who can't understand how GOUGH can afford, or how he dares to carry on such a big sale at such reckless prices. Why any concern should deliberately upset all standard values, turn prices topsy turvey and get people talking so, is a conundrum.

GOUGH'S CHALLENCE SALE Is held to close out Winter Stock. . . . .

The prices must be made to do most of the work—clothing does the rest. People come after the bargains as a matter of course, and they are not after the little priced goods for there are just as many buying up round the $10 to $15 mark as down at the $2 to $5 goods :—

Gentlemen's $12 and $15 Swagger Overcoats, thoroughly tailored, correct fit....$7.50

Gentlemen's $8 and $10 Raglan Overcoats, with deep collar and tip-top style....$5.00

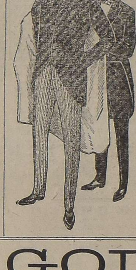
Gentlemen's $6 and $7 All-Wool Overcoats in Chesterfield styles only $3.89

Boys' Overcoats $7.50
Raglans, good heavy cloth, ... $3.95

REDUCTIONS IN SUITS.

Men's $12 Suits reduced to $7.50
Men's $10 Suits reduced to $6.20
Men's $7 Suits reduced to $3.98
Men's $5 Suits reduced to $2.90
Boys' $3.50 Suits reduced to $2.00
Boys' $4.50 Suits reduced to $2.09
Boys' $1.50 Suits reduced to $1.10

Clean sweep is what we are after and clean sweep is what we must have!



Boys' Reefers, $3.00 garments, in good, heavy tweed $1.75

FURNISHINGS REDUCED.

Men's $2 Hats down to $1.15
Men's $1.50 Hats down to 85c
Men's 50c Underwear down to.... 29c
Men's $1 Gloves down to 60c
Men's Fancy Neckwear down to.... 20c
Men's Fancy Shirts down to 45c

Don't bother about "how we can do it," just attend Gough's Challenge Sale and you'll get proof positive.

B. J. GOUGH

THE WONDERFUL CHEAP MAN.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE

Pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Ontario, Cap. 129, the Creditors of **BRIDGET O'NEILL**, late of the Township of Emily, in the County of Victoria, Widow, deceased, who died on or about the Fourteenth day of January, 1903, are required on or before the

26th day of February 1903,

to send by post prepaid to Messrs. Stewart & O'Connor, of the Town of Lindsay, in the County of Victoria, solicitors for the executors of the last will and testament of the said Bridget O'Neill, deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and occupations, full particulars of their claims, and the nature of the security, if any, held by them. The said Executors shall, after the said Twenty-sixth day of February next, be at liberty to distribute the assets of the said deceased, or any part thereof, among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice ; and shall not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claim such executors have not notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

Dated this 3rd day of Feb., A.D. 1903.

STEWART & O'CONNOR,
w3 Solicitors for the Executors.

SALE REGISTER.

SATURDAY, FEB. 21.--By Peter Brown, auctioneer, at No. 49 Wellington street, Lindsay, auction sale of household effects, the property of Mr. John Mallett. Sale at one o'clock sharp.—w2-d2s

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 18—By George Jackson, auctioneer, on Lot 3, Con. 13, Mariposa, credit sale of valuable farm stock and implements, the property of Malcolm McCallum. Sale at one o'clock sharp and without reserve.

ON FRIDAY, FEB. 20th —By Peter Brown, auctioneer, on lot 24, con. 12, north half of Mariposa, the valuable Farm Stock and Implements of Mrs. Elizabeth Coady. Sale at 12 o'clock sharp and without reserve. In the large list of stock to be sold are four first-class working horses, one colt one year old, and ten milk cows supposed to be in calf.

Marriage Licenses.

at Britton Bros., Jewellers.

LANDS FOR SALE.

FARM FOR SALE—East half of Lot 14. in 1st concession Ops. For particulars apply on the premises, or by letter to Thomas Fleury, Lindsay P.O.—w3.

FOR SALE—The undersigned has for sale a number of thoroughbred Durham Bulls with pedigrees, also several fine Tamworth and Yorkshire Boars and Sows. W. J. MOORE, Glenelg-st. west, Telephone No. 174 at residence—w4.

STRAYED—From the premises of the undersigned about the 1st of April last, a red heifer, coming two years old, with white spot on forehead and another between hip and tail. Any person giving any information that may lead to her recovery will be suitably rewarded. MRS. MARY CAVANAGH, Ennismore, P. O.

PARM FOR SALE.—One of the best farms in the county of Victoria containing about 112 acres, all plow land in first-class state of cultivation. Buildings good. Eight miles from Lindsay, one mile from Reaboro, and four miles from Omemee. For particulars apply to box 592, Lindsay.

FOR SALE.—200 acres farm in the Township of Eldon, being north half of 14 and east half of 15 on the 3 concession. About 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, the balance in pasture and timber land. There is on the premises a good house and a large frame barn with other outbuildings. Good well, some fruit trees, and situated convenient school and market. For further particulars apply to MALCOLM McECHERN, Argyle.—4tw

FARM FOR SALE.—100 acres, Lot 5 Con. 7, Ennismore ; 80 acres cleared, balance in wooded land, and in good state of cultivation; house, two barns, two spring wells ; school across the road ; two miles north of Village of Ennismore ; daily stage between Peterborough and Bobcaygeon. Will be sold by tender, which will be received until 1st of March. Possession given by arrangement to be made satisfactory to all. Address tenders to Mrs. E. Corkery or James B. Dwyer, Lindsay, Ont.—8tw.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A mare in foal. Will sell cheap for cash, or will exchange for suitable horse. Apply to G. A. McGahey, baggageman, Lindsay. w2

MICELLANEOUS.

BULLS FOR SALE.—Two pure bred Durham Bulls for sale ; one two years old, other 13 months. Apply to F. SHAVER, Lot 13, Con. 1, Mariposa, Little Britain P.O.—w3

THOROUGHBRED CATTLE FOR SALE.

1 Thoroughbred Durham Bull, rising two years old.
1 Thoroughbred Durham Bull, rising one year old.
1 Thoroughbred Durham Bull, seven months old.
4 Thoroughbred Durham Heifers.
Apply to WM. HALL, Cambray.—w7.

TAKE NOTICE that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at its next session by the Lindsay, Bobcaygeon and Pontypool Railway Company, for an Act extending the time for the expenditure on the construction of the Company's Railway, provided for by the Acts relating to the Company, and for such amendments to the said Acts as may be necessary. Dated at Lindsay, 4th February, 1903. H. J. WICKHAM, Solicitor for Applicants.—w2

Animals for Service.

One Durham Bull, One Jersey Bull, One Yorkshire Pig, One Tamworth Pig, Terms $1.00.

GEO. CONNORS,
Fee's Farm, Lot 22, 4th Con., Ops.—w4

IMPOUNDED COW.

To the Clerk of the Township of Eldon:

I hereby give notice that I have taken up a Cow that strayed into my premises about the 15th day of January, 1903. The Cow is of a red color, appears to be about four years old, and is dehorned. She has a white star in the forehead.

In case the cow is not claimed by the owner and all expenses paid within two months from date, steps will be taken to sell the animal as provided by the Act respecting Pounds.

Dated at Eldon (Lot 5, in 1st Concession), January 28th, 1903.

w3 **JOHN WARD.**

TEN PAGES **THE WEEKLY POST.** TEN PAGES

OUR FIFTY-SEVENTH YEAR—NO. 105 LINDSAY, ONT., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1903. TERMS—$1.00 PER YEAR PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

"Trustworthy Goods at Uniformly Right Prices."

SUTCLIFFE'S WHITE SALE

A Truly Great White Event.

Below will be found only a partial list of the many choice offerings for this—the third week of our White Goods Sale.

NEW PRINTS.—A First Showing of our Imported and Domestic Prints for the coming season will be coupled with our "Great White Event."

Ladies' White Gowns Of fine Cotton, Mother Hubbard Yoke, six clusters of two tucks each, ruffle on neck and cuffs, and pearl buttons, only each 48c

Fine English Cotton, Mother Hubbard Yoke, with four clusters of tucks, three tucks in each cluster; also ruffles of Embroidery on neck and cuffs, special each 60c

Fine quality cotton, square front, yoke of lawn with hemstitching and four clusters of tucks, five tucks in each cluster. Sale price each 75c

Fine English Cotton, front yoke of 20 tucks, 2 rows of 2-in embroidery insertion; also ruffle of heavy embroidery on neck and cuffs—neat and pretty. Extra value only each 95c

Tray Cloths, Dresser Covers, Pillow Shams and Five O'Clock Tea Covers Fancy linen tray cloths, fringed all round, fancy open work centres; regular price 15c, for 10c

Irish linen tea covers, size 32 x 32, hemstitched, drawn work and heavily hand embroidered corners and borders. Some in Marguerite; others wild rose designs—also sideboard drapes to match, size 18 x 54. Special each 1 25

Beautiful muslin shams, heavily hand embroidered, hemstitched frill, special only each 1.15

House Maids' Aprons White lawn aprons, yoke band, embroidery and insertion, trimmed bib and shoulder straps—some embroidery edged shoulder straps—others tucked shoulder straps; regular price 75c and 85c, for 59c

A Magnificent Showing of Ladies' White Corset Covers for the Coming Season.

Men's Unlaundered White Shirts Under-priced.

HERE'S A SHIRT ITEM OF EXTRA INTEREST TO THE MEN.

6 dozen Men's unlaundered white shirts, full generous cut, continuous wide facings, double sewn seams, cushion neck band, linen fronts, box or single pleat style, linen wrist band, skirt has gusset sides. These are from our regular stock and are our regular 50c line. During sale only each 39c

WHITE GOODS DEPARTMENT SECOND FLOOR.

This store closes Saturday Evenings at 9 o'clock during February and March.

J. SUTCLIFFE & SONS,

CASH LINDSAY ONE PRICE

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Estate of ANN SANDERS, late of the Township of Eldon, in the County of Victoria, Married Woman, Deceased.

In pursuance of Chap. 129, Sec. 38, R. S. O. 1897, notice is hereby given that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said late Ann Sanders, deceased, who died on or about the sixteenth day of July, 1902, are required to send by post prepaid, or to deliver to C. E. Weeks, of the Village of Woodville, Solicitor for John McEachern and John Smith, both of the Township of Eldon, farmers, the executors of the last will and testament of the said late Ann Sanders, on or before the 10th DAY OF MARCH, 1903, a statement of their names and addresses, the full particulars of their claims and securities (if any) held by them; and that after said date the said executors will distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they have had notice, and that the said executors will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by them at the time of such distribution.

JOHN McEACHERN
JOHN SMITH, Executors.
C. E. WEEKS, Solicitor for Executors.
Dated at Woodville, Feb. 3rd, 1903.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA

Adjourned Sale of Lands for Taxes.

Whereas, at the sale of lands in the County of Victoria for arrears of taxes, held at the Court House, Lindsay, on the 17th day of February inst., I, the undersigned Treasurer of the County of Victoria, failed to sell a number of parcels of lands for the arrears of taxes due thereon; and whereas, I did at such sale give notice that I would at an adjourned sale, to be held on Tuesday, the 3rd day of March, 1903, sell such lands for such sums as I could realize, and would accept such sums as full payment of said arrears of taxes;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that, unless otherwise directed by the local municipalities interested, I shall proceed to sell the said lands as above mentioned

At the Court House, in the Town of Lindsay,

—ON—

Tuesday, March 3rd, 1903,

at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, unless the arrears of taxes together, with all expenses, shall be sooner paid.

J. R. McNEILLIE,
County Treasurer.

Dated at Lindsay this 17th day of February, 1903.—w2.

YOUR . . . PRESCRIPTION

The doctor puts years of experience into the prescription he writes for you.

We put years of experience into the compounding.

You need both kinds of experience to insure proper results from the medicine you use.

Our prices are always as they can be consistent with good service.

A. Higinbotham,

Druggist, Next Pym's Hotel.

WANTED

WANTED.—Smart Servant Girl. Apply to Mrs. JAS. KILLEN, 34 Glenelg-st.—dtfw1

WANTED.—Apprentices for millinery and dressmaking. Will pay wages. Apply at Miss A. MITCHELL'S.—d2wtf

AGENTS AVERAGE $6 00 A DAY—the year round selling our goods. Always in use. Household necessities not fads or luxuries. No dull season. Write G. Marshall & Co. London, Ont dw

WANTED AT ONCE—Teacher, female, 3rd Class Certificate, for Atikokan, Ont., School. Apply to Secretary stating salary, etc. H. L. WALTON, Secretary.—w4.

LOST—On Feb. 9th, on the Back Road, Emily, between the Maple Leaf Cheese Factory and Lindsay, a Fur Ruff. Finder please leave same at Post printing office.—w1.

The Perfumed City.

(Chicago Tribune.)

"How far are we from Chicago?" asked the passenger with the skull cap, wiping the moisture from the windows of the sleeping car and glancing out.

The passenger with the cropped beard raised his head and sniffed the air.

"About forty miles, I judge," he said.

THE TRENT VALLEY CANAL.

AN INTERESTING ARTICLE BY MR. R. B. ROGERS, PETERBORO.

He Describes the Lift Lock and Other Important Portions of the Route.

(By R. B. Rogers, C. E.)

The term "Trent Canal" is applied to a projected waterway for barges through Central Ontario, to connect Georgian Bay, on Lake Huron, with Lake Ontario, at Trenton, the head of the Bay of Quinte. The distance between these two lakes by the proposed route is about 200 miles. Where canalling is necessary the prism has a width of 50 feet on the bottom, with side slopes of 2 to 1 in earth and 1-4 to 1 in rock.

The locks are 134 feet in length by 33 feet in width. The depth of water at present over the sills is six feet, but all the works are being constructed so that a draught of 8 feet can be obtained at very little extra expense. The capacity of barges drawing 8 feet will be about 800 tons. The water supply is obtained from an immense system of lakes to the north, most of which have regulating dams at their outlets. It is a misnomer to call it a canal, as out of the whole distance of 200 miles not more than 15 or 20 miles will be actual canal—in the remaining part the beautiful lake, and in opening up this route—in fact the Imperial Government actually voted a sufficient sum to complete the route as far as Balsam Lake, but immediately after they had done so the McKenzie rebellion broke out, and the money thus voted was appropriated to quell the rebellion.

Every advantage was taken of the natural features of the river, and the land lying along the route, in order to reach a navigable channel, either by canalizing the river or making flooded reaches. The river, with its high rocky banks, from its entrance into the Bay of Quinte at Trenton as far as Frankfort, it was proposed to canalize by a system of dams and locks, of which there will be seven, by which a beautiful, wide and deep navigable channel will be obtained. The route then passed through the river for about four miles to Chisholm's Rapids locks. This lock is of masonry, and was built about seventy years ago, but is still in good condition. The route still passes through the river to a point known as Heard's Creek. From Frankford to Heard's is at present navigable. From this point it is proposed to strike across the country for a distance of ten miles to Crow Bay. A greater part of this section will be flooded reaches. From the entrance into Crow Bay the route crosses Crow Bay to the river below Healey's Falls. It is proposed to canalize part of this river as far as the Falls, and to surmount the Falls with an hydraulic lift for a height of 53 feet. This brings us into a navigable stretch of about 54 miles, at the north end of which is the town of Peterboro. This stretch includes fourteen miles of river navigation as far as Hastings, where there is a masonry lock and dam built by the Imperial Goverment. The route still follows the river for about six miles and then about twelve miles through the beautiful Rice Lake, and then about twenty-two miles of as fine river navigation as can be found in any part of Canada, to the town of Peterboro, where there is another masonry lock which was built by the Imperial Government. From this point the route stretches across the country of Nassau, on the Otonabee River, a distance of about four miles. The difference in level between the two points is 78 feet, which is overcome by means of an hydraulic lock, of 65 feet, and an ordinary lock of 13 feet. About two-thirds of this section is a flooded reach. From Nassau to Lakefield, a distance of about 5 1-2 miles the river is canalized by means of five locks and dams. The section from Peterboro to Lakefield is all completed with the exception of the steel superstructure of the hydraulic lock, which is, however, under construction, and it is expected will be completed about the middle of the coming summer.

From Lakefield the route passes through a succession of beautiful lakes to the entrance of the canal at Balsam Lake, a distance of about 65 miles. The lakes passed through are Katchewanooka, Clear, Stony, Lovesick, Deer, Buckhorn, Pigeon, Sturgeon, Cameron and Balsam. The difference in level between Lakefield and Balsam Lake is 85 feet, which is overcome by nine locks, which are generally placed between the different lakes. From Balsam Lake the route strikes across the country for about five miles on a level stretch, when it drops 50 feet into the valley of the Talbot River by means of an hydraulic lock. From this point the route follows the valley of the Talbot river—which is raised some 21 feet—to about the boundary between the townships of Eldon and Thorah. At this point a succession of five locks are met with, which brings us to the level of Lake Simcoe, at a point about three miles north of Beaverton. The sections between Balsam Lake and Lake Simcoe are under contract and will be completed next year. The route then passes through Lake Simcoe and Lake Couchiching, which are of course navigable, and it will either pass across the country to Matchedash Bay on Georgian Bay, a distance of 13 miles, or follow the River Severn to its entrance into Georgian Bay.

STRUCTURES

All the structures recently constructed are built of concrete. No more suitable material for the construction of locks and dams could be wished for. The locks are of the ordinary type, with the exception of the hydraulic locks. The valves for filling and emptying the locks are placed in the gates. The apparatus for opening and closing the gates consists of a stiff steel beam fastened to the top of the gate. To either end of this beam is fastened the ends of a wire cable which passes around the corrugated drum of a capstan, which is let into a void below the coping of the lock. Tile drains encased in stone are placed below the floor, and at different levels at the back of the lock walls, in order to relieve the floors and walls of any hydraulic pressure that might arise. The hollow quoins are lined with cast iron in order to make a smooth surface against which the gates may work. The gates are of the solid timber pattern. Owing to the great amount of lockage to be overcome, hydraulic locks are introduced to save time. The smaller streams are carried below the prism of the canal where necessary by means of pipe culverts, and the larger streams by concrete culverts. Where at all possible the highways and railways are carried across the canal on high level bridges, which it is proposed in future to construct wholly of cement. The head room allowed below the bridge to the surface of the water is 25 feet. Where it is not convenient to use high level bridges the highways, etc., are carried across the canal on steel swing bridges—the abutments and piers of which are of concrete. The first dams constructed were of timber, with a wall or "cut-off" of concrete on the upper side. Stop log openings are left in the dam in order to be able to regulate the spring freshets, which sometimes rise to ten times the ordinary flow. A timber slide is left in each dam for the passage of sawlogs and timber. All dams at the present time are built wholly of concrete.

HYDRAULIC LOCK.

A short description of the hydraulic lock at Peterboro may be interesting. There are two water-tight steel boxes or chambers, 33 feet in width by 140 feet in length, with 8 feet of water in the clear, and closed at the ends by means of gates hung on the lower edge. Similar gates also close the ends of the reaches. These chambers are carried by means of heavy trusses supported on top of two rams, 7 feet 6 inches in diameter, which work in two steel watertight presses, one under each chamber. The presses are connected with each other by a pipe 12 inches in diameter, in the centre of which a valve is placed for the purpose of regulating the motion of the chambers. For the purpose of making up for the small amount of water lost in the working of the main press an accumulator is installed in one of the side towers. This accumulator has a ram 20 inches in diameter, with a stroke of 30 feet 6 inches, working at a pressure slightly greater than that of the main presses. Its pressure is also used to operate the gates, capstans and small pumps. The junction between the ends of the movable superstructure and the ends of the reaches is made water-tight by means of a continuous rubber hose placed on the outer sides of the ends and bottom of the gate of the reach. This hose is inflated with compressed air from a Taylor air compressor installed in the main wall.

The mode of operating the lock is as follows: Supposing both chambers are at a standstill, one up and the other down, both gates towards the reach open ready for the vessel to enter. When the chambers are thus the bottom of the upper chamber will be about ten inches lower than the bottom of the canal above, and has, say, 8 feet 10 inches of water on the sill. The bottom of the lower chamber will be just level with the bottom of the canal below, and will have eight feet of water on the sill. Thus the upper chamber has ten inches more water in it than the lower chamber, and consequently is so much heavier than the lower one (approximately 100 tons.) The valve in the connecting pipe between the two presses is closed. When it is desired to operate the lock gates at the end of each chamber, and the gates at the end of the reaches are closed, the air is allowed to escape from the air hose—making the water-tight seal between the lock and the end of the reach—and the operator, who stands in his cab in on the top of the central tower, opens the valve in the connecting pipe between the rpesses. The upper chamber then commences to descend and the lower chamber to ascend till both chambers reach their new positions, the upper chamber being level with the lower reach, and the former lower chamber being opposite the upper reach. The operator now closes the main valve in the connecting pipe and inflates the air hose forming the water-tight seal at the end of the lock. When the chambers are in their new positions the surface of the water in the lower chamber is ten inches above the surface of the water in the reach below, and the surface of the water in the upper chamber 10 inches below the surface of the water in the reach above. Communication between the water in the chambers and the reaches is now made by opening the valves in the gates nearest the reaches, and the water in each chamber is allowed to find its own level The gates are then opened. When this is done the chambers are then in the condition they were on starting. Vessels are hauled in and out of the chambers by means of hydraulic capstans. The time allowed to lock and pass one or two vessels in and out of the lock will be from 12 to 15 minutes. The time required to raise or lower the lock chambers will be about three minutes. On the upstream side of the lock a guard gate will be placed which will be operated by hydraulic power, and will be closed when a vessel enters the lock. The substructure of the hydraulic lock is built of concrete. The natural surface of the limestone is at such an elevation that very little expense is necessary for the finishing of the floors at the lower reach level. The main retaining wall, 126 feet long by 40 feet thick, rests upon the limestone formation. It's height will be about 83 feet. The sides are carried up plumb for their whole height, the bearing pressure upon the rock being only about 6 tons per square foot. The steel superstructure is being built by the Dominion Bridge Company, of Montreal.

A Clever Pupil

(Boston Post.)

Teacher—How many kinds of force have we?

Bright Pupil—Three.

Taecher—Name them.

Bright Pupil—Bodily force, mental force and the police force.

THE BEET SUGAR INDUSTRY.

PETERBORO LIKELY TO HAVE A FACTORY NEXT SUMMER.

A Company Has Been Organized With a Capital of $350,000.

Lindsay and Peterboro people started in together to talk up a beet sugar factory, but they're not likely to come out together. The enthusiasm of our pioneer agitators was dashed by the cool reception given the project by our farmers, who did not evince any eagerness to cultivate beets at the prices deemed remunerative in Michigan and elsewhere. Peterboro people, however, displayed the right kind of pluck, and as a result there is a strong probability that in the near future many of our farmers will be making contracts with a Peterboro factory. The Review says:

The Peterboro Sugar Company, Limited, has been incorporated by Letter Patent under the Great Seal of the Province of Ontario, its object being the manufacture of beet sugar, and for that purpose to erect a factory at or near the town of Peterboro, and its provisional directors are Messrs. T. E. Bradburn, James Kendry, M.P., J. W. Garvin, Thos. M. Hunter and Arthur Stevenson.

The authorized capital of the company is $350,000.

The company has arranged with a construction company to erect and equip a factory with a daily capacity of 550 tons, at a cost of $565,000, site included, of which amount $165,000 of stock, $275,000 of the company's bonds earning 5 per cent. interest and $125,000 in cash will be accepted in payment.

It is intended to locate the factory by or near the banks of the Otonabee at the south side of the town and the construction company has contracted to erect a main building, 228 by 60 feet and 5 storeys high, with walls of solid concrete, in which the extracting and refining machinery shall be placed; a warehouse with two floors, 100 by 55 feet; a machine shop 55 by 35 feet; a laboratory 66 by 60 feet; and beet sheds which will contain 6,000 tons. The factory will be a large and handsome structure equipped with a complete French plant of most improved design and guaranteed to give the best results.

At a joint meeting of Peterboro Council and Board of Trade, held Thursday evening of last week, the following report was presented by a committee appointed to visit the Berlin factory:

Gentlemen,—In accordance with your instructions the undersigned accompanied the deputations from the Town and County Councils which visited Berlin last month for the purpose of inspecting and reporting upon the sugar industry recently established in that locality.

In presenting our report it is needless to say that we, in common with the other deputations, were received most cordially and afforded every opportunity to form an intelligent opinion of the advantages likely to accrue to ourselves from the establishment of a similar industry in this County.

Admitting this fact, there, however, still remains the important question—Will it pay? to be considered. Will it pay the farmer to grow the beets, and will it pay the capitalist to invest his money in the expensive plant necessary for the production of the finished article?

Taking the price proposed to be paid by the Peterboro Sugar Company as a basis, we incline to the opinion that the growth of the sugar beet in this locality should prove remunerative. Besides the direct return to be received for the beets themselves, several indirect advantages may be expected to accrue therefrom. For instance, such a crop leave sth eground in a higher state of cultivation than it found it, and thus will exercise a money advantage on the crops that follow.

Again, on our dairy farms, the great difficulty to be overcome is the milking hour—in fact the milking power of the farm may be said to fix the number of cows which can be kept, so that as the introduction of the cultivation of the beet would increase the number of hands employed, it would increase the number of hands available for milking, and thus have a beneficial effect upon the dairy industry, and thirdly, the refuse of the sugar factory possesses valuable properties for feeding purposes.

At the time of our visit the beets were being delivered, and were being put through the several processes necessary to the production of the finished article, and we were thus afforded an ocular demonstration that sugar of a high quality can be obtained from Ontario grown beets.

Bearing these things in mind and coupling with them the fact that if the worst comes to the worst and the factory goes under, the grower of the beets loss would be limited to that of a single crop, and that on a crop which is of very considerable value for cattle feeding, the possibilities of the future point to the introduction of the sugar industry being the means whereby millions of dollars may be transferred from the pockets of outsiders to those of our farmers and their employees.

As to the question, will it pay the capitalist to invest his money in such an undertaking? The manufacturing plant necessary is undoubtedly expensive, and of a character that failing employment for the purpose for which it was erected, it will become practically valueless, but should the conditions remain as at present: an ample supply of the raw material (beets) be always forthcoming, and the expenditure economical, we have no reason to anticipate other than a satisfacory return for the money invested.

No Matter What

You may require in the printing line, it may pay you to consult The Post Job Department. The fine plant and equipment make it possible to cope with the best city establish-

OPS TOWNSHIP LEGISLATORS

REGULAR MEETING OF COUNCIL HELD LAST NONDAY.

A Boundary Difficulty—500 Cords of Stone for the Crusher—Communications and Other Matters.

A regular meeting of Ops Council was held on Monday, Feb. 16. All members were present. After the reading and adoption of the minutes of last meeting, the Clerk read the following

Communications;

From R. J. Grandy, Clerk of Emily, stating that Emily Council would pay $7.50 of the expense of the Hutchinson-Jackett drain when completed, the benefit to the boundary being estimated at $15.

From John McSweyn, solicitor, giving timely advice and suggestions on municipal matters.

From E. R. Armstrong, Peterboro, requesting that the Council forward a memorial to the Minister of Railways and Canals urging the speedy completion of the Trent Valley Canal.

Fenelon Boundary Survey.

Mr. John Brock, owner of lot 29, con. 2, Ops, addressed the Council re the boundary survey recently made adjoining his land, stating that the original stone posts marking the n. w. and n. e. corners, respectively, of his farm were disregarded by the surveyor, who based his operations from some posts on the Fenelon side of teh boundary, notwithstanding the fact that Ops was surveyed before Fenelon. The result is that the line on the Fenelon side of the boundary is crooked, and a straight line between the two posts referred to on the Ops side would leave the boundary road barely three rods wide for some distance along the centre of the second concession. Mr. Brock, continuing, said the surveyor had put up some stakes in his field at intervals, presumably four rods from the Fenelon boundary, but he did not feel justified in moving his fence to said stakes, being of opinion that the lines run do not properly locate the road. He further stated that if it can be proved that his posts are not properly placed, and that a portion of his land is on the road allowance, he is quite willing to yield it up.

Reeve McLean explained that complaint had been made to both Fenelon and Ops Councils that said boundary was narrow in some places, and after communicating with Fenelon Council on the matter Ops Council passed a resolution authorizing Fenelon Council to have the roadway properly located and that Ops Council would pay half the cost of the survey. The cost was $8, and if Fenelon Council find that the road is not properly located they will no doubt attend to it.

Broken Axle Claim.

Mr. Robt. Henderson, Manvers, pressed his claim for $2 paid for replacing an axle broken in December last south of Pottery Corner, but reliable information from eye witnesses of the accident shut off all hope of compensation.

To Keep the Road Clear.

The Reeve said that complaint had been made to him that the high board fence at the north side of the railroad at Hopkins' diverted drifting snow onto the public road and blocked it up. A motion was then passed instructing the Clerk to make the matter known to the R. R. Co. and request that a portion of the fence be removed.

Auditors' Report.

The auditors' report was submitted to Council, and Mr. Hawkins moved, seconded by Mr. Hickson, that the report be received and filed, that a copy be sent to the department, Toronto, the abstract statement be published as usual, and that the auditors be paid for their services.—Carried.

Stone Crusher in Demand.

As the Council intend to crush over 500 cords of stone early in the summer, the Clerk was, on motion of Messrs. Hickson and Best, instructed to inform the committee in charge of the crusher that Ops will be ready for it whenever the ground is dry enough to work it, and to request that the operator be ready at that time to finish the work in East Ops, where the machine now is.

More Wire Fences.

On motion of Messrs. Hawkins and Coulter $400 was appropriated for wire fences, $80 of which may be expended by each Commissioner.

Memorials.

Moved by Mr. Hawkins, seconded by Mr. Hickson, that a memorial on behalf of the East Cross Creeks bridge be forwarded to the Minister of Public Works, Toronto, and one on behalf of the Trent Valley Canal to the Minister of Railways and Canals, Ottawa.—Carried.

Omemee Road Deputation.

For some time past a number of farmers whose lands are needlessly cut up by the Omemee road on the 8th and 9th cons. of Ops, as well as by the railroad, have been urging the Council to close said road across those two concessions. A large deputation attended Council on Monday for that purpose, only one of whom expressed himself as opposed to the closing of said piece of road at present.

The Council are desirous of closing all by-roads when no longer necessary for public accommodation, for the statutory roads require all the funds available to keep them in repair. After due consideration the following resolution was passed:

Moved by Mr. Best, seconded by Mr. Hawkins, that owing to the desirability of closing that part of the Omemee road crossing the 8th and 9th concessions of the Township of Ops in the near future, no public money or statute labor be expended thereon in future except where absolute necessity may require temporary repairs or road breaking in winter, and that the statute labor assessed to the lands interested be performed on the 7th, 8th and 9th concessions, respectively, until such time as the road between the 8th and 9th concessions shall have become a good road, when said piece of the Omemee road shall be closed by order of Ops Council.

A Batch of Accounts.

On motion of Messrs. Coulter and Best, the following accounts and bills, duly passed, were paid: McLennan & Co., $14.51; D. O'Connell, $3.75; Wilson & Wilson, $23.75; Keyes & Morrison, $2.45; D. Sinclair, $2.50; Jas. Greer, $4.30; Municipal World, $4.25; Rathbun Co., $3.70; N. T. McEachren and Wm. Sluggett, auditors, $14.00.

On motion of Messrs. Hawkins and Coulter the Council adjourned till Monday, March 23rd, prox., at 10 a.m. W. F. O'BOYLE, Clerk.

THE BANK OF MONTREAL.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE MAGNIFICENT NEW OFFICES.

Chaste and Elegant in Decorations and Equipment.

After eight months' work by a small army of stonecutters, bricklayers, carpenters and decorators, the remodelling of the Bank of Montreal building was completed a few days ago, and Manager Padden and staff are again in possession. The improvements were necessitated by the increase in the bank's business, which has been showing a steady growth since Mr. Paddon took charge of the branch.

The plans for the changes decided upon were drawn by Architect Taylor, of Montreal, and Mr. Jas. Bogue, of Peterboro, was the contractor. The alterations included a new three storey front of Ohio freestone, the renovation of the office and residence above on a lavish scale, the installation of a new heating system, etc., and we understand the entire cost of the work was in the neighborhood of $20,000.

The design of the front is Colonial, a style adhered to by the Bank of Montreal in all its new buildings. It is solid-looking and impressive, and prepares one for interior visions of banking magnificence. The main door is of heavy British plate glass set in an oak frame, and is protected by a fancy iron grille work, in the centre of which is a shield bearing the bank monogram. The door opens into a tiled vestibule, the walls of which are tinted a deep crimson. From the vestibule, passing up two marble steps, and through another very handsome door, one enters the main business office. There is room for 150 persons in front of the spacious semi-circular counter of Flemish quartered oak, surmounted by handsome grille work in brass with square posts. The floor tiling is of Mosaic pattern, the size of the blocks being little larger than a postage stamp. The base of the counter is of dark marble, and a six inch strip of the same material runs along the top of the curving counter and supports the grille work. The wainscoting is ash, natural finish, and large panels of the same wood divide the ceiling into four squares, the spaces being tinted a light ecru. A massive settee and desk in Flemish oak are provided for the convenience of customers.

The teller's compartment is enclosed with woven steel ribbon, and the other offices are divided from each other by partitions of the same. The desks, cabinets and other furniture are of Flemish oak. The electroliers are brass of handsome design, fitted with ground glass globes. The main office is well lighted by the large front windows of plate glass, and three good-sized windows in the rear. The door of the accountant's office, made of brass to match the grille work, is a particularly fine bit of work.

Manager Paddon's private room is situated in the new annex or extension to the south. It is a fine apartment, with large front and rear windows of plate glass, and handsome fireplace of dark marble with massive Flemish oak mantle. Above the manager's desk hangs a magnificent electrolier formed of brass links, carrying three ground glass globes. The floor is of maple, oiled and polished, and the walls are tinted an agreeable color.

The increase in business which necessitated the enlargement of the premises also made it necessary to provide more vault space, and one of J. & J. Taylor's improved steel burglar-proof safes, of largest size, with time-lock, was added as an additional safeguard. It is an impressive piece of furniture, and the locking apparatus is well worth inspecting. Adjoining the main office at the rear is a model lavatory, with hot and cold water, sanitary closets, and other conveniences.

We congratulate Manager Paddon and staff on their release from the cramped quarters they were forced to occupy while the improvements were being carried into effect. With better facilities the customers of the bank will be able to transact business with the popular staff with the least possible delay. The members of the staff are: Accountant, Mr. S. J. Plunkett; teller, Mr. J. W. Lewis; clerks, Messrs. A. W. Dougall, G. C. Benjamin, T. C. Mewburn, H. S. Tims, H. C. Southeran and B. H. Sylvester; porter, Tom. Gage.

What You Want

The latest in Wedding Stationery and Cake Boxes can be had at The Post printing office.

Unique Entertainment.

What is certain to prove a very interesting entertainment will be given in the Academy of Music, Lindsay, on Tuesday evening, Feb. 24th, by a number of athletes belonging to the Britannia Naval Brigade Clubs of Toronto, champions of Canada. The attractions will embrace bag punching, acrobatic feats, bicycle race on home trainers, boxing and wrestling contests, mouth organ imitations by Wm. Smith, champion of Canada, comic singing, etc. Admission—gallery 25c., ground floor 35c. and 50c.—w1d3.

THE MYSTERY OF GRASLOV

By Ashley Towne

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CHAPTER I.

THE FATHER AND THE LOVER OF AN AMERICAN GIRL.

THE great Transsiberian railway had progressed as far to the eastward as the Obi, and trains carrying soldiers, convicts, sightseers, railway constructors, laborers and supplies, with some goods for trade with Manchuria, ran from Moscow.

The possibilities of this immense line of railway made the people of European Russia gasp. It opened up such a prospect of trade as they had never dreamed of. It gave them a speedy entrance into a region of their domain the crossing of which had formerly occupied months and involved much hardship.

What a change there was from the old sledges or foot trains of convicts to the swiftly moving cars that were drawn by the puffing, screaming locomotives, at once a source of delight and terror to the people whose territory they crossed!

Among those who had made this change so remarkable a success was James Gordon, an American engineer, who had charge of much of the advance work of the road.

Gordon was a typical American, ready to go anywhere to build a railway so long as the pay was sufficient to make it an object for him to take his daughter with him.

For Frances Gordon was her father's companion, secretary and comfort.

Left motherless at an early age, she had been brought up by strict aunts till she revolted. Her father had been surveying a route across New Mexico for a new road, fondly and longingly thinking of his daughter in her far-away home in New York, when, lo, the young lady herself, then aged nineteen, put in an appearance mounted on a broncho and accompanied by a half breed guide, to whom she spoke in so authoritative a tone that he bowed before her slightest wish in abject obedience. Since that day Frances Gordon was to be found wherever her father was.

A year and a half after they had finished the work in Mexico they journeyed together to Russia, where Gordon was to take charge of the important part of putting through the railway that was destined to revolutionize the trade and commerce of the world.

This great railway had progressed as far as the Obi river, in the government of Tomsk, Siberia, when a meeting of managers, engineers and government officials was ordered at Moscow. Thither from the Obi journeyed James Gordon and Frances.

Thither also journeyed Nicholas Neslerov, prince of the empire and governor of the province of Tomsk.

Prince Neslerov was one of the wealthiest nobles of the land, was about thirty-five years of age and had, besides his exalted position as governor of Tomsk, estates in various parts of Russia, particularly a fine one at Graslov, in the government of Perm.

It was after the convention, which had to do with certain concessions and arrangements that were necessary as the road drew near the border of Manchuria, the crossing of certain mountains, the bridging of certain streams, that Mr. Gordon was preparing to return to the Obi, where the western end of his operations was laid, the operations themselves reaching eastward to Lake Baikal, in Irkutsk.

To him one day as he sat smoking at his hotel in Moscow came Prince Neslerov.

"Good morning, your excellency," said Gordon, who had met the prince at several conferences and now knew him because of the fact that the operations had passed almost across his province. "Glad to see you. When do you return to Tomsk?"

"I shall not be long behind you, my friend," replied the prince. "It is a fact, however, that upon your answer to a certain question which I shall put to you depends many of my acts in the immediate future. M. Gordon, you are an American."

"So I believe; I have heard it hinted at," said Mr. Gordon, wondering what was coming.

"And I am a Russian of the Russians."

"That, too, I believe, is a well authenticated fact."

"I am wealthy, a governor of a province and shall soon be promoted to a better station. Since you entered the rude territory in the southern part of my government we have met frequently; we have been friends."

"Yes," replied Gordon, rather dubiously, stroking his chin.

"When you needed protection, my power protected you."

"I believe you," said Gordon, failing to remember the time when he needed the protection of the prince.

"I merely express myself thus to recall to you my friendship," said the prince. "Now I come to the real errand that brought me here. I love your daughter."

"Eh!" exclaimed Gordon, rousing himself and stiffening perceptibly.

"I repeat, sir, that I love your daughter. I want her for my wife, my princess."

A cloud of smoke came from Gordon's lips. He was looking at a distant church tower with eyes that saw no church.

"You seem surprised," said the prince. "Is it a matter of surprise that a man should love so noble and beautiful a young woman as your daughter?"

"No," said Gordon slowly, "and if it were I would be used to it by this time. You are not the first."

A slight pallor appeared on the cheeks of Neslerov.

"You do not mean that she—your daughter Frances—is already promised!"

"No," answered Gordon. "I don't know that she is, but I do know that you are not the first who has asked for her. Even now you may be too late."

"Impossible! I have seen no one of my—of her own—station near her."

"We in America," said Gordon, "look upon this question of station or rank with different eyes than you do. If a man suited Frances, all the rank, titles and wealth in the world would make no difference."

"She is different from girls in Europe," said the prince, biting his lip.

Gordon let out a joyous guffaw.

"I should say she was!" he said. "Different! Why, she is a real, whole, healthy woman. She doesn't smoke

"I love your daughter."

cigarettes, gamble at cards and race after titles and wealth. Not my girl, prince. Frances has a healthy mind and is as noble as she is good looking. But she has a mind of her own, if it is healthy, and—well, she is my boss, I can tell you!"

"You charm me. I am more in love than ever."

"Won't do a bit of good, I tell you. If I thought you were the finest man on earth, my wishes would not prevail upon Frances to marry you. She will make her own choice, when it is made, and it will stand."

"You lead me to believe this choice has already been made."

"No, I did not mean that, prince. It might be so, for all I know to the contrary. Frances might love a man and not yet be ready to tell me, although there is nothing secretive about her. We have each other's confidence."

"Still it could not be possible that she would be in love and you not know it."

"It might, and I will tell you why. She has refused to marry the man I chose for her, the finest young man, in my estimation, on earth."

"Then you have already given your allegiance to a lover."

"I gave it to the lover, but Frances would not marry him. I have no objection to your knowing who it is. It is Denton, the bridge builder. Jack Denton was the son of one of my oldest friends. Old Denton was at one time worth a lot of money, but lost it through the rascality of a man he trusted. Jack was a sort of genius and asked me what profession to take up. I told him bridge engineering. He is one of the best at the business now and is only twenty-five. He is out near the Obi. The big iron bridge we are to put across the Obi will be his work."

"It is a fascinating profession. And your daughter refused him?"

"Yes, and it was a great disappointment to me. Jack and she have been friends since they first went to school. He loves her, and his love is the kind that a father likes to see his girl get. But she won't have him for some reason. Said they could never be romantic lovers or some such argument. Couldn't love him because she had known him all her life. Thought it was easier to love a stranger, I suppose, who could bamboozle her."

"And so it was broken off?"

"There was nothing to break off. They were never engaged. She simply refused him. They are friendly when they meet—coolly so. What could I do? She had to have her own way."

"A prosaic friendship such as that is not dangerous," said the prince. "Have I your permission to enter the list?"

"My permission is worthless. You can ask Frances if you like, but it won't do a bit of good. You are too rich, and Frances has peculiar notions."

"There is some one in whom your daughter is much interested, and perhaps you have not heard. It is my duty to inform you, although I myself do not attach much importance to the thing. There is a blacksmith"—

"Oh, the blacksmith of Perm!" exclaimed Gordon, with a slight coldness in his voice, as though he did not relish having the story told him by the prince. "I am fully aware of all that."

"Does Frances—does your daughter love that man?"

"Goodness, no! She is interested, she likes him and is trying to help him."

"Through pity, I suppose, and pity soon leads to love."

"Well," said Gordon, laughing, "if it does in this case neither you nor I can prevent it. I am sure, however, the girl is fancy free, and, as for him, he is too simple and sensible to look upon their friendship as more than ordinary. They met in this way: When the road was crossing into Tobolsk, I wanted some peculiar ironwork done, and she went with me. The stature and strength and the handsome face of the young ironworker pleased her, and she talked with him. She saw that he was a magnificent specimen of a man and fitted by nature to adorn a higher station. She is trying to assist him in improving himself."

"You take this very coolly," said the prince. "But, being Russian, perhaps our customs are so different that this free intercourse between a girl like your daughter and a mere ironworker seems more to me than to you. Then you assure me there is nothing more than mere friendship between these two."

"No, I do not assure you of anything of the kind. I do not know. I think, though, if there was Frances would tell me. If there is, she will have her way; if there is not, the same."

"But if this blacksmith asked her to marry him would you consent?"

"I'd have to."

"Do you consider such a thing probable?"

"Prince, I know as little about it as you do. There was only one man—Jack Denton—that I wanted for a son-in-law, and she won't have him. Now, I know little about her plans, if she has any. She might fall in love with you, in which case I could not prevent her marrying you. If she does not fall in love with you, I could not compel her to marry you if I would."

"I am pleased at your candor," replied the prince. "I shall soon have an opportunity to speak to her myself. I trust that this conversation will not interrupt our friendship."

"Nonsense! I appreciate the honor you have done my girl. But unless she loves you your case is hopeless."

The prince bowed and took his departure, and Gordon, laughing, turned into the hotel.

"I'll have to tell her," he said. Then, with a sudden resolve: "No, I won't either. I need the friendship of the prince, and if she knows he wants to marry her who can tell what trouble it may cause?"

As Neslerov was leaving the hotel he met Frances returning from a drive.

"I am pleased to see you, Prince Neslerov," she said, offering her hand.

"And I am always glad to meet you, Mlle. Gordon," he replied. "Did you enjoy your drive?"

"Yes, but I did not go far. I visited several bazaars where books are sold. See, I have quite a number of purchases."

"You love books as well as action."

"I love them—yes. But these are for a friend, a young man fitted by nature to adorn a higher station than the one to which he was born. I send him books, and he studies. You could help him, prince. With your power, your influence, you could do much for him. I refer to Vladimir Paulpoff, the blacksmith of Perm."

"You are very kind to my poor countryman," said the prince, with a smile. "To please you I will make it my business to see this blacksmith, and if there is any way in which I may be of use in assisting him along the lines you suggest I shall be pleased to do so."

She thanked him and passed on into the hotel.

CHAPTER II.

THE BLACKSMITH AND THE PICTURE.

ON a road leading from the city of Perm toward the forest on the south there stood a rude cluster of buildings, all of them old and in a poor state of repair. This collection of huts was the home and forge of the Paulpoffs, ironworkers.

Here worked old Michael Paulpoff and his son Vladimir, and it had been to this uninviting place that Frances Gordon had come to make the chance acquaintance of the young giant.

The huts and the surroundings were rapidly growing even less inviting, for nothing was being done now to keep anything in repair.

A collection of household goods, over which old Mamma Paulpoff watched carefully, gave evidence that the family were about to remove themselves and their belongings to another place.

But still the old man and the young one were at work. The blows that Vladimir struck were tremendous. The iron under his hammer bent and flattened as the sparks shot like fireworks to the far corners of the place. There was a gay laugh on his handsome face—a face that was almost childlike in its simplicity and guilelessness.

"Oh, that will be a happy day, Papa Paulpoff!" the young man said gleefully, plunging his tongs into the white fire and withdrawing a bar of iron.

"What will?" asked the old man, looking sidewise at his son, but continuing his work.

"The day I can take you and the little mother to a better home."

"We have been happy here," replied old Papa Paulpoff, looking round at the dingy interior.

"Yes, we have been happy—we shall always be happy, for we are simple and require little. But with greater comfort and more money greater happiness ought to come. It is fine to feel yourself growing to be somebody in the world—to feel yourself expand, broaden. It is study that does it, and work. I think the knowledge gives me more pleasure than the wealth. But we also need the wealth."

The old man sighed.

"Yes, that is good, that knowledge. But you will grow away from us. You will perhaps marry that American girl, and she would not like our simple ways."

The hammer in Vladimir's hand came down with redoubled force.

"What is that you say—our Vladimir talking of marrying?" asked the tremulous voice of Mrs. Paulpoff. "I came to say that the meal is ready, and I find—what do I find?"

"Oh, Papa Paulpoff is dreaming one of his dreams," said Vladimir, with a gay laugh.

"But is it not so, old woman?" asked Papa Paulpoff. "Is it not quite possible that our Vladimir may marry that handsome American girl?"

"I have seen it so," answered the old woman. "It seems that no young woman would take this interest if she did not love"—

"Oh, nonsense!" cried Vladimir. "We are friends. She is good. I admire. Why, I could almost worship her, but I am a peasant. She is"—

There came the sound of cursing outside and the fall of a horse's hoofs. A shout took the old man to the door.

"Curses upon this beast!" came an angry voice as a man about thirty-five, clad in a neat riding suit, entered the room striking his high boottops with his whip. "I have just been thrown. In some mysterious manner my horse, who never stumbles, caught his foot in something, tore loose his shoe and hurled me to the ground. The horse is uninjured, but he has lost the shoe. I heard the sound of a smithy and came to you for assistance. I must reach Graslov tonight, and the delay is serious."

"It is long since we were mere horseshoers," said the old man. "The railroad"—

"But surely you can make a shoe and put it on. I must go forward, and I do not wish to lame this valuable horse."

"Certainly, we will shoe the horse," put in Vladimir, whose kind heart could never refuse any request that was reasonable and proper. "I will attend to it at once."

"But the meal is waiting," said the old woman.

"The meal is but a short distance, and Graslov is far," said Vladimir. "I will shoe the horse and permit the prince to proceed."

"How did you know that I was a prince?" asked the stranger, looking about him with a keen eye that was full of inquiry.

"The horse is of the herd at Graslov, the seat of the Neslerovs," was the answer. "I know the herd and think I have shod this very horse before."

"Good! That is better than putting him into the hands of a stranger," said the rider. "Is your name Paulpoff?"

"It is. I am Vladimir Paulpoff. The little father here is Michael."

"Ah, I have heard of you. You have guessed correctly. I am a prince. My steward, who has charge of my estate while I am away in Siberia, has told me of the giant who is growing rich working for the railroad. It is said that you can bend an iron bar with your hands."

Vladimir in response picked up an iron bar about four feet long and an inch thick and bent it double with no apparent effort.

"Good God!" exclaimed the prince. "Are you that powerful?"

"We acquire muscle in this work," Vladimir answered, "and I was born powerful."

A look of wonder had spread over the face of the prince. He sat upon a rude stool while the other two began to pre-

"What is it that you say—our Vladimir talking of marrying?"

pare for shoeing the horse. The fine animal was brought inside, and he, like his noble master, seemed surprised at his surroundings.

The old woman, patient now under the rebuke of Vladimir, stood waiting.

"This is not much of a place for successful men," said Neslerov, looking around him.

"Ho!" chuckled the old man. "You have come too soon. See, nothing is being done. We are about to leave this place for a spot nearer the railway."

"Business is not good, then?"

"Oh, is it not?" said Vladimir. "When one has a powerful friend to send the ironwork to him, it is easy to get along. We shall have a fine shop and ten men employed in the work. Instead of this hovel my father and mother shall live in a fine house, and my father shall work no more. I shall make money for all."

"Ah! Then I suppose you will be getting married?"

"That is something I have not thought of. I do not know."

"Somebody else knows," chuckled the doting Papa Paulpoff. "There is an American girl who thinks well of our"—

"Hush!" exclaimed Vladimir impatiently. "You are speaking of some one whose name must be sacred."

His face was flushed, and Neslerov looked at it searchingly.

"You are very fortunate," said Neslerov jokingly. "I can get no one to marry me."

"You but jest. Any one would be pleased to marry one of Russia's wealthiest princes."

"But such a one!" continued the indiscreet old man. "She is beautiful, she is rich, and she sends him books."

"Good! She is educating you. She must love you," said Neslerov.

"Oh, as to love, that is different. Her acts are kind, and I feel grateful. But for marrying—it will require a fine man to make her happy."

"He will make any one happy," put in the old woman, with a glance of pride at the young giant. "Any girl, even though she might be a princess, would get no better for a husband. Look at those arms! Can they not protect?"

"They could fell a bull!" said Neslerov. "How do you pass the time here? Do you go to the nearest village or to Perm and play?"

"Not he!" said the old man, pausing long enough in his work to add his tribute to this son they loved so well. "That young man spending his time at a village! I think not, your excellency. With his books he spends his nights. He studies or he paints."

"What's that? Paints!"

"Aye, indeed yes. He is a born painter."

"And shoeing horses?"

"One gets a kopeck or two for shoeing horses. One must paint for the pleasure of it, unless one is well known. It will come in time," said Vladimir.

"See, he is not so simple as he looks," said Papa Paulpoff, nodding his head toward the big boy.

"Very far from simple, I should say," answered Neslerov.

"Old woman!" shouted Papa Paulpoff suddenly, so suddenly that she jumped in alarm. "Go get the picture. Let the prince see the face of her who is so kind to Vladimir."

The old woman obeyed and ran out.

"Her picture! You have her picture painted!" stammered Neslerov.

"Yes, I, and the good part of it is that she knows nothing of it. I shall give it to her when she comes again to see us," said Vladimir.

"But I do not understand. How could you draw a face without having it before you?" asked the prince.

"Ha! It is never from my sight. The most beautiful face! A face that one could not forget. I drew it—I painted it—two—three and four times from memory, and always alike."

At this juncture the old woman returned with a picture in a frame. Silently she handed it to Neslerov. He sat with it in his hands, gazing down hungrily upon the features he knew so well. It showed two things—first, that there was, undeveloped in the young man, a talent that would make him famous if it ever got a chance; second, that he must have the picture of the girl indelibly in his mind to paint so true a picture from memory. And, knowing Frances Gordon, Neslerov knew that this man was a most dangerous rival for her hand.

"But that is not all he has done," said the old woman exultingly.

"Pshaw!" exclaimed Papa Paulpoff. "He has done nothing else worth mentioning."

Vladimir looked up in surprise and caught a swift look of warning flashed from Michael's eyes to those of his wife. The warning flash was also seen by Neslerov, and his curiosity was whetted.

"Surely this cannot be all," he said. "Such a talent must have an outlet. There must be something else. Come! I will look at all you have and buy what I want."

"But not that," replied Vladimir. "I could not sell that."

"But another of the same face?"

"No, I could not sell that face."

"Then let me see something else—something as good as this—and I will buy it."

"There is another woman's face"—began Mamma Paulpoff.

"Yes, and as beautiful a face as this, but a Russian," added Vladimir. "It was a picture. Papa Paulpoff had it. I found it one day and painted one from it."

"Show it to me," said Neslerov.

His eyes were fixed on the face of Vladimir with something like fear in them now. He glanced from one to another of the group.

Papa Paulpoff showed evidences of nervousness, but Vladimir was eager to satisfy the prince. He sent the old woman for the other portrait.

She brought it and placed it in the hands of the prince. At the first glance his face went white to the very lips. His hands shook. His frame trembled.

"Good heavens!" was breathed under his mustache. The words were not heard, but the manner of the man did not escape Papa Paulpoff.

"Who is this—it is a beautiful woman—but her name?" asked Neslerov, and his voice had turned suddenly hoarse in spite of the effort to control himself.

"I found a small picture one day after a party of nobles passed by," answered Papa Paulpoff.

A swift glance of suspicion shot from the eyes of Neslerov to the face of Papa Paulpoff. But the old man's face was perfectly impassive.

"I will buy this. Name your price," said the prince. "And I will buy the other, the one you found."

"Alas, it is lost!" exclaimed Papa Paulpoff. "It was in a small house we had years ago, and it burned down."

"And the picture destroyed?"

"Alas, yes. It was so pretty, a noble woman, perhaps even a princess," said Papa Paulpoff. "I wept like a child when it was lost."

Tears came into his eyes now at the remembrance of it.

"I will buy this. How much do you ask for it?" he asked of Vladimir.

"On second thoughts, it is not for sale," Vladimir answered.

"I do not wonder," he said. "It is a beautiful face. We do not have them in this part of Russia. In St. Petersburg, perhaps."

He shot a glance at Papa Paulpoff as he spoke, but the old man was bending down putting the hot shoe on the horse's hoof.

The job finished, there remained nothing but to pay the Paulpoffs and depart. The prince did this, bade them a pleasant farewell, mounted his steed and rode away.

"Explain the mystery!" cried Vladimir. "You have not lost the picture! You commanded me never to lose it! Why the lie about the fire?"

"The picture," replied Papa Paulpoff, turning white under his thick beard, "is that of a noble lady who was a friend of my family and whom we as children worshiped as a saint. I do

"Who is this—it is a beautiful woman—but her name?"

not want to lose it. That prince seemed to know who she was, and I did not want him to get the picture, so I lied. Old woman, what about that dinner?"

"It awaits," said Mamma Paulpoff.

"Then come. I am famished. If one speaks to me to disturb me eating, I will use my foot."

Once at the table, Papa Paulpoff attacked the meal with the rude manners of the uneducated Russian, and the old woman sat with downcast eyes eating her own meal.

Vladimir, though devoured by curiosity, knew the peculiarities of the old man and ate in silence.

Continued on page 8.

Fashion Hints for Spring.

(From the Delineator for March.)

Novelty suitings show a variety of styles; the Scotch mixtures, having bourettes of lustrous angora mohair are among the smartest.

Mohair will be an extremely popular material for spring.

In wash fabrics there is a wide assortment, and the sumer shirt-waist or entire costume will be more attractive than ever before. Simple designs continue general favorites.

The shirt-waist costume has attained a prominent place among the fashionable modes, the amount of variation possible in construction adding materially to its popularity.

The blouse jacket continues to enjoy favor, and many of the smartest modes are of this shading.

Skirts fit smoothly about the hips and flare at the bottom, though some pleasing modes show shirrings and tucks at the hips.

A fancy of the season is the gown of pale-gray, cafe au lait or pure white lace and chiffon combined.

An attractive decoration for the sleeves of the new tailor gowns is achieved by slashing them at the back and lacing them across with silk cord or small buttons.

Points are a feature in skirt decoration that will not easily lose their popularity.

Embroidery is as popular as it has been for several seasons.

A pure hard Soap.

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100 acre farm one mile north of Manilla in Brock. Good stone house, frame barns, orchard, 95 acres cleared, all tillable land.

173 acre farm near Valentia, 125 acres cleared, frame house and frame barn with stone cellar, convenient to school, church, post office, store and blacksmith shop.

142 acre farm 2 miles east of Omemee, 138 acres cleared, 4 acres hardwood bush, good frame house and barn with stone wall, well fenced and well watered, small orchard.

125 acre farm, 2 miles south of Omemee, 90 acres cleared, fair buildings, well fenced and watered, for sale cheap.

200 acre farm near Kirkfield, mostly all cleared, good frame house and frame barn with stone cellar, good well and running stream, for sale at a great bargain. Term of payment very easy.

120 acre farm near Zion, in Fenelon, for sale, 80 acres cleared, good farm, for sale, cheap, payments to suit purchaser.

112 acre farm one mile north of Cameron for sale, 75 acres cleared, brick house, frame barn with stone cellar, cheese factory close to farm, well situated, terms to suit purchaser.

200 acre farm in Mariposa for sale, good brick house, large frame barn with one of the best cement cellars in the county. Situation is everything that could be desired, orchard, 150 acres cleared.

66 acre farm in Mariposa, good buildings, 60 acres cleared, 6 acres hardwood bush.

200 Acre Farm 5th con., Eldon. Two frame barns, brick house; mostly cleared—a good farm.

200 Acre Farm, 6th con., Eldon. brick house, good frame barn and underground stable, orchard; mostly cleared.

60 acre farm, all cleared, 14th con. of Brock, first-class buildings; 2 miles from Woodville, 3½ miles from Cannington.

50 acre farm, all cleared, first class farm on 7th con. of Mariposa, near Cresswell; good frame barn, stone cellar, log house.

Blacksmith shop, two houses and outbuilding, about ½ acre land, and in good locality, for sale cheap.

One of the best farms in Eldon for sale, 100 acres; 70 acres cleared and under cultivation, clay loam, 30 acres hardwood bush. Large solid brick house, 10 rooms; large frame barn, stone wall stabling complete. New wind-mill, good outbuildings, 3 wells spring creek running across corner of farm; well fenced, small orchard, 1½ miles south of Kirkfield; ploughing all done. Possession given in time to put in crop. A very desirable farm.

232 acre farm for sale a few miles west of Kirkfield, 135 acres under cultivation, balance timber and pasture; large new brick house, 11 rooms. A large new frame barn with concrete floors; wind-mill on barn. Plenty of good water. A large orchard. For sale cheap.

A number of other farms for sale, also some desirable buildings in town.

Apply to ELIAS BOWES, Real Estate Agent, Lindsay.

CANADIAN PACIFIC Ry.

CANADIAN OPPORTUNITIES.

100,000,000 Bushels

Grain Crop in Manitoba in 1902.

Proportionate yield in Alberta, Assiniboia and Saskatchewan.

Millions of acres of good land for sale on easy terms in the North-West.

Immense timber and mineral resources in British Columbia.

Openings for Ranchers, Farmers, Dairymen, Fruit Growers, Millers, Mechanics, Prospectors, Miners.

Write your nearest Canadian Pacific agent for free illustrated booklets on "Western Canada" and "British Columbia."

T. C. MATCHETT, Local Agent, 60 Kent St., Lindsay.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets.

Cures Grip in Two Days.

Seven Million boxes sold in past 12 months. This signature, E. W. Grove on every box. 25c.

VICTORIA LOAN AND SAVINGS CO.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum has been declared on the paid up Capital Stock for half year ending Dec. 31st nst., payable at the Company's office on and after Jan. 3rd, 1903.

Transfer books will be closed from Dec. 27th to 31st inclusive.

By order of the Board.

JAMES LOW,
Manager.

LINDSAY. Dec. 27th, 1902.

FARM LOANS.

MONEY TO LOAN on Mortgage or any term from 5 to 10 Years at Lowest Currant Rate of Interest, with privilege of repayment in instal. ments when required,

Expenses kept down to the lowest notch.

All business of this nature kept strictly private and confidential.

Come and see me if you want money and get my terms.

J. H. SOOTHERAN
Land Agent. 91 Kent-st. Lindsay

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEB. 20, 1903.

LOCAL OPTION IN VERMONT

(New York Times)

There must be some significance in the fact that Vermont has "gone" local option after half a century's experience of nominal prohibition. We do not know what may have influenced the majority of the voters, which is seems was but a narrow majority. It cannot have been merely the failure of prohibition to prohibit, or rather to suppress, since that has been the experience of communities and institutions that have tried it, from States and cities to the United States Army. We should not like to believe that the motive has been an abhorrence of the meanness and hypocrisy inevitably and invariably induced by a nominal prohibition which cannot be made effective. There is also to be considered the loss of revenue to the State which comes from the false pretense that no intoxicating liquor is made or sold within its borders.

Probably all these elements entered more or less into the decision of the voters of Vermont. Their decision will be satisfactory, we should suppose, to all persons except those queerly constituted people who care more for a statutory declaration in favor of abstinence or of temperance. These are the people who have prevented the drink question in the army from being solved in accordance with the practically unanimous judgment of the officers, who are far more interested in the temperance of the army, and know far better how to promote it, than any of their critics. The advantage of the local option which Vermont has chosen is that it enables rural and urban communities to be differently administered in respect to the liquor law, and also that it gives some presumption that the public sentiment of the communities which vote for prohibition will sustain prohibtion, and that, in such communities, it will really prohibit. But the abolition of a general prohibition, in Vermont or any other State, has at least the advantage that it appreciably diminishes the volume of humbug and false pretences in such a Commonwealth. That is worth something.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Clever swindlers, who have operated in Toronto and other parts of Canada, are in the toils in New York. They organized a wheat syndicate, guaranteeing 800 per cent. on every dollar invested with them, and they netted $50,000. Their victims number 4,000

The White Pass Railway would seem to have a snap. It costs to ship a car of nails from Toronto to Vancouver, $273 23; from Vancouver to Skagway, 900 miles, $152.80; from Skagway to Caribou, 68 miles, by White Pass Railway, $1,110.15. When Sir Mack Bowell reads that and thinks of how he Livernashed Canadian trade, he will smile serenely, no doubt.

Montreal Witness; The objections to the establishment of a Carnegie library cannot be taken with a perspicuous view of modern conditions. While a daily and weekly deluge of literary sewage is being poured over the continent there is no sense in witholding from the people the virile mental food which is stored up in books. It is averrted by librarians that with free books the public taste tends from bad to better as the masterpieces of literature are discovered. There is at the present time a general thirst for real knowledge. Apart from the mere novel readers, those who go beyond the newspapers for reading are the thinking class in any community and its natural leaders. The demand for exact knowledge is shown by the enormous sale of many encyclopaedias that are constantly being published. Time was when men everywhere accepted authority as truth. They now demand truth, as authority. Herein lies the controversy between authority and books and on the side of authority it is a losing struggle.

SCOTLAND YET.

(Toronto Telegram, Feb. 12.)

Scotland's representative curlers are not the first and will not be the last set of gentlemen who have been overtaken by a joke of their own make.

The Scottish curlers were put in the position of imputing to themselves a fine capacity for carrying large cargoes of alcoholic refreshments. It was Rev. John Kerr who did it with his little joke at Lindsay. He commented humorously on the spectacle of curlers, and Scotch curlers, being asked to drink toasts in water.

Jokes, even good jokes, usually carry several meanings. Rev. John Kerr's joke was illustrated by the local circumstances which inspired it, by teh smiles of the speaker, and by the approving nods of the listeners, who knew the Scottish curlers as they were and could take the joke as a joke, and not as a truth.

The joke in the original setting was all right. Jests at the alleged unduly convivial habits of the visitors could only be misunderstood where the visitors were unknown. The joke grew on its travels, and got to the next town ahead of the Scottish curlers. The visitors smiled at Ontario's gentle and indirect references to their potations, but they stopped smiling when they reached Winnipeg.

Winnipeg imparted its own broad breezy west interpretation to the original joke. It was idle for the Scottish curlers to disclaim the alcoholic reputation that was thrust upon them. The humorous advance notices indicated that they were a procession of horrible examples. If they disbelieved the evidence they had only to look at the walls and see great pictures of themselves as distillery signs glorifying whiskey, and Canadian whiskey at that. . . The Winnipeg Scotch rallied at the call of the St. Andrew Society, and Rev. Principal Patrick, "from Egypt lately come," entertained his "brither Scots" with the testimonials of his own experience as to what a drunken country Scotland was. "I canna thole any mair o' this," whispered one Scottish visitor, and three fellow-sufferers followed him into outer darkness. Rev. John Kerr tried to suggest that, in the words of the sporting column, "Scotland was not so many" when it came to drinking. The audience laughed. Western Canada showed its love for the Scottish visitors by impaling them on the point of their joke, and no relief is possible this side of the Atlantic Ocean

Midland's Power Company

The Ackerman Light and Power Co. has made the following offer to the town of Midland: "We will supply you with 16 candle power lamps at 15 cents per month, 10 hours per day, or supply 500 horse power at 6 cents per horse power for 10 hours per day, on condition that a loan of $15,000 be granted at 5 per cent. per annum, repayable at $1,000 per year, and with the privilege to apply power to any private parties in the corporation; also operate electric railroad." No information is given as to where the company intends to get its power. It will be noticed that the offer is 25 per cent. lower than Orillia's power rate of 20 cents per month. On the other hand the power rate figures up a little higher, being about $18 a horse pow-

Manitoba's Hustling Metropolis

(Monetary Times.)

Winnipeg, even allowing for the boomster element represented in much Western talk and very high prices for land, is really making wonderful progress. During last year, to give one illustration, there were laid in that city. 84 miles of sewers, 27 miles of macadam pavements, 16 1-4 miles of cedar block pavements, 9 1-4 miles of asphalt pavements, 44 miles of boulevards, 10 miles of granolithic sidewalks, 176 miles of plank sidewalks and 74 miles of water pipes. The cost of these improvements were as follows: Sewers, $1,344,000; macadam pavements $481,000; asphalt pavements, $520,000; cedar block pavements, $330 000; boulevards, $44,600; granolithic sidewalks, $130,000; water pipes, $352,000. Here is an aggregate of $3,201,000, none of which can be said to be luxuries

To the Farmers of Ontario.

(Toronto World.)

You have very little wood left on your places.

You are burning coal at $6 to $10 a ton. The coal you burn comes from the States. The mines and railways carrying the coal are owned by the greatest monopolists in the world—next to the Standard Oil Co. Were it not for their monopolistic position coal could be sold and delivered to you at the nearest railway station for less than $2 a ton.

Ontario has no coal. But she has something better—unlimited supplies of water power that can take the place of coal for nearly every purpose. These water powers belong to the people. But your representatives in the legislature are rapidly disposing of these water powers to great private monopolies that will later on compel you to buy from them the electrical energy made at Niagara Falls at extortionate rates, just as the coal barons do in the matter of coal.

Why should not this power be kept for you? Cheap electrical energy will give you light, heat, power for your farms, power for cheap trolley lines on your main roads. It carries its own self along and can be distributed anywhere in its radius.

But your representatives in the legislature, the farmer members, have been the most generous in bestowing these gifts on the monopolists and in strengthening all franchise grabbers.

It's time you stopped them.

You want to watch your representatives at this coming session. You ought to insist on the province generating this power for yourselves, and you ought to insist on your representatives granting to any municipality or collection of municipalities the right to generate electricity for public distribution.

To hold the water powers that are left for the farmers of Ontario is the hottest farmers' question to-day!

What is your member doing about it?

COMMUNICATIONS.

SALARIES OF TOWN OFFICIALS.

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Dear Sir,—I see Mr. C. Burke thinks the salaries of our town officers are high enough. Now, I will put it this way to him: Is 71 cents a day enough for Wilson? Is $1.43 a day enough for the Market Clerk? Is $1.23 a day enough for Constable Reeves? Is $1.00 a day of 24 hours enough for the driver of the Fire Team? Is $1.64 a day enough for Chief Nevison? Is $2.55 a day enough for the Town Clerk provided he has $800 a year left after paying for help? I say no, and so would you, Charley, if you were a

UNION MAN.

ELECTRICALLY DRIVEN PUMPS

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Dear Sir,—Will you kindly print the following and oblige,—Yours truly.

F. K. BEGBIE.

(Copy.)

The Editor, "The News-Letter," Orillia:

Dear Sir,—I notice in The Evening Post that you have quoted my supposed remarks re electrically driven pumps. Permit me to say that I did not give utterance to the remarks with which you credit me. What I said was this: That I had been given to understand that Yarmouth had installed a set of electrically driven pumps, and had derived no satisfaction therefrom, and I requested the permission of my Board to communicate with Yarmouth and enquire into the matter. This is altogether different from the remarks you attribute to me, and I will thank you to make the correction.

A communication from Yarmouth, to hand this day, bears me out in my statement.—I am, sir, yours truly,

F. K. BEGBIE, Supt.

Lindsay, Feb. 11, 1903.

LINDSAY'S OPPORTUNITY.

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Mr. Editor,—I notice that pressure is being brought to bear upon the Town Solicitor to take action against the Gas Co. to compel them to carry out the contract with the Corporation. This to my mind is a very serious mistake. A very great and serious mistake was made by the Council in the first place in making a fifteen years' contract with the Co without first having a knowledge of the nature of the article they were going to get, and again not forcing the Co to extend the plant when it was seen that the light didn't suit.

All citizens will agree with me that the gas is a back number, and entirely unfit for street lighting, and it is simply out of the question to expect a town the size and importance of Lindsay to put up with it for the next 15 years. The Council should take this matter up at once and try to find some honorable way out of the difficulty before the Co is put to any further expense.

I am of the firm opinion that no time should be lost by the Council in taking up the question of the purchase of the electric light plant by the corporation. The town of Peterboro offers power at from ten to fifteen dollars per horse power, and Orillia offers it at $16. This is a very great inducement to small manufacturers to increase their business, and for others to locate there. Lindsay unfortunately has nothing to offer to outsiders nor to encourage small concerns now doing business here. Let us own the power at Fenelon Falls, and then we could supply our people with light at nights, and have that power to sell at reasonable prices to our manufacturers in daytime. The trade of this country is expanding at a tremendous rate, and in our great North-west we have an almost unlimited market for our manufactured goods. Factories are opening up on all sides. Other towns are alive to the fact that electric energy is the coming power. Lindsay should and must own the Fenelon power, and the sooner the better.—Yours, etc.,

CITIZEN.

Lindsay, Feb. 16th, 1903.

THE HIGH SCHOOL SETTLEMENT.

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Mr. Editor,—I am sorry to have again—so soon—to ask you to allow me, through the medium of your paper, to communicate with the public, but trust that what I shall have to say will be of sufficient public importance as to give me reasonable ground for the request.

It is to be regretted that Mr. Shaver's reply in the Watchman-Warder of Jan. 29th to my challenge to discuss the High School settlement with him before any impartial set of men whose report would have weight with the people, has been so evasive of the question. Mr. Shaver says, with childlike innocense, what he said was on nomination day on the platform, after being alluded to by myself, and goes on to try to show —with some apparent success—that it could not have been a factor in my defeat. It would be easy to show how Mr. Shaver's charge affected me, differently from what it did Mr. Channon, were I so inclined. But this is not the important question, the exact "quantum" of good or harm it did me. The great question—the one the people of the County want to know, the one they must know—is, "Is it true, as Mr. Shaver charges, (and I will try and give it in his own words), that the County lost a very lare amount of money in the last High School settlement, and because, as he further said, speaking to 150 to 200 of the electorate of the township of Mariposa, 'you had not men in that Council capable of looking after your interests.'" This was the time, it must be observed, when Mr. Shaver was not of the Council.

This is what the people want to know; Is it true, or did Mr Shaver make this thrust at the Council, knowing it to be untrue, but hoping to make a point with the electors against those who were likely to be in the contest with him in the future, and members of the Council which effected this settlement

Realizing, in discussing this question on nomination day with the people, that it is of just sufficient complexity, bearing of it for the first time, and for the most part unacquainted with the law upon which the settlement is based, and also, bearing the construction Mr. Shaver puts upon it, the people go away in a sort of confusion of mind, saying to themselves, "It is hard to tell who is right or wrong in the matter." This is my reason for asking Mr. Shaver to discuss it before men who are familiar with it, and whose opinions will have weight with the people

I say this County did not lose one cent in that settlement, that it was a fair settlement as far as the County is concerned, and that the County of Victoria, in common with the other counties of the Province, will be fortunate if conditions as at present exist, that will enable the Councils to always effect as favorable a settlement with the High School Boards for the tuition of the County pupils.

Again I challenge Mr. Shaver to discuss the question before the two School Inspectors, or before Judge Dean, Judge Harding or Judge McIntyre, or before any three of his colleagues in the Council who are familiar with the question, I to pay half the expenses of reference and he the other half.

There are only two honorable courses for Mr. Shaver—to accept this proposition or to apologize to the Council and say that he was mistaken in the value he attached to the figures of the settlement. There is the third course, but it is hard to think of Mr. Shaver taking it. That is too cowardly — slink back, snail-like, in silent disregard of his most obvious duty to the Council and the people, and take shelter under a hardened and crustaceous covering of false accusation, treachery and wrong.—Yours, etc.,

GEO. JOHNSON.

Mariposa, Feb. 7th, 1903.

FI[illegible]TE STREET CHATS.

Views of Citizens on Various Matters.

North Ward Man—"Surely the new Council is not run by the local Union, but the proceedings at Friday night's meeting of committees give that impression."

Lindsay-st. Medical Man — "The Taylor corner would answer admirably for the Library. Someone should approach Mr. Taylor on behalf of the Board and get his lowest figure."

East Ward Citizen—"Start a subscription list in The Evening Post towards a fund for the purchase of Britton's corner for the Free Library. If you decide to do so, put me down for $5."

County Constable Nelson—"I'm not a curler, but I felt inclined to "skip" when I got a crack with a besom this morning while assisting Chief Nevison and Constable Foster to remove the Babcock kids and place them in the care of the Children's Aid Society."

Mr Wes. Wilson—"The Cressman fire in Peterboro the other day was a bad one About three minutes after the fire started the stock was gutted Some of the clerks hadn't time to get their overcoats, but I was lucky enough to get mine The fire is supposed to have originated from an electric light wire in the cellar of Cressman's store"

Mr Chas. Burke—"I don't think the man that wrote that letter about the salaries paid our municipal employees was a Union man at all; It was somebody that knows the ropes pretty well However, he is away off when he says Clerk Knowlson, Caretaker Wilson and Messrs Nevison and Reeves are not paid enough for the work done I think they are well paid for their services"

Mr. Joe. Lytle, the veteran hunter—"I went down the river to my old hunting grounds the other day and succeeded in killing a fine large red fox. While there to my great surprise a couple of black ducks flew over my head. In an instant I fired and down came one, but the other escaped. The one I killed was a good plump bird and made a great meal. It seems strange to see ducks at this season of the year."

A Lover of Opera—"Mr. Post, why don't you jog the minds of our theatre owners as to their duty to provide us with a good thing now and then? It's years since we have had a first-class opera company here, but I notice that Sousa's "El Capitan" will be presented by the Grau Opera Co. in Peterboro Monday evening, and next night in Belleville. Lindsay is a better show town than either. I can't help thinking that a little enterprise would secure some of these treats for our citizens."

Jas. H. Lennon—"I've been thinking about Library sites. Seeing that many are opposed to the market park, and that the people have declared against buying the Wilson property, what's the matter with the Hamilton Terrace lot on Peel-st.? It can be bought cheap, and the location is a desirable one, being fairly convenient to all parts of the town. The lot is 55x128 feet. The library frontage will have to be reduced to about 55 ft. anyway if the Board wise to keep within the sum at their disposal."

A member of Marks Bros. Dramatic Co.—"It is to be regretted that Lindsay theatre-goers don't attend earlier. Last night people came to the Academy long after 8 o'clock, and it was 8.30 before the performance commenced. A few arrived early, but the majority did not arrive till 8.30, and to keep the early ones from getting impatient Mr. Marks had to put on several specialties. The company would like to have all ticket holders in their seats at 8 o'clock in order to see the first act.

Kent-st. Merchant—"I've heard it stated time and again that the Britton corner would be the best location for the Free Library, but that it is not in the market at a price. Now, what is wrong with the F. C. Taylor corner just below that lot? To my mind it is suitable in every way, being convnient to the people of the east and south wards and just far enough away from Kent-st. To my mind the site is the best of any, and I fancy Mr. Taylor wouldn't ask a very high figure."

Mr Frank Jordan—"I don't think I will ever forget the experience I had yesterday with a cow I was helping Mr Moore to load some cattle in a car at the G T.R. stock yards, when suddenly one of them turned on me, and if it had not been for a ditch I believe I would have been killed I jumped across the ditch, the cow after me, but the animal slipped and fell in, and by the time it had regained its feet I was over the fence. I tell you I was badly scared, as the cow was ferocious and might have gored me badly."

THE N. HOCKIN SHOE STORE

BIG RUBBER PURCHASE!

THE GREATEST SNAP OF THE SEASON.

Our Mr. Hockin, during his peregrinations—bargain hunting last week, picked up some of the biggest money savers in the shoe line ever offered to the good people of Lindsay.

The attention of our customers is specially directed to one purchase of over 400 pairs of Women's Rubbers, secured at a marvellous reduction to clear all the factory held.

This Wonderful Bargain Line is here to-day, and is now on sale—17 cases of them :—

400 pairs Women's finest quality Rubbers, newest shapes, all sizes 2½ to 7; regular price 60c per pair, now on sale at the ridiculous price of, per pr 35c

Please make of note of it—60c for 35c. *Our telephone No. is 117. Call us up and we will send up your size if not convenient to call.*

THE N. HOCKIN SHOE STORE

OUR CHEESE IN ENGLAND.

London Times Speaks of Strong Hold Canada Secured on British Markets.

The strong hold which Canada has secured upon the cheese markets of the United Kingdom is well shown from the fact that in 1902 just over two-thirds of our total imports of cheese were sent from the Dominion. The actual quantity, 1,709,566 cwt., is, we believe, "a record." Furthermore the position is well earned by the Canadian cheesemakers as a reward for their persistent efforts to send us a genuine unsophisticated article. The bulk of this trade was once in the hands of the United States, but they lost it through shipping to us "filled" cheese, in which the natural fat of the milk had been withdrawn and replaced by inferior and cheaper fats. The authorities in the United States put an end to this nefarious and suicidal business some years ago, but the fact remains that last year for every pound of cheese we received from the United States more than four pounds reached us from Canada. Our imports of cheese from Holland appear to be slowly diminishing, while from France they are, on the whole, fairly well maintained. Australia is evidently as uncertain a factor in the cheese industry as in the butter trade. For imported cheese we paid in 1902 a total sum of £6,421,420, of which £4,301,859 went to Canada, £962,112 to the United States, £668,303 to Holland, £131,516 to New Zealand, £113,611 to France, £18 to Australia, and £235,001 to "other countries."—London Times.

THE POWER QUESTION.

Comments of the Presbyterian on an Absorbing Topic.

The Presbyterian, dealing with the power question, says:

"In Ontario public interest continues to be directed to the matter of the development of electrical energy at Niagara Falls and other great sources of water power The fact that the Ontario Government has authorized a third company to develop power at Niagara Falls and that the members of this company are interested in the electric lighting and the electric car service in Toronto has set people thinking It is an undoubted fact that within a very few years the power to produce and transmit electric energy will be one of the utmost importance, not only to Toronto, but to other cities and municipalities It will be a sorry awakening if these municipalities wake up some day to find themselves at the mercy of private monopoly for the supply of what at that time may be a public necessity The truth is being forced upon people that the great natural gifts which are also necessities of life, like coal and oil—and with these must now be reckoned power for the development of electric energy—are not fit subjects for private monopoly It was never intended that they should pass into the hands of a few men that they might become multi-millionaries at the expense of the commonwealth There is a great field here for statesmanlike thought and action on the part of our public men The influence of the great capitalists is far too strong in party councils The common people must rouse themselves and insist that their representaties place these matters of vital public interest before the petty party battles of the 'ins' and 'outs'"

Where it Hit Him

Toronto Star.

Talk of Queen Mary having Calais written on her heart! J. P. Whitney says you'll find Manitoulin tattooed on his neck.

All Humors

Are impure matters which the skin, liver, kidneys and other organs can not take care of without help, there is such an accumulation of them.

They litter the whole system.

Pimples, boils, eczema and other eruptions, loss of appetite, that tired feeling, bilious turns, fits of indigestion, dull headaches and many other troubles are due to them.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Remove all humors, overcome all their effects, strengthen, tone and invigorate the whole system.

"My health was poor and I suffered much from hives and kidney trouble. After taking two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla I was cured. I regard this medicine as superior to all others." MRS. JOSEPH HOLLINSHEAD, Harrison, Ontario.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

FRESH AND SALT.. FISH..

Leading physicians and scientists agree that the health of the meat consuming branches of the human family would be greatly benefitted by a judicious use of fish as food. This is self-obvious, The trouble is that many housekeepers do not provide a sufficiency of this appetizing and economical food.

We handle over a dozen lines of

FRESH AND SALT FISH

and can guarantee that you will be satisfied with any brand that you may select. We make a specialty of our fish department, and buy only first quality goods. Try us and be satisfied.

SPRATT & KILLEN

Our Stock of China is complete with

Tea Setts in French, German or English China.
Fruit Setts at all prices.
Bread and Butter Plates.
Salad Dishes.
Cups, Saucers and Plates.
Art Vases.

Table Setts, Oatmeal Setts, Teapots, Sugars and Creams, etc., etc.

☞ A dainty piece of China is always pleasing and is a most acceptable gift.

Arch. Campbell,

GROCERIES : Kent-st. CHINA HALL : William-st.

PASCOE BROS, GENERAL MERCHANTS.

Successors to Hogg Bros., **OAKWOOD.**

WE are still taking orders for anything our customers desire that we do not keep in stock.

Orders for furs are still coming in; and anyone desiring furs or anything else, kindly call at the store and have particulars, and we will give our best attention in procuring them to the satisfaction of the customer.

Mr. Champion, the tailor, is burning midnight oil getting out work, as he is very busy, trying to get the work finished at the date promised.

☞ **The Suits which we are clearing out at $12.00, worth $16.00 and $18.00, are going rapidly.**

Call and leave your orders before the rush of Spring trade is on.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.—We are reducing the price of all our ready-made goods, such as Overcoats, Reefers, Ulsters and Men's Suits.

Highest market price paid for Butter, Eggs, Dried Apples, Fowls, etc. Our wagon will be taking its regular route in the Spring and solicits your patronage.

PASCOE BROS.

Terms Cash or Trade. **OAKWOOD**

BOXALL AND MATTHIE

Hardware	Curry Combs
Graniteware	Stove Pipes and Elbows
Tinware	Stove Boards
Window Glass	Stove Blacking
Mixed Paints	Pipe Varnish
Clothes Wringers	Stove Repairs
Washing Machines	Stove Mica
Step Ladders	Evetrough
Coal Oil	Conductor Pipe
Machine Oils	Pumps
Scoop Shovels	Sinks
Manure Forks	Iron Pipe and Fittings
Horse Brushes	Brass Fittings

Call and see our Store Display.
TINSMITHING AND PLUMBING
We Lead in these Lines.
BOXALL & MATTHIE
112 Kent st., Lindsay.

Are you going to see them?
THE ATHLETES FROM
THE BRITANNIA NAVAL BRIGADE CLUBS
(Champions of Canada),
Academy of Music, Lindsay,
Tuesday, February 24th, 1903, at 8.30 p.m.

BAG PUNCHING—Jas. Willett, Champion of Canada.
ACROBATIC ACT—Jack Lougheed and Co.
BICYCLE RACE on Home Trainers—Jas. Willett vs. George Campbell, Champion of Canada.
BOXING—Three rounds at 90 lbs.—B. Goslin vs. Ted Southam, Champion Boy of Canada. Three rounds at 110 lbs.—Thomas Daly, vs. Abe Harris, Champion of Canada. Five rounds at 125 lbs.—Billy Smith vs. Jumbo Campbell, Champion Colored Boxer of Canada.
WRESTLING—Catch-as-catch-can, best two in three falls—Alex Peterson, Beaverton heavyweight, vs. W. Lorne Galloway, Champion of Canada at 140 lbs.
Mouth Organ Imitations—Wm. Smith, Champion of Canada.
Comic Singing—Chas. Jones, one of the best.
Jack Daly, Champion lightweight boxer of Canada, referee.
EXTRAS—W. Lorne Galloway will forfeit $10 to any 140 lbs. man he fails to throw in fifteen minutes. Jack Daly will stop any lightweight in 5 rounds or forfeit $10.

Usual prices—Gallery 25c., ground floor 35c. and 50c. These will be clever exhibitions.—Come.—w2d2.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEB. 20, 1903.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Globe: Peterboro is afraid that this city may obtain cheaper waterpower than is sold to the people of that city. The people on the Otonabee should never mind Toronto, but turn to the company that has appropriated the power on that river.

The census returns show in figures how congested a city Montreal is in comparison with other Canadian cities. The acreage of the leading cities is given as follows: Winnipeg 12,760, Toronto 10,797, Fredericton 10,790, St. John 9,169, Montreal 5,772, Vancouver 5,091, London 4,378, Hamilton 3,990, Ottawa 3,363, Guelph 3,104, Brantford 2,977, Stratford 2,835 Charlottetown 2,400, Kingston 2,177, Windsor 2,020, Quebec 1,921, Victoria 1,874, Moncton 1,650, Chatham 1,650, Woodstock 1,525, St. Thomas 1,500.

The Doukhobors are to become Canadian citizens, take out patents for their homes and conform to Canadian laws. That is well. Indeed, on no other conditions should we receive any settlers. Aside from a peculiar religious bent these newcomers appear to be desirable people, and the leader who is now directing them evidently appreciates the advantages that Canadian citizenship brings. In his recent lecture before the East Victoria Teachers' Institute, Col. Sam Hughes spoke in high terms of the Doukhobors and Galicians and predicted they would become first class settlers in a couple of years.

Montreal Witness: It is refreshing to hear of our farmers of the home counties meeting to discuss the question of roads. If these farmers could depute one or two of their number to go to Europe and travel for three months from country to country, by carriage, by bicycle, or by automobile, they would come home so ashamed of our country roads that they would preach against them at every church door. The country roads in France are better than anything we know of. The same is the case in the most mountainous parts of Switzerland or even of the sparsely settled glens of Norway. Our highways are indeed worse than they were fifty years ago. Apart from the matter of pride, it pays to have good roads. Every bushel produced on the farm acquires a higher value when the roads are improved, every horse would haul three or four times as much with less effort. Every acre on the island of Montreal would acquire a new value if the roads invited the pleasure carriage. They would speedily become dotted with villas and glorified with lawns and gardens. The farmhouses themselves would spruce up. As it is, to take a new drive anywhere is only for the patient who can stand slow movement, and for the robust who can stand being well jolted.

Hon. Mr. Ross will have the support of the great public of Ontario in standing up for the principle enunciated in this statement to the socialistic power boomers: "We will impose no debt on the Province of Ontario unless it is for the benefit of the whole people." No coterie of city graft-hunters; no city—not even all the cities—should be able to move him from that solid standing ground. The masses of Ontario can see the justice of it.

Toronto News: The authorities of the Toronto Electric Light Company have made the statement that it takes only 750 horse power to light the city streets. If this is the case, the city is being charged a stiff price per horse power per year. In other words, the city is charged $120 per horse power per year. The very considerable cost of poles and wires, and of attendance, must, of course, be deducted from this figure. Favorable as the terms are on which Toronto gets its street lighting done, the net cost per horse power on this calculation presents a strong contrast to the $20 and $25 per horse power per year already promised by the vendors of Niagara power.

SAFETY FOR LITTLE ONES.

Mothers Should Exercise Great Care in Choosing Medicine for Children.

Every little one needs a medicine at some time, and mothers cannot be too careful in making a selection. The so-called "soothing" preparations invariably contain opiates and other harmful drugs, which stupify the little one, and pave the way to a constant necessity for the use of narcotic drugs. Undoubtedly the very best and the very safest medicine for little ones is Baby's Own Tablets. They are mildly laxative and gentle in their action, and cure all stomach and bowel troubles, relieve simple fevers, break up colds, prevent croup, and allay the irritation accompanying the cutting of teeth. Where these Tablets are used, little ones sleep naturally, because the causes of irritation and sleeplessness are removed in a natural way. Experienced mothers all praise this medicine. Mrs. H. H. Fox, Orange Ridge, Man., says: "Baby's Own Tablets are the best medicine I have ever used for children of all ages. They are truly a blessing to the baby and mother's friend."

These Tablets are guaranteed to contain no opiate, and can be given to a new-born babe. Sold by all druggists, or sent post paid at 25c. a box, by writing direct to the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

COMMUNICATIONS.

WORKING ALONG RIGHT LINES.

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Sir,—It must be, to the great majority of your readers, an interesting "sign of the times" to see two such common-sense communications as appeared in your yesterday's edition of The Post, one of them dealing with the problem of a Carnegie Library site, the other—a much more important one—with the fifteen year contract for gas made with a Toronto Company, whose product has so lamentably failed to give the light promised to and expected by our citizens.

This light question is a serious matter, and it deserves the best consideration of our new Council, who by special effort were elected to represent that large portion of the ratepayers who desire to see our progressive town established on the rock of public ownership of all the public utilities without regard to the claims of so-called "vested rights" of contractors, stock companies or the dividend appropriating capitalist. The electors will no doubt be greatly disappointed should our city fathers be misled by the schemes of these enemies of co-operation, who have so seriously retarded the progress of the more densely populated cities and communities in Canada.—Yours respectfully.

A STUDENT.

Lindsay, Feb. 18, 1903.

WOMEN'S ILLS

Promptly Relieved and Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are woman's best friend. They enrich the blood, tone up the nerves, and strengthen the vital organs to perform their functions regularly. They bring the rosy cheeks and shapely forms that tell of good health and happiness. To the growing girl they are invaluable. To the mother they are a necessity. To the woman of forty-five they mean relief and ease. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the best medicine that science has devised for women at all periods of life. These pills succeed when all else fails. Thousands of grateful women endorse the truth of these statements. Mrs. John White, Shanantion, Ont., says: "It gives me pleasure to bear testimony to the great value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as a cure for the ailments that afflict so many women. I suffered greatly and the periods were very irregular, but thanks to these pills I am now quite well and free from the pains that made my life almost a burden. I cheerfully give my experience for the benefit of suffering women."

Remember that substitutes cannot cure and see that the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," is on the wrapper around every box. If in doubt send direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and the pills will be mailed post paid, at 50c. per box, or six boxes for $2.50.

LINDSAY LOST THE TANKARD

AFTER A HARD FIGHT DUNDAS WON THE TROPHY BY 5 SHOTS.

Skips McLennan and Harstone and their Men Put up a Fine Game.

Assuredly this is an off year for Lindsay curlers. Skip Flavelle went West with one of the best rinks he ever took to Winnipeg, and although he came very near to victory in several competitions, yet he didn't need a Saratoga trunk to carry back the silverware, as on former occasions. Then the game with Oshawa in the group contest was a narrow squeak, the Lindsay men winning the right to compete for the Tankard by the small margin of one shot. They struck what looked like a winning gait in Toronto last Monday and Tuesday against Collingwood and Paris, but when they tackled Dundas they found their work cut out for them with a vengeance. It was an up-hill fight all through, and although they cut down their opponents' big lead to a small margin, they found it impossible to snatch the victory from the clever Dundas men. However, Lindsay club can afford to have an off year—several of them in fact—before there is any serious danger of the trophies won by other clubs equalling in number the magnificent collection won by our curlers at Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg and elsewhere, and on home ice.

The Tankard Game.

We take from the Globe the following description of the game with Dundas:

After one of the closest and hardest fought battles in the history of the Ontario Tankard, Dundas won from Lindsay, winners last year, yesterday afternoon in the final match, played at the Granite Rink. Dundas has been in the finals on many occasions, and in 1894 and 1898 they were the runners-up to the Toronto Granites and Lindsay respectively, but never before had they succeeded in capturing the blue-ribbon trophy of the Ontario Curling Association. The game was played on ice of the keenest kind, and the skill exhibited by the participants in the greatest contest bordered on the marvellous. Very few shots were wasted, and generally the skips got what they asked for. Large delegations from both Lindsay and Dundas were on hand to cheer their favorites on to victory, and towards the end, when the game was close, the "rooting" was decidedly strenuous. At the finish Dundas had a lead of five shots, Dr. Bertram beating J. C. Harstone by 25 to 14, while "Chub" Collins lost to W. McLennan by 15 to 21.

Lindsay started off bravely enough, scoring two singles on the first end, but Dundas won the next four on both rinks, and on the fifth end the ultimate winners were twelve up all round. Lindsay decreased the lead somewhat in the next few ends, and on the tenth Dundas was only nine to the good. Harstone then secured and a brace of singles, and McLennan, in addition to a three and a two, amassed a cluster of five. On the sixteen end Lindsay was only one in the rear. Harstone was making a determined effort to overcome Dr. Bertram's lead, but the clever Dundas skip was always on the tee, and on the last end he secured a five. Harstone had a chance to find the winner, but he fell to the guard, and Bertram won by 11 shots. The McLennan-Collins game was not through at this time, and McLennan appeared to have a chance of making up the deficiency. On the 21st end McLennan had two shots strongly entrenched in the middle ring, and the Lindsayites were very jubilant. But they were given a severe setback when Skip Collins, with magnificent skill, raised a Dundas stone from outside ice through a narrow port right to the button, and counted. McLennan took all sorts of chances on the last end but all in vain, Dundas securing another single.

There was the greatest excitement when the match was concluded. The Dundas people swarmed over the ropes which enclosed the rink, and cheered their doughty curlers to the echo. The presentation of the Tankard was made immediately after the game in the Granite Club. Vice-President Dr. Russell, of Hamilton, in the absence of President George Moore, of Waterloo, who was unable to attend, did the honors of the occasion. Dr. Russell congratulated the Dundas curlers on their success, and said that it gave him great pleasure to present them with the Tankard. He was sure that it was the general opinion that the game was one of the best contested ever played for the Tankard, and that the losers deserved fully as much credit as the winners. Dr. Bertram, on behalf of the Dundas Club, accepted the handsome silver prize. He was highly gratified at winning, he said. Dundas had tried before, but victory had always eluded their grasp. Vice-President J. W. Macmillan, of Lindsay, spoke in a humorous strain. Lindsay curlers, he said, always tried to play fair and play hard, and they had done so on this occasion, but Dundas had beaten them on their merits. The absence of Mr. J. D. Flavelle, he said, had not weakened Lindsay, as Mr. Harstone had handled his rink in first-class style. Dundas won on their merits, and the glory and renown was theirs.

SEMI-FINALS.

Lindsay.		Paris.	
W McLennan skip	27	M Cavan, skip	14
J C Harstone, skip	29	J Carmo, skip	25
Total	56	Total	39

By ends—
McLennan..1 3 1 0 0 1 2 2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0 2 0 3 0 1 1 2—27
Cavan.......0 0 0 1 3 0 0 0 3 0 1 0 1 0 2 0 1 0 2 0 0 0—14
Harstone..0 1 5 3 4 2 0 0 0 0 1 0 4 0 4 0 0 1 1 0 0 3—29
Carnie.....4 0 0 0 0 0 4 1 3 1 0 2 0 3 0 1 1 0 0 1 4 0— 5

Lindsay won by 17 shots.

FINAL.

Dundas.		Lindsay.	
Dr Bertram, skip	25	J C Harstone, skip	14
C Collins, skip	15	W McLennan, skip	21
Total	40	Total	35

By ends:
Bert. ...0122101300001203120105—25
Harst. 1 0 0 0011410020002010—14
Col.....0322100101000101100 11—15
McL. ...1000211010213000 51300—21

Dundas won by 5 shots.

SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT.

Academy of Music, Friday, Feb. 20.

Mrs. Bertha Cushing Child, of Boston, the renowned contralto, who appears in Lindsay on Friday evening of this week under Mr. J. Parnell Morris' direction, is one of the foremost artists on the continent. She studied with Clara Munger, the teacher of the famous prima donna, Emma Eames; also with George Henschel, of London. In Paris she studied with Madame de Lunde, Boreby and Madame Richard, all of the Grand Opera.

The assisting artists, Miss Helen Wyrick, of Detroit, entertainer, and Miss Isabel Gordon, solo violinist, and Mr. W. Spencer Jones, accompanist, will form a combination of artists that will present a program never surpassed here.

Plan now open at R. S. Porter's bookstore. Admission 25c., 35c. and 50c.—w1.

MARKET REPORTS.

Small Advances at Chicago With Declines at Liverpool — Live Stock — The Latest Quotations.

Tuesday Evening, Feb. 17.

Liverpool wheat futures closed unchanged to ⅝d lower to-day than yesterday, and corn futures unchanged to ¼d lower.

At Chicago to-day, May wheat closed ⅜c higher than yesterday; May corn ⅛c higher, and May oats ⅛c lower.

LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.

Following are the closing quotations at important wheat centres to-day:

	Cash.	May.	July.
New York	....	81⅝	78⅝
Chicago	....	78⅜	74¼
Toledo	78	80⅜	76⅞
Duluth, No. 1 Northern,	76⅝	77⅝	77⅝

TORONTO ST. LAWRENCE MARKET.

Grain—

Wheat, red, bush	$0 72½ to $....	
Wheat, white, bush	0 72½	0 73
Wheat, spring, bush	0 72	....
Wheat, goose, bush	0 67½	....
Beans, bush	1 30	1 50
Peas, bush	0 78½	....
Rye, bush	0 52½	....
Barley, bush	0 49	0 50
Oats, bush	0 30	0 30½

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Steady—Nothing Doing in Heavy Grades at Buffalo.

London, Feb. 17.—Live cattle steady at 11½c to 13½c per lb. for American steers, dressed weight; Canadian steers, 11c to 12½c per lb.; refrigerator beef, 8⅝c to 8¾c per lb. Sheep steady, at 13½c to 15c, dressed weight.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK.

Receipts of live stock amounted to sixty car loads, composed of 1004 cattle, 500 hogs, 600 sheep and lambs, and 20 calves.

Export Cattle—Choice loads of heavy shippers are worth $4.40 to $4.65, common rough exporters, $4 to $4.25.

Export Bulls—Choice heavy export bulls sold at $4; light export bulls, $3.50.

Butchers' Cattle—Choice picked lots of butchers' cattle, equal in quality to best exporters, 1075 to 1150 lbs. each, are worth $4.25 to $4.40; loads of medium butchers', $3.40 to $3.75; loads of good butchers' sold at $4 to $4.30; common butchers', $3 to $3.35; rough, $2.80 to $3; canners, at $2.00 to $2.90.

Feeders—Feeders, 1000 to 1100 lbs. each, are worth $4 to $4.25, and light feeders, 800 to 900 lbs. each, $3.75 to $4 per cwt.

Stockers—Stockers, 500 to 700 lbs. each, of good quality, are worth $3 to $3.50 per cwt.; off colors and poor quality of the same weight are worth $2.75 to $3 per cwt.

Milch Cows—Milch cows and springers are worth $30 to $52 each.

Calves—Calves sold at $3 to $10 each, or from $4.50 to $6 per cwt.

Yearling Lambs—Lambs sold at $4.50 to $5.40.

Sheep—Prices $3.50 to $4 per cwt., for ewes, and bucks at $2.50 to $3.25.

Hogs—Best select bacon hogs, not less than 160 lbs. nor more than 200 lbs. each, off cars, sold at $5.80 per cwt.; lights, at $5.60; sows, $4.50 to $5 per cwt., and stags, $3 per cwt.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, Feb. 17.—Cattle—Receipts, 1000 head; butchers' grades steady; heavy, nothing doing. Veals—Receipts, 200 head; 25c lower; steady; tops, $9.25 to $9.75; common to good, $5.50 to $9. Hogs—Receipts, 9100 head; light, slow, others strong and 5c higher; heavy, $7.40 to $7.45; few, $7.50; mixed, $7.30 to $7.40; yorkers, $7.20 to $7.30; light mostly $7.25; pigs, $7.10 to $7.15; roughs, $6.25 to $6.50; stags, $5.25 to $5.75. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 15,100 head; sheep steady; lambs, 5c to 10c lower; top lambs, $6.75 to $6.80; culls to good, $4.25 to $6.70; yearlings, $5.25 to $5.75; ewes, $4.50 to $4.75; sheep, top mixed, $4.75 to $5; culls to good, $2.50 to $4.65.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, Feb. 17.—Beeves—Receipts, 27; no sales reported; reported exports, 150 beeves. Calves—Receipts, 250; veals, steady; veals sold at $5.50 to $9.75. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 3152; sheep about steady; sales of lambs were at slightly higher figures, but the feeling was easier at the close; sheep sold at $3 to $4.25; lambs at $6.20 to $7.12½; a deck of culls at $4.62½. Hogs—Receipts, 2671; no sales reported.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Feb. 17.—Cattle—Receipts, 5000; good to prime steers, $4.40 to $5.50; poor to medium, $3 to $4.25; stockers and feeders, $2.30 to $4.50; cows, $1.30 to $4.30; heifers, $2 to $4.50; canners, $1.50 to $2.50; bulls, $2 to $4; calves, $3.50 to $8; Texas-fed steers, $3.50 to $4.25.

Hogs—Receipts to-day, 21,000; mixed and butchers, $6.90 to $7.25; good to choice heavy, $7.25 to $7.50; rough heavy, $6.95 to $7.25; light, $6.50 to $7; bulk of sales, $7 to $7.30.

Sheep—Receipts, 12,000; sheep and lambs, strong and higher; good to choice wethers, $5 to $5.75; fair to choice mixed, $3.60 to $4.75; native lambs, $5 to $7.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Goose Wheat	0 63	to	0 63
Spring Wheat	0 67	to	0 67
Fall Wheat	0 67	to	0 67
Oats	0 31	to	0 31
Rye	0 46	to	0 46
Barley, No. 1	0 42	to	0 42
Barley, No. 2	0 42	to	0 42
Barley, No. 3	0 42	to	0 42
Peas, Canadian Beauties	0 75	to	0 75
Peas, Black Eye	0 75	to	0 75
Peas, Prince Albert	0 68	to	0 68
Buckwheat	0 40	to	0 40
Alaike Clover	5 50	to	6 00
Timothy "	1 60	to	2 00
Red "	6 00	to	7 25
Eggs, fresh, per doz.	0 16	to	0 17
Butter, per lb., for roll	0 17	to	0 18
Butter, crock, per lb.	0 15	to	0 15
Chickens, per pair	0 40	to	0 60
Ducks	0 60	to	0 80
Turkeys	0 13	to	0 15
Geese	0 10	to	0 11
Buckwheat Flour, 100 lbs.	1 85	to	2 05
Flour, new process, bks., 100 lbs.	2 10	to	2 20
Flour, new process, mixed, 100 lbs.	1 90	to	2 10
Straight Roller Flour	1 80	to	2 00
Rolled Oats	2 20	to	2 40
Hay	7 00	to	8 50
Hogs, select, live weight, per cwt.	5 60	to	5 60
" Fats	5 45	to	5 45
" Lights	5 45	to	5 45
" Sows	4 00	to	4 25
Potatoes, per bag	1 25	to	1 40
Apples, per bag	0 75	to	1 00
Butcher's Cattle	3 00	to	4 00
Export Cattle	4 00	to	4 50
Stocker's Cattle, good color	3 00	to	3 00
Stocker's Cattle, off color	2 00	to	2 50
Milk Cows	25 00	to	35 00
Calves	3 50	to	4 00
Spring Lambs	4 00	to	4 50
Sheep	3 00	to	3 50
Dressed Hogs	7 50	to	7 50
" Beef (hind)	6 50	to	7 00
" " (fronts)	5 50	to	5 50

Banqueted by His Friends

Mr. Geo. A. Powles, M.A., English Master in West Division High School, Chicago, and author of "Oliver Langton," a charming story dealing with Lindsay and Victoria County history, was banquetted by his Canadian friends at the Albion Cafe, Pullman Building, Chicago, on the evening of Feb. 5th. The toastmaster was Mr. Albert E. Yorex, formerly of Little Britain. The book is attaining a wide popularity, and a second edition is almost exhausted. Prof. Powles' many friends in Lindsay and district will unite with us in congratulating him on the success of his cleverly written volume. In announcing the event the Canadian American of that city said: The Canadian friends in this city of Mr. Geo. A. Powles, the clever author of "Oliver Langton," are to give a dinner in his honor on Thursday evening, Feb. 5th, in the Albion Cafe, Pullman building. This is a pleasant recognition of the work of a Canadian writer who has given us so interesting a story of Canadian school and social life. Canadians are glad to honor their fellow-countryman by this recognition of the work he has done, and may do, in bringing Canada and Canadian life before the world in aspects of which it has seen too little. There is a vast field of possibilities in Canadian fiction, and we are glad that Mr. Powles has made this successful essay into this domain. We hope that Mr. Powles will be so encouraged by the reception of his book that still others will come from his pen.

WAKELY & FORD

The Safe Satisfactory Store.

This advertising clock strikes only when it has something to say and when it strikes it must strike right or it will be worth nothing to you or to us.

ONLY 8 DAYS MORE OF LIVELY WHITE GOODS SELLING.

This White Goods' Sale is showing good results. Are you sharing in its advantages—its economies?

There are splendid offerings throughout the store. The best in extent, variety and values you've ever had from us. The first week of our First White Goods Sale has made a great record in selling for us to follow—such as we had not expected. Gratifying success accumulate every day and not a day that eager crowds did not take advantage of buying the under-priced goods. Now we swing into the second week with even better than ever values, and in order that the last eight days of the sale may be better than the first we offer you these reliable and worthy goods at one-fifth, one-fourth and one-third off regular values. Then you know we haven't a single old piece of stuff or old style—all fresh new goods, that will make your heart glad to see. Details follow, but we've only space to hint. Come and see.

SOME SPLENDID VALUES IN EVERY DAY NEEDFULS.

If there was no other items in our store news to-day, these bargains from the staple department would do ample justice to this store:—

10c. White Lawns, fine sheer quality, 42 inches wide, extra value.

89c. White Crochet Quilts, large size, new pattern; worth more.

9c and 10c Towelings, 6½c.

6½c. Towelling of fine linen crash, bleached, with border; regular up to 10c.

7c and 8c Cottons, 5c.

5c. 1000 yards of White Cotton, 36 inches wide, some fine sheer quality, some of medium weight and others of heavy coarse kind, suitable for any purpose. This is only one instance of how we save you money. Worth up to 10c.

10c and 12½c Cottons, 6½c.

6½c. Here's another lot comprising fine qualities, heavy kinds and medium weights, plain and twilled, actually worth up to 12½c.

22c Sheetings, 19c.

19c. 500 yards Sheeting, plain or twilled, bleached or unbleached, full two yards wide, save 3c a yard.

The best 10c Prints we ever saw.

10c. Here's an excellent Print at 10c, a cloth full of style and strength; a great variety of choice, new patterns; every piece fast colors and full width. The kind that almost equals any 12½c quality.

Lace Curtains and Curtain Muslins.

98c. Nottingham Lace Curtins, 3½ yards long, 54 and 60 inches wide, charming new and fashionable designs; regular $1 25 a pair.

169 Here's a very dainty Curtain of Nottingham Lace with plain net centre and fancy border, a very artistic design; regular 2.50 value.

218. A very beautiful Curtain of Nottingham Lace, 3½ yards long 54 inches wide, plain heavy net centre with handsome scroll border; could easily be sold for 3.50 a pair.

5c. White Swiss Curtain Muslin, 25 inches wide, assorted large and small spots; regular 7 and 8c.

19c. White Bobbinet for Curtains 27 inches wide, with a dainty lace frill and row of insertion; very suitable for bed room or halls.

ATTRACTIVE SHIRT WAISTS INVITINGLY PRICED.

Our collection of White Shirt Waists would do credit to a city store. The styles are bewitchingly beautiful and exclusive to this store:—

98c. Prettily made Shirt Waists of white Lawn, finished with fine tucks and alternate row of insertion, button front; very cheap.

1 50. Waists of White Lawn, charming new style, with a pleat formed of embroidery, and cluster of choice tucks for each side also embroidery on collar and cuffs, buttoned front.

1.90. A very dainty and exclusive style, made of fine Lawn, finished with three clusters of tucks and embroidery forming the popular Gibson effect, button front.

Apron and Handkerchief Bargains.

24c. White Lawn Aprons with frill and bibb, trimmed with lace, full size, shoulder straps of embroidery, extra value.

35c. White Lawn Aprons with wide hem, bibb of embroidery and frill trimming, full size wide hem, bibb of embroidery and frill trimming, full size.

10c and 12½c Handkerchiefs, 6 for 25c.

25 dozen Women's Handkerchiefs, in the lot are pure linen handkerchiefs, worth up to 12½c each; others of fine lawn, all hemstitched; a rare chance to buy at this price.

12½c. 10 dozen Women's Lawn Handkerchiefs with pretty embroidered and lace edged slips.

UNDERWEAR UNDER-PRICED.

Never mind if it is cold. By the first of June when you have to pay full prices for these Undermuslins you will be real glad you bought ahead of time at little cost:—

24c 20 doz n Corset Covers of fine cotton, lace trimmed, daintily tucked yoke, full size, a garment equal to many sold at 35c.

98c White Gowns of good, strong, white Cotton, made full in length and width, choice of four charming new styles finished with numerous tuckings and pretty embroidery trimmings on neck and sleeves, the kind that's never sold less than $1 25.

Women's Petticoats of white cotton, full in size, nicely finished with embroidery and several rows of tuckings, regular value $1. Sale price 83c.

7c and 8c Embroideries, Insertions and Laces, 5c.

5c. A big lot of new goods bought under price, neat and dainty patterns, 2 to 3 inches wide; a good assortment of each, regular 7c and 8c kinds.

An All-Wool Cashmere, 34c.

34c. 50 yards Cream Wool Cashmere, a splendid quality for separate waists and children's dresses, 36 inches wide; the usual 40c kind.

WAKELY & FORD
LINDSAY.
STRICTLY CASH DEALERS. COME WITH THE CROWD

MARRIAGES.

MARSHALL—STEER—On Saturday, Feb. 14th, by the Rev. J. E. Robeson, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. John Marshall, of Lindsay, to Miss Mary Ann, eldest daughter of Mr. J. H. Steer, of the township of Manvers.

NO NEED
To have your horse in a poor condition when
Kenny's Condition Powders
Are so easily to be had; will give result that will astonish you and only
25c package.
Sold at
DUNOON'S DRUG... STORE..
Next Campbell's Grocery.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE

Pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Ontario, Cap. 129, the Creditors of **BRIDGET O'NEILL**, late of the Township of Emily, in the County of Victoria, Widow, deceased, who died on or about the Fourteenth day of January, 1903, are required on or before the

26th day of February 1903,

to send by post prepaid to Messrs. Stewart & O'Connor, of the Town of Lindsay, in the County of Victoria, solicitors for the executors of the last will and testament of the said Bridget O'Neill, deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and occupations, full particulars of their claims, and the nature of the security, if any, held by them. The said Executors shall, after the said Twenty-sixth day of February next, be at liberty to distribute the assets of the said deceased, or any part thereof, among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice; and shall not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claim such executors have not notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

Dated this 3rd day of Feb., A.D. 1903.

STEWART & O'CONNOR,
w3 Solicitors for the Executors.

TENDERS WANTED.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned, at their office, 16 King street west, Toronto, up to Monday, February 23rd, inclusive, for the necessary EXCAVATING, BLASTING, STONE MASONRY, BRICK MASONRY AND CONCRETE WORK at Raven Lake and Elliott's Falls, Victoria County, Ontario, for the construction of buildings. Plans and specifications may be seen at 16 King street west, Toronto; at the Company's office, Raven Lake, and at the office of McLaughlin & Peel, Lindsay, Ontario.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted—w2.

RAVEN LAKE PORTLAND CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.
Toronto, Feb. 10, 1903.

McLennan & Co.
BUILDERS
HARDWARE
SPECIAL PRICES.
Spades and Shovels.
Washing Machines.
Clothes Wringers.
Churns.
Tin and Graniteware.
Varnishes and Stains.
"Prism" Mixed Paints.

McLennan & Co.
PORTLAND CEMENT.
GLAZED SEWER PIPE.
COAL and IRON.

TO RENT.

The GLENARM HOTEL
Apply to
J. E. WELDON,
wtf. Solicitor.

STRAYED—From the premises of the undersigned about the 1st of April last, a red heifer, coming two years old, with white spot on forehead and another between hip and tail. Any person giving any information that may lead to her recovery will be suitably rewarded. MRS. MARY CAVANAGH, Ennismore, P. O.

Bargain Friday and Saturday

FEBRUARY 20th and 21st, 1903.

We have thought of many things you want at this season of the year—but if you think of anything in our large establishment not mentioned here, come Bargain Days, there is a reduction onany article you buy.

BARGAIN	BARGAIN DAY
1—⅝ Table Napkins Pure linen reg. $1.25	90c
2—⅝ Table Napkins Pure linen reg. $1.75	$1.38
3—8-4 Unbleached Sheeting, Milled reg. 22c	10c
4—8-4 Unbleached Sheeting, Plain, reg. 21c	15c
5—36 inch. Unbleached Cotton, reg. 6½c	5c
6—44 inch. Pillow Cotton, reg. 18c	13c
7—Ladies Heavy Vests, reg. 23c	18c
8—Ladies Heavy Vests, reg. 30c	23c
—Children's Ribbed Drawers, 18c kind for	15c
10—Children's Ribbed Drawers 20c kind for 16c, 30c for	23c
11—Girl's Black Wool Knitted Drawers, reg. 80c	67c
12—Men's Fleece Lined Shirts and Drawers, reg. 80c	40c
13—Men's Soft Front Print Shirts, reg. 60c	45c
14—Men's Unlaundered White Shirts, reg. 60c	44c
15—Men's Kid Gloves, Unlined, reg. $1.10	90c
16—Men's Black Curl Gauntlets, reg. $1.25	85c
17—Ladies' Kid Gloves, Lined, reg. $1.00 and $1.25	85c
18—Men's Grey, Lined Mocha Gloves, reg. $1.15	80c
19—5 pieces Flannette, reg. 6c	4c
20—Ladies' Light Colored Print Wrappers, reg. $1.00	65c
21—2 papers Gold Sewing Needles	5c
22—2 Setts Knitting Needles for 5c, 4 papers Pins	5c
23—9 Vases, reg. 30c, B. D. 20c, 4 Tea Pots, Brown Porcelain, reg. 25c	20c
24—10 odd China Cups and Saucers, reg. 30c and 25c	15c
25—30 Black Sateen Blouses, reg. 90c and $1.00	70c
26—6 pieces Wool Tweed, reg. 90c and 70c	40c
27—6 Styles Men's Neck Ties, reg. 20c and 25c	10c
28—Black, Scarlet, Grey and Brown Scotch Fingering, reg. 5c	4c
29—Berlin Wool, Shetland Floss and Zephyrs at	6½c
30—60 pairs Lace Curtains, reg. 75c	55c
31—100 pairs Lace Curtains, reg. $1.00	75c
32—2 pieces Union Carpeting, reg. 55c	38c
33—15 remnants Wool and Tapestry Carpeting, reg. 75c	50c
34—10 pieces Good Patterns Print, reg. 7c yard	5c
35—Colored Towelling, reg. 5c, b. d. 4c, reg. 7c	5c
36—10 remnants Table Linen, reg. 50c and 45c yd	30c
37—Men's Heavy Wool Sox, reg. 25c	20c
38—Men's Cardigan Jackets, reg. $1.50	$1.10
39—Ladies' Cardigan Jackets, reg. $1.10	85c
40—Ladies' Wool Gloves, colored, reg. 25c	20c
41—Ladies' White Handkerchiefs, fancy border, reg. 13c	9c
42—Ladies' Colored Kid Gloves, reg. 75c	63c
43—Linen Towels, 22 x 44, reg. 18c, 2 for	25c
44—Linen Towels, 24 x 48, reg. 25c	20c
45—Linen Towels, 24 x 48 reg. 30c	22c
46—Pink Shaker Flannette, reg. 11c	8c
47—Ladies Astrachan Jackets, reg. $48.00	$40.00
48—Ladies' Astrachan Jackets, reg $43.00	$34.00
49—Ladies' Electric Seal Jackets, reg. $39.00	$30.00
50—Men's Wallaby Coats, reg. $28.00	$21.00
51—Men's Coon Coats, reg. $45.00	$39.00
52—Men's Coon Coats, reg. $60.00	$49.00
53—1 Black Wambat Fur Coat, reg. $22.00	$15.00
54—Ladies' and Boys' Heavy Ribbed Hose 28c and 30c	24c
55—Ladies' Cashmere Hose, reg. 30c	23c
56—Ladies' Cloth Skirts, reg. $3.25	$2.50
57—Ladies' Sateen Skirts, reg. $1.25	90c
58—3 pieces Colored Broche Dress Goods, reg. 75c	38c
59—3 pieces Black Broche Dress Goods, reg. 75c	38c

10 per cent off all Dress Goods Bargain Days.

E. E. W. McGAFFEY

Auditors' Abstract Statement and Report of the Accounts of the Township of Mariposa for 1902.

RECEIPTS.

To Balance Cash on hand, 1st Jan. 1902	$ 9,765 72	
To Taxes Collected, North Roll	9,900 68	
To Taxes Collected, South Roll	9781 63	
To Loan for Oakwood Drain	700 00	
To Statute Labor Commutation	84 40	
To Legislative School Grant	463 00	
To Treasurer Brock	285 62	
To Interest allowed by the bank	32 95	
To Miscellaneous	137 86	
	$31,151 86	

EXPENDITURES

Salaries	$ 1,079 34	
Stationery and Printing	194 78	
Law Costs	63 23	
Roads and Bridges	2824 80	
Charity	630 72	
County Rate	5,567 00	
Legislative School Grants	463 00	
Board of Health	97 85	
Debentures	628 43	
Interest on Debentures	329 38	
Drainage	1,468 21	
Loans and Notes Paid	450 00	
Election Expenses	153 00	
Statute Labor	131 39	
School Section Rates	8,739 92	
Miscellaneous	53 87	
Total Expenditures	$22,874 92	$22,874 92
Balance		$ 8,276 94
Cash in Ontario Bank	$ 8,017 94	
Cash in Treasury	259 00	
		$ 8,276 94

Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

ASSETS.

Cash in Ontario Bank	$ 8,017 94
Cash in Treasury	259 00
Town Hall Property	4,795 00
S. S. No. 1 Union	9 90
	$13,081 84

LIABILITIES.

Debenture School Section No. 18	$ 154 00
Debenture, Short's Drain	294 45
School Section Rates	10
County rates, 1902	4,871 00
Total for 1902	$ 5,319 55

Debenture Debt of Municipality due for Future Years.

Short's Drain 9,	Debentures	$2,187 39	Coupons	$ 459 91
McArthur Drain 13	Debentures	2,205 00	Coupons	665 68
School Section No. 18-1	Debentures	140 00	Coupons	7 00
School Section U 21-12	Debentures	1,324 10	Coupons	418 42
School Section U 14-9	Debentures	995 44	Coupons	237 11
		$6,851 93	Coupons	$ 1,788 1

REPORT.

To the Municipal Council of the Township of Mariposa :

Gentlemen—We have completed the audit of your Treasurer's books for the year A. D. 1902, and submit the following statements : Detailed Statement of Receipts and Expenditures, Abstract Statement of Receipts and Expenditures, Statement of Assets and Liabilities, Statement of Drainage and School Debentures.

The books are neatly kept, showing receipts and payments properly classified, Vouchers for all payments and authority for their payment being produced. We beg to thank both the Clerk and the Treasurer for their kind assistance in our work.

GEO. DOUGLAS } Auditors
G. B. RENNIE }

Oakwood, Jan. 27th., 1903.

Died of His Injuries.

The eight year old son of Rev. Mr. Yorston, who was the victim of an accident at Kinmount February 7th, died at 3 o'clock this morning. The remains will be taken to Toronto for interment. The parents will have the sympathy of their many friends in their sad bereavement.

BREEZY LOCAL BREVITIES.

GATHERED BY POST REPORTERS

What Is Happening in Town and the Country About Us.

—The advertising pages of the magazines are becoming rather too much physical cultured.

—Radium Bromide is quoted at $900,000 a pound. Can it be anthracite under another name ?

Lifebuoy Soap—disinfectant—is strongly recommended by the medical profession as a safeguard against infectious diseases. 22

—Soft coal is down about $2 per ton, and is worth $5.75 on cars at Lindsay, and hard coal $8.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Vapo-Cresolene tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists.

—This is children's week at R. Neill's shoe store Every purchaser will receive a child's toy picture book.—w1.

—The American Cereal Company, Peterboro, is paying 34 cents per bushel for choice white milling oats delivered at their elevator.

—Mr. Wm. Webster, machinist, has purchased an automobile. It will carry two persons comfortably, and can be adjusted to travel at the rate of 35 miles an hour

—Mr W. A. Fanning, of Cambray, has disposed of his pacing horse, Little Buck, to Mr Dick Smith, of the Dufferin Driving Club Little Buck has a mark of 2.19 1-4

—The Little Britain cheese factory has been acquired by the Toronto City Dairy Co. The factory has been renovated and improved, and will be operated summmer and winter.

—Simcoe County Council has decided to construct a system of leading roads about 350 miles in extent, at a cost of $300,000. When will Victoria County face the inevitable?

—Prescott Town Council has asked for the resignation of Chief of Police Mooney on the ground that he has been lax in suppressing drunkenness and other forms of evil

—That Winnipeg man who called the Scotch curlers down for drinking too much must remember that the roarin' game c' curlin' has been identified with a thirst for about 150 years.

—Bowmanville appoints a chief of fire brigade, chief of fire engine, superintendent of cheemical engine, steward of fire brigade, engineer of waterworks, five men, at a total cost of $260 per year.

—About 150 of our citizens took in the curlers' excursion to Toronto last Tuesday. The special, comprising five coaches, with Conductor Thompson in charge, pulled out shortly after 8 o'clock.

—Mr. P. B. McIlhargey, local stock buyer, shipped a carload of hogs to the Geo. Matthews Co., Peterboro, last week There were 130 porkers in the lot, and the price paid was $5.75 per hundred, live weight.

—A writ was issued last week by P. C. Larkin, of the "Salada" Tea Co., against Messrs. E. F. Mason & Co., of Peterboro, claiming an injunction and damages for wrongfully imitating the "Salada" Tea Co's trade mark.

—Mr. J. Bell, of Dunsford, stock buyer, shipped a carload of cattle and sheep to the Toronto market on Monday. The price paid for cattle was $4 per hundred live weight, sheep $3.25 to $3.40, lambs $4 and calves $4.50.

—Messrs. Keys & Morrison have received the contract for the plumbing and heating of Mr. Patrick Meehan's handsome residence at Downeyville. The amount of their tender exceeds $600.

—Mr. Geo. Buskin, of the Algoma and North-west Colportage Mission, who was in town for a few days on his annual collecting trip, received contributions ammounting to $20.65. He returns his grateful thanks to the donors.

—Messrs. McDougall, Brandon & Austin, of Fenelon Falls, shipped a couple of carloads of cattle, which were purchased in the vicinity of the Falls and Kinmount, to the Toronto markets lately. The price paid was $4 per hundred live weight.

Tuesday's Toronto papers contained a despatch from Ottawa stating that Lieu., Col. Sam Hughes, M. P. of the 45th Regiment, has been transferred to the reserve of officers, dating from Jan. 20th, 1903. Mayor R. H. Sylvester succeeds to the command.

—About seventy-five from Peterboro and twenty-five from Lindsay journeyed to the Falls Tuesday evening by special train to witness the hockey match. The special, which was in charge of Conductor Greenberry, passed through about 8 o'clock, returning at 12.30.

—On account of a slight accident happening to the engine of the Toronto train, due in Lindsay at 10.58, it did not reach town till nearly 1 o'clock Thursday week The accident occurred near Scarboro, and another engine had to be sent out from York to replace the disabled one, which was taken back for repairs.

—The Children's Aid Society ask for contributions of clothing for the Babcock children, now under their control; three girls, aged 6, 10 and 14 years, and a boy of 8 years. Donations may be left at the office of Mr. John Hore, Kent-st., or if Mrs. Sharpe, secretary, be notifed the articles will be called for.

—The annual ball and oyster supper given under the auspices of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, in the town hall last Tuesday was a great success. About one hundred of our citizens attended, and all report a pleasant time. The hall was profusely decorated for the occasion, and the music was supplied by Mr. Roenigk's orchestra.

—We are indebted to Mr. Chas. Fouger, grocer, for a copy of the Australasian, published in Melbourne, Australia, Dec. 20th. It numbers many pages, enclosed in a pink cover, and the reading matter is varied and interesting. The number is very English in its make-up and style of type, yet the presence of an illustrated supplement imparts an American flavor.

—The attention of our readers is called to the seventh annual report of the York Mutual Fire Insurance Co., which appears in the business columns of our issue this week. The directors show a most satisfactory increase in business and assets since the formation of the Company. They have paid a dividend of 7 per cent. per annum, and the affairs of the Company are in a most satisfactory condition.

AS TRAVELLERS COME AND GO

PITHY PERSONAL POINTERS.

Movements of Citizens and Strangers Within Our Gates.

—Miss Lamont is visiting friends in Toronto.

—Mr. Wm. Batty, of Coboconk, was in town Tuesday.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Paddon were in the city last week.

—Mr. F. Parsons, of Omemee, was in town Monday evening.

—Rev. Robt. Johnston, of London, was in town Tuesday

—Mr. Geo. Perrin, of Haliburton, was in town Saturday.

—Mr. Ira Gregory, of Haliburton, was in town Tuesday.

—Miss Primeau, of Peterboro, is visiting friends in town.

—Mr. T. Robson, Fenelon Falls, was in town lately on business.

—Mr. Mills, of the Omemee Mirror office, wa sin town recently.

—Mr. J. Boyce, of Collingwood, is spending a few days in town.

—Miss Beatty, of Toronto, is visiting Mrs. Robinson, William-st.

—Mr. A. Bright, of Winnipeg, is spending a few days in town.

—Miss M. Markham left Saturday evening to visit friends in Perth.

—Mr. F. Touch, of Bowmanville, is spending a few days in town.

—Dr. Gibson, of Souris, Man., is visiting Lindsay and Ops friends.

—Mr. William Adams is visiting friends in Whitby and Brooklin.

—Mr. Thos. Bick, of Wilberforce, was in town Monday on business.

—Miss Ethel Neelands left Tuesday for New York to visit friends.

—Miss Wright, of Toronto, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Waite, Ridout-st.

—Mr. W. Prust, license inspector for Haliburton, was in town Saturday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Matthewson, of Coboconk, were in town Tuesday.

—Mr. J. Campbell, of Fairview Farm, Mariposa, was in town on Tuesday.

—Mr. W. J. Craig and wife, of Lakefield, are spending a few days in town.

—Mr. M. Sidney, of Georgetown, Colorado, is spending a few days in town.

—Mr. W. F. Eddy, of Regina, N. W. T., is spending a few days in town.

—Mr. J. Udell, of Fenelon Falls, passed through to Souris, Man., on Monday.

—Mr. H. T. Bryce and his wife, of Burke's Falls, are visiting Lindsay friends.

Mr. J. H. Hart, general merchant, Carnarvon, was in town Tuesday on business.

—Mr. Leo. Scully, of the St. Leger Shoe Store, Toronto, is home for a week's holidays.

—Mr. F. McDougall, of McDougall, Brandon & Austin, Fenelon Falls, was in town Monday.

—Mrs. Am. Johnson, of Fenelon Falls, passed through to North Dumfries Monday.

—Misss Mary Welsh, of Hastings, is visiting her friend, Miss Mary Brady, Lindsay-st.

—Mr. Robt. Ross, of the Dominion Bank, and Mr. R. Kennedy, were in Toronto lately.

—Mr. W. T. Hopwood and Mr. J. L. Hopwood, of Toronto, were in town last week.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Nugent, of Peterboro, were in town last week visiting friends.

—Miss Bernadette Keenan, of Sunderland, is the guest of her friend, Miss Sadie Sadler.

—Miss Ida Thurston, who had been visiting friends in Peterboro, returend home Friday.

—Rev. Rural Dean Soward, of Kinmount, was in town lately, returning from Toronto.

—Messrs. W. Adams and W. Kennedy, of the Omemee Planing Mills, were in town last week.

—Rev. Mr. Best, of Knox church, Beaverton, occupied the pulpit of St. Andrew's church Sunday.

—Miss McClure, who has been visiting Mrs. Carroll, Melbourne-st., returned to Brampton Friday.

—Miss Minnie Begley left Friday for Toronto to visit friends and take in the millinery openings.

—Miss Clara Thompson, who had been visiting friends in Rochester and Buffalo returned Tuesday.

—Mrs. J. Keith and Miss Keith left Feb 11th for Preston Springs to spend a couple of weeks.

—Mrs. Hamilton, of Mimico, is spending a few days with her son, Mr. H. C. Hamilton, William-st.

—Prof. E. J. O'Brien, phrenologist is now located in Montreal, after a sixteen months, trip from Toronto.

—Mr. C. J. Tuthill, of Toronto, representing J. Taylor & Son, soap manufacturers, was in town lately

—Mr. R. J. Moore, editor of The Star, Fenelon Falls, and little daughter, passed through to Toronto lately.

—Mr. Lorne Mahar left lately for Fort William to take a position with the Canadian Northern Railway.

—Mr. Ed. Mosgrove, of Kirkfield, and Mr. Duncan McFadden, teacher, of Haliburton, were in town Saturday.

—Miss Currie left lately for Elmvale, to visit friends for a couple of weeks preparatory to going to Winnipeg.

—Mr Newton Magwood and Mr. Douglas Henderson, who are attending Toronto University, were home over Sunday.

—Mr. Johnston, formerly of Cornwall, succeeded Mr. Siddall as accountant in the local branch of the Ontario Bank.

—Miss Wallace, head milliner for Messrs. Wakely & Ford, left Friday for Toronto to spend a few days and take in the openings.

—Mr. C. N. Daly, U. S. Customs officer, Guelph, and Mr. H. C. Haggarty, of New York, were in town over Sunday, guests of Mr. W. H. Simpson.

—Mr. H. Brimmell, of Dundas & Flavelle Bros., will leave shortly for Winnipeg, where he has accepted a good position with the Manitoba Clothing Co.

—Mr. J. C. Ross, former Y.M.C.A. Secretary, passed through Monday morning from Kinmount, where he had been conducting services in the Presbyterian church.

—Mrs. W. E. Goodwin arrived from Toronto Monday night. Mr. and Mrs. Goodwin will reside in Lindsay, having taken one of Mr. Bigelow's houses on Bond-st.

—Miss Vera Bonnell, of Bobcaygeon, Miss Hogg, of Oakwood, and Miss Watkins, of Whitby, attended the "At Home" at the Collegiate Institute last Friday evening.

—Mr. Donald Ritchie, who has been visiting his parents in Gelert, passed through to Winnipeg on Monday morning. Mr. Ritchie is in the employ of the C.P.R. as an operator.

—Mr. T. Junkin, of Fenelon Falls, president of the Trent Valley League, was in town lately, returning from Peterboro, where he had been attending a meeting of the Executive.

—Mr. C. W. Beal, of Toronto, representing the Booklovers Library Co., was in town last week. He will establish a library in connection with this institution within the next couple of weeks.

—Rev. J. W. Macmillan finds it hard to drop Lindsay. Although he almost said good-bye to his congregation, he placed himself at the disposal of the Curling Club and is playing in the Tankard finals.

—Mr. Wm. Armstrong, of Cloquet, Minn., a former resident of Fenelon Falls, is visiting Mrs. Earle, east ward. It is seven years since Mr. Armstrong visited Lindsay, and he notes many great improvements.

—Miss Cullon, who has been conducting a bookkeeping and shorthand class in Lindsay for the past couple of years, left for Chatham last week, where she will take a course in some of the higher methods of bookkeeping.

—Mr. A. M. Paton, G.T.R. agent, spent a few days in Toronto lately with his sons. He took in the Mendelssohn Choir Conert at Massey Hall last evening. Mr. Paton's son, Douglas, is a member of this choir.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

A Growing Concern.

McCrea's foundry is a busy spot at present. Mr. McCrea has a large staff busy engaged in turning out machinery for sawmills and towboats. During the last few days a number of orders for small towboats have been booked. Rathbun Co. have ordered three, which will be used in the vicinity of Baysville, Muskoka, and Bucknell Bros., of Whitney, have ordered a large one. Orders for sawmill machinery have been received from Mr. Thos. Bick, of Wilberforce, and from a Cobourg man. Mr. McCrea says if business keeps up he will have to enlarge the foundry and employ more men.

The Curlers' Headquarters.

Since the first week in February Mr. T. C. Matchett, C.P.R. agent, has been a very busy man, and has conducted his regular business at considerable disadvantage owing to his premises having been transformed into a curlers' intelligence office. Not that he minded the handicap a little bit. Not he! No curler followed the fortunes of the Winnipeg rink with more enthusiasm. He was perfectly happy when posting up bulletins telling of Lindsay successes, and when reverses were announced he was one of the most hopeful in the bunch till the last end was played. In all he posted about 30 bulletins, and the balance of the time he was kept busy answering telephone enquiries. The Tankard games exposed him to a still greater trial of temper. While he was manipulating the telegraph instrument in a sometimes vain effort to get news every 'phone in town seemed to be switched onto No. 13, and finally he was compelled to engage a man to answer the calls. As in other years, the C.P.R. Telegraph Co. gave Skip Flavelle and his men free franking privileges over their line for bulletins and private messages—a favor that was highly appreciated.

IT'S JUST LIKE THIS!

We have had a good business this year, and will know to a dollar how we stand when we take stock February 28th. We are anxious to have our stock reduced by hundreds of dollars before this date. It's one of our stock rules to sell all Winter lines at FIRST COST rather than summer them over. Our loss will be your gain ; look through the following list of articles that we include in the BARGAIN GIVING CHANCE :

Children's, Boys', Youth's Young Men's and Men's Overcoats.	Young Men's and Men's Smoking Jackets, Lounging Coats and Dressing Gowns.	Men's and Boys' Colored Cambric Shirts, soft or stiff bosoms.
Boys', Youths', Men's Jackets.	Men's Fur Coats, Caps and Mitts.	Boys' and Girls' Blue and Grey Lamb Caps.
Boys', Youths', Men's Odd Coats, Vest and Pants.	Cardigan Jackets, Sweaters, Mufflers, Underclothing.	Boys', Youths' and Men's Cloth Caps.
Boys', Youths' and Men's Tweed, Serge and Worsted Suits.	Flannel, Wool, Knit and Fleeced-lined top Shirts.	100 Girls' and Boys' Cloth, Velvet and Silk Tams, regular 50c and 75c kind for 35c.

We have bargains for old and young, rich and poor, and only one price.

M. J. CARTER, The Clothier, Lindsay.

ABSTRACT STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF OPS for year 1902

RECEIPTS.

1902. Jan 1.	To Cash on hand	$ 6200 07
	Taxes, resident	13722 60
	Taxes, non-resident	38 53
	Interest	53 95
	G.T.R. Co. annual payment	296 75
	Tile Drainage, Treas. of Ontario	300 00
	Public Drainage	705 53
Dec 31	Miscellaneous	553 63
		$21871 66

EXPENDITURES.

Jan. 1.	By Cash, Roads and Bridges	$3020 27
"	Wire Fence Bonuses	447 42
"	L. B. & P.R.R. Tax ref'd	16 90
"	Schools	4958 62
"	County Rate	3509 00
"	Public Drainage	427 75
"	Tile Drainage	738 28
"	Coun sess. allowances	150 50
"	Election Expenses	64 58
"	Salaries	590 00
"	Charity	499 45
"	Board of Health	53 20
"	Print'g, postage and stat	81 93
"	L.B. & P.R.R. Tax, coll. '02 and deposited in bank	544 92
"	Law costs	14 04
"	Miscellaneous	264 45
"	On hand	6490 35
		$21871 66

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, DEC. 31, 1902.

ASSETS.

Cash on hand	$6490 35
Township Hall	1000 00
N. R. Taxes	145 46
Real Estate Security for Drainage	7585 32
L.B. & P.R.R. Taxes collected 1901-2 and deposited in bank	1068 77
	$16289 90

LIABILITIES.

County Rate, 1902	$3070 09
Schools	26 79
Tile Drainage	3075 04
Public Drainage	4510 28
L.B. & P.R.R. Taxes of 1901-2	1068 77
" " of 1900 unrefunded	21 06
	$11771 94

To the Reeve and Council of the Township of Ops :

GENTLEMEN,—We, the undersigned, hereby certify that the foregoing statements ofReceipts and Expenditures, Assets and Liabilities, of the Township of Ops on Dec. 31st, 1902, as shown by your Treasurer's books, are correct.

N. T. McEACHERN, } Auditors.
WILLIAM SLUGGETT, }

Lindsay, 24th, 1903.

THE YORK MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

The Seventh Annual Meeting of the York Mutual Fire Insurance Company was held at the Head Office, 157 Bay-st., Toronto, on Monday, the 9th day of February, 1903.

The report presented by the Directors showed a gradual and very satisfactory increase in business and assets since the formation of the Company, and that a dividend at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum had been paid on the paid-up Capital Stock of the Company for the past year. The president, Mr. Henry Duncan, moved the adoption of the report, in a few well chosen remarks, congratulating the Company on their continued success.

The following Directors were elected for three years, viz.: Messrs. John Goulding, John Richardson, J. C. Wilgar; for one year, Mr. W. J. Hill.

Revenue Account for the year 1902:

INCOME

Balance from last account		$23,589 75
Capital paid in		1,400 00
Premiums, net	$58,346 89	
Interest	1,326 83	
		59,673 72
		$84,663 47

OUTGO

Losses	$29,208 02	
Expenses	15,547 71	
Bad debts	26 35	
		$44,672 08
Dividends		651 50
Balance to next account		$39,229 89
		$84,663 47

Balance Sheet as at Dec. 31st, 1902:

ASSETS

Balance of premiums, notes	$ 83,788 68
Cash	28,397 01
Debentures at par	20,000 00
Agents' balances	2,117 66
Furniture	467 17
Sundry credit rs	138 97
	$134,909 49

LIABILITIES

To the Public:		
Losses, unadjusted, estimated	$ 4,000 00	
Reserve of unearned premiums, Government Standard	25,926 87	
		$ 29,926 87
To the Proprietors:		
Capital paid up	$13,400 00	
Balance	91,584 72	
		$104,982 62
		$134,909 49

NOTE—The balance of Capital subscribed and subject to call is $120,600.

HENRY DUNCAN, President.
J. G. WILGAR, Manager.

Toronto, January 24th, 1903.

To the Members of the York Mutual Fire Insurance Co.:

Gentlemen,—Your Auditors beg to report that they have examined the books and vouchers of your Company, and have pleasure in certifying to their correctness. And that the above statement, the amount of cash in hands of the treasurer, and the balance to the credit of the Company in the Dominion Bank is correct. The other assets in the hands of the Treasurer are properly cared for.

w1

GEO. S. HENRY,
ROBT. F. WILLIAMS,
Auditors.

THE CANADA PAINT CO
MONTREAL.

PRISM BRAND

READY MIXED PAINTS

These are without any question the best paints made.

To be had in any quantity. See the 1903 Color Card for latest shades.

McLENNAN & CO.
"ELEPHANT" WHITE LEAD, AMBERILS, VARNISHES.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEB. 20, 1903.

BROKE THROUGH THE ICE

Narrow Escape of a Fenelon Falls Citizen on Sturgeon Lake

Mr. F. McDougall had a narrow escape from drowning on February 6th. He had been spending the day in Lindsay, and having missed the train drove home with a couple of friends. They took the lake as the shortest cut and also to escape the drifted roads. When opposite the site of Green's old mill the ice seemed thin and Mr. McDougall and one of the others got out to lighten the cutter. The third party was to take the cutter back, and turned, passing the thin spot safely. In anxiously watching that his friend was safe Mr. McDougall stepped on some very thin ice, which gave way beneath him. He was sinking into deep water when his companion pulled him out. A smatters turned out he escaped with a wetting, but it was a close call. It was almost miraculous that the cutter with its three occupants did not break through the ice, in which case there might have been an accident similar to the very sad one which occurred between Peterboro and Bobcaygeon some years ago.—Star.

T. A. S. WINS AT HOCKEY

Lakefield Defeated by T. A. S. of Peterboro for the District Championship of T. V. L. by 5 to 2.

Peterboro T. A. S. team are the winners in Group No 2, T.V.L., and now they are on the same footing as Fenelon Falls and Norwood for the coveted trophy, the Stratton Cup. They played the Stars of Lakefield Feb 11th in the Lindsay-st. rink before a large crowd, and the result of the game puts them out of the running of the league. The ice was very soft, and to make matters worse there were a few bare spots. However, considering this disadvantage, the game was a splendid exhibition, and was much enjoyed. Each side had a large band of supporters, and when pretty work was displayed by either team the cheering was tremendous. The Lakefield boys are a much lighter aggregation than their opponents, which was a serious handicap to them, as weight counted in last night's game. They displayed better combination than Peterboro, but the latter were faster skaters, and when Lynch or Parnell got the puck Lakefield's goal was in danger.

The first half was a fine exhibition, and the score at the end was a tie—2 all. For about fifteen minutes of the second half the play was fast and exciting, with each side working hard with a determination to win. After repeated rushes and scrimmages Lynch broke away and scored for T.A.S. Lakefield did not get discouraged, and for a few minutes it looked as though they would even up, as they kept their opponents guessing at times. Peterboro, however, was in the game to win, and in a short time they had placed two more goals to their credit. After this considerable roughness developed and Referee Wasson sent several of the players to the fence. The game now began to lag, there being too many off-sides and stops made on account of players fixing their skate straps. When time was up the score was 5 to 2 in favor of T.A.S.

During the progress of the game a Lakefield player was forced to show fight to a spectator who had made an unpleasant remark. A Lindsay lady was also hit by the puck.

The teams lined up as follows: Peterboro T.A.S.—Goal, McCoy; point, Mohair; cover-point, Crowley; forwards, Lynch, Parnell, George and McGraw. Lakefield—Goal, Waggner; point, Douch; cover-point, Murduff; forwards, C. Redpath, B. Redpath, Bloomfield and Stabler. Referee, E. Wasson, Peterboro. Attendance 350.

Just Missed Somebody's Darling.

A few days ago, as a lady was passing down York-st. with an infant in a sleigh, she stopped for a minute to adjust the covering over the face of the sleeping infant. Just as she moved forward again a brick fell from the roof of the building, just grazing the sleigh front. If she had not halted for the second mentioned the brick might have crushed out the brains of her loved one. This is not the first time we have had occasion to note narrow escapes from the same cause, and a glance at the edges of many of the buildings along Kent-st. and York-sts. will show that in some cases the bricks have been mooved out of place by the frost. Chief Nevison should be instructed to give this matter his attention and see to it that the owners make necessary repairs.

ENTERPRISING ORILLIA.

The Board of Trade has Issued a Neat Little Card.

The Secretary of the Orillia Board of Trade has issued a neat little card which is being sent out to the business men of the Province, setting out the advantages the town offers to manufacturers. It says:

The municipality owns and operates the waterworks, lighting and power plants, by means of electricity developed at a water power on the Severn river.

The rates for water, power and light are very low, that for power being only $16 a horse power per annum, for a twenty-four hour service, which is believed to be the lowest scheduled rate on the American continent.

Has an active Board of Trade, whose Secretary will gladly answer all enquiries.

MERRY WEDDING BELLS

Braithwaite—Bingham

Many Lindsay friends will be interested in the following, the parents of the young lady mentioned having resided in Lindsay some eight or nine years ago:

The residence of Mr. Wesley Bingham, 472 Manning-ave., Toronto, was charmingly decorated recently with palms and cut flowers in honor of the wedding of his daughter, Miss Grace Winnifred, to Mr. Harry J. L. Braithwaite, a popular resident of Kearney. Rev. Thos. Manning, of St. Mary's, officiated. The bride was gowned in white silk, her long bridal veil of Brussels net being caught with orange blossoms. She carried an exquisite boquet of bridal roses. Her maid of honor, Miss Annie Woods, was daintily attired in pale blue crepe de chene, and carried pink and white carnations. The wedding ring was carried on a silver tray by a pretty little girl, Miss Gracie Mitchell, of Lindsay, who wore a sweet little pink frock. The bridegroom was supported by his brother, Mr. A. C. H. Braithwaite.

After the ceremony an informal reception was held, after which over fifty relatives and intimate friends sat down to a daintily prepared breakfast. Mr. and Mrs. Braithwaite left in time to take the 10 o'clock train to Montreal, after which they went to their new home in Kearney. The bride's going away gown was of Coronation blue zibeline, and the smart blue hat was worn with a handsome Persian lamb coat. The bride received many beautiful gifts, that of the groomsman being a silver tea set. The bridesmaid also received from the groomsman a ring set with diamonds and pearls. — Orillia Times.

The Mouth

A boy in a public school was required by his teacher to write an essay on "The Mouth," and this was what he wrote: "The mouth is the front door of the face. It is the aperture to the cold storage of our anatomy. It is the hot-bed of toothache and the bunghole of oratory. The mouth is the fountain of patriotism and the tool chest for pie. Without the mouth the politician would be a wanderer on the face of the earth and go down to a dishonored grave. It is the grocer's friend, the dentist's hope. It is the temptation lunch counter when attached to a pretty girl and a tobacco repository when attached to a man."

For The Good of The State

Acting on instructions from the Children's Aid Society, Chief Nevison and Constables Foster and Nelson went to the home of the Babcocks, on Francis-st., in the north ward, Saturday at 8 o'clock, and took away seven of their children, the oldest being a girl 14 years of age. It took the officers from 8 till 10 o'clock before they could get the children out, and then they did not succeed until their mothers came with them. When Chief Nevison and his assistants arrived at the home they found three women, one an elderly person, and nine children, sleeping in two beds. When they told the women what they intended doing, the shouting and yelling led the neighbors to think a murder was being committed. The women put up a desperate fight but finally had to give in, and at 10.30 the whole outfit were driven in Workman's cab to Williamson's photo gallery and were photographed. At the latter place it was a pitiable sight to witness the parting of the children from their mothers, the latter crying and screaming as the cab drove off with their offspring.

He is Glad He Went West.

Mr. Walter Pring, who had been visiting friends in Lindsay and Haliburton for the past couple of months, returned to Keyes, Man., this morning. In an interview with our representative Mr. Pring informed him that he is the owner of 320 acres of the choicest land in the Prairie Province. Up till three years ago he farmed near Haliburton, but seeing that it was impossible to get any more than a mere living he sold out and with his wife and children journeyed to Manitoba, taking up a quarter-section of homestead land near the above place. After landing there Mr. Pring only had $25 left to buy implements and other necessary articles, but as he was strong and not afraid to work, and blessed with a couple of husky sons, they started to work at once to make a home for themselves. The first year their crop was nipped by the frost, but the next season they grew about 1800 bushels of wheat, realizing for the same 83 cents. Last year he had another large crop and made money. Last spring Mr. Pring's eldest son purchased a farm near his father's and he also has done well. Mr. Pring says it took twenty-one years in Haliburton to earn the money that took him and his family to the West. During that time he could never get far enough ahead to even take a holiday. He worked hard, but despite that was living from hand to mouth all the time. He has never regretted the day he left Haliburton for the West.

Gray? The color of seventy years in your hair? Perhaps you are seventy, and you like your gray hair! If not, use Ayer's Hair Vigor. In less than a month your gray hair will be rich and dark. $1. All druggists. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

A PRETTY FEBRUARY WEDDING.

Curtin—Downey

A very pretty wedding was celebrated in St. Mary's church Tuesday morning, Feb. 13th, when Mr. J. Curtin, a prosperous young farmer of West Ops, was united in marriage to Miss Downey, daughter of Mr. Thos. Downey, of Reaboro. The ceremony was performed by Ven. Archdeacon Casey in the presence of a large company of invited guests. The bride looked charming dressed in a neat travelling suit, with hat to match. She was assisted by her sister, Miss Rose Downey, while Mr. Albert Curtin supported the groom through the trying ordeal. After the usual congratulations Mr. and Mrs. Curtin left on the 9 o'clock train for a honeymoon trip to Buffalo and other points, with the best wishes of a large number of their friends, who were at the station to see them off.

The presents to the bride were handsome and numerous, which is an indication of her popularity in her own particular neighborhood. On their return Mr. and Mrs. Curtin will settle on the Tully farm, [illegible] reception will be given [illegible]. The Post and other friends wish [illegible] young couple a happy and love ma[illegible] life.

CHAP [illegible] ACCIDENTS.

A Sawmill Mishap—Young Man Injured at Kinmount.

Mr. J. Kerry, employed as a carpenter with the bridge and building department of the G.T.R., under the supervision of Mr. Cairns, met with an accident at Kinmount on Saturday afternoon. The Klondyke flyer had brought up a carload of ties to that village, and while Mr. Kerry and some others were engaged in unloading some of the ties commenced rolling off. Unfortunately Mr. Kerry slipped and rolled with them, with the result that he was badly bruised about the head and stomach. He was brought to the Ross Memorial Hospital for treatment, and it will be a couple of weeks before he will be able to resume his duties. Mr. Kerry's home is in Sunderland.

Mr. Walburn Gordon, son of Mr. Ed. Gordon, of the Scotch Line, Verulam, was the victim of a painful accident on Saturday. He was assisting his father and Mr. Wm. Sheriff at the latter's sawmill in cutting slabs, and while operating a circular saw young Gordon had the misfortune to catch the first finger and thumb of the left hand in the saw, injuring them so badly that he was taken to the Ross Hospital where they were amputated. The operation was performed by Dr. Clarke, his physician.

A VICTORY FOR BOBCAYGEON.

The L. C. I. Team Defeated by 5 to 3 in an Exhibition Game of Hockey.

The Bobcaygeon team won their first game of the season on Monday by defeating the L.C.I. septette by a score of 5 to 3. On account of other attractions and cold weather the attendance was very small, there being only about 50 spectators present. The ice was in fine condition for fast work, but the play was very slow and proved rather wearisome to those accustomed to seeing superior hockey.

The Bobcaygeon bunch are a well balanced team. All are heavy men, and last night they used their strength to good advantage against the L.C.I. team, who are a much lighter aggregation. The playing on both sides was rather ragged. The visitors were hard checkers, but their combination was off color, and consequently the game was more an exhibition of shinny than hockey. The L.C.I. team displayed some "com." at times, but they did not seem able to shoot, and when they did the puck always went shy of the nets. However, the School boys were seriously handicapped last night. Duffus, the star player, was suffering from a severe cold, and Carl Sylvester filled a vacant place on the forward line. Then again it was plainly seen that they were in need of practice.

The game started at 8.30 sharp and in less than two minutes the boys from Boydtown scored, Trotter doing the trick, and a few minutes later McIntyre placed another to their credit. About ten minutes elapsed before any more scoring was done, and then Lindsay, in a face off in front of 'Caygeon's goal, scored. The trick was repeated by Killen, who shot a neat one from centre, and as the visitors were unable to score the half ended a tie—2 all. On resuming Bobcaygeon put another to their credit in less than a minute. After this the play got very rough, and as a result several players decorated the fence. Killen got mixed up in a scrimmage, hurt his foot, and had to retire from the game, Swartman going off to even up. Continuous rushes and long lifting was the order of play for a few minutes, but finally the visitors scored, and a few minutes later they tallied another, Lindsay managed to score a goal a couple of minutes before time, and the game ended 5 to 3 in favor of the visitors.

The teams lined up as follows: Bobcaygeon—Goal, Cameron; point, Hunter; cover point, Hurst; forwards, McIntyre, Garick, Trotter and Swartman. L. C. I.—Goal, Scully; point, Koyl; cover point, Duffus; forwards, Killen, Eyres, McDonald and C. Sylvester. Timers, M. Welsh and J. Boyce; goal umpires, C. McAlpine and E. Woollard; referee, Fred. Taylor.

Commercial Printing.

When in need of anything in the line of commercial stationery, visiting cards, etc., leave your order at The Post job department. Workmanship unexcelled.

Police Court Calendar

—Magistrate Steers held court last Tuesday, and as a result quite a few dollars changed hands.

—Robt. Smith, of Pumpkin Hollow, was charged with having assaulted Shyman Minthorne, of Oakwood, last Saturday. The offence was established, and Smith was assessed $10 and costs, $13.57. Wm. Brooks, accused of having indulged in abusive language on the same occasion, was taxed $7 and costs, or $10.57; and Alex. Gray, town, charged with having assaulted Wm. Clark on the 12th inst., was ordered to pay $3 and costs, or $6.95.

EVIDENCE TOO WEAK

Collingwood Magistrate Discharges Alex. W. Clark.

CORONER'S JURY'S VERDICT.

Latter Will Be Recorded at Next Sitting—Monday Mrs. Clark Was the Principal Witness—Prof. Ellis' Analysis of the Infant's Stomach Discloses Poison—An Unusual Ending in Criminal Case.

Collingwood, Feb. 17.—The third session of the inquest on the death of Jeanet Clark opened yesterday in the court room, which was packed to the doors. John Birnie, K. C., was associated with the County Crown Attorney.

The first witness was Rev. James A. Grant, pastor of the Baptist Church, who testified that Mrs. Clark had told him a similar story as that given by the neighbors in the former evidence. He believed she was telling the truth, but considered her hysterical at the time.

Mrs. Clark was then put on the stand and at the request of her counsel the court was cleared, as she was in a nervous condition. Mrs. Clark, who is rather a good looking young woman, testified that she was 28 years of age, was married in Markham a little over two years ago, and had since resided in Collingwood. Her husband earned $2.75 a day, but she knew nothing of his financial affairs.

"I determined to have my life insured, my husband was not anxious. It was my idea to insure the baby."

Continuing, the witness related the circumstances of the night the child died. She had given it cheese to eat. Her husband never told her he had brought poison into the house, and couldn't tell where it was put. Clark came home after 9 o'clock, and the child got up on hearing his voice. He brought oysters home and went out for a bottle of beer. It was bitter, and he put sugar in both glasses. "I gave the baby some out of my glass. I never thought it was poisoned. I put the baby to bed, and then went myself and my husband followed. I was not sick in the night, but got up and lit the lamp. After I returned to bed I went to sleep and did not waken until nine the next morning, when the baby was dead. My husband has always been good and kind to me, and is an honest man."

The witness was rigidly but gently cross-examined by Mr. Birnie, but positively refused to answer any question that would get her husband into trouble. She would only repeat what she was told to say, and nothing would alter her determination to be faithful to him while she lived. She thought the Crown Attorney was a cross, old man, and that Chief Maiden would scare one into saying anything.

The coroner then presented the report of the analysis made by Prof. Ellis as follows:

I have found a small quantity of strychnine in the contents of the stomach of the child Jeanet Clark that you sent me for analysis. There was also in the contents of the stomach a very small quantity of alcohol.

The case then went to the jury, and they retired to bring in a verdict, but at 6.15, not being ready, an adjournment was made until 7.30 this evening.

In the meantime Clark was brought before the police magistrate, who, on the advice of the County Crown Attorney, discharged him, as it was considered that sufficient evidence had not been forthcoming to warrant commitment.

OBITUARY.

The Late Morgan O'Neill, King's Wharf.

On Saturday, Feb. 7th, at King's Wharf, Mr. Morgan O'Neill departed this life in the 84th year of his age. He was born in the County of Tipperary, Ireland, and came to the Township of Cavan with his parents, his father being the late Patrick O'Neill. Later he moved to Emily, and when about 36 years of age he married Catharine Callagan. The fruits of the marriage were 12 children. This loving wife and tender parent predeceased him about four years.

Notwithstanding his advanced age, Mr. O'Neill was noted as a well preserved man until about four months ago, when his heart became affected, causing much suffering. He had all that medical treatment and kind nursing could do, but to no avail except to prolong his existence, which he ever bore with christian fortitude and resignation. On the evening previous to his death a sudden change for worse manifested itself. At 9 o'clock on Saturday morning, attended by his two daughters, he passed peacefully away.

On Monday morning, Feb. 9th, at 9 o'clock, the remains left the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. John Corbett, followed by a large concourse of rigs. This, in such inclement weather, was a silent testimony of the great respect felt for the deceased. High mass was sung by Reverend Father Bretherton, of St. Luke's church, Downeyville. Following this interment took place in St. Luke's cemetery. Deceased leaves to mourn his loss six sons and six daughters.

Mr. O'Neill's death has caused widespread sorrow. He was respected for the many noble qualities he ever displayed, and he leaves behind him a name unsullied by one single act of meanness or dishonesty. His word was ever regarded as a bond. May his soul rest in peace.

Saturday's Market.

The market was well attended last Saturday. There was a good demand for the various products offered. Following are the quotations: Butter 19c. to 20c. per lb., eggs 19c. to 20c. per doz., geese 9c. to 10c. per lb., turkeys 14c. to 15c. per lb., chickens 60c. to 70c. per pair, ducks 75c. to 80c. per pair, honey 7c. to 8c. per lb., pork 7 1-2c. to 8c. per lb., hay $7 to $8 per ton and apples 60c. to 90c. per bag.

LABOR AND THE LIBRARY.

BATCH OF RESOLUTIONS PASSED BY ALLIED ORGANIZATIONS.

Library Board as at Present Constituted Fails of Approval.

At a meeting of the Central Committee of the Allied Organizations, held the other evening, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted;

Whereas, Mr. Carnegie has offered to the Town of Lindsay ten thousand dollars for the erection of a Public Library building on condition that the corporation furnish site and guarantee each year a sum equal to 10 per cent. of said amount, for maintenance thereof;

Whereas, a difference of opinion exists among the citizens: 1st, As to advisability of receiving said money. 2nd. As to location of site. 3rd. As to handing over public property to a Board who are not directly responsible to the people, and further, cannot give any guarantee that conditions of gift will be carried out;

Whereas, a move having been made with a view of procuring legislation for power to acquire a site on the market property, and hand over same to the Library Board, has caused considerable opposition;

Whereas, an opinion has been given by the Town Solicitor that after legislation has be[illegible] for and both sides have bee[illegible] heard, that the Government Executive Committee having charge of such will direct that the question be referred to the people;

Resolved, that before a large amount of money has been thrown away in trying to procure what the people (in the Solicitor's opinion) will finally have to settle among themselves, we think it wise that those questions are settled first, either by referendum to the people, or otherwise.

Resolved, that if necessary Council pass a by-law and ask for legislation, said legislation to be similar to that got by the City of Otawa, which gives that Corporation power to accept money, acquire site, erect building and appoint members of Council along with citizens to form a Library Committee to manage same.

Resolved, that said library shall be called The Lindsay Public Library.

Resolved, that all public utilities shall be held by the people, for the people, through the people, and that we hereby place on record our continued opposition to appointments of any kind to public institutions unless such appointments are made by officials directly responsible to the people, and also that no public support shall be given to any such institutions unless controlled at least by a majority of direct representatives of the people.

Marriage Licenses.

at Britton Bros., Jewellers.

Lacrosse Notes.

—In other places lacrosse is already being talked of, says the Belleville Intelligencer. The annual meeting of the O. L. A. will be held on Good Friday, and it is none too early for the boys to commence planning for the coming season. By all accounts, Belleville will have an intermediate lacrosse team fully as good as their O.H.A. team, and it's up to everybody to help the boys along.

—There is some talk of a lacrosse club being organized in Lindsay this year, and a strong team will be entered in the C.L.A. We understand Mr. C. Cameron, an old lacrosse player, and Mr. Jos. Carroll, are taking the matter up, and if it goes through Lindsay will have a team that won't be afraid of Oshawa or the Ontario, of Port Hope.

Don't forget the old man with the fish on his back.

For nearly thirty years he has been traveling around the world, and is still traveling, bringing health and comfort wherever he goes.

To the consumptive he brings the strength and flesh he so much needs.

To all weak and sickly children he gives rich and strengthening food.

To thin and pale persons he gives new firm flesh and rich red blood.

Children who first saw the old man with the fish are now grown up and have children of their own.

He stands for Scott's Emulsion of pure cod liver oil—a delightful food and a natural tonic for children, for old folks and for all who need flesh and strength.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto, Ontario. 50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

MARCH WINDS AND BRIGHT SUNSHINE

These are what you need for bleaching, and now is the time to procure them.

We have been talking up the white wear, and selling it also; next we intend to bring on the unbleached wears.

Buy at once, and whiten by nature's safest process, snow and sun.

Factory Cottons have advanced in price, still we were fortunate in securing many to sell at the old prices: including our famous X 30 at 8c and No. 700 at 9c. These are two excellent lines for sheetings. We strongly advise you to have a web, as prices have increased, and we cannot repeat at old quotations.

We offer special reductions in Table Linens, and as they are kindred spirits of the Cottons, they should be laid side by side on the bargain table.

Good 60-in. Unbleached TABLE LINEN at the reduced price of .... 23c per yard

Heavy Unbleached Damask TABLE LINEN, 60 inches wide, at per yard 35c

Richardson's Pure Irish Bleached TABLE LINEN at 50c, 75c, 85c, $1, $1.25 and .... $1.50 per yard

LINEN TABLE NAPKINS, 67c, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2, $2.50 and .... $3.00 per dozen

These in Dinner and Tea sizes.

TOWELS also will come under the pruning knife of reduction.

You will find a choice stock of Cotton and Linen TOWELLING AND TOWELS at reduced rates.

For the present month only will these bargains continue, so take time by the forelock.

O'LOUGLIN & McINTYRE

CASH AND ONE PRICE.

TIMELY DOMESTIC HINTS

Of Interest to Every Post Reader.

Twenty per cent. of all insane persons have become so through drink.

To persons with a gouty tendency a ripe apple, peeled, eaten with a little salt and well masticated, is useful taken shortly before retiring at night.

A professor has calculated that the mortality among bachelors from the age of 30 to 45 years is 27 per cent. whilst among married men of the same age it is only 18 per cent.

Many a man who thinks that he has got heart trouble is merely a dyspeptic; many a woman owes her symptoms to tight lacing or insufficient feeding. If the dyspeptic be cured, or the tight lacing be dispensed with, the symptoms of heart weakness will disappear.

To warm up fast in bed lie flat on the back, the arms straight by the sides, the legs straight, then breathe.

A specialist in nervous diseases says a woman should sleep nine hours a night and two hours in the daytime.

In testing the temperature of a child's bath put in your elbow, or the underneath part of your arm. The hand is of no use.

Look about for the halt and the blind, and visit the beridden, and afflicted, and deranged, and they will make you ashamed of complaining of your lighter afflictions.

Nothing made with sugar, eggs and milk should reach the boiling point.

To prevent stockings wearing at the heels line the back of the shoes with a piece of black velvet.

In childhood the foundation is laid for mature life. Pale, delicate, hothouse children, when brought up in the heated atmosphere of the luxurious modern home, have no stamina for the future.

When the hair is dry and rough, and seems inclined to split at the ends, rub a little olive oil into the scalp once a week. Lemon juice rubbed into the roots will often have the effect of stopping the hair from falling.

Don't make a poor mouth, no matter how poor you be, if you don't want to be avoided and despised, because poverty is a disease that almost everyone will shun, and there are some who even believe that it is contagious.

A large number of fatal cases of appendicitis, writes a London medical man, have come under my notice and in many cases the disease has been caused by orange pips, lemon pips, or hard pieces of some nut which have entered the "vermiform appendix" and set up inflammation.

It is difficult to imagine any surer way of inducing premature mental decay than for a man of active habits to retire and do nothing when just past the zenith of life, and on the other hand, there is no surer way of enjoying a green old age than to keep on working at something until the close.

Potato balls are made in this way. After boiling and mashing as many as you require season with salt and pepper; add a tablespoonful of fine bread crumbs and stir in a beaten egg. Flour your hands and form into balls the size of a billiard ball. Bake on a greased tin in a hot oven until crisp and brown.

New Lines For...... SCHOOL OPENING.

Exercise Books	2c and 5c
Lead Pencils	1c to 5c
Rubber Erasers	1c to 5c
Ink Bottles	5c
Ink	5c
Blotting Paper	Free
Rulers	1c to 5c
Pens	5c per doz
Public School Readers at reduced prices.	
First Book	10c
Part Second	15c
Second Reader	20c
Third Reader	3 c
Fourth Reader	40c

Geo. A. Little's
Book and Stationery Store, Kent-st., Lindsay.

To detect dampness first have the bed made warm with a warming pan, then the moment the pan is taken out introduce between the sheets an inverted glass tumbler. After it has remained there a few minutes withdraw it. If the glass is found dry you may go to bed without any apprehension of chill or rheumatism.

Try to think of something pleasant when you are going to sleep, and don't screw your eyes up tightly or draw down the corners of your mouth. Both these little habits produce wrinkles—the former round the eeys, the latter at the sides of the nose, above the mouth, and down the sides of the chin.

When fire is discovered in the house shut the windows and doors at once, so that there may be no draught to increase the flames. Then see that everyone is aroused, and after that ascertain just where the fire is. If not too far advanced it may often be smothered with any large cloth wet in water.

Moths do not like printers' ink, and there is no more secure way of disposing of winter clothing than to pack it away in newspapers. The articles, whether woollen or fur, should be well beaten in the open air, to make sure that no egg is deposited there already, then folded carefully and pasted closely in newspaper, so that there shall be no crack through which the insidious little insect may creep.

Not Much Like Siberia.

(Winnipeg Free Press.)

Nelson has broken the record this winter by having over two months of real sleighing, something that "beats anything even the oldest timer ever heard of." On the prairie, from Medicine Hat eastward, the ground is almost bare of snow, it only lying in sheltered hollows.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Baby enjoys his bath all the more, and his sleep is the sweeter when you use

BABY'S OWN SOAP

It softens and soothes all skin irritations, keeping it healthy and fresh.

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EPPS'S COCOA

GIVING STRENGTH & VIGOUR.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEB. 20, 1903.

JEWISH SCHOOL RIGHTS.

Justice Davidson Rules That Paul Pinsler's Son Cannot Have Scholarship Because Father Is Not a Protestant.

Montreal, Feb. 16.—It appears that certain disabilities still remain to the Hebrews, as regards the school laws of this province. Mr. Justice Davidson has just dismissed the petition of Paul Pinsler, who, as tutor to his son, Jacob, applied for a mandamus to compel the Protestant School Commissioners to grant to his son a commissioner's scholarship at the High School. The boy attended Dufferin School for the prescribed term, and came out first in the examinations. The court ruled, however, that as the father was not a Protestant, and not a school taxpayer on property owned by him, the boy was not entitled to the privilege. In delivering the judgment, His Lordship reviewed the different aspects of the case, and the whole school legislation of the province.

The petitioner is a British subject, and has been for years a tenant resident of Montreal. He is not an owner of real estate. His son, Jacob, became a pupil of the Dufferin School in September, 1895, and so continued through the intervening scholastic years to June, 1901, when in the class examinations of the sixth and final grade he won first prize. This standing would have entitled him to a commissioner's scholarship, which carries with it free tuition throughout the High School course. Had his father been a Protestant, even if a tenant, he would have been granted the scholarship without question. The grant from the public funds, in aid of the Public Schools in this city, is divided between the two boards, according to the relative proportions of the Roman Catholic and Protestant populations in the said city, according to the then last census.

There are now over 10,000 Jews in this city, and besides, no doubt, many property-owning taxpayers, who are neither Protestants nor Roman Catholics. The petition was dismissed with costs.

C. P. R. STEAMSHIP LINE.

Not a Single Ship Has Yet Been Purchased by Company.

London, Feb. 16.—Commenting on the rumor, which was revived Saturday, that the Canadian Pacific Railway Company had purchased all the Canadian steamships of the Elder-Dempster Line, The St. James' Gazette yesterday says:

"We are in a position to state that the report is unfounded."

The report goes on to say that there has never been any question of purchasing the ships of the Elder-Dempster Line. Some time ago the Canadian Pacific Railway Company sanctioned the establishment of a line of freight steamships between Canada and Europe with the object of carrying its own traffic, instead of, as hitherto, turning it over to other steamship lines. The Canadian Pacific Company's steamship superintendent of piers, who is now in London, is working with Mr. Baker, the company's European representative. They are engaged in negotiations for the purchase of sixteen vessels of 10,000 tons dead weight each.

The St. James' Gazette says it is authorized to state that not a single ship has yet been purchased. Negotiations are proceeding with a number of companies, including the Elder-Dempster Line, but no decision on the subject is expected for a week. There is no intention of buying up the Elder-Dempster Line, and the negotiations only involve one or two of their steamships.

Westport, Conn., Feb. 16.—Capt. Samuel Greenwood, whose home was in Rochester, N. Y., lost his life in his cabin on the steam canalboat J. L. Hyde, yesterday while asleep. The boat was tied to the wharf of Hubbell & Bradley Co. An overheated stove caused a fire which partly destroyed the boat. The firemen who were summoned to fight the flames found the body of the captain. Although it was partly burned, it is believed that death was due to suffocation. Capt. Greenwood leaves a widow and two children in Rochester, N. Y.

THE C.P.R. LAND TAX

From What Date Should the Tax Exemption Run.

THE CLAIMS OF THE COMPANY

Province of Manitoba Bound by the Terms of the Canadian Pacific Railway Contract, Say Judges—Two Questions Remained to Be Argued—Subsidy Was Earned Before Land Was Available.

Winnipeg, Feb. 16.—At the opening of full court Saturday to resume argument on the C.P.R. land tax question Chief Justice Killam indicated that all the Judges were of opinion that the Province of Manitoba was bound by the terms of the C.P.R. contract, so far as the territory which was theirs, that is at the time of the contract, within the bounds of the Northwest Territories, and which was afterwards added to the Province of Manitoba.

This intimation rendered any argument unnecessary, both in the North Cypress and the Argyle cases, as to whether the exemption provided for in the C.P.R. contract had ceased to exist at the transfer of the territory to Manitoba. It left for argument two questions merely: From what date the exemption from taxation runs, (a) whether from the date of the contract, or (b) from the time the lands were earned, or (c) from the date of the respective patents from the Crown.

Mr. Ewart, K.C., addressed the court, devoting the whole morning to the first of these two points. He read from the statement of the case to show that at the time of the making of the contract the territory lying west of the 102nd degree of longitude (about 200 miles west of Winnipeg) was almost completely uninhabited, and only by its general characteristics was its value known to the people of Canada or to the company. It had not at that time been surveyed or in any way mapped out into townships, municipal or other boundaries, except that some portions of it had been divided into blocks of sixteen townships each. Afterwards, from year to year, the Government caused portions of the belt to be surveyed and set off into townships and sections, but a good deal of it was not surveyed until 1891. It was therefore, quite impossible that title should pass to the C.P.R. at the time of the contract, or at the time when the lands in the belt was earned, which was as early as 1882.

Mr. Tupper, K.C., followed upon the same line. He urged that by the contract the railway was free from taxation by a municipal corporation.

The court adjourned until Wednesday next.

POLICEMAN KILLED ON DUTY.

Murderer Had Already Shot a Woman to Death.

Lebanon, Pa., Feb. 16.—Mrs. Ira Barker, aged 22, was shot dead on the street Saturday night, in full view of scores of persons, and in resisting arrest the murderer killed a policeman before he was landed in jail. She was standing on a street corner with her husband and several friends, when a man who, at the time, was recognized, stepped up to her and shot her in the head. The assassin escaped. The husband suspected David Shand, aged 25 years, who was convicted, but was out on bail, pending application for a new trial for robbing Mrs. Barker's stepfather of $350. She was the principal witness against him. The police at once instituted a search, and at midnight Shand was located. He resisted arrest, and during a desperate struggle with the policemen he killed Cyrus Schaffer, one of their number. He was finally landed in jail without further trouble.

A TRAGIC DEATH.

Lorne Millward Killed by a Toronto Trolley on Saturday.

Toronto, Feb. 16. — Another life was crushed out beneath the wheels of the relentless trolley on Saturday afternoon. The victim was Lorne Millward, the three-year-old son of Benjamin Millward of 3 Robinson terrace. The little fellow, with a companion, started to cross Queen street, just west of Bathurst street. They passed safely by a westbound car, only to find themselves in front of eastbound Queen car No. 688. Lorne became confused, and paused, and the next instant was on the fender. He rolled off, and under, and, in a moment, his little life was gone. The body was wedged in beneath the forward truck of the car, and timbers had to be procured to raise the car sufficiently to allow the body to be taken out. An inquest will be held.

A BRUTAL ASSAULT.

Paul Shaver of Seaforth Assailed—Alleged Assailant Arrested.

Seaforth, Feb. 16.—A most unprovoked and brutal assault was committed upon Paul Shaver of this town while on his way home about 8 o'clock Saturday night by a young man supposed to be Jack Maxwell of Goderich. Shaver was struck by his assailant over the eye and nose with a piece of board, rendering him unconscious. His nose was broken, and he will lose the sight of the eye. Maxwell was arrested at the Grip House two hours after the assault.

BROKE OUT AGAIN.

Woman Who Whipped Topeka's Mayor Emulates Carrie Nation.

Topeka, Kan., Feb. 16. — Miss Blanche Boies, who distinguished herself last year by publicly horsewhipping Mayor Parker of Topeka, made another raid at 6 o'clock yesterday morning. She broke the glass fronts of seven saloons before the police arrested her. When arrested she threw her axe over her shoulder in true woodman style and marched to the police station.

VENEZUELA IS FREE

Blockade Was Officially Raised on Saturday Afternoon.

POPULACE WILD WITH JOY.

British Cruiser Left La Guayra Harbor For Trinidad After One of Her Officers Had Announced the Fact on Shore—The Government Then Began Active Measures to Crush Out the Revolution.

La Guayra, Feb. 16.—The blockade has been officially raised. The commander of the British cruiser Tribune, the only warship here, sent an officer ashore yesterday morning with the announcement that the Tribune would leave yesterday afternoon for Trinidad. The populace is wild with joy.

Rebels Get No Respite.

Caracas, Feb. 16.—Since early Saturday morning Venezuelans have been awaiting impatiently the official intimation that the blockade had been raised. Yesterday morning, however, the British man-of-war Tribune was still at La Guayra enforcing the blockade and preventing fishermen from leaving the harbor. The Government was puzzled until, at 11 o'clock, the news reached Caracas that the captain of the Tribune had notified the authorities at La Guayra that the blockade was raised. At 3 o'clock yesterday the Tribune left for Trinidad. The news received from all Venezuelan ports, except Goro and Higuerote, is that the foreign warships sailed away yesterday. The Government immediately on receiving the news that the blockade had been raised, sent troops in all directions to crush the revolution without giving the rebels a moment's respite.

Glad It Is All Over.

Willemstad, Curacao, Feb. 16.—There is great rejoicing among all classes here at the end of the Venezuelan blockade. Many sailing vessels are lying in this port with cargoes for Venezuelan ports; they will leave to-day. A number of steamers are loading for the same destination. A great amount of coffee is awaiting transportation from Venezuela to the United States. No one is apparently more glad at the raising of the blockade than those on board the blockading squadrons.

Andrew Carnegie's Offer.

Washington, Feb. 16.—It was learned last night that had Venezuela been unable to meet the demand of Germany for the payment of $360,000 Andrew Carnegie stood ready to supply this sum in cash to relieve Venezuela of any embarrassment and maintain peace. A direct offer of a loan of $360,000 to Venezuela, to be paid over to Minister Bowen, was made by Mr. Carnegie, but was not accepted, because Venezuela was able to meet the demand of Germany in a satisfactory manner.

THE STRICKEN CATTLE.

Foot and Mouth Disease Still Prevalent in Vermont.

Washington, Feb. 16. — Another outbreak of the foot and mouth disease near Chester, Vt., was reported yesterday. A herd in that locality was found infected some time ago, but it was thought the disease had been entirely stamped out. Dr. D. E. Salmon, the chief of the Bureau of Animal Industry, who will go to Boston Monday to investigate the recurrence of the outbreak, said yesterday that he did not think there was danger of great increase in the number of cases, but the situation was rather uncertain.

Jury Failed to Agree.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 16.—After being out forty-eight hours, the jury in the case of Dr. J. C. Alexander failed to reach an agreement, and was discharged at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. On the final ballots the vote stood eight for acquittal and four for conviction. The attorneys for the State have not decided what they will do.

The Morgan Forgeries.

London, Feb. 16.—A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Count Maurice de Bosuard, in connection with the forgeries of J. Pierpont Morgan's signature on a number of bills, purporting to have been given in payment for purchases of pictures and bric-a-brac.

Engineer Was Burned.

St. Thomas, Feb. 16.—Engineer A. D. Waltz of the M.C.R. was severely injured at Attercliffe Saturday night. The door of the fire box was burst open by an explosion of gas, and the escaping flames badly burnt Mr. Waltz's hands and face.

Killed by Chinese Pirates.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 16.—The steamer Tosca Maru has reached port from Yokohama. She brought news that pirates on the steamer Oanfa, a small vessel on the West River, had killed a European officer and five Chinese.

Firemen's Union.

Toronto, Feb. 16. — The firemen who had become members of a labor union have bowed to the wishes of Chief Thompson, backed up by the majority of the City Council, and have agreed to disband their organization.

Macpherson's Majority Is 237.

Vancouver, Feb. 16.—Full returns from Burrard give Macpherson a majority of 237.

300 NATIVES KILLED.

British Expedition Thoroughly Successful in Northern Nigeria.

London, Feb. 16.—A telegram has been received from Brig.-Gen. Sir F. D. Lugard, the High Commissioner of Northern Nigeria, announcing that the British expedition against the native rebels had been successful. Kano was occupied on February 8, and the natives who opposed the British had 300 men killed. The Emir, with 1,000 horsemen, fled northward towards Sokoto. The British had two officers wounded.

ARREST OF LEADERS

Bulgaria Breaking Up the Macedonian Committee.

TURKEY MASSES 100,000 MEN

Austria Mobilizing Troops on the Balkan Border—Austro-Russian Demands Moderated—Big Protest Meeting in Paris—Albanians Against Reforms—Turkey Relieved by Bulgaria's Attitude.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Feb. 16. — President Michaelovsk of the Central Macedonian Committee; Gen. Zontcheff, the vice-president; President Stanischeff of the Sarafoff Macedonian Committee and many others have been arrested.

It is officially announced that the Government has decided to dissolve the Macedonian Committee in Bulgaria and place a strong military cordon along the Macedonian frontier, thus demonstrating Bulgaria's readiness to fulfil her international obligations.

Dr. Danew, the Premier, announced in the National Assembly yesterday the measures which led to the arrest of the chief officers of the Macedonian Committee, and added that the offices of the Central Macedonain Committee had been seized and all the papers there confiscated. He said the dissolution of the Macedonian Committee in the provinces had been accomplished without opposition.

Macedonians have been summoned to a mass meeting to-day to protest against the action of the Government and to demand the release of the prisoners.

10,000 Protest.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Feb. 16.—A mass meeting of 10,000 Macedonians was held here yesterday to protest against the action of the Government in dissolving the Macedonian committees in Bulgaria. The meeting demanded the re-establishment of the Macedonian Societies and the judicial punishment of individual offenders.

It is reported that warrants are out for the arrest of Boris Sarafoff, I. Yankoff, and other Macedonian leaders.

Sarafoff is said to be now in Macedonia organizing a revolt. Unless Turkey now withdraws her troops from the Bulgarian frontier the Government will suspect her intention and issue an order for the mobilization of Bulgarian forces.

Porte Greatly Relieved.

Constantinople, Feb. 16.—In official circles it is asserted that the Porte has received from the powers assurance regarding Bulgaria's pacific intentions and that it has been greatly relieved thereby. At the same time the military council has completed the plans for the mobilization of the second and third army corps, and has decided that in the event of it becoming necessary to take the field in Macedonia Marshal Edhem Pasha, the Generalissimo in the Graeco-Turkish war, will have the supreme command of the quarter of a million of men which would be available there.

Turkey Masses 100,000 Men.

London, Feb. 16.—Developments in the Balkan crisis promise to be more rapid than anticipated ten days ago. There is now ample authority, despite official denials, for saying that Turkey has already massed 100,000 troops on the Bulgarian frontier.

To End Turkish Misrule.

Paris, Feb. 16.—A meeting of four thousand persons, presided over by Baron Constant d'Estournelles and supported by many prominent men, was held yesterday in connection with the Macedonian situation. A resolution was adopted calling on the Government to work energetically to promote the enforcement of the Berlin treaty and to put an end to Turkish misrule in Macedonia.

Reform Demands Pruned.

Vienna, Feb. 16.—The rumor to the effect that owing to the difficulty of obtaining the consent of the other powers or for other reasons, the Austro-Russian demands of reforms in Macedonian have been greatly attenuated since Count Lamsdorff drafted them, was practically confirmed last night by the official Fremdenblatt, which states that the demands are carefully framed so as not to overstep the limits prescribed by respect for the Sultan's suzerain rights, and that being confined to comparatively modest bounds, they are more likely to attain the desired end than if they were more pretentious. They will not, however, says the official organ, succeed if Macedonia is made the theatre of a guerrilla war.

It is regarded here as certain that these half reforms will not satisfy the Macedonian revolutionary party, which demands complete autonomy.

Armed Intervention.

London, Feb. 16.—The correspondent of The Daily Mail at Vienna says he learns that Austria has mobilized two army corps and has concentrated an extra 40,000 men on the Balkan border. Militaty men, adds the correspondent, believe that an armed intervention is inevitable. Field Marshal Rheinlander will command the force.

Albanians Against Reforms.

Vienna, Feb. 16.—A despatch to The Neue Freie Presse from Belgrade says: "Three thousand Albanians, after meeting to protest against the introduction of reforms, marched upon and occupied the town of Ipek, Turkey, which is now completely isolated.

"It is said that the Albanians intend proceeding to Mitrovitsa to expel the Russian Consul there."

Favor [illegible]

Kingston, Jamaica, Feb. 16.—The Governor has issued an order raising the prohibition against the importation of Canadian cattle. The order against the importation of cattle from the United States is still enforced.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

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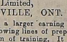
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A SWINDLER'S SUICIDE.

Got $450 From a Victim, But He Lost His Nerve.

St. John, N. B., Feb. 16.—Paul Grey, palmist and clairvoyant, Regent street, West London, left the city suddenly Saturday evening, taking with him $450, which Victor Dikeman, a draughtsman in the McAvity & Sons' brass foundry here says he was buncoed out of by Grey. Dikeman informed the police and telegrams were sent to Vanceboro to arrest Grey.

The reply came through Saturday night, that he was caught and yesterday morning another telegram was received, which stated that he committed suicide by cutting his throat.

Grey came here in December and has been doing a big business.

WAY OF TRANSGRESSOR.

Former Mayor of Minneapolis Arrested in Hancock, N.H.

Hancock, N. H., Feb. 16.—Broken in spirit, a physical wreck and changed probably beyond recognition, Dr. Albert Alonzo Ames, formerly Mayor of Minneapolis, who is wanted in that city on an indictment for attempted bribery, was discovered yesterday in the home of a local minister and placed under arrest by Sheriff Doane of Manchester. So pitiful was his condition that he was not locked up but left in charge of a deputy to await the arrival of officers from Minneapolis.

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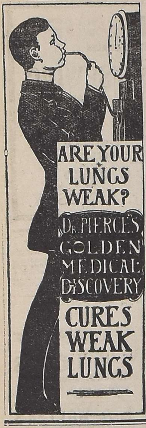

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEB. 20, 1903.

C. P. R. LANDS.

Question of Taxing Them Now Before the King's Bench of Manitoba—Judges in the Case.

Winnipeg, Feb. 14.—One of the most importane cases which have ever come before the courts of this province has been commenced and will be carried on until it reached the Privy Council in England, the court of last resort for the British Empire and her colonies. The taxation of C.P.R. lands has been for years a burning question in numerous municipalities throughout the province. At present the lands owned by the C.P.R. are free. If they were made to bear their proportion of the taxes, those paid by the farmers would be lessened. The Dominion Government has taken hold of the matter and given instructions that a decision should be obtained on the point from the courts. The judges who are sitting to hear the argument are Chief Justice Kiliam, Mr. Justice Dubuc and Mr. Justice Richards. The counsel engaged are: Mr. H. M. Howell, K. C., and Mr. Mathers for the plaintiffs, retained by the Dominion Government; Mr. Ewart, K. C., Mr. Stewart Tupper, K.C., and Mr. F. H. Phippen for the C.P.R.

CANADA'S REVENUES.

Over $36,000,000 Collected From the People in Seven Months—The Dominion Expenditures Decreasing.

Ottawa, Feb. 14.—Canada's revenue for the seven months ending Jan. 31 reached the total of $36,447,132, being $9,762,726 in excess of the ordinary expenditure, and $4,515,-973 more than ordinary and capital expenditure combined. Our financial position is better by nearly six millions than it was at the end of January, 1902, there having been an increase of $3,901,646 in the receipts for the past seven months, and a reduction in the capital expenditure of $2,268,598. As against this the ordinary expenditure has only been augmented by $412,000. The increases in the national receipts consist of the following:—Customs, $2,-467,506; excise, $359,489; postoffice, $528,622; public works, $489,216; miscellaneous, $256,814.

BREEDERS OF AYRSHIRES.

Hon. William Owens Replaces F. W. Hodson as President.

Montreal, Feb. 14.—The annual meeting of the Canadian Ayrshire Breeders' Association took place here yesterday, a good attendance from all the provinces being present. Among the resolutions adopted were a vote of $50 towards the prize list of the Maritime Provinces Winter Fair.

That the balance of the money from the other provinces paid in by this association to be donated to the Guelph and Ottawa Winter Shows.

That Winnipeg and Calgary receive a grant of $25 for the best Ayrshire animals composed of a bull one shire animals composed of a bull one-year-old and over, and a female over two years old.

The meeting likewise adopted a resolution endorsing the project of a Dominion exhibition in Toronto.

The following gentlemen were then recommended as judges at the different exhibitions: Toronto, W. W. Ballantyne and A. Cain; Ottawa, Central, Thomas Bradshaw; London, J. Borden; Quebec, Thomas Drysdale.

Hon. William Owens replaces F. W. Hodson as president, this being the only change in the executive.

ENEMY TO MOSQUITOS.

German Scientist Discovers an Insect Long Sought.

Berlin, Feb. 16.—Dr. Dempwolff, who succeeded Prof. Koch as the head of the German anti-malaria expedition to New Guinea, announces that he has discovered an aquatic insece which destroyes the anopheles mosquito. He proposes to cultivate the creature artificially in hope of exterminating the mosquito, thereby exterminating malaria.

A TENDER OF SEATS

Government Offered Boer Generals Their Opportunity.

THEY DECLINE TO ACCEPT.

The Manner in Which the Executive Was Formed Does Not Meet With Their Approval—Cordiality Lacking in the Welcome to Colonial Secretary Chamberlain—Boycott at Graaf-Reinet.

Pretoria, Feb. 14.—It is announced that the Government offered seats in the Executive Council to Generals Botha, Delarey and Smuts. The Boer generals unanimously refused to accept, giving as their reason the manner in which the Council was formed, which in their opinion, was not in the best interests of the country.

CORDIALITY LACKING.

Dutchmen in Cape Colony Cool to Mr. Chamberlain, Who Warns Them Against Lack of Co-operation.

Cape Town, Feb. 14.—Mr. Chamberlain arrived at Graaf-Reinet, in a Dutch district, yesterday. The welcome extended to the Colonial Secretary was anything but cordial.

The Dutchmen held sullenly aloof from the receptions and functions. Many of them openly paraded rebel badges.

The members of the British colony called on Mr. Chamberlain and complained of boycotting at the hands of the Dutch, and the general system of oppression and intimidation which was also extended to the natives, because of the assistance which they rendered to the British during the war.

Mr. Chamberlain made a long speech, in which he rebuked the Dutchmen in strong terms for their attitude, and frankly warned them that it was inconsistent with the enjoyment of the privileges of British administration.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

Canadian League of Civic Improvement Organized in Toronto.

Toronto, Feb. 14. — The meeting held in the Board of Trade Council chamber yesterday afternoon in the interest of civic improvement was attended by a large number of representative business men of Toronto and other cities. George R. Pattullo, hon. president of the Woodstock Horticultural Society, was in the chair. After discussion a large committee was then formed to frame suggestions for adoption at the evening meeting.

At the evening meeting the recommendations of the committee were adopted, including the appointment of the following officers: Hon. president, the Countess of Minto; president, J. D. Hayden, Cobourg; vice-presidents, R. T. Ellis, Toronto; R. Tasker Steele, Hamilton; W. E. Smallfield, Mayor of Renfrew; secretary-treasurer, Major H. G. Snellgrove, Cobourg; directors, G. R. Pattullo, Woodstock; J. P. Hynes, Toronto; W. D. A. Ross, Chatham; C. C. James, Toronto; T. H. Race, Mitchell; G. A. Reid, Toronto; Dr. James Fletcher, Ottawa; Linnaeus Wolverton, Grimsby; Judge Klein, Walkerton; H. F. Duck, Toronto; R. W. Rennie, London; M. A. James, Bowmanville.

Genuine Castoria always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

WESTERN AGRICULTURE.

Value of Products Raised Last Year Estimated at $50,000,000.

Winnipeg, Man., Feb. 14.—The report of the Department of Agriculture, which was laid down on the table of the Legislature by Hon. Mr. Roblin, points out that the province has had two seasons of unusual prosperity, and that the community of farmers is the rugged pillar around which every commercial enterprise twines. The foundations of this pillar rest upon 25,000,000 acres of rich areable land. The value of agricultural products raised during the year is estimated at over $50,000,000.

"This is a remarkable production for 41,000 farmers," says the report.

Another feature is that lands throughout the province, as in the territory, have largely increased in value during the last two or three years.

Costigan's Resolution.

Ottawa, Feb. 14. — Capt. Shaw-Taylor had an interview with Mr. John Costigan yesterday morning in regard to the resolution which the latter announced some time ago he would introduce at the coming session of Parliament upon the question of Home Rule. As a result of the interview the resolution will be framed, so as to favor a settlement of the land question upon the lines laid down by the Irish conference and at the same time strongly declare for Home Rule.

Patient 200 Years Old.

Vienna, Feb. 14.—Volksblatt yesterday vouches for the fact that there is at present a patient in a hospital at Tomsk, Siberia, who is 200 years of age. His age, the paper says, is authenticated by his birth certificate and other documents, among which is a passport issued to him in 1768, in which his age is given as 60.

Reduced Rate For Call Loans.

Montreal, Feb. 12.—Banks have reduced the rate for call loans from 6 to 5½ per cent. The 6 per cent. rate had been maintained for upwards of four months, during which time money was not only very dear but very tight.

BRITAIN HAD TO ACT

Premier Balfour Discusses the Venezuelan Question.

RELATIONS WITH POWERS.

Co-operation Among Them and the Use of That Principle Between Them Necessary For the Peace of Europe and the Civilization of the World —Balkan Situation Is Causing Anxiety.

Liverpool, Feb. 14.—Premier Balfour, in the course of a speech at a luncheon, given by the Conservative Club here yesterday, declared the British Government had no choice but to take action against Venezuela. The Ministers had shown no undue haste, no greed for money and no inhumanity. The United States Government had been taken into the confidence of His Majesty's Government at every stage of the proceedings. The Monroe Doctrine had no enemies in this country. It would be a great gain to civilization if the United States should more actively concern itself with arrangements to prevent the constantly recurring difficulties between the European powers and the South American Governments by getting the latter to observe the principles of international courtesy.

Continuing, the Premier said there was no ground for Lord Rosebery's criticism with respect to British relations with either the United States or Germany. Some arrangement with the latter for joint operations was the most reasonable step possible for enforcing their several claims. Mr. Balfour ridiculed the suggestion that the alliance with Germany over Venezuela was settled at the time of Emperor William's visit to King Edward at Sandringham. He declared that the whole story was a mare's nest. International animosities, said the Premier, were a great source of international weakness. Great Britain was supposed to be greatly disliked on the continent, but no country was stronger for disliking Great Britain or showing animosity, nor would Great Britain be strengthened by harboring animosity. If the peace of Europe were to be preserved, and the cause of civilization go forward without fatal shocks, it must be the increasing use of cooperation between the European powers. The Balkan States are now giving anxiety, and the question can only be solved by common action upon the part of the great civilized powers. European concert is clumsy, he said, but it is better than isolated action.

Mr. Balfour implored all those who had any command over the source of public opinion to refrain from indulging in the easy task of embittering the relations between nations, and creating jealousies, so easily formed and so difficult to allay.

Referring to Lord Rosebery's proposal that Gen. Lord Kitchener should be invited to leave his command in India and become War Minister, Mr. Balfour characterized it as the wildest which had ever emanated from a man who had held and who doubtless was destined to again hold great administrative posts. All politicians could understand that Lord Rosebery's sole plan was to attain efficiency, but his suggettion was both opposed to the British constitution and absolutely impracticable. Lord Kitchener was a great soldier, but he had not been trained for the work of a Cabinet Minister, who was required to defend the proposals of his Government in Parliament.

Speaking at a reception here last evening, Mr. Balfour announced that he had received a communication from Foreign Secretary Lansdowne saying all the difficulties regarding the Venezuelan question had been removed, and that no hitch whatever need delay the final settlement any time.

POISON IN SCHOOL COFFEE.

Plot to Be Rid of Teachers and Others Discovered.

Salt Lake, Utah, Feb. 14.—A special from Ogden says:— As a result of the investigation brought about by the recent attempt of certain inmates of the State Reform School at Ogden to burn the buildings, the authorities have unearthed a conspiracy among some of the girl inmates to poison the teachers and others in authority at the school. It is known that at least two girls are concerned and that poison enough to kill a thousand people was found in their possession. The girls, it is said, got hold of a quantity of bichloride of mercury tablets recently purchased by the school authorities for disinfecting purposes. The conspirators, it is alleged, planned to put this in the coffee at breakfast.

DARROW FOR MINERS.

Coal Strike Commission Now to Meet in Secret.

Philadelphia, Feb. 14.—The Anthracite Coal Strike Commission, after being in public session for more than three months, closed its open hearings yesterday with an all-day argument by Clarence S. Darrow, in behalf of the miners. It will meet in secret in Washington next Thursday and begin the consideration of its award. The announcement is expected at the end of this month. If an increase in wages is determined upon, it will date from the first of last November.

Soo Mills to Open.

Montreal, Feb. 14.—The Montreal representatives of the Clergue syndicate stated yesterday that the rail mill at the "Soo" will re-open just as soon as the blowing engines are received.

To Start a Revolt.

Vienna, Feb. 12.—Considerable interest has been aroused here by a despatch from Sofia that Boris Sarafoff, the famous Macedonian leader and former president of the Macedonian committee, has already gone to Macedonia to start a revolt. Sarafoff has the reputation of being a capable and desperate leader, having unequalled knowledge of the mountain passes.

ROASTED TO DEATH

Terrible End of a Railway Engineer—Firemen Scalded.

SHOT TO DEATH FOR A BEAR

Perils of Hunting Big Game in Muskoka —Hull Butcher Crushed to Death by a Block of Ice—Livery Driver Killed by M.C.R. Express at Ruscombe —Fatal Fall Into a Tilsonburg Cellar.

Wheeling, W. Va., Feb. 14.—One man was killed and two were fatally injured in a wreck on the Pittsburg & Western Railway yesterday. Engineer Cowan of Hazelwood, Pa., was roasted to death. Fireman Belles and Brakeman Wright of Hazelwood were scalded. A landslide caused the wreck.

SHOT FOR A BEAR.

Robert Johnston's Fatal Experience in the Woods of Muskoka.

Toronto, Feb. 14.—Mistaken by his companions on a shooting expedition for a bear, Robert Johnston, a resident of East Toronto, met death in the Muskoka woods on Wednesday. His body was brought home yesterday, Mr. Johnston, who was 63 years of age, left for a few holidays, the first in years. Only a meagre account of the tragedy has reached his friends in Toronto, but it appears that Johnston, with a party of five others, went out bear hunting in the neighborhood of Utterson, in Muskoka district. 'He became separated from the rest, and while moving about in the bushes was mistaken by one or more of them for a bear, and fatally shot. Mr. Johnston was a native of the County of Mellim, Ireland. He is survived by a widow and three sons.

Killed by Ice Block.

Ottawa, Feb. 14.—Bernard Simard, a butcher of Hull, aged 50, was killed at noon yesterday by falling ice, crushing his chest. His head was also split open by coming in contact with another block of ice when he fell. The man died 45 minutes after the accident.

Killed by a Train.

Ruscombe, Feb. 14.—While returning from Essex about 6.45 o'clock Thursday evening Robert Kenyon, a driver for J. Elliott's livery, Comber, was struck and instantly killed on the middle road crossing, about one mile west of Ruscombe, by the Michigan Central fast express, No. 6. The buggy was completely demolished, and the unfortunate man was thrown about forty feet. The horse was but slightly injured.

Killed by a Fall.

Tilsonburg, Feb. 14.—The death of Mrs. Winnifred Slater occurred yesterday morning at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. H. Armstrong, Hale street. Last Sunday Mrs. Slater, who is in her 87th year, sustained a fall which resulted in her death. She was not able to see well and accidentally fell down the cellar.

Hit by Falling Tree.

Hespeler, Feb. 14.—A very serious accident happened at Hogg's Swamp, 10 miles from here, while some men were engaged in cutting wood. The tree fell on Mr. Werlich and sent his head right in between his shoulders. He is not expected to live, as the blood came rushing out of his nose. mouth and ears.

STABBED HIS SON.

Now Under Arrest—His Child Has Three Wounds.

Ottawa, Feb. 14.—William Brennan, a farmer, living in Nepean Township, is under arrest for stabbing his son, John, in a quarrel. The son has three ugly wounds, which may prove serious. Another son, Edward, who interfered, received a slight cut. The men quarreled over the father's rebuking Edward for striking a horse with a shovel. The elder son said: "It's no worse than you do yourself," and then the row began. The prisoner is 57 years old.

TELEPHONE WAR BEGUN.

All Work on Fort William Extension Has Ceased.

Winnipeg, Feb. 14.—An injunction was served on the Bell Telephone Co. by the town of Fort William yesterday, and all work on the extension of the system has ceased. The members of railway unions at a meeting decided to use none but municipal phones at their homes.

DISQUIETING REPORTS.

Foot and Mouth Trouble Breaks Out Anew in Massachusetts.

Washington, Feb. 14.—The foot and mouth disease has again become serious in Massachusetts. Disquieting reports have reached Secretary Wilson regarding fresh outbreaks of the disease near Boston, and there is considerable anxiety over a possible spread of the disease.

Robinson Beat Orr.

Oakville, Feb. 14.—A very keen contest between W. H. Robinson, merchant, and C. R. Orr of The New Era, took place yesterday for councillor for the town of Oakville, owing to the resignation of J. R. Byers. Both parties have been working very hard for the past week, but not the most sanguine expected such a complete snowslide, Robinson's majority being 165 over Orr.

Stoker Strike Settled.

Marseilles, Dec. 9.—The strike crisis here appears to be over. Many sailors and others went to work yesterday and the quays began to resume their customary aspect of activity.

Killed by a Train.

Brockville, Feb. 13.—A train on the R., W. & O. Railway, while running between Morristown and Briar Hill Wednesday, ran over and killed Ira Wright, who was walking along the track. The remains were brought to his home in Lyn yesterday. He was 20 years of age.

DEED OF UNKNOWN ASSASSIN.

Antoine Seguin, Former Mayor of St. Eustache, Slain.

St. Eustache, Que., Feb. 16.—Antoine Seguin, for twenty-three years Mayor of this town, and for a longer period a justice of the peace, was slain in a cowardly manner on Thursday by an unknown assassin, who lay in wait for his aged victim to enter his barn.

Mayor Seguin had returned from the Liberal convention at Two Mountains, and being an extensive hay dealer he went to his barn to see that everything was all right. This was about 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The old man—he was 71 years of age—had just entered the door, when the muzzle of a 12-bore shot-gun was thrust in his face and discharged.

The whole charge of shot struck him on the side of the face, and literally tore the head from the body.

It appears that Seguin, although much respected, had made enemies in municipal matters.

DISGRACE TO WAR OFFICE.

Reply to Request For Aid to an Insane Soldier.

London, Feb. 16.—A Reservist of the Royal Welsh Fusiliers, wounded in the head at the relief of Ladysmith, has since became insane, and has been placed in Denbigh Asylum by the St. Asaph guardians as a pauper lunatic.

The guardians, not wishing to deprive the man's wife of the pension of a 1s a day, asked the War Office to increase the pension in order that the ratepayers might not be out of pocket. The War Office replied that the guardians could recoup themselves from what the wife received. This the guardians refused to do, and characterized the attitude of the War Office as a disgrace and a scandal.

ILLNESS OF SIR OLIVER MOWAT.

Lieutenant-Governor Fell Down Stairs Five Weeks Ago.

Toronto, Feb. 16.—Much regret is expressed on the present condition o Sir Oliver Mowat's health. Sir Oliver sustained a nasty fall five weeks ago, the result of which was a severe cut on the forehead and a general shaking up. For one in his eighty-third year, this is a serious matter, and His Honor has been confined to his bed almost ever since.

Inquiry at Government House yesterday elicited the fact that the patient was suffering severe pains in the side, the result of the wrench, but apart from this he is in his usual state of health.

SIR ROBERT HART'S SUCCESSOR.

Reports That England Consents to an International Board.

London, Feb. 14.—The Shanghai correspondent of The Morning Post says it is stated in the best informed circles there that the undertaking given by China to Great Britain in 1898, that the successor of Sir Robert Hart. Director of the Imperial Maritime Customs, would be British while British trade predominated in China is no longer operative.

There are indications, the correspondent adds, that the Marquis of Lansdowne, British Foreign Minister, will consent to Sir Robert being succeeded by an international board.

This would mean the ascendency of other European powers.

Capt. Angrove Dead.

Kingston, Feb. 14. — Alderman Grove yesterday received a telegram from Halifax, N.S., announcing the death of his second cousin, Capt. J. P. Angrove, commanding a mail steamer between Halifax and St. Pierre. The deceased was a brother of the late Samuel Angrove, late of H. M. Customs, this city, and spent his boyhood days here, having served an apprenticeship to shipbuilding in Kingston.

Sir Oliver Indisposed.

Ottawa, Feb. 14. — It is learned here that Sir Oliver Mowat will be unable through indisposition to open the Ontario Legislature. An administrator will, therefore, have to be appointed.

Dr. Temple's Will.

London, Feb. 16.—The estate of the late Dr. Frederick Temple, Archbishop of Canterbury, who died on Dec. 23, has been valued at £18,262 8s. 10d., including net personalty of £16,338 8s. 2d. Mrs. Beatrice Blanche Temple, the testator's widow, is also executrix, and to her Dr. Temple left all his property.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION
GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.
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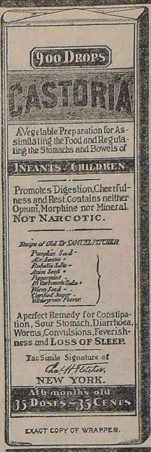
CURE SICK HEADACHE.



SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE —OF— Chas. H. Fletcher. IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

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BLOOD DISEASE CURED.

If you ever contracted any Blood or Private Disease, you are never safe until the virus or poison has been eradicated from the system. Don't be satisfied with a "patch up" by some family doctor. Our New Method is Guaranteed to Cure or No Pay. No Names Used without Written consent.

Cured When all Else Failed

"Could I live my early life over, this testimonial would not be necessary, though I was no more sinful than thousands of other young men. Early indiscretions, later excesses, exposure to contagious diseases all helped to break down my system. When I commenced to realize my condition I was almost frantic. Doctor after doctor treated me but only gave me relief—not a cure. Hot Springs helped me, but did not cure me. The symptoms always returned. Mercury and Potash drove the poison into my system instead of driving it out. I bless the day your New Method Treatment was recommended to me. I investigated who you were first, and finding you had over 25 years' experience and responsible financially. I gave you my case under a guarantee. You cured me permanently, and in six years there has not been a sore, pain, ulcer or any other symptom of the blood disease."
M. A. CONLEY.

25 Years in Detroit. 250,000 Cured.

We treat and cure Varicocele, Blood Poison, Nervous Debility, Stricture, Impotency, Secret Drains, Kidney and Bladder Diseases.

Consultation Free. Question Blank for Home Treatment and Books Free.

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The RUDD HARNESS Co.

JANUARY SALE OF
ROBES, BELLS AND BLANKETS.

We intend to sell the above goods at prices that will clear out our entire stock.

Light and Heavy Harness always in stock, . . . and made to order. . . .

50 Dozen thread length Raw Hide Whips to sell at 35c, regular 50c each.
Brown Bock Livet Pads at 25c each.

Give us a call and save money. Repairing neatly and promptly done.

A FULL LINE OF TRUNKS AND VALISES ALWAYS IN STOCK.

THE RUDD HARNESS CO.
H. J. LITTLE, MANAGER.

J. RIGGS,
LINDSAY.

Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of Hair Goods, of which I keep a large assortment.

Your own Hair made to order

Hair Requisites in black,
Pomp and Round Combs.
Hair Brushes.
Pocket Combs and Pomp Pads,
Hair Pins and Set

If You Contemplate Building
Call at Ingle's Planing Mills.

Mr. Ingle can supply anything in SASH, DOORS WINDOW BLINDS, always on hand. Being in business for over thirty years, I am satisfied I know the wants of the people. Nothing but first-class material for house or barn buildings turned out of my factory. Prices most reasonable. Consult me before making a contract. Satisfaction guaranteed in any case.

GEO. INGLE.
Cor. Cambridge and Wellington-sts.

HARNESS! HARNESS

Now is the time to buy harness. We will sell for a short time
Team Harness worth $28.00 for $25.00.
Single Harness, nickle trimmed, for $10.00, $14.00, $16.00 and $18.00.
Solid Nickle or Rubber Harness for $20.00.

Our stock of Harness is good and well made.

E. PROUSE,
Harness Maker and General Merchant.
OAKWOOD.

To Citizens of Little Britain and Vicinity

WINTER IS HERE

If you have not already ordered your
WINTER OVERCOAT
it is not too late. We can make you up a nice stylish fitting Overcoat from $10 to $20. Why buy a ready-made Suit when you can get a better one made to order at nearly the same price. Our goods cannot be beaten for quality, and as for style our reputation as a cutter and tailor speaks for itself.

Give us a trial before patronizing Oakwood, Port Perry or Lindsay tailors.

J. J. RICH
LITTLE BRITAIN.

"Pure soap!" You've heard the words. In Sunlight Soap you have the fact.

SUNLIGHT SOAP REDUCES EXPENSE

Ask for the Octagon Bar. 931

NOT THE THING.

Depend upon it, ready-made garments won't satisfy you, though to read the advertisements of the dealers you may be led to fancy that clothing made of shoddy and cut with a buzz saw is superior to all other kinds.

If you stand in need of a NEW SUIT or OVERCOAT you will save dollars by coming here for it. We give every man the worth of his money, and the sewing won't rip the first time a strain comes on the garment.

We have a grand range of English, Irish, Scotch and Domestic Cloths to choose from. If you want new clothes for Spring, place your order now.

CATHRO & CO.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEB. 20, 1903.

COLLEGIATE STUDENTS' 'AT HOME.'

Nearly 300 Guests Entertained.

The Collegiate Institute Literary Society held an "At Home" last Friday in the Assembly Hall, which was a great success. Hitherto these social gatherings have been confined exclusively to the students, but on this occasion the ex-students and friends of the students were invited. The hall was profusely and artistically decorated. At 8 o'clock the guests and students, numbering close to 300, were cordially received by Mr. and Mrs. Harstone. Mr. C. D. L. McAlpine, president of the society, occupied the chair. The program consisted of eight promenades, alternating with the following selections; Overture by the Band orchestra, comprising Mrs Jackson, Messrs. Taylor, Young, Denison and Roenigk, which rendered excellent music; two selections by the L.C.I. male quartette, comprising Messrs. Palmer, Staples, Bycroft and Burns, introducing many local hits, which won the applause of all; a violin solo by Miss Miss Cora Walters, which were well Edna Beal, and two vocal solos by received. Former President Ferrin, in an interesting impromptu speech, paid his respects to the society and staff. Col. Hughes approved of these social evenings, and Principal Harstone advocated greater interest in School sports. During the evening refreshments were served in Third B. Form. A vote of thanks was tendered Mr. and Mrs. Harstone for their kindness and help in making the evening an enjoyable one, and the gathering dispersed after singing the national anthem.

MISSIONARY GEORGE BUSKIN

Will Issue a Dictionary in the Ojibway and English Tongues.

Geo. Buskin, of the International Colportage Mission of Algoma and the North-west, is making his annual visit to Lindsay in behalf of his 20th year's work in those parts. 3700 copies of scriptural books were supplied in seven languages last year, and many more not reckoned. More than 40,000 new publications were printed last year for its work in various forms, and others are now in the printers' hands. Among them is a dictionary in Ojibway and English, which will be costly, but useful to the Indians, and will afford an opportunity to those who say the white man has ousted the Indian from his land to make them some recompense by helping to meet the of a good book for them. This will make the sixth edition the Mission has published for the Indians.

In conversation with Mr. Buskin as to the fruits of his good work, he said, "The scriptures say, 'Cast thy bread upon the waters and thou shalt find it after many days,' as the following will show: Campbellton, N B, Feb. 5, 1903. I am sending you by this post, which you can keep, a testament which has been with me over twenty thousand miles. It has your writing on the cover. My poor father carried it with him to many a sufferer's bedside. E. B. P.' This testament is one of a stock of scriptures I placed in a Sunday School in a poor neighborhood in 1858, my friend paying the cost of carriage. Some ask if any good is being done by this work; this, I think, is one good answer."

The Missionary gratefully acknowledges $19.75 contributed in Lindsay last year for the work, and purposes to present the good cause again in the accustomed manner.

Y. M. C. A. Notes

—At the next meeting of the Fortnightly Debating Club, to be held next week, the following subject will be discussed, "Resolved, that a classical education fits a person better for a business career than does an apprenticeship."

—The members are taking up a subscription among themselves to secure a basket ball equipment. About $10 is required, over half of which is already provided for. This will undoubtedly prove an attractive feature to many of the young men.

—The bowling schedule has been completed and Ford W. Moynes is the fortunate winner. The handsome medal donated by Mr. Allan Cameron as the prize will be awarded in a short time. The supplementary schedule is also well under way and will be completed next week.

SKIP FLAVELLE vs. DUNBAR.

AN INTERESTING GAME AT THE GREAT WINNIPEG 'SPIEL.

Described by a Former Resident—the Kissing Episode.

The following breezy letter from Mr. M. H. McGeough, of Brandon, late of Mr. T. C. Matchett's C.P.R. office, will be read with interest—the more so as it treats of a "great game" between Skips Flavelle and Dunbar, the Eastern and Western cracks;

Brandon, Man., Feb. 9th, 1903.

Dear Mr. Matchett,—I have just a few moments to spare to-night, so I thought perhaps it would be interesting to you to hear a few things about the Bonspiel in Winnipeg. I went down Friday night, or at least Saturday morning, and reached Winnipeg just as the bells struck 12. Ralph McNeillie met me, and after lunch we went up to the Granite rink to find out where Lindsay was to play. The draw was posted up, and Flavelle was to play Dunbar, of St. Paul, at 2 o'clock. Needless to say, I was delighted to see it was Mr. Dunbar, as he was an old opponent, and I knew that it would be a close game. It was at the American Abell Rink, near the Exposition grounds, and it is certainly an immense place. There must be 16 or 18 sheets of ice there, and hundreds of curling stones covered the ground outside. It was a pretty sight to see so many curlers all playing at once, and the rink was nicely decorated with flags and bunting.

The games were just starting and I had not got half way in till I saw Normie McSweyn perched up on a pile of boxes waiting for Dunbar. I was glad to see the Lindsay people here, as it is quite a while since I had seen any person from old Lindsay. The Lindsay rink were early on the scene, and Mr. Flavelle looked "as happy as a clam," sure enough. Quite a few of the noted curlers—Rochan, Whalen and others—were already playing, but the crowd hung around Ice 26, all eager to hold their places for the Flavelle-Dunbar game. They did not have to wait very long, for shortly Mr. Dunbar appeared on the ice, and the great game started. I have the score before me and I think I pretty well remember the game, so I will tell you about it in my own way, as doubtless it may interest you a little.

Mr. Flavelle was in fine form, as were all the rest of the team, and all ready to play the game for their lives, and it was hot from the first stone. Mr. Flavelle took his place on the rings and placed his broom for Mr. MacIntosh, and he played a beauty and lay just where Mr. Flavelle wanted him. Dunbar's lead struck it fairly and sent it through, and Mr. F. again had the play repeated, which brought from Mr. Flavelle, "Well played, Lochie," but St. Paul again played the same stone. Now "Our Normie" takes his place, and with a look of determination played his stone, but was not quite heavy enough and lay just inside the outer ring, but in a good position. Dunbar's second man played a nice draw and lay just behind it, but here Normie showed he was "Johnnie-on-the-spot," for he placed his stone inside Dunbar's and Lindsay lay one. Mr. Flavelle smiled and the crowd made Normie blush very much, but St. Paul's man sent it (the stone) through. Next comes Mr. Little, a beautiful shot but just a little too heavy, and went through. Dunbar's third man then placed a guard on McCarthy's stone, but Mr. Flavelle's "Geordie" soon put it out of business. Just before Mr. Flavelle plays he consults with Mr. Little, and as Dunbar lays 2 he decides to draw, but is a trifle too heavy and goes through. Dunbar tries the same and he goes through, too. Now Lindsay has one more stone to play, and that stone has to win the game. Mr. Flavelle again surveys the tee, and all is quiet. An anxious look comes over the Lindsay bunch, but they never lose hope, for they know that if it can be done "J. D." will do it. His only shot is to get a wick off McSweyn's stone and lay nearer the tee than St. Paul, but it is a most difficult shot. Mr. Flavelle says, "It's the only shot," and with a look of grim determination on his face he starts for the other end to play the stone which means so much. The crowd falls back to let the light in. Mr. Flavelle takes aim, and the stone comes down. He has the ice all right, and with "Let her swing, boys; let her pull," he follows it, and then with a loud shout, "Sweep! sweep! sweep hard, awfully hard!!" and Normie and Mr. Little's brooms can't be seen, they move so fast. It was a beauty and it went just where he wanted for Lindsay lay one to the good. A tremendous cheer went up, and the spectators could hardly keep from crowding the ice. Now Dunbar's chance comes, and his only hope is to lift his stone just a few inches; he tries and with an almost perfect shot strikes his stone fairly but just a trifle too heavy, and the greatest game of the year was over, and the cheers were deafening.

Mr. Flavelle and the Lindsay rink were the heroes of the day, and they were kept busy shaking hands with the crowd. The spectators got so excited and jubilant over the victory that some one went and kissed Mr. Flavelle, much to the amusement of the crowd. The victory was a noted one and well deserved. I will remember that game for a long time. I bustled over to the 'phone to send the good news home, and I trust it was not long getting there, for I guess the enthusiasm was very great down in Lindsay.

The score by ends was as follows:

Dunbar......	1	0	1	0	3	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	—9
Flavelle.....	0	2	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	1	2	1	—10

MICHAEL H. McGEOUGH.

A Fine or Two Needed.

On Friday afternoon at 4.30 the firemen were given a run in answer to a false alarm sent in from the box at the corner of Kent and Albert-sts. by some schoolboys. An alarm was also sent in Thursday from the same box at the same hour, and presumably by the same parties, as the glass was broken and the chain attached to the key taken. A couple of false alarms have been sent in from other parts of the town during the last few weeks, which goes to show that the boys are growing bold and need a lesson. An effort should be made to discover the identity of one or two of these fresh youths, who have evidently forgotten their liability to a penalty of $20.

ST. ANDREW'S YEAR OF PROGRESS.

$6,117.58 Raised for all Purposes in 1903—the Talent Workers' Record

The annual meeting of St. Andrew's church, Lindsay, was held on the 28th of Jan. Tea was served in the basement of the Schoolroom, there being a large attendance of members and adherents. After all had done ample justice to the good things provided by the ladies, the congregation assembled in the church, when the pastor, Rev. J. W. Macmillan, B.A., after conducting devotional exercises, took charge of the business meeting.

Reports and financial statements were read from all the different organizations in connection with the church. The treasurer, Mr. Robt. Ross, in his statements, showed a balance on hand over all expenditure of $15.24 for the year 1902. All the other organizations reported progress, but special notice should be given to the work done by the Talent Workers. During the last year they undertook to put a floor in the basement of the Schoolroom; having raised the necessary funds to complete that work, their next move was to fit up a kitchen with all necessary appliances, so that the work in connection with all the social gatherings can be more conveniently carried on.

The following is a general statement of all monies raised during the year for the different objects:

	For Missions and Benevolence.	For Ordinary Purposes.
Contributions in envelopes...	$	$3640.61
Collections, open...		542.61
Thanksgiving offering...	81.71	
Choir...		14.00
Organ...		13.00
Interest		2.40
Church schemes,.....	788.72	
Debt Fund...		307.96
Century Fund...	17.00	
W. F. M. S...	174.56	12.75
Talent Workers ...	10.00	153.58
Sabbath School ...	54.82	153.40
Goforth Mission Band...	24.46	
Ivy Mission Band...	26.00	
	$1177.27	$4840.31
		1177.27
		$6017.58

The annual Year Book, which will be printed shortly, will give a detailed statement.

Railway Notes.

—The C.P.R. and G.T.R. Companies will have a joint ticket office in the rotunda of the new King Edward hotel, Toronto.

—The New York Central Railroad has perfected a plan to minimize the loss of life and injuries in accidents by employing 60 surgeons, who will live along the line, and be easily reached at any time. Each surgeon will have charge of a section, and every train will carry a full kit of surgeon's tools.

—An interesting case was confirmed by the Court of Appeals last week. Lawyer Bain, of Brampton, some time ago sued the G. T. R. Co., for damages for injuries sustained by being assaulted while travelling on one of the Company's trains. He was awarded $3,500, and the company appealed. The decision means that all railway companies in Canada are bound to protect passengers against assault while travelling on their trains.

—The New York Central's fast train, the Empire State Express, running between New York and Buffalo, recently eclipsed its previous record. On the run from Albany to Buffalo, with an engine new from the shops, it reached a speed of 109.35 miles an hour, covering seven and a half miles in four minutes. The whole distance of 302 miles was run in 295 minutes or 58 3-5 seconds per mile.

—The Pere Marquette Railway has reached an agreement with its engineers whereby the wages for the latter are to be for passenger engineers 3 3-4 cents per mile; through freights, 3 1-4 cents per mile; local freights, $4 per day; switch engines, $2.60 per day of ten hours. On engines having a cylinder larger than 12x24 inches the rate will be $4.50 per 100 miles. This provision is made so that the men on the moguls on the main lines will receive more pay than the men pulling light trains on

—The Canadian Northern Railway Company has just now contracts with various firms for the construction of about a thousand freight cars. Mr. Hanna, general manager, was desirous of giving further contracts, but so far no Canadian firm is in a position to undertake more of this kind of work for some time to come, and the C. N. R. must wait. There are twenty-nine engines being constructed at Kingston and the indications are that the company will have carrying power of an enormously increased capacity for next harvest.

—Railway and Shipping News: Plans have been filed with the Ontario Department of Public Works for a section of 20 miles of the Toronto, Lindsay and Pembroke Railway. These show a line from Bird's Creek, the present terminus of the I. B. & O. Ry., to Palmer's Rapids, in continuation of the projected line to Golden Lake to meet the branch already constructed from Pembroke to that point.

—At a recent meeting of Simcoe County Council a couple of the members, after a search of the official archives, discovered that about 53 years ago the County had invested £50,000 in the Ontario, Simcoe & Huron Railway, under conditions which assured the County a dividend when the road became a paying concern. Some years later the Northern Railway Co. assumed control, and now the line is a part of the G.T.R. System. The County Council passed a resolution instructing the Clerk to make a demand on the G. T. R. Company for the amount of the unpaid dividends.

—The Michigan Central R. R. has planted 34,000 catalpa trees on the banks and at 14 stations along its Canadian section. In 1900 20,000 trees were planted, and in 1901 14,000 more, and the experiment has proved so successful that it is proposed to plant about 60 acres at the stations along the Joliet and Western divisions of the line. The Pennsylvania R. R. and New York Central R. R. Companies are also engaging extensively in tree planting, and in time the tracks will be lined with groves of magnificent trees.

LIBRARY SITE: GAS.

Opponents of Market Site Granted a Public Meeting

TEST OF THE STREET LIGHTS TO BE MADE FRIDAY NEXT, FEB. 20th,

Our Aldermen Spent Two Hours Last Night in Free and Easy Discussion of the Above Mentioned Matters.

A meeting of Council committees was held last evening in the Council chamber, at which Mayor Sootheran and all members were present. Regular committee work, however, was not taken up, as the conversation got switched off onto Public Library and Gas Co. matters, and these subjects proved so interesting that almost all other business was shelved for the time being.

Communications.

At the start off Clerk Knowlson read a communication addressed to Mr. John Makins by a former Lindsayite, relative to the inducements the town might offer for the establishment of a soap factory. Clerk Knowlson was instructed to write and obtain particulars for the next meeting of Council.

From Miss Scott, Superintendent of Ross Hospital, relative to a patient named McMahon, who is being maintained at the expense of the town. ......Mayor Sootheran explained that the old man had been an inmate of the Home for the Aged, was suffering from hernia, and he had informed Miss Scott that the town would be responsible for another month's maintenance. Another town patient named Claude had been taken over by the County on Feb. 1st, in compliance with his request......Approval of the Mayor's action was expressed.

Police and Lighting Committee.

Ald. McCrea, chairman, read a letter from President Burgess, of the Lindsay Gas Co., dated Feb. 12th, informing Council that he had been unable to secure Prof. Lang, the gentleman named by Council to conduct a test of the Lindsay street lights, but that Prof. Ellis, who had conducted the test of the Toronto lights, would visit Lindsay on Feb. 20th and act in conjunction with Mr. W. H. Stevens, B.A., the Council's representative.

On motion the Clerk was instructed to notify Mr. Stevens in order to secure his attendance on the day specified.

Messrs. J. Crawford, Geo. Foster and M. Andrus were allowed $1.50 each for services as special constables at the Curling Rink on the occasion of the visit of the Scotch Curlers.

A report presented by a special watchman engaged during December and part of January to note the time at which the street lamps were lighted and extinguished, was read for the information of members. It contained some surprises and proved that the Gas Co., or the men employed to tend the lamps, had been getting ahead of the town at a lively rate in the matter of lamp hours. The watchman's charge for services rendered was endorsed and referred to the Finance committee for payment.

Ald. Cinnamon—"I suppose if the Professor says we are getting the full candle power, that settles it?"

Mayor Sootheran—"Yes, if we are getting the stated candle power without the aid of reflectors."

Ald. Cinnamon—"I understand the test is to be made at the Company's works?"

Mayor Sootheran—"I don't know if a street test can be arranged; Mr. Stevens will tell us."

Ald. Storer—"But what about the pressure — won't it be stronger there?"

Ald. McCrea—"I wouldn't allow the test to be made there; gas is like water and the further it is forced the weaker the pressure. We ought to make the test at some outside point—say at Ald. O'Rielly's."

Ald. Cinnamon—"What power does the contract give us in the matter?"

Mayor Sootheran—"Suppose we get in and spend an evening going over its clauses?"

The Public Library Site.

Ald. Cinnamon—"Is it the intention to allow our Solicitor to go ahead and apply for an act in connection with the Public Library site when there is every reason to believe that we shall be throwing away $200 or more?"

Mayor Sootheran—"The resolution passed at last meeting of Council, and endorsed at the recent conference with the Public Library board, obliges us to do so. There will be opposition, and I believe it will be cheaper to get special legislation than to risk and injunction and a costly lawsuit."

Ald. Cinnamon—"Why were not the same objections raised in the case of the fire hall?"

Mayor Sootheran—"The legal obstacle wasn't known then."

Ald. Cinnamon—"I understand there is a strong feeling in favor of the Wilson site, and that a number of persons have offered to contribute liberally to a fund for its purchase. It is said that $700 or $800 is already promised, and the amount might be increased to twice that figure."

Mayor Sootheran—"I wouldn't accept private subscriptions—we have no right to tax our citizens in that way. It would be all right if we had someone wealthy enough to donate a site."

Ald. Cinnamon referred to the conference with the Library Board and the Solicitor's explanations, and pointed out that several lawyers had expressed the view that the statutes gave all necessary power to grant the market park site, hence special legislation was not necessary.

Mayor Sootheran—"Yes, but the Solicitor says the statutory clause is not interpreted as it reads. The law is often that way. If we do not obtain legislative sanction now, and anyone takes out an injunction before or after the building is started, then we will have to fight it out in the courts at an expense much greater than the cost of an act that will make everything safe."

Ald. Cinnamon—"That may be true, but some lawyers like to run up a bill of costs for the sake of the fees to be gained."

Mayor Sootheran—"Mr. Hopkins has been acting for the town for a good many years. He is admitted to be a sharp municipal lawyer, and has no doubt saved us as much money as anyone could."

Ald. Cinnamon—"But if, as we are told, there is going to be sufficient opposition to defeat our application for a special act, why go ahead and throw away the money?"

Mayor Sootheran—"I believe there will be very strong opposition, and perhaps sufficient to defeat our application, but there is the Council's resolution, seconded by yourself, and passed by a vote of 6 to 2, instructing us to go ahead and incur that expense. While I don't approve of the market site I believe in supporting the wish of the majority, and we should do all in our power to give effect to the promise made by last year's Council to furnish a site for the library. I think still that the best way out of the difficulty would be to unite on the lot across the road and buy 20 feet of the Preston lot."

Ald. Cinnamon—"That site wouldn't answer at all. I'd like to save useless expense, and I'd like to hear the opposition."

Mayor Sootheran—"Pass a resolution instructing me to call a special meeting of Council—then you can move to repeal the resolution you seconded the other evening, and we'll discuss it. I'm glad to see you have changed your mind as to the site."

Ald. Cinnamon—"I have changed my mind a bit, but I don't believe in incurring useless expenditure. At the same time, I'm not in favor of building the library on the other of the street in a mud-hole."

Mayor Sootheran—"My dear sir, the site of this hall was a mud-hole, and so was the park on the west side of the track. The lot could be built up at small expense, and the presence of the library on the other side of the street would quickly result in the surroundings being improved."

Ald. Robinson said he was in fine humor; he had opposed the choice of the market park, and his stand had been commended by hundreds of citizens. He could assure them that if they sent up a deputation 100 strong to support the application for an act there would be 200 persons on hand to oppose it. The Library people should be satisfied to take the site on the other side of the street."

Ald. O'Rielly—"If the application is opposed the Legislature will tell us to submit the question to another vote."

Ald. McWatters—"I'm told that a by-law would be voted down 2 to 1, and that a lot of Union men don't want to accept the money at all."

Mayor Sootheran—"I think that would be a mistake—we ought to accept the money. If we don't it will be a long time before we get another such chance to secure a model Public Library."

Ald. Storer—"Let us get along."

Mayor Sootheran—"Wait awhile, Ald. Storer; this is a very profitable discussion."

Ald. Cinnamon—"If the people who are in favor of the Wilson site can raise a good deal of the money for its purchase, why shouldn't we let them go ahead?"

Ald. O'Rielly—"There's this to remember—we are getting $50 or 60 a year in taxes from the Wilson corner buildings, and if the library goes there we cease that. Then again, if we give the lot on the south side of Kent-st. we must buy at least 20 feet more land and incur a lot of expense in building the site up."

Ald. Robinson—"The earth from the excavation will go along way. I'm certain that $50 more would be enough."

Ald. Cinnamon—"Why can't we call a public meeting and get out the opposition to the market park, if there is any?"

Mayor Sootheran—"I'm willing to call one. We can invite the members of the Library Board to be present."

Ald. Cinnamon—"I believe it would [illegible]"

Ald. O'Rielly—"A public meeting will do no good. There are about 800 property owners. Suppose 100 of them come here to oppose the market site—will you accept their verdict against the remaining 700?"

Ald. Cinnamon—"No, I wouldn't, but the meeting will afford some indication of the public feeling."

After some further discussion it was moved by Ald. Cinnamon, seconded by Ald. McWatters, that a public meeting be held on Monday, Feb. 23rd.—Carried.

The members then spent about half-an-hour over the Gas Co. contract, making themselves familiar with the various clauses. It was arranged that each member invite two citizens to witness the test on Feb. 20th. The committees adjourned soon after 10 o'clock.

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G. T. R. TIME TABLE.

ARRIVALS.

30.	From Toronto, fgt.... ...	5.00 a.m.
32.	From Haliburton...... ...	8.55 a.m.
21.	From Port Hope...... ...	9.10 a.m.
22.	From Toronto...	10.50 a.m.
30.	From Coboconk......	10.10 a.m.
85.	From Port Hope... ...	2.05 p.m.
42.	From I. B. & O. Jct......	5.20 p.m.
28.	From Port Hope...	6.23 p.m.
54.	From Whitby......	7.30 a.m.
24.	From Toronto......	8.05 p.m.
56.	From Whitby...	8.45 p.m.
94.	From Midland...	8.10 p.m.
45.	From Belleville...	5.50 p.m.
13.	From Belleville...	10.20 p.m.

DEPARTURES.

12.	For Belleville	6.25 a.m.
51.	For Whitby...	6.30 a.m.
21.	For Toronto...	9.15 a.m.
32.	For Port Hope......	10.53 a.m.
43.	For I.B.&O. Jct.	11.00 a.m.
55.	For Whitby...	11.05 a.m.
27.	For Toronto	12.05 p.m.
33.	For Haliburton...	2.40 p.m.
31.	For Coboconk......	6.35 p.m.

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The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEB. 20, 1903.

EDEN—STORAH.

(From Our Own Correspondent)

We regret to have to announce the death of Jennie, the five year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Storah, on great weeks ago the little girl was stricken with scarlet fever of very malignant type and despite all that loving care and medical health could do, she gradually sank till death relieved her. Mrs. Mellon is also ill with the same disease, but we are pleased to hear that she is now recovering. Mr. Mellon has the sympathy of all in his trouble.

GILBERT.

(From Our Own Correspondent)

The weather for the past week has been extremely mild. The crows were out and we are looking forward to the coming spring.

While cutting wood near South Lake a short time ago, Mr. Jas. Hamilton had the good luck to discover a bee tree containing eight lbs of honey.

The friends of the Rev. Mr. Wayte, who has been ailing for some time past, will be pleased to hear that he is recovering and we trust that again he will have regained his once sturdy constitution.

We regret to hear of the departure of Mr. and Mrs. John Quibell from our village. Mr. Quibell has sought and a position in Toronto, formerly the I. B. O. Odt., and will move his family there this week.

Another wedding this week.

LINDEN VALLEY.

(From Our Own Correspondent)

One of the happiest events of the season took place Friday evening, Feb. 13th, when about twenty of neighbors and friends wended their way to the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Birchard to celebrate the opening of their new home. It proved a very hearty reception and an invitation to unexpected. The wedding which all pronounced a fine success, held in regard to comfort and beauty. The social hours spent in games and music were very swiftly by. An invitation was extended to partake of the generous tea room, where ample justice was done to a sumptuous repast prepared by the ladies. After the guests had bid adieu, a hearty vote of thanks was accorded to the absent groom. Those present were entertained by Robert Ferguson and Miss Bessie Cahill and Miss Minnie B. Knight and Mr. Wellen were well rendered. Prof. Bell recited, the address was delivered by Rev. J. W. Farrell, Cambray. Rev. G. B. Clark, Omemee, and Messrs E. Rose, jun. E. B. Rogers and C. Knight, in which all were assured of a happy life; high esteem for the valuable assistance given by both the parents and family to forward every good work in our neighborhood, especially in the Sabbath School, where Mr. Birchard has been an active worker, and Mr. and Mrs. Birchard respondent, expressed their appreciation of the guests for their kind words of appreciation, which will long remain them to gather efforts to their

We make Granby Rubbers and Overshoes out of pure new rubber.

Can as much be said of any other make? We find it pays in the long run to use

Granby Rubbers

last longer, and give better satisfaction in every way. It costs us more, but it costs you less, for one pair does the work of two pairs of ordinary rubbers.

"Granby Rubbers wear like iron."

daily taboro After singing the national anthem all dispersed. Among the guests were: Miss Horne, Lindsay; Mrs. A. Brichard, Oakwood; Miss Collis, Fenelon, and Mr. and Miss Staples, Long Point.

OAKWOOD

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Mr. Frank Smallwood, who has been visiting for some time in this village, left yesterday for his home in Manitoba.

Mr. George Adair visited his sister, Mrs. Ed. Poulsom, last week.

Mr. Thos. Pearce is spending a few days with friends in this vicinity.

Mr. Ed. Pearce is at his home in Miss Bailey, of Cambray, visiting at Miss Ruth, of Cambray, is visiting her sister, Mrs. E. G. Lytle.

Miss Hennie spent Sunday with her friend, Miss Woods, in Lindsay.

Mr. W. T. Pearce spent a few days in Toronto last week.

A box social will held in Knox church Friday evening last. A good program was rendered and everybody reports having had a good time. Proceeds will in aid of the Ladies Auxiliary.

BATTLE BRITAIN

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Mr. Smith, who was the victim of an accident last week is progressing nicely. We hope to see him about again soon.

A great deal of ice has been seen on the lake for the past week. According to all accounts the crannies will soon be in operation.

Quite a number of our young people took in the popular social at Oakwood last Friday evening.

Several vehicles have broke through the ice while driving over the bay at Lake Scugog, but from the sloughing party that was going here to the island, escaped. They were all in a state of swimming south of the grammar, which they will remember for a while.

Our mill men are getting more cheerful as the days lengthen. However, they are trying to keep up the allegiance.

Mr. Chas. Smith, of Raglan, is visiting at Mr. Jas. Smith's.

Time boss, get your shovels out. There is good ice under the snow and it would only take a short time to clear it. If this work is done we give a good many hours, spent to our young people.

ISLAY.

(From Our Own Correspondent)

On Wednesday evening, Feb. 11th, one hundred invited guests assembled at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Graham to witness the marriage of their eldest daughter, Lizzie A., to Samuel H. Gupp, of Balsam Grove. The ceremony was performed by their pastor, Rev. Mr. Hicks, at 8 o'clock, after leaving on the arrival of the bridegroom, the bride was entered into the parlor leaning on the arm of her father, to the sweet strains of the wedding march played by Miss Mabel Christian. The bride was assisted by her sister, Miss Jennie Graham, while the groom was supported by his brother, Mr. Harry Gupp. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. T. A. Ferguson, B. A., of Lindsay. After the usual congratulations all retired to the dining room, and partook of a sumptuous supper. After supper the evening was for spent in games and amusements of various kinds, when all left for their homes. The presents to the bride were both numerous and costly, which showed the high esteem in which she was held by many of her friends. The happy couple left by the morning train for Peterboro and eastern points. On their return Mr. and Mrs. Gupp will move to their farm near Cambray. The Post joins with their friends join in wishing them a happy and prosperous wedded life.

DERCAMPTON

(From Our Own Correspondent)

The Dercaymo curlers paid Bobcaygeon a visit on Monday, 9th, and played a match with three rinks, which resulted in favor of Bobcaygeon; and Tuesday, the 10th, the Lindsay curlers came down to play at the Peterboro rinks, and the game was won by Lindsay, the rinks in Lindsay and Bobcaygeon playing at that evening the game resulted in favor of Bobcaygeon.

There is almost a epidemic fashion in the village, some have a few days holiday then till next spring, expecting to get fabulous prices for their wood time. They are now selling at 90c per cord, and it is the general opinion that price.

Wood is coming in slowly of late, and some of the villagers are looking around to see if they will be able to get next season's supply.

The Presbyterian Sabbath School held their annual tea and concert on the 12th, and it is said that it was a decided success. As the day was fine the people decided to give the scholars and teachers a sleigh ride, and a large number availed themselves of the church fully occupied for the tea and concert. The sum of $40 net profit been called in aid of the Sabbath School. The Sunday school concert was attended by a large and of course all got heard and said it was a good concert. Some of the pieces were encored, and the church fully occupied for the tea and concert, after which a well selected program was given in the town hall, the proceeds to in aid of the Sabbath School.

On Friday, the 13th, an oyster supper was held in the town hall in aid of the Methodist church. As the evening was fine the crowd was large, and the oysters disappeared like fresh snow in the town hall. Everybody and everyone present had been satisfied with the supper, tickets was given, on which was very interesting. At

together a very pleasant evening was spent.

We notice by Mr. Knight's report of the attendance of teachers at the recent convention that all the Bobcaygeon teachers were in their places, though there is a solitary traveler in this progressive town who begrudges them the valuable information and encouragement they get from these conventions.

WOODVILLE.

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Water Smith, of this village, passed a creditable examination in Toronto recently in land surveying. He will continue his studies as an articled student in the offices of Fitzsimons, Smith, Bo. Harper and Civil Engineers, of Orillia, who will keep a branch office here on hand.

CODCONCH.

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Messrs. Ham and Dickson, with commendable energy, are just now making active preparations to build a better factory. Part of the stone, and all supplies are now on hand, and the building will be completed as soon as possible. They have visited numerous factories and have consulted some of the most successful dairymen in Ontario in reference to buildings and machinery, and everything in connection with the industry will be of the latest and most approved pattern. The location could not selected than this village for such a factory. Ample milk comes from the adjacent country by horses and waggons, and from the more remote points by train and boat. Farmers are making preparations to increase the number of their cows, and we look for the factory to keep trade as soon as spring opens.

Mrs. T. C. Birchard spent last week with relatives at Linden Valley and Lindsay.

Mr. Ed. Wright, of Linden Valley, spent the 8th inst. visiting the family of Mr. Jas. Phillips.

Three funerals took place last week in this village, viz: the ravages of scarlet fever. Two little girls—Cora, and Della, daughters of Mr. Joseph Gosling—and Samuel, son of Mr. Nicholas Gosling, were the victims. Much sympathy is felt for the afflicted parents.

The scarlet fever seems to be of a malignant type now, as no more cases have appeared for a week.

FENELON FALLS.

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Mr. Thomas Rutherford, while taking out his team from the Masonic house shed on Saturday evening last, met with the misfortune to slip on the ice, bringing his leg in contact with the pole of a sleigh and causing a fracture of the limb.

The Victoria Sabbath School purpose giving an entertainment in Dobson's hall on Tuesday night of next week. Miss K. Dickson, with some others are arranging the program for which we bespeak for it every patronage.

Mr. Pat Kelly died at his residence, Colborne-st, on Wednesday of last week. Mr. Kelly held the offices of constable and sanitary inspector here for a number of years, and did the work acceptably. He was an drinkman by birth and served twenty years in the Queen's cavalry, from which position he drew a pension up to the time of his death. He remained a deeply regretted by a large number of acquaintances in the village.

The skating rink was filled to overflowing on Tuesday night to witness the T.A.S. of Peterboro and the home team make the point and game would not be said to be a good exhibition of hockey, as it was evident from the first that the home team lacked practise and showed up in poor form, consequently the Peterboro seven had almost their game in hand and at least made a attack 6 0 in Peterboro's favor, and at the finish the tally stood 7 to 2 in favor of the visitors. The home team played only three of their old team, the remaining five being junior. The boys take their defeat philosophically and will practise expect to do better later on. Referee Wasson gave entire satisfaction.

The Rathburn Co. and Mr. John Bryce have a big supply of cutting logs at their mills.

The village will turn on a full-day time table next month for the purpose of taking $15,000 stock in a company being formed by Mr. F. Sandford.

KINMOUNT.

(From Our Own Correspondent)

The Kinmount Creamery received a carload of Manitoba wheat, containing 40,000 bushels, last week. The freight charges amounted to over $300.

The Kinmount Curling club for all the sawdust and refuse from their mill, which is a great saving—little the last to turn the sawdust on the railway track.

It is rumored that an industry is going to start up in the village, but we know of it. It will mean new houses and plenty of work for our carpenters.

There is a possibility of the Northern Colonization hands, as the property must be sold. We hope it will not be sold, because the south that has always been over the door on Friday, the 13th, is a day of luck. Live and let live.

Quite a number of deaths have occurred in the village recently, some sudden—some expected. Mrs. Hunter died last week. Two old and esteemed residents, Mrs. Thos. Hall and Mrs. Harrison, sr.—were taken to their last resting places recently. Mr. Jas. M. Stephenson, who has been a sufferer for about 20 years, was taken off on Feb. 3rd and died a few days later. Mr. Jas. Hall, who recently deceased was a member, affiliated in the Orange Lodge. The lodge buy the sashes of all was the death of Mr. Hall. Thought it was a pity Rev. Mr. Yeraton, pastor of the Baptist church, was not in the village, sleigh-ridding, and losing control of his sleigh he ran into a tree, and the sleigh was picked up by his children. Frank and carried home in an unconscious condition. It was considered that he was not hurt seriously, but complications arose, causing his death last Friday. His remains were taken to Toronto by the bereaved parents for interment.

Miss Thos. Fell, who has been very ill, is recovering.

A young daughter of Mr. Mc-Cracken met with a very serious accident on Monday last week. She was taken home from the school, and her injuries attended to. She is in care of medical advisers.

It is expected that the new steel bridge will be commenced about the last week of this month. As the water will be low and the grist mill shut down, farmers would do well to get enough chopping done to last them for two or three weeks.

KINMOUNT.

(From Our Own Correspondent)

The entertainment given in the schoolhouse Friday evening, Feb. 13th, under the auspices of the Methodist church, was a great success. The program, which was a rather lengthy one, consisted of vocal and instrumental music, recitations, duets and violin solos, and every number her was well given. Those taking part were Mrs. Geo. Lee, Mrs. Lena Davis, Misses Norman and Robin Argue and Laura Woodcock, Bert Argue, Miss Rita Pogue, Miss Sara Woodcock, Messrs Hunter and Murray and Wilte, Mr. Frank Argue, Mr. Fred Pogue, Mr. Walter McGee, Mr. W. Quinn and Mr. Hunter. Much credit is due to Miss Cundall for the pains taken in training the children. Misses Norman and Robin Argue and Laura Woodcock deserve special mention for the manner in which they gave their selections. The proceeds realized in aid of the organ fund, amounted to $17.50.

CAMERON.

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Messrs. Perry and Hayes are busy with their sawing machine, cutting wood for the market.

Mrs G. M. Cundall, who had been visiting friends in Toronto for the last two months, returned home last week.

Measles fever has been quite prevalent in this community, the school being closed for about two weeks. However, the disease is now about stamped out, and school reopened last Monday morning.

Miss Jones, of Manitoba, who had been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Jones, for the past month, left on the evening train last Saturday morning for Toronto, on her return trip to the west.

Mr. Chas. Wright, formerly, late of the N.W.T., have taken up their abode in part of Mr. J. Hall's residence. There's no place like home, is there, George? Surposing it is only a poor place, we think it nice like Cameron.

Mr. F. Sowerby is kept busy every day with his chopping mill, and also in drying wet wheat.

Miss John Wallace and family are visiting friends in the neighborhood.

Mr. Joseph Mark has secured a clerkship in Mr. H. Lindsay's store.

Mr. Fred Copping, of Ball Point, has been for a very drawn attendant one day last week while chopping wood, he felt a pain in his side and he did not drive the axe into his foot, severing the two arteries. A physician dressed the wound and we are pleased to hear that it is progressing favorably.

The A.O.U.W. Lodge hold their annual concert on Feb. 27th. Local talent are preparing a excellent program.

Mr. Frank Smith, of Harvey, who had spent the last three or four months with his brother, Mr. Walter and Miss Lizzie Harvie, returned home last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Toogood, Darlington, have been between Fenelon and the T. A. S. of Peterboro, on Tuesday last, for one of first class game. The result of the game was a decided victory for Peterboro. The home team lost after a hard game by a score of 7 to 2. They have never been beaten on their own rink, and it is to be hoped the game will make them pull in their horses and not do so much bellowing in the future.

KIRKFIELD

(Special to The Post)

It is with sadness we have to chronicle the death of Mr. Donald J. Campbell, who passed away in his residence in Kirkfield on Jan. 30th, after a long illness. Mr. Mr. D. J. Campbell, grain buyer, of Eldon, and had only one sister, Mrs. M. McLean, Lindsay, who survives him. He was born to fame. He grew or to be a strong, active, manly, full of courage, and only those who know him best could tell of his large-hearted generosity. He was the youngest man of 35 years he married Miss Ella Cundill, second daughter of Mr. L. Gillanders, of Sandringham, who survives him with a little boy and mother gave him a farm of 200 acres, which he cleared, and 3 miles east of Eldon station. He has left a wife and a little boy, and men with good success. Throughout his business career he was in the thigh from a cut which resulted in a cancer, and for 3 years he was to give up farming. He started buying and shipping grain, and carried on business in both places till the time of his death, which was at 10 o'clock. He was a Conservative in politics, and a member of the Methodist church. He belonged to the I. O. F. and was a member of Sir Leonard Lodge, service being conducted by the former. He had reached the age of 35 years and 7 months, and was in the prime of life. Slow and for his wife, he was taken ill on Jan. 16th, and his condition was critical from the beginning and seized him for to go to bed, but he was able to be around and attend to anything serious. He seemed to getting worse on Friday, following Sunday Dr. Wood and Ross were summoned from Lindsay, to the village. Dr. Grant, of Woodville, was also summoned, but his condition of pulsation it was considered by them that he was well enough to be moved right to look a turn for the worse, and he lost his strength, and all hope for his recovery. On Thursday at noon his family kissed him good-bye, his last hours being calm and peaceful. He bore his sufferings with Christian fortitude, and said in his dying hour that he trusted the Christ for all, and in the heartiest sympathy of the community is extended to the family of the little children. Telegrams and letters of condolence have poured from leading men in Lindsay and Toronto in the circle of business.

Can't Understand It!

PEOPLE WONDER AT GOUGH'S PRICES!

THERE are many people who can't understand how GOUGH can afford, or how he dares to carry on such a big sale at such reckless prices. Why any concern should deliberately upset all standard values, turn prices topsy-turvey and get people talking so, is a conundrum.

GOUGH'S CHALLENGE SALE is held to close out Winter Stock. . . . .

The prices must be made to do most of the work—clothing does the rest. People come after the bargains as a matter of course, and they are not after the little priced goods for there are just as many buying up round the $10 to $15 mark as down at the $2 to $5 goods:—

Gentlemen's $12 and $15 Swagger Overcoats, thoroughly tailored, correct fit.....$7.50

Gentlemen's $8 and $10 Raglan Overcoats, with deep collar and tip-top style.....$5.00

Gentlemen's $6 and $7 All-Wool Overcoats in Chesterfield styles only $3.89

Boys' Overcoats $7.50
Raglans, good heavy cloth, tweed.....$3.95

Boys' Reefers, $3.00 garments, in good, heavy tweed.....$1.75

REDUCTIONS IN SUITS.

Men's $12 Suits reduced to $7.50
Men's $10 Suits reduced to $6 20
Men's $7 Suits reduced to $5.98
Men's $5 Suits reduced to $2.90
Boys' $3.50 Suits reduced to $2 00
Boys' $4.50 Suits reduced to $2.09
Boys' $1.50 Suits reduced to $1.10

FURNISHINGS REDUCED

Men's $2 Hats down to $1.15
Men's $1.50 Hats down to 85c
Men's 50c Underwear down to.....29c
Men's $1 Gloves down to 60c
Men's Fancy Neckwear down to.....20c
Men's Fancy Shirts down to 45c

Clean sweep is what we are after and clean sweep is what we must have!

Don't bother about "how we can do it." Just attend Gough's Challenge Sale and you'll get proof positive.

B. J. GOUGH

THE WONDERFUL CHEAP MAN.

SALE REGISTER.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21st, by Peter Brown, auctioneer, at No. 49 Wellington street, Lindsay, auction sale of household effects, the property of Mr. John Mallett. Sale at one o'clock sharp.—w2-ds

ON FRIDAY, FEB. 20th, 1903.—By Peter Brown, auctioneer, on lot 24, con. 12, Mariposa, surrounded Credit Sale of Farm Stock and implements. Apply to Thos. Ward, W. J. Allan N. Cady. Sale at 12 o'clock sharp.

ON TUESDAY, MARCH 3, 1903—By John McDougall, auctioneer, lot 9, con. 10, Ops. Credit Sale of valuable Farm Stock and Implements, the property of Mr. G. E. Ross, Reaboro. Sale at one o'clock sharp and without reserve.

ON FRIDAY, FEB. 27th—By Peter Brown, auctioneer, Sale of Farm Stock and Implements, the property of Mr. Robert Hall jnr. lot 25, con. 12, Mariposa. Sale at one o'clock sharp.—w2-ds

ON MONDAY, MARCH 9th, 1903—By Geo. McIlroy, auctioneer, on west half lot 16, con. 4, Ops. Credit Sale of valuable Farm Stock and Implements, the property of Mr. Peter Brady. Sale at one o'clock sharp and without reserve.—w3.

ON TUESDAY, FEB. 24—By Geo. McHugh, auctioneer, Sale of Farm Stock and Implements. The property of Mr. W. Thackston. Sale on the premises, lot 11, concession 6, Ops. at 12 o'clock. Everything will be sold, as Mr. Thackston having disposed of his farm.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing in the Village of Oakwood under the firm style and name of MASON and MARK, doing business as Tinsmiths, Stove Dealers and Household Furniture, has been by mutual consent this day dissolved. All debts due from the late firm will be paid by the undersigned, George T. Mason, who will continue to carry on the business at the Village of Oakwood, and all debts and accounts due by parties to the late firm will be collected by and paid to the said George T. Mason. Dated this 1st day of February, 1903. GEORGE FRANCIS MASON, ALFRED JUDSON MARK.—w4.

LANDS FOR SALE.

FARM FOR SALE—East half of lot 11, in 1st concession Ops. For particulars apply on the premises, or by letter to Thomas Fleary, Lindsay P.O.—w3.

FOR SALE—The undersigned has for sale a number of thoroughbred Durham Bulls with pedigrees, also several fine Tamworth Yorkshire boars and sows. W. J. MOORE, Glenelg-st, west, Telephone No. 8 Lindsay.—w2

FARM FOR SALE—One of the best farms in the county of Victoria containing about 112 acres, 80 acres plow land in first-class state of cultivation. Buildings good. Eight miles from Lindsay, one mile from Reaboro, and four miles from Omemee. For particulars apply to box 522, Lindsay.

100 ACRE FARM FOR SALE—Half-way between Woodville and Cambray, on 4 Ops. of Mariposa, 75 acres cleared, balance hardwood bush, barn 48x 60 feet, with stone foundation, and stabling. A large pig pen and good drilling house, frame dwelling, with wood house attached, good orchard; buildings almost new. Plenty of spring water, convenient. A. ANDERSON, 311 McCaul Street, Toronto.—w1.

FOR SALE—200 acres farm in the Township of Eldon, being north half of 14 and east half of 15 on the 3 concession. About 50 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, the balance in pasture and timber land. There is on the premises a good house and a large frame barn and other outbuildings. Good well, some fruit trees, and situated on gravel road and market. For further particulars apply to MALCOLM MCKINNON, Argyle.—tfw

FARM FOR SALE.—100 acres, Lot 8 Con. 7, Eldonsville; 80 acres cleared, balance in wooded land, and in good state of cultivation; house, two barns, two spring wells; school across the road; two miles south of Village of Omemee; village half way between Peterborough and Bobcaygeon. Will be sold by tender, which will be received until 1st of March. Possession given by arrangement to be made satisfactory to all. Address tenders to Mrs. E. Gough, care James B. Dwyer, Lindsay, Ont.—8tw.

MICELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A mare in foal. Will sell or exchange for a colt, or will exchange for suitable horses. Apply to G. A. McGaughey, bagsgowan, Lindsay.—w2

BULLS FOR SALE—Two pure breed Durham Bulls for sale; one two years old, other 11 months old. Apply to F. SHAVER, Lot 13, Con. 1, Mariposa, Little Britain P.O.—w2

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—A Frame house with barn and stable, all in good repair, together with 2½ acres of good land, situated within the Corporation. This is a very desirable property and will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply to HUGILL DOBSON, Lindsay.—2w4d

THOROUGHBRED CATTLE FOR SALE.

1 Thoroughbred Durham Bull, rising two years old.

1 Thoroughbred Durham Bull, rising one year old.

1 Thoroughbred Durham Bull, seven months old.

4 Thoroughbred Durham Heifers.

Apply to WM. HALL, Cambray.—w7.

Animals for Service.

One Durham Bull, One Jersey Bull, One Yorkshire Pig, One Tamworth Pig. Terms $1.00.

GEO. CONNORS.

Fee's Farm, Lot 22, 4th Con., Ops.—w4

IMPOUNDED COW.

To the Clerk of the Township of Eldon:

I hereby give notice that I have taken up a Cow that came into my premises about the 15th day of January, 1903. The Cow is of a red color, appears to be about four years old, and is dehorned. She has a white star in the forehead.

In case the cow is not claimed by the owner and all expenses paid within two months from date, steps will be taken to sell the animal as provided by the Act respecting Pounds.

Dated at Eldon (Lot 5, in 1st Concession), January 28th, 1903.

JOHN WARD.

TEN PAGES

THE WEEKLY POST.

TEN PAGES

OUR FIFTY-SEVENTH YEAR—NO. 106 | LINDSAY, ONT., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1903. | TERMS—$1.00 PER YEAR PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

"Trustworthy Goods at Uniformly Right Prices."

Carpet News

The present advance in wools and warps has caused some manufacturers to withdraw all former prices and fill no orders except at the now advanced prices. We escaped this advance, as our Carpets were bought some months previous. Therefore your floor coverings, etc, will be best bought at this store, as we save you all the extra outlay that you will necessarily meet in buying where they were less fortunate than ourselves.

Wool Filled Carpets Extra quality warp Our Leader **50c**

This carpet is made expressly for us, and filled as we specially directed. Our knowledge of the good wearing qualities helped our decision in having it manufactured so. They are full 36 inches wide, reversible patterns, wool filled and extra quality warp. All this season's designs and colorings, several combinations to choose from. Our special price per yard ... **50c**

Union Carpets—Full 36 inches wide, reversible, well woven clean carpets, in all the newest colorings and patterns suitable for most any room. Prices range 40c, 35c, 30c—all extra value—and ... **25c**

Brussels Carpets Best English and Canadian Brussels Carpets—27 inches wide extra quality, high lofty pile—newest colorings and patterns, suitable for better rooms. Special 97c. **87c**

Axminster Carpets English Axminster Carpets, 27 inches wide, beautiful lofty pile—newest colorings and patterns, special... **$1.50** Borders to match ... $1.35.

Tapestry Carpets Extra quality English Tapestry Carpets, 27 inches wide, immense range to select from—stair or body—all new colorings and patterns, some 75c, 60c, and ... **50c**

Wilton Carpets These beautiful pile Carpets 27 inches wide, in magnificent colors and patterns and grand wearing qualities, Borders $1.30, Stair $1.25, Body widths 1.35 and ... **$1.25**

Oil Cloths These serviceable floor coverings in 4-4, 5-4, 6-4, 8-4, 10-4 widths, assorted Block and Floral designs, all new colorings, extra good wearing canvas back, some per square yard 40c, 30c, and ... **25c**

Linoleums—Extra quality English and Scotch Linoleums in block and floral designs—all new combinations. Extra heavy canvas back, 3 and 4 yards wide. Special per square yard ... **50c**

We cut and match properly all Floor Coverings Free.

LACE CURTAINS—Imported direct from manufacturers.

2½ yds long, overlocked cord edges, good width, neat designs, some 45c, and ... **35c**

3½ yds long, white, extra wide, several designs to select from, overlocked cord edges, extra value per pair ... **$1.00**

3 yds long, extra width, overlocked cord edges, neat designs. This quality Curtain sold at 85c last season. Through a big purchase we say ... **75c**

Better grades—3½ yds long, extra wide, overlocked cord edges. Prices range $1.25, $1.50, $1.65 up to ... **$5.00**

Don't fail to see our special. It's extra value at ... **$1.35**

Rugs, Mattings, Window Shades—Curtain Laces, Nets, Curtain Poles, Trimmings, etc., etc.

This store closes Saturday Evenings at 9 o'clock during February and March.

J. SUTCLIFFE & SONS,

CASH LINDSAY ONE PRICE

COUNTY OF VICTORIA
Adjourned Sale of Lands for Taxes.

Whereas, at the sale of lands in the County of Victoria for arrears of taxes, held at the Court House, Lindsay, on the 17th day of February inst., I, the undersigned Treasurer of the County of Victoria, failed to sell a number of parcels of lands for the arrears of taxes due thereon: and whereas, I did at such sale give notice that I would at an adjourned sale, to be held on Tuesday, the 3rd day of March, 1903, sell such lands for such sums as I could realize, and would accept such sums as full payment of said arrears of taxes;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that, unless otherwise directed by the local municipalities interested, I shall proceed to sell the said lands as above mentioned

At the Court House, in the Town of Lindsay,

—ON—

Tuesday, March 3rd, 1903,

at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, unless the arrears of taxes together, with all expenses, shall be sooner paid.

J. R. McNEILLIE, County Treasurer.

Dated at Lindsay this 17th day of February, 1903.—w2.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Pursuant to R.S.O., 1897, Chap. 129, Sec. 38, the creditors of Morgan O'Neill, late of the township of Emily, in the county of Victoria, farmer, deceased, who died on or about the 7th day of February, A.D. 1903, are requested on or before the 21st DAY OF APRIL, A.D. 1903, to send by post prepaid to the undersigned, John McSweyn, Lindsay P.O., solicitor for John Corbett and William O'Neill, the executors of the estate of the said Morgan O'Neill, their christian and surnames, addresses and occupations, full particulars of their claims, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

The said executors shall, after the said 21st day of April, 1903, be at liberty to distribute the assets of the said deceased, or any part thereof, among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they then have notice, and shall not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose claim such executors have not had notice at the time of such distribution.

Dated at Lindsay this 24th day of February, A.D. 1903.

JOHN McSWEYN, of the Town of Lindsay, in the County of Victoria, Solicitor for said Executors. —w4

LOST—On Feb. 9th, on the Back Road, Emily, between the Maple Leaf Cheese Factory and Lindsay, a Fur Ruff. Finder please leave same at Post printing office.—w1.

STOCK OWNERS COME BACK

Our OLD ENGLISH CONDITION POWDERS has been made for twenty years, and at no time during that period has any remedy appeared for changing it. New fangled stock foods and condition powders come and go.

If you want a Condition Powder that produces results and results that do not have to be long waited for, get the "OLD ENGLISH."

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WANTED AT ONCE—Teacher, female, 3rd Class Certificate, for Atikokan, Ont., School. Apply to Secretary stating salary, etc. H. L. WALTON, Secretary.—w4.

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TAKE NOTICE

that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at its next session by the **Lindsay, Bobcaygeon and Pontypool Railway Company,** for an Act extending the time for the expenditure on the construction of the Company's Railway, provided for by the Acts relating to the Company, and for such amendments to the said Acts as may be necessary.

Dated at Lindsay, 4th February, 1903.

H. J. WICKHAM, Solicitor for Applicants.

—w6.

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in the printing line is good clean work at reasonable prices. This want can be filled at The Post Job Department.

THE FREE LIBRARY.

Slim Meeting Monday Night to Oppose the Park Site.

ONLY 61 PROPERTY-OWNERS AND 25 TENANTS PRESENT.

Lack of Interest May be Taken as an Evidence that the People Consider the Matter Settled by the Previous Votes and do Not Want to Buy a Site.

The public meeting held last evening in the Council chamber to hear the arguments of citizens who claimed to be opposed to the market park site for the Public Library building was not a very impressive gathering in point of numbers. When Mayor Sootheran opened the proceedings about 8.20 there were only 55 persons in the chamber, this count including a bibulous individual who mistook the meeting for a temperance gathering. Some 20 minutes later the crowd had increased to 87, the highest point, and at 10 o'clock the ranks began to thin out.

It must not be inferred that this little bunch of gallant citizens was made up entirely of citizens qualified to vote on a money by-law. The smallness of the crowd made it an easy task for our scribe to note the name of each man as he entered, and the latest voters' list gave the property qualification, as follows:

Owners—Messrs. W. M. Robson, J. O'Rielly, G. H. Hopkins, Johnston Ellis, F. D. Moore, J. H. Sootheran, Gil. Thurston, D. Sinclair, A. Y. Hopkins, R. Kylie, Eastman Wallace, D. Hallinan, Capt. Hunter, F. Scully, J. S. Huntoon, H. Fowler, R. M. Beal, Weldon Brown, S. Frechette, W. Flavelle, Wm. Irwin, G. E. Broderick, S. Parsons, J. Begg, L. Newton, G. W. Mills, T. Sadler, W. A. Goodwin, J. Teevin, C. Broad, A. D. Kitchener, Jos. Burke, J. H. Lennon, Jos. Staples, J. McWilliams, S. Armour, R. Frampton, R. J. McLaughlin, Jas. Graham, Dr. Herriman, Jas. McElroy, W. Worsley, A. B. Terry, J. D. Graham, Rich Robinson, Jas. Emerson, Geo. Culbert, Dr. Burrows, Col. Deacon, Pat. Kenney, J. Taylor, Robt Bates, Jas. Doan, R. Smyth, S Oliver, (Ops), Thos. Robson, Chief Nevison, J. McCrea, J. Storer, Dr. Neelands, W. J. Stewart, A. Robinson.—61.

Tenants—A. D. Mallon, W. Barnes, E. A. Hardy, C. Burke, Art. Mills, D. Campbell, Jas. Dwyer, Wylie, Hobbs, E. Blatchford, Woods, L. Archambault, Davis, A. McArthur, I. Finley, H. Moore, J. Cain, J. Geach, W. Holtorf D. Cinnamon, Fred. Burke, J. Stapley, Ed. Robson, W. F. O'Boyle, Sam. Porter.—25.

Mayor Sootheran, after expressing his regret that a larger number of citizens had not turned out, read the resolution of Council authorizing the calling of the public meeting to hear objections against the use of the market park for library purposes. He then briefly but clearly explained the facts connected with the acceptance of Mr. Carnegie's offer of $10,000 by last year's Council, that body agreeing to furnish a free site and a yearly grant of 10 per cent., or $1,000, for maintenance. It had been proposed to purchase a site in a cetnral part of the town, and a by-law for that purpose had been twice submitted and voted down by the taxpayers. The people no doubt had their own good reasons for taking such a course. Then the Secretary of the Public Library Board had demanded of this year's Council the fulfilment of the promise made last year, and the Council, not being able to provide the money to purchase a site, proposed to give one on the market park. Then the question was raised if the Council had power to so devote the site. Mr. Hopkins, town Solicitor, thought not, and advised applying for special legislation. The resolution to use the market park had been adopted in Council by six votes to two, but some of its supporters, alarmed by the discussions in the press and on the street, changed their minds and proposed the calling of a public meeting in order to give the opponents of the market park site a hearing. He had no list of speakers, but members of the Library Board were present to state their case.

Messrs. W. Flavelle, R. J. McLaughlin and E. A. Hardy were called on. The two first-named said they would speak later; Mr. Hardy said that as far as he was concerned any fairly good site for the Library would satisfy him.

Chairman—"Well, if there is anyone opposed to the placing of the library on the market park, let him come forward."

Mr. F. D. Moore responded. As a member of the Public Library Board he had always taken a deep interest in its affairs, and was anxious to secure a fine library building, but if we select an improper site we might as well be without it. The park is out of the way, and the site is objectionable by reason of its proximity to the railway track and surrounding manufactories. He also ojected to the use of the park site because the library would practically monopolize the whole of the plot, and he felt satisfied that in the course of a few years the space would be needed for market purposes. Again, the Council had no right to give away the site without the consent of the people—the owners."

Ald. Cinnamon—"To whom are we going to give the site—to some stranger? No, to the people."

Mr. Moore—"Well, your solicitor says that as the plot is set aside for town purposes you will require special legislation. That doesn't look as if you were giving it to the people. The Council should stay their hands. When the question of a site was first spoken of at the Library Board I metnioned the Dobson lot, 50x80, between Dr. Poole and Dr. Burrows' residences. That lot can be bought for $500, and there's just room for the library. Mr. Flavelle had insinuated during the afternoon that the lot would cost $800. That was wrong—it can be bought for $500."

Mr. Flavelle—"I said I had been told there was a mortgage against it, and that it could not be bought for the sum you mentioned."

Mayor Sootheran—"That is correct—I have the seliing of it, and I am authorized to say the price will not be less than $900."

Mr. J. H. Lennon—"I was offered the lot for $700 not long ago."

Mr. Moore—"I still think I'm right. At any rate the people should be given a chance to say whether they want the library on the park site or not."

Mr. Lennon thought the Carnegie offer the chance of a lifetime to secure a fine library building, but he was surprised that the members of the Board should select the least desirable of several sites. The Hamilton terrace lot on Peel-st. could be bought for $1,000, and he believed that a large part of the price could be secured by subscriptions. Then there were the Dobson, Britton and Taylor sites.

Mr. Woren Worsley thought the site south of the market park would answer very well.

Ald. Cinnamon said his object in proposinng a public meeting was to get the feeling of the citizens if possible, as he had seconded the motion to give a site on the market park. As far as he was personally concerned he didn't care where they put the library—his main concern was to secure the grant. (Hear, hear.) If we think a library a good thing, then let us get to work and talk business. He had heard a good deal of opposition on the ground that the space would be needed for market purposes—why, gentlemen, we don't use one-half the room we have now, and would any sensible man, if about to build a house, buy another lot when he had one already. (Applause.) The market park was one of the most desirable sites for the library to be found in the town. (Applause.) The people don't seem to want to spend money for any other, and if there were anny good reasons to be urged why that site should not be given he would like to hear them. (Applause.)

Mr. R. J. McLaughlin had voted for the two by-laws, and would like to secure the library. The question of site had not bothered him—any good location would do. He would prefer to see the market plot retained but could see no valid objection to the library being erected there because the space would certainly never be needed for market purposes. Markets are decreasing everywhere—even in Toronto the fine new market building is comparatively little used. As for the objections cited by Mr. Moore, there was nothing in them. It would be absurd, however, to spend $300 or $400 on special legislation. The deed setting apart the market square stipulates that it be be reserved for town buildings and market purposes. Is a Public Library a town building? He thought so—decidedly it was. (Hear, hear.) He ha dnot read Mr. Hopkins, opinion, but understood he held the opposite view. At any rate it would be folly for Council to spend $300 or sc in securing an act, and perhaps cause others to spend as much more in an effort to defeat the legislation. It would be better to compromise, and if the Hamilton lot or some other could be secured for a reasonable sum it might be well for both parties to come together. It really mattered very little whether the library was at the foot of Kent-st. or on the market square, but we should do all in our power to prevent any waste of public money. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Flavelle said the only objection to the Dobson lot is the size—it is much too small. The dimensions of the proposed building were based on the actual essentials of an up-to-date modern library. A committee of the Board had gone to Toronto and had been shown the plans of perhaps 100 of the best libraries in the United States and Canada. Every member of the committee had unanimously endorsed the style of building after which the Lindsay plans were modelled, and it would be a great pity to abandon any of the features recommended by the best library experts. The building would have a frontage of 60 feet, and it would be too bad to crowd it into a narrow space and destroy its fine appearance. He thought Mr. McLaughlin's suggestion a good one—let us get together and appoint a committee. He believed the desire and will of the people was that the library should be erected on town property.

Mr. D. Sinclair—"Then why not go across the street?"

Mr. Flavelle—"I'm not in favor of that site at all; in the first place, we want the building to face the south, if possible, and again, that site is a mud-hole."

Mr. Sinclair—"The Dobson lot is 50x80—can't you reduce the width of your building?"

Mr. Flavelle—"We have already reduced it to the utmost extent consistent with the efficiency we desire. When we called for tenders the price was too high, and we reduced the plan size from 66 to 60 feet."

Mr. Johnston Ellis—"What is the matter with the lot next to Dr. Herriman's?"

Mr. Flavelle—"We must seek the most central spot, if possible—that's why we picked on the Wilson site first."

Mr. R. M. Beal—"What do you expect the Council to do?"

Mr. Flavelle—"Well, they have the market park site and perhaps others which will cost nothing."

Mr. McLaughlin—"Yes, but if you have to seek special legislation it will cost something."

Mr. Flavelle—"That's the important thing, and Mr Cinnamon feels it.

Ald. Cinnamon — "I understand there is a possibility that the Library, according to the present plans, could not be built for $10,000. We can get $12,000 just as readily as $10,000 if we guarantee the 10 per cent. for maintenance; would it nto be well to ask for the larger sum?"

Cries of "No, no."

Ald. Cinnamon, continuing,—"As for the library being a public building, there can be no doubt about that. Mr. Carnegie does not recognize any Public Library Board in making his donations—he deals only with Councils, and pays the money to those bodies.' (Applause.)

Mr. Jos. Staples said Council should not be led astray by a little opposition. A Free Library building intended for the use of the public should not be erected on a side street. The market plot belonged to the people and would be an excellent site.

Mr. Jas. Graham did not view with any favor the proposal to appoint a committee to consider the various sites—it would be improper and lead to no good result. There was another way, and that was for the Council to act firmly, but as they had hesitated once they would likely do so again. In that case they might adopt the plan of submitting another by-law, but as the people had already voted down two by-laws for the purchase of sites he thought the proper course for Council to take was to set aside the only free site available.

Mr. Hardy referred to the possibility of securing a considerable amount in private subscriptions.

Mr. Graham—"If you raised $1000 that way by a great begging effort and came back to the people for $1000 to put along with it, they would be as averse to giving $1000 as $2000. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Flavelle—"I think Mr. Hardy's suggestion is worth considering."

Dr. Burrows did not think the people wished to be put to even $100 expense for a site. They would find the library would cost enough in the course of a few years, when they would have to provide $1000 or $1500 a year more than at present.

Mr. Flavelle challenged the statemnet as being entirely without warrant, and the Dr. quoted some figures which he said he found in the Board's financial statement. This brought a spirited denial from Secretary Hardy, who shewed the Dr. had increased an amount by nearly $100.

Continuing the Dr. said that at any rate the Board must build the Library for $10,000 and must accept public property as a site or do without.

Solicitor Hopkins thought Ald. Cinnamon and the Council had taken the fair and sensible way. Last year's Council had asked his opinion as to the legality of donating the park site, and he had advised, after considering the case carefully, that he did not think they could do so without first securing an act.

Mr. Staples—"But the Council will not be giving away the site. It will still be held for the people."

Solicitor Hopkins—"The Council of Lindsay are practically the vendors and the Library Board the purchasers as an independent corporate body. Mr. McLaughlin had been appointed the Board's solicitor—if he is willing to pass the title, why I'm willing, too."

Mr. Staples—"But will there be any need of a deed?"

Solicitor Hopkins—"Supposing the School Board wanted it for a site?"

Mr. Staples—"That's different—in the one case the Library will be for the use of the whole people, while the schools are monopolized by children mainly."

Solicitor Hopkins—"The Public Library Board is vested with statutory powers, and under the act can demand from the Council an assessment of half a mill, just as the School Board can demand their required amount. A school is just as much a public building as a library."

Mr. F. Burke—"Cannot we get power to manage our own library, as in the case of Ottawa?"

Solicitor Hopkins—"We can, if desired. The reason I asked the Library Board and Council to meet me was in order that the act I was instructed to apply for might be made as wide as possible."

Mr. Staples—"The money is given to the Council of Lindsay. Cannot the Council erect the library as a town building wherever desired without special permission, and then hand it over to the Library Board to be managed under their guidance?"

Solicitor Hopkins—"I don't know; perhaps you could do it that way. However, an act would not cost $300 or $400, as stated. There would be $100 for the act itself, $50 or $60 legal fees, the cost of advertising, and perhaps a couple of small items."

Mr. D. Sinclair—"And suppose there is opposition?"

Solicitor Hopkins—"It need not increase the cost to the town. As I explained on a previous occasion, the Legislature won't refuse our request, but if there is stiff opposition the passage of the act may be conditional on a by-law being approved by the ratepayers. If the Library Board do not wish to put the town to the expense of securing an act to make their position certain, that is another matter."

Mr. R. M. Beal said he had come to the meeting to listen—not to talk. As for the library site, it seemed to have been settled somehow or somewhere that the money was to be accepted. Personally he had no objection to accepting money from Mr. Carnegie or anyone else on the condition of contributing 10 per cent. for maintenance.

Chairman Sootheran—"I explained earlier in the evening that the only conditions are a free site and 10 per cent. for maintenance."

Mr. Beal—"As I understand it we are not obliged to have Carnegie's name in or on the building. Now, as to the site—I would like to see the library nearer to the men it is intended to benefit—the workingmen. Instead of spending money on a special act which may compel us to submit another by-law, I believe the people should be given a say on a referendum to decide first, whether the money shall be accepted and second, where to build the library if we do accept the grant. I believe the site should be given by the town, the library built by the town and run by the town. I don't believe in giving anything to anybody, nor in handing things over to a foreign body."

Mr. McLaughlin—"Oh, you're wrong; the Public Library Board are as much the representatives of the people as are the Council."

Mr. Beal—"Let the Council build the library and appoint a Library Board and manage it from year to year."

Mr. McLaughlin—"I have no objection to passing the site, as requested by Mr. Hopkins, because if the Council once gave the Board permission to use the site any injunction proceedings would have to be defended by the town. As for the Library and Public School Boards being foreign bodies, as stated by Mr. Beal, the statement is a great error, as both bodies are really committees assisting the Council in doing the people's work."

Mr Staples again referred to the Councils ability to avoid all trouble by assuming charge of the building operations and Mr. McLaughlin said the plan was a feasible one.

Ald. O'Rielly enquired if the adoption of that plan would not risk serious delay and complications by making it possible for any discontented citizen to take out an injunction and stop the work when the building was in the hands of the contractor, who would naturally seek damages.

Mr. McLaughlin—"My aim is to avoid all expense. If we apply for an Act, and some citizens oppose that step, then the Legislature may order the submission of another by-law to the people. All that would incur a considerable expenditure which I desire to avoid." (Hear, hear.)

Ald. O'Rielly—"Suppose we decided to make the easy transfer you mention, would we not be more liable to an action?"

Mr. McLaughlin—"If the town grants a site, erects a Library and hands it over to the Library Board, then it is my opinion that no action entered would hold good. (Applause.)

Solicitor Hopkins—"That is precisely what I have said to the Board and Council, but the present action is not along that line."

Chairman Sootheran—"Give us a resolution, somebody."

Mr. Smyth—"I will move that the Council be authorized to go ahead and build the Library on any town site they may select; also that they accept the money from Mr. Carnegie.'

Mr. Staples—"Add to the motion—and that the Library Board be an advisary committee."

Dr. Herriman seconded Mr. Smyth's resolution.

Moved in amendment by Mr. F. D. Moore, seconded by Mr. Johnston Ellis, that this meeting advise the Council not to grant the use of the market park as a site for the Free Library until the people have been given an opportunity to vote thereon.

Dr. Herriman said he had been censured by the town solicitor for having written a letter some weeks ago in which he expressed the opinion that a special act was unnecessary. To-night he had the viva voce evidence of a leading lawyer that his contention was well founded, and two other well-known lawyers had told him the same thing. The Dr. then gave the dictionary definition of the word "Public" as affording unmistakable proof that a Free Library should be classed as a public building. Mr. Hopkins assertion that a public school was as much of a public building as a Free Library was an erroneous one. as only children over five years and under 16 were admitted, whilst a library would be open to citizens of all ages. The act setting aside the square clearly gave the Council the right to grant a site thereon for library, e. g., public purposes, and be regretted that Mr. Moore had not read it. The Public Library Act does not give boards the special right to hold property—it says they shall manage such institutions. As for the site, he didn't think there was another in the town combining as many favorable features as the town park, and the building, as planned, if located there, would be a credit to the town.

Mr. Sinclair said that on a previous occasion he had secured the advice of a leading outside lawyer as to the Council's power to build on the park site. Several years ago the Library Board had asked permission to establish the library in the old Council chamber, upon which $1300 had been expended a short time previous. In order to make room the town had to remodel the rest of the building at an expense of about $2200. If the Council sought to establish the library on the park he would oppose their action.

Mr. Lennon—"Mr. Mayor, will you act on Mr. Smyth's resolution, if adopted?"

Mayor Sootheran—"I'm not obliged to answer, and I'm not sure what my colleagues may do, but our Solicitor advises another course, and I am still of the opinion that it would be wiser to go ahead and secure special legislation." He then read the resolution and amendment.

Ald. O'Rielly said the amendment was not antagonistic to the Solicitor's opinion, upon which Council were acting, and he could not vote for the resolution because it did not name a site. He then moved in amendment to the amendment that the action of Council be concurred in. Mr. J. B. Begg offered as seconder.

Ald. Cinnamon — "There's this point: If we submit a by-law now asking permission to use the park site, and it is defeated, our loss will be about $100, but if we proceed with the application for an act, and the legislature gives a conditional consent, a defeat would mean a loss of about $400."

Mayor Sootheran then put the several motions to a vote, those in favor being counted as they stood up. The tally was—O'Rielly's double-header, 8; Moore's single, 26; Smyth's, 20. In the hurry the negative vote against each was not recorded. Counting the sitters as opposed to the motions the count would be—O'Rielly 8, against 78; Moore 26, against 60; Smyth 20, against 66.

The meeting dispersed at 10.45.

NORTH BROCK.

On Thursday evening, Feb. 12th, about fifty young people assembled at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. McLean to bid farewell to their youngest daughter Kate, who is about to leave for the Prairie Province, where she will marry a popular young farmer of Plumas. The evening was spent in games of different kinds, including one of progressive crokinole. Miss McLean was the recipient of many beautiful gifts as tokens of the esteem in which she was held by her friends.

SNOWBOUND TRAINS

Relief Trains With Provisions and Supplies Sent Out.

HAD TO TURN BACK TEN MILES

Present Situation of the Frozen-in Newfoundland Trains—Now No Cause For Anxiety Except the Fact That the Greater Part of the Island Is Cut Off From St. John's.

St. John's, Nfld., Feb. 25.—The belated express trains are again snow bound. One train, after making sixty miles in the direction of St. John's Monday, found further progress impossible, and was sent back ten miles to a divisional point, where supplies of food and coal are stored, which will enable it to remain a long period without causing anxiety.

The other train on the western side of the plateau, in the middle of interior, was unable to retreat to the settlement of Bay of Islands, as had been planned. A working train, with two engines and a crew of fifty men, carrying a month's provisions, started last night in an attempt to cut the express clear and keep those aboard in provisions.

Meanwhile, the other sections of the road are also blocked, but as no trains are moving on them there is no cause for anxiety, except in the fact that the greater part of the island is cut off from St. John's. The first mail into the colony for nearly a fortnight, consisting of 400 bags of British, United States and Canadian mail, reached here last night by the steamer Damara from Halifax. The mails lay at Sydney for a week, awaiting the steamer Bruce, which, however, was frozen in the ice floes in the Gulf of St. Lawrence. They were then sent to Halifax and brought here by the Damara.

REFERENDUM PERSONATORS.

Cohen and O'Melia Sentenced to Fine and Imprisonment For Personation.

Toronto, Feb. 25.—The case against Thomas Caven, deputy returning officer at polling booth No. 26, on Dec. 4 last, charged with neglect of duty, was resumed before Judge McCrimmon at the City Hall yesterday morning. After hearing evidence and argument, Judge McCrimmon said that there was no evidence of willful neglect of duty, and in his opinion Caven acted in good faith. The case was dismissed on all charges.

David Cohen and Joseph O'Melia did not answer when their names were called, and their cases were proceeded with in their absence. It is said these two men have gone to the United States. Cohen was convicted on the charge against him and sentenced to pay $400 fine and serve one year's imprisonment with an additional three months in default of payment within one month.

The evidence in the case of Joseph O'Melia showed that he personated Archie McMaster of 10 Ontario street at Poll No. 7, and that he later returned to the poll and attempted to vote in the name of James Kelly of 9 Ontario street. O'Melia was fined $400 and one year's imprisonment on each of these charges. There are other charges against him, but could not be proceeded with because of his absence.

To Jail For Six Months.

Ottawa, Feb. 25.—Judge Deacon, of Pembroke, yesterday afternoon sentenced Dr. J. B. Hollingsworth to six months in jail and a $600 fine for voting twice at the referendum in December last.

DEATH OF REV. MR. STEEN.

Noted Controversial Clergyman Passed Away Tuesday Morning.

Montreal, Feb. 25.—Death, which has been hovering over Rev. F. J. Steen for the past few days, carried off the sufferer early yesterday morning. Thus has been removed a strong figure in the city's ecclesiastical life. His father a Swede and his mother an American he was born in New York in 1867. He was a professor in the Diocesan Theological College, but his resignation was asked for owing to his strong views on doctrinal points. About a year ago he was the centre of a fierce controversy which threatened the welfare of the Anglican church had not peace been restored. He preached his last sermon on Dec. 14.

Rector of St. Luke's Dead.

Winnipeg, Man., Feb. 25.—Rev. Waddington Clark, rector of St. Luke's Church, here, died from scarlet fever yesterday morning.

$9.45 PROFIT PER TON.

Coal Bought by Dealers For $5.30 Sold For $14.75 Per Ton.

Worcester, Mass., Feb. 25.—The Legislature's special commission to investigate the coal situation has already justified its appointment. Yesterday it was brought out in evidence that several dealers sold coal they bought for $5.30 per ton for $14.75 per ton, thus reaping a profit of $9.45 a ton.

Czar Is Suggested.

Washington, Feb. 25.—Mr. Bowen, the Venezuelan plenipotentiary, has proposed to the allied powers that the Czar of Russia be asked to name the three arbitrators who, as The Hague Tribunal, shall decide the question of preferential treatment. The suggestion has been approved by the United States State Department. The proceedings at The Hague will be in English.

THE MYSTERY OF GRASLOV

By Ashley Towne

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CHAPTER III.

VLADIMIR SENT TO SIBERIA.

ATTACHED to the police of the government of Perm was an inspector named Ignatz Jansky. He was ambitious to rise and was of that mental and physical caliber that makes a man successful when he bends all his energies, regardless of all scruples, to the attainment of his goal.

Inspector Jansky, having received a message from Prince Neslerov, hastened to obey, for he knew the power of Neslerov, and if there should chance to be promotion in his path at any time Neslerov, as a wealthy noble of Graslov, could further his possibilities.

Inspector Jansky entered the palace of the prince with a humility that would have charmed the poor devils whom his eagerness had sent to Siberia.

"Sit down," said the prince, and the inspector sat down with a suddenness that proved his desire to please his sponsor. "I sent for you."

"You did, your excellency. I received your message and made all haste to obey."

"I trust it did not inconvenience you to a great extent," said the prince, who was quite familiar with the peculiarities of the inspector's nature.

"Not at all, your excellency—that is, not so much but what it gave me pleasure to obey. I am always busy, as you know."

"Yes, you are assiduous. Well, I have news for you. But first I should be pleased to receive from you an answer to a question. What do you wish for the most?"

Jansky hesitated. His servile mind saw far into the future, as a rule, but it could not fathom the meaning of this strange question. What did it matter to the prince what he wanted most unless the prince was disposed to grant it?

"I should like promotion, your excellency. Of course, I make no claim. You have befriended me. You have made me what I am. I have in my humble way endeavored to so acquit myself that you would not be displeased. I would not ask you for more. But, since you ask my dearest wish, it is promotion."

"It is a possibility," the prince replied.

Having said this, he deliberately lighted a cigar, leaving the inspector on nettles, wondering if the possibility were to materialize into a fact.

"As I said before, it is a possibility," said Neslerov and relapsed into silence.

"I suppose it is always a possibility to one so powerful as your excellency," said Jansky, who had a fine talent for flattery.

"At this particular moment it is more easily accomplished than at any other time."

"If your excellency will explain—if anything is expected of me, I would"—

"Duty, only duty," broke in the prince. "But I will explain. You are already aware that when you were made inspector of police in Perm the field of police activity extended but little farther east. The Cossack guards and the Tartar cavalry composed the police over the border. But this new railway is revolutionizing all that. In each government through which this line of travel passes or is to pass a department of police is to be established. There will be new cities develop. There will be railway stations. The population of Siberia will increase and, though complex enough at all times, will now present a far greater variety than ever before. The entrance of foreigners, of conspirators, will have to be made less difficult. The escape of a convict will now be almost a mere act of stepping upon a train and saying farewell to his guards.

"It will be, therefore, quite necessary to establish a system of police with officers of more ability and shrewdness than the Cossacks who now command the rude guards who stand sentinels over the czar's great dominion in Asia.

"Such a department of police has already been established in Tobolsk, through which the railway is now completed. It is time now for us to think of such a department in Tomsk."

As the prince and governor paused the inspector's breath came short and fast.

"And, your excellency, in the goodness of your heart you have thought of me?"

"I have been thinking—of several. I have befriended you. I desire to do so again. But there are difficulties which we must consider. Your present position, while not a low one, still is so low that the leap from it to the position of superintendent of police of the government of Tomsk would excite the imaginations of certain people at St. Petersburg."

"Superintendent of police of Tomsk!" Jansky cried.

"Certainly. That is the position for which I intend you. I have watched your career. You are eager, ambitious and resourceful. What better man could I have in such a position? It is upon you whom I must rely to prevent the encroachments of our enemies. It will be the superintendent of my police who will be my closest confidant. Who could be more acceptable to me than you?"

"I thank you, your excellency. I thank"—

"Wait. Thank me with deeds when we succeed. As I said before, there are difficulties. One cannot leap too great a distance at once without a cause. We must find a cause."

"A cause, your excellency?"

"What I mean is some potent reason for this great promotion. The chief of the Tomsk police will have a palace, a large income and will be second only to myself in power. To obtain that one must do something worthy."

"Oh, if I could but win that distinction!"

"I think it even now within your power."

"You have discovered something?"

"Yes—a very nesting place for nihilists."

"Good! Give me an idea where this place is, your excellency. There will be no more nesting."

"Do you know a forge on the forest road leading out of Perm to the south?"

"A forge? A horseshoeing place?"

"Well, that and all ironworking. It is kept by a man named Paulpoff."

"Paulpoff, the giant who breaks horseshoes with his thumbs and forefingers? The simple minded son of old Michael? What has he to do with nihilists?"

"He is their leader," Neslerov said quietly.

Jansky turned white, whether from surprise or horror at the devilish plot he scented we do not know. But he sat there waiting. The police of Tomsk needed a chief. The chief would have a palace and a large salary.

"Yes," continued Neslerov, "this Paulpoff, as I accidentally discovered, is the leader of a band of nihilists who meet there in the shops. I chanced to pass there yesterday and overheard a bit of conversation between the son and the old man. It seems there is to be a meeting in a few nights."

"A meeting of nihilists in the shops of Paulpoff?"

"Yes. Now, it has long been suspected that there were many nihilists at Perm, but the police have not been able to uncover them. Let me advise you. Keep this to yourself—a secret between you and me. We will go to the forge and arrest these Paulpoffs. If we find proof that they are nihilists, they will go across the border and you will be mentioned for promotion. Then the opportunity will come to me to speak to the minister of justice for you, and undoubtedly you will be given to me as the chief of the Tomsk police."

Jansky nodded. It was not for him to ask questions now.

"I am ready," he said.

"Then tomorrow. I will make still further investigations in my own way, and we shall be ready to act. We must both go to Perm from here."

Jansky, not being asked to remain longer, took his departure. And then suddenly from his repose the prince became a man of quick action. He called from his estate four men in whom he knew he could place the most implicit confidence. He spent some time at his desk writing. To each of the four he gave a letter, unsealed, unstamped, but addressed to each and apparently having been delivered by the hand of a private messenger.

"Go with me, do what I bid you, and you will have gold rubles for a year's pleasure," he said.

Inspector Jansky, happy and yet agitated at the result of the conference with the prince, sat in his office in Perm on the following afternoon. It was growing late, and he had looked hours for Prince Neslerov.

"He was mistaken or he has failed," he said. "He would have come if there was a possibility of success."

As he spoke the prince's horse galloped to the door.

"Good! Then success is possible!" said Jansky, grasping the hand of his noble benefactor.

"Possible! It is certain. Come with me."

Jansky's horse was soon by the side of the steed ridden by the prince.

"I made it my business to ride past the shops of Paulpoff," said the prince. "I met there, just leaving, a man who was, to say the least, discreditable in appearance. I spoke to him, and he was frightened. I saw him crumple a paper in his hand. I snatched it from him. It was a message addressed to 'Number Five' of some mysterious circle, calling upon the person bearing that name to come to the shops at a certain hour tonight. We shall be in time. Let us ride."

It had so chanced that a number of accidents to horses had taken place that day on the forest road. When the inspector of police and Neslerov arrived, four men were within the shop, their horses standing outside, and all were apparently in the greatest eagerness to have their horses shod. Papa Paulpoff was visibly disturbed by this sudden influx of the horseshoeing business, but the giant Vladimir, who never refused a request if he could help a human being, was beginning to make the shoes. The men did not apparently know one another, and each growled continually at the others for being there.

Neslerov, upon arriving at the shop, whispered to the inspector, and both leaped from their horses.

"Seize the old man and the son!" said Neslerov. "I will search these fellows."

Poor old Papa Paulpoff turned white and sank in horror to the ground, suspecting what was coming, but Vladimir, in whose innocent mind there was no suspicion, stood gaping at the newcomers.

"It is the prince!" he exclaimed. "What have these poor men done, your excellency?"

Neslerov did not answer him. He turned to the nearest of the four, wrestled with him a short time, while the others showed evidences of terror, and then pulled from his pocket a letter.

"See!" he cried, waving it in the air and then showing it to the inspector. "It is a message to 'Number Three!' We have here the five constituting the circle."

"Let me read," said the inspector, while Vladimir still looked on unconscious of the tragedy that was being played with himself as its center.

The letter simply commanded "Number Three" to attend a meeting of the circle at the shops at that hour.

The name of Vladimir Paulpoff was signed.

"It is enough!" cried Jansky. "Paulpoff, I make you my prisoner in the name of the czar!"

The young ironworker could, had he exerted his strength, have thrust the entire shameless crew from the place and crushed their skulls together. But even now he did not realize the enormity of the thing with which he was charged.

"Attend, Paulpoffs!" commanded Jansky, while the prince went through the pockets of the other three of the circle.

"Oh, have mercy!" cried Papa Paulpoff, falling upon his knees and clasping the legs of the prince. "We are innocent, I swear it! Some enemy has done this thing! The name is not in the writing of my son, I am certain! Oh, let me see the letters!"

Neslerov made a movement as if to hand the letters to the old man when

"See!" he cried. "It is a message to 'Number Three!'"

one of the wretches who had brought them there sprang forward, seized them and rushed unhindered from the place.

"The letters! The proof is gone!" howled Jansky.

"We have seen them. It is enough," said Neslerov calmly.

At this point Mamma Paulpoff came in. In consternation and helpless horror she saw her husband in the grasp of an inspector of police.

"What is this?" she cried.

"It is nothing, mother," said Vladimir. "These men have found some letters, but I did not write them. Have peace. We shall soon set ourselves free."

The three Paulpoffs were thrust into a dungeon. The prince and the inspector told their stories—clear, lucid, convincing—to the governor of Perm. The word of a prince and governor and of an inspector of police was not to be doubted. There was no trial, no hearing—nothing but a report to the minister of justice at St. Petersburg.

In three days the Paulpoffs—old man, old woman and the unresisting giant—were on the way to Siberia on the railway which Gordon had helped to build.

CHAPTER IV.

THE MEETING AT THE FORGE.

IT was characteristic of Frances Gordon that, no matter how great the stress of social or other duties, her mind never lost room for such favorite schemes as were closest to her heart.

It was by reason of this characteristic that, while her busy father was deep in the mysteries and intricacies of the Moscow conference, the subtleties of which increased as the time for separation and departure drew nearer, Frances bethought her of a fitting opportunity to make good a promise she had made to Vladimir Paulpoff, the blacksmith.

During a conversation held several weeks before Vladimir had expressed a desire to study certain books which were apparently beyond his reach. Frances promised to obtain the books, and she did so. These made quite a respectable package, and a drosky was called to convey her to the railway station.

It was nothing new for Frances to travel alone as far as from Moscow to Perm, but on this occasion her father, with some sort of premonition, begged her to send the books by messenger.

"Oh, no," she said in her quiet manner of insistence. "We are about to return to the east, and I shall not see poor Vladimir for a long time."

"Hang Vladimir!" exclaimed Gordon as he saw his self willed young lady step into the drosky.

Having alighted at Perm, she hired another drosky to take her and the precious books to the forge.

The driver was a huge, surly individual, whose face was covered with a thick mass of beard and whose voice, when speaking to one not established as his superior, was heavy and insolent.

Responding to the call of Frances, he swung his heavy drosky in toward the door of her hotel. A police inspector stood near, and the driver saluted in humility.

"I hate women!" he said to himself. "They pay nothing and have things happen to them. I shall get into trouble before I lose her."

Frances stepped toward the vehicle, and the driver's mouth opened.

"Such a woman!" muttered the drosky driver. "She must be English or an American. If she was a Russian, she would be a princess."

Frances had had ample experience with his class in all parts of Russia. She calmly stepped into the drosky and handed him a silver coin.

"I want to go to the iron shops of the Paulpoffs, on the South road," she said. "Paulpoff—Michael Paulpoff and his son Vladimir. Do you know them?"

"Yes, I know them. But do you—know—what has happened?"

"No. Has any one been ill?"

"No; but"—

The police inspector came up.

"Any trouble here?" he asked sharply.

"Trouble? Oh, no!" replied Frances. "I was just asking the driver some questions."

"Where is it you wish to go?"

"To the ironworkers'—Paulpoff."

A warning look that meant volumes to the initiated shot from the inspector to the driver.

The horses were whipped up, and the vehicle rolled clumsily over the road.

"You said something had happened," said Frances. "Is any one sick at the Paulpoffs?"

"No; it wasn't that," answered the driver. "But the rain yesterday broke up the road. I did not think you would wish to come."

"Nonsense! There must be a safe way to get there."

In truth the way was as safe and comfortable as it had ever been, but the warning look of the inspector had prevented the driver from imparting the knowledge he had of the Paulpoffs.

"Let the police tell their own tales—they are always true then—according to police standards," muttered the driver.

It was a long drive to the forge, and when the drosky drew near, having passed through the wild and almost unsettled region between it and Perm, Frances was struck with an air of mystery that seemed to have suddenly enveloped the place.

There was no sound of the tremendous blows of Vladimir that sent the ring of steel far into the forest. No smoke came from the chimneys. Old Mamma Paulpoff had been wont to run to her door to see every arrival, but she was not to be seen.

The wolfhound that had been Vladimir's pet sat whining upon the porch and was evidently weak with hunger.

"Old Boris!" cried Frances, leaping from the drosky. "Where is your handsome master?"

The hound, who remembered her, placed his cold nose in her hand lovingly. He seemed to feel that he had found a friend.

Frances stepped to the door and pushed it open.

"Oh!" she cried.

She had opened the door on Prince Nicholas Neslerov, who stood there, about to depart, evidently, with a painting under his arm.

"Mlle. Gordon," he said, with a bow and smile.

"Where are the Paulpoffs?" she asked.

"Why, you have not, then, been informed of their misfortune?"

"Misfortune! I knew nothing of any misfortune. What has happened?"

"They are dead."

"Dead! All the Paulpoffs dead! Impossible! Papa Paulpoff and Mamma Paulpoff might die, they were so old, but Vladimir! Impossible! So young and powerful! Nothing but the weapon of an enemy could kill him in this healthy place."

"I spoke as we speak, mademoiselle. The Paulpoffs are not really dead. We speak of a man who is caught in crime and sent off—exiled—as dead. He is dead to his friends and to the world. You understand?"

Frances stood rigid and white, the package of books forgotten in the hands of the drosky driver. Her nails bit into the tender flesh of her clinched hands. Her eyes studied the face of the governor of Tomsk.

"Vladimir has not been caught in any crime," she said, with a sort of gasp.

"Impossible! He was so simple and honest! What crime?"

"Conspiracy against his imperial majesty the czar."

"And where is he now?"

"On the way to Siberia."

"Siberia! Vladimir Paulpoff sent to Siberia! And where are his parents?"

"One in a family taken red handed condemns all. The old people are also on their way to Siberia."

Frances swayed a little. She had studied Russian customs and Russian justice and shuddered as she realized the horrible torture in store for these simple work people who had never, she felt convinced, harbored an evil thought against any man. To her they had always spoken in terms of loyalty and praise of the czar.

The face of Neslerov was inscrutable. He held the picture loosely and carelessly, and the girl caught a glimpse of the face.

"That is Vladimir's picture!" she cried. "What are you doing with it?"

"I am sending it to him," was the reply of Neslerov. "It so happened that I had occasion to visit my chateau near Graslov and rode by here at the time the inspector of police was making the arrest. I remembered what you said to me at Moscow and tried to do what I could for the poor fellow, at first doubting his guilt. But the inspector was certain, and so all that was left to me was to ask Vladimir what favor I could perform for him. He asked me to send him this picture, and I have arranged with the governor of Perm to permit it to be passed along to him."

"It is a beautiful face," said Frances. "Vladimir has the soul of a great artist in him. But in Siberia he"—

She shuddered and ended her sentence abruptly.

"I have done more for him, for you," continued Neslerov. "There is another picture—he painted from memory. I have arranged to purchase it for a good price, and he shall not lose the money I promised him. It was a beginning to certain steps I had thought of to assist him."

"[illegible]," [illegible] Frances in astonishment as Neslerov showed the second picture.

"Yes, and the remarkable part of it is it took him but a short time. I described you, and he remembered you, and between the two he managed a very creditable work. I shall cherish this picture while I live."

"My picture!" murmured the girl again, looking at the sweet yet strong young face the blacksmith artist had placed upon the canvas. "And all from memory!"

"Yes, from memory and my description," said Neslerov. "Your face is so indelibly imprinted upon my memory that I could describe each line, each feature, with the utmost accuracy."

She looked at him in astonishment.

He had made frequent attempts to make love to her, but she had always skillfully repulsed him. That this could be true—that this man whose life was one round of pleasure should have her face so impressed upon his mind seemed to her incredible.

"But you will befriend him," she said, without answering his remark. "You are powerful in Russia. A large part of Siberia is under your control. You can make the life of the Paulpoffs pleasant there if you wish."

He bowed, and his eyes were hidden from her.

"Believe me, I have already taken steps to befriend them. In Tomsk there is great need of such ironworkers now that the railroad has gone beyond the Obi, and I have sent my petition to the minister of justice to have them sent to Tomsk. They will not be treated as convicts, but as honorable workers."

"What was the crime?" asked Frances. She was very pale, but quite calm.

"Why, it became known to Inspector Jansky of the police that a certain number of men congregated here and seemed to hold secret meetings. He investigated and discovered that this was the headquarters of a circle of nihilists. He arrested them all, but many escaped."

"And the proof?"

"Letters from Vladimir found on them."

Frances sighed and turned sadly away.

"You are an American," continued Neslerov, "and cannot understand how a man who appeared to you to be simple and contented with his lot should prove to be an assassin. This same spirit permeates our best society. It comes to the surface even among the relatives of our highest nobles. My own cousin was sent to Siberia. I had no pity for him, because he was rich, educated and had no reason to complain. But the Paulpoffs—now that I know you are interested in them—I will protect them from further harm."

"I thank you," said Frances sadly.

Neslerov slipped a coin into the hand of the drosky driver, and he immediately had cause to go to his horses, which were standing peacefully enough where he left them.

"I wish to speak one word before we leave here," said the prince, taking the hand of Frances, which she, in her surprise, permitted him to hold a moment. "I love you. I have loved you ever since the day I saw you first. We have beautiful women in Russia, but none like you. I am rich, powerful and am not offering you an empty name. Will you be my wife, my princess?"

"Prince Neslerov," said Frances gently, but still in a tone of reproof, "you cannot mean, I am sure, to take advantage of my situation, alone and at your mercy. You are a gentleman. Please leave such words for a more fitting occasion."

"All occasions are the same to a man who loves as I do," answered Neslerov. "I asked your father. He treated the matter as of no concern. To me it is my life. Make me happy, the world is yours. Refuse me, you plunge me into deep despair. I do not care to live without you."

"What nonsense!" said Frances. "Everybody has sooner or later to live without a loved one. My father—I—my mother died many years ago. He loved her. He has been true to her memory, but he has lived."

"Ah, but that is not the same thing at all. Had I possessed you for a time and lost you at the command of death, then I could live, happy in the blessed memory. But to love you and lose you to another! Ah, I would kill him!"

"You are mad. Such words do not inspire love in the heart of an American girl. Fools kill their rivals, but it is a poor revenge. I do not love you, prince, and so cannot marry you. Let that end the matter. I must now return to Moscow."

"You shall not go till you are mine!" cried Neslerov, driven to madness by her coldness. He sprang forward and slammed the door, shutting them alone in the unoccupied house. He stepped toward her. His breath came hot upon her cheeks. His arms were outstretched to seize her. There was a look of mad passion in his eyes.

She knew no help was near or possible. The drosky driver was a Russian and would not fight the prince. She might scream, but her voice could not reach within two miles of the nearest house. The threatening lips, the touch of which would be pollution, were near her own. With a quick movement she slipped her hand into her pocket.

"[illegible], you insulter!" [illegible] with a cold, steely voice.

The shining barrel of a revolver was thrust into his face. [illegible] weapon and was ornamented with silver, but it was large enough to do execution at short range, and it was almost in Neslerov's very mouth. He staggered back, taken by surprise.

"You she devil!" he cried.

With an upward motion he made as if to knock the revolver from her hand. She bent the barrel downward. The contact with his hand exploded one cartridge. The flash blinded him. There was a red mark on his forehead where the bullet grazed the skull. Half stunned and cursing, he fell back.

Opening the door, Frances walked out. The drosky driver was waiting. He had heard the shot.

"Do you see this?" she demanded, pointing the revolver at his head.

"Yes," he stammered.

"[illegible] just shot Prince Neslerov. If you do not take me to the railway station at Perm and get me there before he overtakes us, I will empty the other four bullets into your head."

"Get in," he mumbled. Then to himself he said: "These American women are devils! They are better fighters than the Cossacks!"

"Stand back, you [illegible]"

(To be continued.)

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125 acre farm, 2 miles south of Omemee, 90 acres cleared, fair buildings, well fenced and watered, for sale cheap.

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1_0 acre farm near Zion, in Fenelon, for sale, 80 acres cleared, good farm, for sale, cheap, payments to suit purchaser.

112 acre farm one mile north of Cameron for sale, 75 acres cleared, brick house, frame barn with stone cellar, cheese factory close to farm, well situated, terms to suit purchaser.

200 acre farm in Mariposa for sale, good brick house, large frame barn with one of the best cement cellars in the county. Situation is everything that could be desired, orchard, 150 acres cleared.

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200 Acre Farm 5th con., Eldon. Two frame barns, brick house; mostly cleared—a good farm.

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60 acre farm, all cleared, 14th con. of Brock, first-class buildings; 2 miles from Woodville, 3½ miles from Cannington.

50 acre farm, all cleared, first-class farm on 7th con. of Mariposa, near Cresswell; good frame barn, stone cellar, log house.

Blacksmith shop, two houses and outbuilding, about ½ acre land, and in good locality, for sale cheap.

One of the best farms in Eldon for sale, 100 acres; 70 acres cleared and under cultivation, clay loam, 30 acres hardwood bush. Large solid brick house, 10 rooms; large frame barn, stone wall stabling complete. New wind-mill, good outbuildings, 3 wells spring creek running across corner of farm; well fenced, small orchard, 1½ miles south of Kirkfield; ploughing all done. Possession given in time to put in crop. A very desirable farm.

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NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum has been declared on the paid up Capital Stock for half year ending Dec. 31st nst., payable at the Company's office on and after Jan. 3rd, 1903.

Transfer books will be closed from Dec. 27th to 31st inclusive.

By order of the Board.

JAMES LOW,
Manager.

LINDSAY. Dec. 27th, 1902.

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The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEB. 27, 1903.

REGATTA AT STURGEON POINT.

"In times of peace prepare for war." At present curling and other winter sports bulk large in the public eye, yet we ask our citizens to turn aside for a brief space and give a little attention to the chief recreation of the "good old summer time"—boating.

In years past several very successful Regattas were held at Sturgeon Point. Each attracted large numbers of visitors from surrounding and distant points, who spent considerable money, enjoyed themselves exceedingly, and went away to spread abroad the charms of Lindsay's summer resort, and the then comparatively unknown Kawartha Lakes.

Last summer Mr. G. H. Hopkins, Mr. C. H. Grantham, Dr. Ryerson, and other summer residents of Sturgeon Point suggested the holding of another Regatta in 1903, and discussed the matter with Mr. Chas. B. Nasmith, barrister, of Toronto, who spends two or three months of every summer at Eureka Point. Mr. Nasmith—an enthusiastic and skilful sailor, and a leading member of the Toronto Canoe Club,—endorsed the proposition and promised to interest himself in its success. That he has fulfilled his pledge is borne out in the following letter sent by him to Mr. Hopkins a couple of days ago:

The Regatta Committee of the Toronto Canoe Club met on Monday evening, and considered the kind invitation extended to them through you to take part in the Regatta to be held at Sturgeon Point this coming summer. The Committee decided to accept the invitation provided arrangements can be made.

It is proposed that, if the Regatta is held, to run an excursion from this city and take up as large a crowd as possible; probably arrangements could be made with the railway company for a very low fare to Lindsay, and I think there would be no difficulty in making arrangements with the Trent Valley and Kawartha Lakes Navigation Companies for transportation to the Point. Unless the Lindsay people are willing to take the matter up enthusiastically and make a first-class Regatta of it, I think it would be unwise to take it up at all. I feel, however, that if the Lindsay people want the regatta and are willing to do something towards securing the attendance of their own paddlers, that there would be no difficulty in securing the attendance and assistance of the canoeists from Orillia, Barrie, Bobcaygeon and Peterboro. Could not the Lindsay club manage to get a war canoe this year? If they do we could probably have a race between four clubs, as Orillia is talking of getting one this year.

It would be advisable, if the matter is going to be pushed, to have an energetic committee appointed at an early date. One or two Lindsay Canoe Club enthusiasts should have places on the committee. Mr. Grantham has interested Mr. W. T. Boyd in the Regatta project, and I think that we could safely count on Mr. Boyd to render assistance in the matter.

Saturday, the 11th of July, has been suggested as being a suitable date. Kindly let me hear from you at the earliest opportunity, as the Canoe Club will make other arrangements if the matter is not carried out.

The opportunity to do a good stroke of business for Lindsay and Sturgeon Point is a grand one, and our citizens should display an active interest in the project. A meeting has been called for Wednesday evening at 7.30, in Mr. Hopkins' office, and a large attendance is hoped for. The object is to get the project launched, so that the G.T.R. Co. and the Trent Valley Navigation Co. can announce excursions at reduced rates in the spring folders soon to be issued. It should be easy to attract a gathering of 10,000 people to Sturgeon Point to witness the races, and this great crowd could be handled with ease by our fine fleet of steamers.

GRAND TRUNK AND C. P. R

(Victoria, B.C., Times, Feb. 3, 1903.)

Sir Thomas Shaughnessy has expressed himself as strongly opposed to the Government granting assistance to the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway in any "shape, manner or form." The announcement is not altogether unexpected. The Canadian Pacific Railway has received from the Dominion of Canada at various times twenty-five million acres of land, part of which it is now selling, we believe, at from five to six dollars an acre. This land has from the time it was granted, is now, and promises to remain for a considerable time, free from taxation of all kinds. There is a dispute as to the interpretation of the Act of Parliament under which the grant was made. The company's view practically is that its land should be free from taxation until it passes into the hands of people who would bring it under cultivation. That is really what its contention amounts to. Some of the more radical of the members of the party which insisted upon the bill of endowment going through Parliament in the indefinite form in which it was introduced in the face of the protest of the Liberals that there would be a dispute over its interpretation, at the last session of the House were disposed to insist that the company should be compelled to accept the popular reading of the act. That is, that Parliament should interpret its own act. However, it was successfully urged that such a matter is usually left to the courts. And so the courts, after their own deliberate fashion, will settle the dispute between the people and the C.P.R. Whatever the decision may be it is apparent that the railway company for which Mr. Shaughnessy speaks has not been dealt with in a niggardly manner by the country.

But, in addition to the land grant, which has proved quite a valuable estate, the Canadian Pacific Railway Company received nearly sixty-three million dollars in cash from the Canadian Government. We do not cite the bestowal of this extraordinarily generous gift as an excuse for assistance of any kind being extended by the Government to the Grand Trunk Pacific, but rather as a reason why Sir Thomas Shaughnessy and all his organs should hold their peace while the subject is under discussion. It is but just to admit, however, that Sir Thomas contends that the great rival of the Canadian Pacific should not be enabled by public aid to penetrate a region which has been opened up and proved by his company, that if the Grand Trunk desires to profit by conditions not of its own creation it has no right to put its hand into the public treasury to enable it to do so. The weakness of Sir Thomas' argument lies in the fact that it fails to take into account the case of the public which would be served by the new system. The people of the North-west maintain that the existing transportation facilities are altogether inadequate for the transportation to market of the products of the settlers at present established. And they have the facts at hand to prove their case. Settlement is proceeding so rapidly that is it out of the question for the companies at present in the field to overtake the demands of the incomers for the conveniences without which they can do little and the absence of which may not only cause much distress, but give the most promising portion of the Dominion a setback from which it would not recover for years.

If a large portion of the Grand Trunk Pacific is to be built through just such a virgin territory as the C.P.R. was, can any just reason be given for granting public aid in the one case, and withholding it in the other? The new line will pass through much of such territory in Ontario, the Territories and British Columbia. The road will precede population. It will not be a result of the demand of settlers, but a pioneer line, an artery, letting in and spreading forth the tributary streams of life necessary to raise Canada to her true place in the great national sisterhood. Really the only substantial reason that can be urged against granting to the Grand Trunk Pacific just such an unreasonable, extravagant and wholly unnecessary subsidy as was voted by a reckless party to the Canadian Pacific is that the first transcontinental road seemed somewhat of an experiment to the unpractical men who thus sacrificed the money and the estate of the people.

The application of the new line for assistance will be one of the most interesting subjects Parliament will deal with at the coming session. The probable effect of the construction of such a road upon the fortunes of the people of the West and upon the future of that great storehouse of Canada will receive just as intelligent consideration as its speculative effect upon the stock of the C.P.R. A great cry has gone up for better transportation facilities. The goverment is morally bound to do all in its power within reason to open up the country as speedily as possible to the land-hungry multitudes who are in search of homes for themselves and permanent establishment for their children.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Hamilton Times thinks it would be well to wait a year or two and see how Berlin and Wallaceburg beet sugar factories turn out before erecting one in Hamilton. There is good sense in the advice. The practical success of those now erected would be the strongest argument in favor of the extension of the industry which in Ontario is in an experimental stage.

The Stratford Beacon thinks there is a good deal of clap-trap about the gush the Toronto papers are emitting on the power question. It ventures the opinion that "there is not the slightest indication that the ratepayers of that city would vote $5,000, not to speak of five or ten millions, to invest in such an enterprise." That is a view shared by many. But they might not be unwilling to see the rest of the Province taxed to furnish power to Toronto.

Some of the Manitoulin Tories want Mr. Gamey to resign his seat. At a meeting of the Executive at Gore Bay recently he contended that his duty was to his constituency, first, and that he had only done what he considered in the best interest of his constituency. He particularly asked them to suspend judgment for the present. He also expressed an opinion that the executive had no power to ask him to resign, and said that he would be pleased to have a convention called and abide by their decision, as he knew from letters and interviews the majority of the people were well satisfied with his recent action.

COMMUNICATIONS

THE LIBRARY GRANT AND SITE.

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Dear Sir,—Your editorial in Friday evening's Post was a good, sensible disquisition—on the money and site question—of our proposed Public Library. At this juncture permit me to add the following reasons which ought to appeal strongly to the public in favor of the site west of the town hall:

1st.—That it is a converging point of business men and the public in general.

2nd.—That it is adjacent to the post office, where about two-thirds of the public go every day; a few steps farther, and they could exchange books or read at will.

3rd.—It is immediately on the route to the north ward, south ward and west schools, and two-thirds of the scholars must pass by or near it daily.

4th.—It is unquestionably the site best adapted for such a building, presenting as it does a bright southern aspect, with the advantages of isolation, giving a minimum insurance rate, together with the facility of combining economy by adopting the modern method of heating from one centre the town hall and library.

5th.—And most important: it is property owned by the public, and given for the use of the public.

Much more might be advanced in favor of this site, but sufficient has been said to outweigh this hemming and hawing about law technicalities respecting this plot. Let the Executive stand not on the order of doing, but do.—Yours, etc.,

W. M. ROBSON.

Lindsay, Feb. 23rd, 1903.

THERE IS INCONSISTENCY HERE.

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Dear Sir,—Kindly give me a little space to review briefly the inception and the proposed location of the library. In the year 1901 the Library Board applied to the Council for a portion of the re-constructed town hall, and that Council gave the Board the vacated Council chamber, which was quite satisfactory to all parties, and for weeks after the Board was interested in preparing, planning and negotiating with tradesmen to make the best improvements possible. During all this time there never was a word said about the legality or illegality of this act, or about the central situation, but on the contrary, everybody seemed satisfied that it was a good move, and all was right. Even the town solicitor was not questioned about the transfer.

But the generosity of Mr. Carnegie dawned on some one, and it was decided to ask him for a grant of $10,000, and this amount was given conditionally to the town providing it would give a stipulated 10 per cent. for maintenance, and furnish a building site. This the town agreed to do. Up to this point everything was right. But it was soon conceived that the erection of such an imposing building in any part of the town would enhance the value of surrounding property, hence the cry of "geographical centre of the town," as the proper site which is placed in as many places as there are advocates, without any regard for the centre of population. The longer this decision is delayed the more intense the contentions.

If the town authorities had acted promptly by giving the only suitable piece of property they had at disposal, I don't think there would have been any trouble. Query—Why accept the market location then and not now?—Yours, etc.,

AN OBSERVER.

Feb. 24th, 1903.

LINDSAY PUBLIC LIBRARY.

Dear Sir,—May I call the attention of your readers to a clause or two in the resolutions re the Public Library, as quoted in your issue of Tuesday evening. One resolution is, "that said library shall be called the Lindsay Public Library." The law settled that in 1895, when all the Mechanics' Institutes in Ontario became 'Public Libraries. For eight years our Library has been the Lindsay Public Library, and has always been called by that name by the Board, and its name could be nothing else except by special act of parliament So far as I know, no person ever proposed to call it anything else.

The resolution calling for a change in the composition of the Library Board, so that it should resemble the Ottawa Library Committee is one whose wisdom is open to question. Doubtless the gentlemen who drew up the resolution were aware of all the facts in the case, and are prepared to show the Legislature why it should change the plan that is so generally adopted in forming Library Boards throughout United States and Canada for one specially drawn up to meet Ottawa's special circumstances. But I am satisfied that it would take a very strong argument to move the Legislature in this matter. The fault with that resolution, and also with the fourth one is that the Town Council is regarded as the only body representing the people of Lindsay. As a matter of act, there are at least five bodies: the Council, the Board of Education, the Separate School Board, the Public Library Board and the Board of Health. As the Town Solicitor has pointed out very clearly, each of these bodies is a corporate body, having jurisdiction over the town of Lindsay, and holding the property of the people in trust, and responsible to the people, directly or indirectly, for the execution of their trust. The bodies directly responsible to the people are the Town Council, the Public School section of the Board of Education, and the Separate School Board. The bodies indirectly responsible to the people are the High School section of the Board of Education, the Public Library Board and the Board of Health.

But it must be remembered that these last three Boards are only one move from direct election by the people since all their members are appointed by those whom the people directly elect. This plan of making up these Boards is not an accident nor a caprice on the part of the Legislature, but a provision growing out of years of experience. It may be right or it may be wrong, but it is the principle that underlies the Senate of this country and runs through much of our Canadian life and many of our institutions: the principle that some part of our governing bodies should be elected and some appointed. A generation hence may see Ontario following the example of the United States and electing every official—sheriff, judge and policeman, — and every Board. In the meantime, acting according to the best light of our experience, we are electing some and appointing others, but it is contrary to fact to call the Council a responsible body and the Library Board an irresponsible body.

I should like to add that I am personally glad to have the Public Library under discussion. To my mind it is one of the most important things in Lindsay, and if the Labor organizations, or anybody else, can add to its efficiency, a favor will have been conferred on this community. Nobody stands to gain from the Public Library so much as the man with a small income, whether he be working with his hands or with his head. Pleasure and profit for himself and advancement for his children are the fruits of the library, and what we want in Lindsay is the best possible library available, located on the best site, and managed with the greatest efficiency.—Yours, etc.,

E. A. HARDY.

Lindsay, Feb. 18th, 1903.

PROTECTION OF CHILDREN.

WHY OUR PRISONS AND REFUGES ARE SO NECESSARY.

How Quickly Neglected Children Respond to Good Influences.

(By J. J. Kelso, Toronto.)

Some years ago when visiting a town to assist in organizing a Children's Aid Society a woman came along and offered to sober up and lead a moral life if the movement to form a Society were dropped. She had a little girl and was fully convinced that her profligate life had led to the meeting being called. An almost similar case occurred in a western town, where a man who for years had been a bar-room loafer, living on the earnings of a long-suffering wife, went to work and supported his children the next day after a society was formed. Children who have been begging on the streets day after day for years have suddenly stopped their appeals when the parents have read in the papers of the new Society, and some degree of cleanliness and decency have been introduced into homes that were foul and corrupt before.

To know what the home life has been it is only necessary to hear the language and witness the actions of some of the children when first taken to the Shelter. One boy of six, who knew nothing else, could use the most dreadful profanity with perfect ease, while girls of eight and ten have displayed a familiar knowledge of immorality simply astonishing to the good woman who subsequently took them in hand.

A most surprising thing, too, has been the number of children of advanced school age who were unable to read or write, who had never said a prayer, and who had never received any of the ordinary moral instruction which is supposed to be given to children. These are the children who, grown to manhood and womanhood, make our prisons and ren's Aid Society can lay kindly refuges so necessary, and if a Child- hands on them before it is too late and turn their feet into paths of usefulness and honor, surely they are doing a work for the whole community worthy of the highest praise!

But the support given to these societies in the past has been merely words. In no instance does a Children's Aid Society receive adequate support, while in several places the work has had to be given up entirely because sufficient money was not contributed to pay expenses. In one town where a splendid work for neglected children is possible, thousands of dollars have been sent away to heathen lands, while the contributions of the public to the Children's Aid Society totalled $11 for the year, and the secretary had to pay the bills out of his own pocket! There are many good people ready to direct a work of this kind, but if the money is not forthcoming and they cannot support an agent they are apt to grow discouraged and give up altogether, turning their attention to other movements that are more popularly supported. Without a fair amount of money this work cannot be developed, nor its possibilities revealed, and if a few wealthy men would come to the aid of their local Children's Aid Society a beautiful, economical and permanent work for homeless and destitute children would reward their enterprise.

To those who are engaged in the actual work of child-rescue it is gratifying to observe how quickly neglected children respond to good influences. After a thorough washing, some new clothes, a few smiles and kind words, they throw aside their foul conversation, their lies and their bad habits, and develop a new life with amazing rapidity. The fact is that to the majority of those children a pure and decent life is more congenial than vice and filth, and the failures are in nearly every case among those who have got too old and too settled in their ways to be influenced by kindness and good example.

Note.—In connection with the reference made by Mr. Kelso to occasional lack of support, we are happy to say that the people of Lindsay are beginning to manifest a proper interest in the work of the society, and are evincing a generosity that is most commendable and encouraging. Mrs. E. E. Sharpe, the secretary, has been soliciting subscriptions for some days past with good success, and a glance at her book disclosed the names of a majority of our leading citizens. The amount already secured is in the neighborhood of $60.—Ed. Post.

Heredity.

(St. Paul Despatch.)

"How did you become good at figures?"

"Heredity."

"How so?"

"My mother was bitten by a snake."

"What's that got to do with it?"

"It was an adder."

THE N. HOCKIN SHOE STORE

SENSATIONAL RUBBER SALE

Our remarkable offering of 400 pairs Ladies' First Quality Rubbers, newest shapes, all sizes from 2½ to 8 (regular price 60c), at the ridiculous figure of 35 cents per pair, has made things hum at this store. The Rubbers sell on sight; our customers are astonished, as no such Rubber value has ever been seen in Lindsay. The sale will continue until all are sold

GOING AWAY? Are you going away?

It may be wedding tour, visiting jaunt or a business trip, and you may need a Trunk, Grip or Suit Case. We have them right here, in big assortment, the best that are made, and we sell them at cut prices. Small profits and quick returns bring us a good crop of customers for this department.

The famous "DOROTHY DODD" is now on her way from Boston Town to visit this store. Further particulars next week.

THE N. HOCKIN SHOE STORE

FIVE MINUTE STREET CHATS.

Views of Citizens on Various Matters

Constable Foster—"In my opinion the gas lamps light up the outskirts of the town better than the electric lights did."

—Mr. A. D. Mallon—"The Council of 1901 should be strongly censured for giving the Gas Co. such a contract. Five years would have been long enough."

Mr. Fred Burke—"Personally I am against building the library on the market plot or any other site except Britton's or Dobson's, on William-st. I suggest that a subscription be taken up, as I am sure $1,500 can be raised this way. The Council could easily vote $1,000, and then we could purchase a decent site, whihc would be convenient to all."

Dr. Burrows—"I have been looking for some time for the financial statement of the town, the public library and the waterworks, and I find it has been delayed on account of the incompetency or neglect of the Finance committee of the new Council. It being now nearly the end of February, it is about time it was presented to the people. Before blaming the old Council for anything they should try and do better themselves."

Lady Supporter—"I think the people's candidate would be quite safe in treating his friends now, as the time for protest is past. The oysters received on the 5th inst., and promised for the ocasion, will be too "gamey" if allowed to stand longer, so if the people's candidate wishes to save his reputation he had better give the supper at once, and so do the decent thing."

Business Man—"It is to be hoped that the test of the gas lamps tonight will be fair and impartial, that it will be outside and upon any lamp chosen in any part of the town, and not be like a test of an electric lamp sitting upon the dynamo."

Degenerate Sons of Scotia.

Under the above heading the Glasgow People's Journal of Jan. 31st, (for a copy of which we are indebted to Mr. A. Cathro, town), makes the following somewhat ironical reference to some of the criticisms showered upon the visiting Scotch curlers: The Scottish curlers in Canada are making a sad mess of the national reputation. It was bad enough that they should forever explode the belief that we are a nation of curlers—the nation of curlers—and that all other nations that aspire to curl must come a long way after us. But now they have exploded the still more firmly-grounded and world-wide belief that among the nations none can compare with us in the rigid observance of the Sabbath. Last Sunday, it appears, after their many defeats and feasts, instead of spending the day in fasting and humiliation (which would have suited their case on both counts) they actually went sightseeing to Niagara Falls. And what is the result? Why the Canadian unco' guid are pointing the finger of scorn at them, and writing protesting letters to the newspapers. It is awful to think that Scotland should be brought to this pass. But the other day the scoffing Southron, exulting over our distinguished criminality, put the exexulting question—Stands Scotland where it did? Assuredly it does not. One by one our marks of pre-eminence fall away from us, and if it were not that we still supply the Empire with Archbishops and Prime Ministers, and other "heids o' depairtments," we should be unrecognizable from the undistinguished herd round about.

FRESH AND SALT.. FISH..

Leading physicians and scientists agree that the health of the meat consuming branches of the human family would be greatly benefitted by a judicious use of fish as food. This is self-obvious. The trouble is that many housekeepers do not provide a sufficiency of this appetizing and economical food.

We handle over a dozen lines of FRESH AND SALT FISH and can guarantee that you will be satisfied with any brand that you may select. We make a specialty of our fish department, and buy only first quality goods. Try us and be satisfied.

SPRATT & KILLEN

FOR **BREAKFAST** TO-MORROW

TRY A CUP OF

OUR OWN BLEND OF. **JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.**

This Coffee has been the result of our long experience in handling Coffees, and we can guarantee it to be perfectly blended, strictly fresh and first-class. For strength, richness of color in the cup and pleasing flavor, it cannot be excelled.

'PHONE NO. 10.

Arch. Campbell,

GROCERIES: Kent-st. CHINA HALL: William-st.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Has won success far beyond the effect of advertising only.

The secret of its wonderful popularity is explained by its unapproachable *Merit*.

Based upon a prescription which cured people considered incurable,

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Unites the best-known vegetable remedies, by such a combination, proportion and process as to have curative power peculiar to itself.

Its cures of scrofula, eczema, psoriasis, and every kind of humor, as well as catarrh and rheumatism — prove

Hood's Sarsaparilla

the best blood purifier ever produced.

Its cures of dyspepsia, loss of appetite and that tired feeling make it the greatest stomach tonic and strength-restorer the world has ever known.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is a thoroughly good medicine. Begin to take it TODAY. Get HOOD'S.

PASCOE BROS, GENERAL MERCHANTS.

Successors to Hegg Bros., OAKWOOD.

WE are still taking orders for anything our customers desire that we do not keep in stock.

Orders for furs are still coming in; and anyone desiring furs or anything else, kindly call at the store and have particulars, and we will give our best attention in procuring them to the satisfaction of the customer.

Mr. Champion, the tailor, is burning midnight oil getting out work, as he is very busy, trying to get the work finished at the date promised.

The Suits which we are clearing out at $12.00, worth $16.00 and $18.00, are going rapidly. Call and leave your orders before the rush of Spring trade is on.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.—We are reducing the price of all our ready-made goods, such as Overcoats, Reefers, Ulsters and Men's Suits.

Highest market price paid for Butter, Eggs, Dried Apples, Fowls, etc. Our wagon will be taking its regular route in the Spring and solicits your patronage.

PASCOE BROS.

Terms Cash or Trade. **OAKWOOD**

BOXALL AND MATTHIE

Hardware	Curry Combs
Graniteware	Stove Pipes and Elbows
Tinware	Stove Boards
Window Glass	Stove Blacking
Mixed Paints	Pipe Varnish
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Step Ladders	Evetrough
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Horse Brushes	Brass Fittings

Call and see our Store Display.

TINSMITHING AND PLUMBING

We Lead in these Lines.

BOXALL & MATTHIE

112 Kent st., Lindsay.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEB. 27, 1903.

THE LIBRARY GRANT AND SITE.

A good deal has been said and written relative to the above questions, and in our opinion much of the discussion has been wide of the mark and calculated to mystify and prejudice those of our citizens who are looking for light. The fact seems to have been forgotten by many that the honor of the town is pledged as a result of the acceptance by last year's Council of Mr. Carnegie's offer of $10,000 for a Free Library building. That acceptance carried with it a promise to provide a site and $1,000 a year for maintenance. The latter proviso means nothing, as the half mill levied under the statute for library purposes now yields about that sum, and the amount will increase as the town grows.

The offer is a business one, and should be discussed from that point of view. True, Mr. Carnegie is under no obligation to benefit Lindsay by giving us a model library building, and consequently there is room for the feeling of gratitude anyone of us might deem it incumbent to express if left a tidy legacy by a person on whose generosity we had no claim, yet the offer having been made conditionally, we may dismiss sentiment and congratulate ourselves on our ability to secure so much for so little.

Several hundred towns and cities in the United States, Canada and Britain have already accepted amounts for libraries, and many more will do so. Why not Lindsay? We have no patience with the factious opposition that has developed in connection with this offer of a library. Why should these agitators be applauded for mock-heroic utterances about independence when we know that the workingmen of Homestead and Pittsburg are in grateful enjoyment of huge amusement halls and well-stocked libraries, the gift of the man whose offer to Lindsay is now under consideration. The opposition is selfish, because to gratify a whim our children are to be shut out from the rich stores of information such a library would offer. It is selfish also because the capacity of the present admittedly unsuitable library rooms is so restricted that a large portion of our citizens are of necessity deprived of at least some of the benefits they would have at their command in more commodious quarters. The workingman or woman of the future must be intelligent and possess special training along particular lines. A new library would benefit every adult and materially aid us in giving our children the special instruction they will require to battle with future conditions.

Now, as to the site. It is useless to expect unanimity of opinion on such a matter, because men's minds are perhaps unconsciously influenced and disposed to differ. One thing has been made clear—the taxpayers are not in favor of purchasing a site, and as the market park is the best site available, and the one that has been constantly spoken of by our citizens since the discussion opened, we interpret the defeat of the by-laws as an intimation that the people wish to save $2,000 by erecting the library there. Remembering that The Post advocated for many years the reclamation and improvement of that little plot as an object lesson calculated to dispose our citizens to purchase a large park or a park in each ward, and having in mind also that we strenuously opposed the placing of the fire hall there, we freely admit that we would prefer another site for the library. Still, we are willing to concede something for the sake of the prize in view, and we hope the example may prove contagious. It must be admitted that the arguments advanced against the erection of the fire hall on the plot do not apply with equal force against the library. The former building would practically monopolize the whole of the plot; the latter—a handsome structure of wide frontage but not deep—would be erected well to the back of the lot, and the green expanse in front would still be available for public gatherings, band concerts, etc. Then again, the agitation set on foot years ago has borne fruit, and we now have a pretty park on the west side of the track. This fact should be taken into account by our citizens.

The only plausible argument to be advanced against the placing of the library on the park is that in time we may require the space for market purposes. It is a contention that will bear looking into, but we may say that the experience of other towns is that markets are decreasing rather than increasing owing to the growing army of buyers abroad in the country. Farmers can to-day dispose of nearly all they produce to men who call at the farms. Peterboro market to-day is not what it was years ago, although the town has increased largely in population and wealth. This is established by the fact that the amount derived from the sale of the tolls has decreased in steady ratio yearly.

We trust that at the public meeting to be held Monday evening in the Council chamber the above matters will be discussed in a rational manner, and that the chairman to be appointed will confine the speakers to

THE LIBRARY SITE.

The public meeting held Monday proved a fizzle. It was called in order that the opponents of the market park site for the Free Library building might have opportunity to register their objections, and it was thought the kickers were so numerous that they would fill the Council chamber and perhaps raise the roof with their clamor. Instead of a great crowd, the audience was so slim that Mayor Sootheran felt like apologizing for his mistake in incurring expense for the printers' ink wasted on the posters. Out of over 900 qualified property owners on the list only 61 put in an appearance, and 779 tenants were represented by a little band of 25. Fully one-half of those present were in favor of placing the library on the market park, and of the remainder it is safe to say, that, while they were undecided as to the best location, very few of them would be willing that Council should impose an extra mill this year and purchase a site while we have town property lying idle. The fact is, nearly everyone wants the library, and the great majority of our citizens realize well that the town is not in a position to squander $2,000 needlessly on a site. We need that amount, and almost a thousand more, for a steam roller to make our streets passable.

Under the circumstances the Council will be justified in ignoring last night's meeting as a protest against placing the library on the market park. To attach any importance to such a gathering would be an insult to the great body of citizens who, realizing the object of the meeting, remained at home as a dignified protest against further waste of time.

About Seed Peas

In conversation with Mr. Squier, of Squier & Son, the fancy pea growers, that gentleman remarked that the firm's business in Lindsay had proved very satisfactory, and notwithstanding the poor crop last year they were able to ship to the European markets as the result of last season's work about 75,000 bushels. The demand for seed this year has been very satisfactory, they having put out so far this season about 12,000 bushels, but they have still a quantity of first-class seed which they wish to place in good hands. All is guaranteed clean and pure hand-picked stock. Peas, with ordinary success, should be the most profitable crop that can be raised in this district.

False Report Corrected.

History sometimes repeats itself, and it is not so very remarkable that in this great province there should be two pairs of twins belonging to different families of the same name. That such is the case has been brought home in most unpleasant fashion to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Pepper, of this town, the parents of the clever twins, Alvin and Orvin, who have been traveling with the Joe Marks Co. all season. Some time ago, we believe, a paragraph appeared in the daily press in reference to the arrest of twins named Pepper for some offence, and singular to relate, one of the pair bore the name of Alvin. This circumstance has led to the circulation of a mass of false reports reflecting upon the character of the Lindsay twins, and some of our best people have been heard to express regret that they should have been exposed at so tender an age to the temptations of stage life. The fact that the twins did not appear here two weeks ago with the Marks Bros. was taken by these christian people as a proof that they were in durance vile. It may be well to explain that there are three Marks Companies on the road, that the R. W. Marks Co. was the last to visit Lindsay, and that the Pepper twins have been with the Joe Marks Co. continuously since leaving Lindsay, as mentioned in a letter forwarded by their manager; also, that the Pepper twins mentioned as having got into trouble are adults, their ages being given as 22 years. Mr. Marks writes that since joining No. 1 Co. at Cobourg on November 24th the Pepper boys have never missed a performance, and are making a hit with their specialties. Our citizens may rest assured that our Pepper twins will not go wrong—they have been given a sound moral training by their parents.

AN INTERESTING TIMBER CASE.

Flemming v. McDonald in County Court.

This action was tried at the County Court in December last, the trial occupying five days. Judgment was reserved. The plaintiff, John D. Flemming, owns a mill on Bear River, in Digby. The defendant, John A. McDonald, is the husband of the defendant, Ann McDonald, and the defendants, Andrew and Daniel McDonald, are their sons. In December, 1899, the plaintiff purchased from the defendant, John A. McDonald, certain timber upon lot 34, in the 2nd concession of Digby. The defendants lived on lot 32, in the 3rd concession of Digby, about one hundred rods from lot 34. The plaintiff entered under his agreement of purchase and cut and removed some of the timber in March, 1900, and again in November of the same year he cut more timber, which was removed in the winter following without hindrance on the part of the defendants, or any of them. In February, 1901, the plaintiff cut four cords of firewood, to which the defendant, Ann McDonald, objected, and served the plaintiff with a notice to cut nothing less than a nine inch face log, and to take the logs off where the defendants wanted to clear the next summer. Later in the same year Ann McDonald, in whom the title was, conveyed the land to her sons, the defendants Andrew and Daniel. John A. McDonald also conveyed to Daniel lot 33, in the 2nd, which was all the land John owned. In December, 1901, the defendants, Andrew and Daniel, commenced cutting the plaintiff's timber on lot 34, and when notified by the plaintiff not to do so the two sons claimed the timber as their own and prevented the plaintiff's men from cutting.

The plaintiff brought this action against all the defendants to recover the value of the remaining timber on 34 which the plaintiff had purchased. The plaintiff claimed at the trial that he purchased the timber from the defendant, John A. McDonald, believing him to be the owner, that the husband and father, made the sale to him with the knowledge and authority of his wife, the defendant Ann; that what he had cut was done with the knowledge and consent of all the defendants, that the sons took the deed from the mother with full knowledge of the plaintiff's title to the timber; and that the family had comined otgether bo deprive the plaintiff of his timber.

The theory of the defence was that the defendant, John A. McDonald, had sold the timber, which was not his own but his wife's, to the plaintiff without her knowledge or authority; that she knew nothing of the sale to the plaintiff or of the plaintiff's having cut and removed timber the two seasons until after it was all done; and that until then the two sons knew nothing of the sale by the father or of the cutting by the plaintiff.

There was much evidence showing that the sale was made with the knowledge and consent of Mrs. McDonald, and that before she conveyed the land to her two sons they knew of the plaintiff's title and that all the defendants knew of the plaintiff's having cut and removed some of the timber. Mrs. McDonald and her two sons contradicted themselves and each other; the husband, though present at the trial, gave no evidence.

Judgment was delivered on 16th inst. for the plaintiff against all the defendants for $144 and costs. Stewart & O'Connor for plaintiff; Hugh O'Leary, K.C., for defendant; John A. McDonald and Wm. Steers for the other defendants.

BRIGHT BABIES.

Only Those Perfectly Well are Good Natured and Happy.

When a baby is cross, peevish or sleepless, the mother may be certain that it is not well. There are little ailments coming from some derangement of the stomach or bowels which the mother's watchful eye may not detect, which nevertheless make themselves manifest in irritability or sleeplessness. A dose of Baby's Own Tablets given at such a time will speedily put the little one right and will give it healthy, natural sleep, and you have a positive guarantee that there is not a partivle of opiate or harmful drug in the medicine. Thousands of mothers give their children no other medicine, and all mothers who have used the Tablets praise them. Mrs. A. McDonald, Merton, Ont., says: "Baby's Own Tablets are the best medicine for little ones I have ever used, and I always keep them in the house in case of emergencies." Good for children of all ages from birth upward. Sold at 25 cents a box by medicine dealers or sent post paid by writing direct to the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

MOUNT PLEASANT.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

We expect a visit from the Rev. Mr. Potter. Next Sunday he will (D. V.) occupy the pulpit of the Presbyterian church at 6.30 p.m.

The North-westerners are now getting ready to return to their homes and prepare for another golden harvest.

Farmers selling out is the order of the day. They have, under the good government of Ontario, amassed sufficient coin to enable them to retire and live in affluence in our cities, towns and villages during the remainder of their lives. Unless the prophecy of J. J. Hill should fall on Canada we expect continued prosperity. The wave now passing over our Dominion has had the effect of bringing our Provincial fathers together in solemn conclave, asking for a larger share of the milk given by the Dominion cow than they have been receiving hitherto. The Montreal Witness says that the supply given has been quite sufficient for them.

The gasoline machines coming into use in Ontario will lessen the burning of wood and will be the means of supplying farmers with a power cheaper than any used by them hitherto, as it is always ready at a moment's notice—no waiting for wind or fire to burn. This, with the great quantity of cordwood taken out this winter, and the prospect of abundance of peat, will place us in a better position than we found ourselves in this winter.

Mr. T. W. McLean, who has been visiting at the parental home here, left on the 5.30 C.P.R. train for Toronto on the 16th inst.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain Prices Are Easier—Visible Supply For the Week—Live Stock Markets —The Latest Quotations.

Tuesday Evening, Feb. 24.

Liverpool wheat futures closed ⅛d to ⅜d higher to-day than on Monday and corn futures ⅜d to ⅝d lower.

At Chicago May wheat closed ½c below Saturday. May corn ⅛c lower and May oats ⅜c lower.

THE VISIBLE SUPPLY.

As compared with a week ago, the visible supply of wheat in Canada and the United States has decreased 16,000 bushels; corn decreased 9000 bushels; oats increased 831,000 bushels. Following is a comparative statement for the week ending to-day, the preceding week and the corresponding week of last year:

	Feb. 24,'03.	Feb. 16,'03.	Feb. 22,'02.
Wheat, bu.	48,954,000	48,970,000	54,385,000
Corn, bu.	10,481,000	10,490,000	10,789,000
Oats, bu.	5,974,000	5,143,000	4,064,000

To recapitulate, the visible supply of wheat in Canada and the United States, together with that afloat to Europe, is 77,754,000 bushels, against 76,170,000 bushels a week ago, and 90,377,000 bushels a year ago.

LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.

Following are the closing quotations at important wheat centres to-day:

	Cash.	May.	July.	Sept.
New York	....	81	78½	76½
Chicago	....	77¼	73⅝	71⅞
Toledo	77½	79¾	75⅝	....
Duluth, No 1 Nor.	76	77¼	77	....

TORONTO ST. LAWRENCE MARKET.

Grain—		
Wheat, red, bush.	$0 72 to	$0 72½
Wheat, white, bush.	0 72	0 72½
Wheat, spring, bush.	0 70½	....
Wheat, goose, bush.	0 67	....
Beans, bush.	1 30	1 50
Peas, bush.	0 78½	....
Rye, bush.	0 54	....
Barley, bush.	0 49	0 51
Oats, bush.	0 36½	0 37

TORONTO FARM PRODUCE. Wholesale.

Hay, baled, car lots, ton	$8 00 to	$9 00
Straw, baled, car lots, ton	5 00	5 75
Potatoes, car lots	1 00	1 10
Butter, dairy, lb. rolls	0 18	0 20
Butter, tubs, per lb.	0 18	0 19
Butter, creamery, lb. rolls	0 22	0 24
Butter, creamery, boxes	0 22	0 23
Butter, bakers', tub	0 15	0 16
Eggs, new-laid, doz.	0 20	....
Turkeys, per lb.	0 13	0 14
Geese, per lb.	0 08½	0 09½
Ducks, per pair	0 75	1 25
Chickens, per pair	0 45	0 75
Honey, per lb.	0 08	0 09
Honey (sections), each	0 12½	0 15

TORONTO HIDES AND WOOL.

Hides, No.1 steers, inspected	$0 08 to	$0 08½
Hides, No.2 steers, inspected	0 07	0 07½
Hides, No. 1, inspected	0 07½	0 08
Hides, No. 2, inspected	0 06½	0 07
Calfskins, No. 1, selected	0 10	....
Calfskins, No. 2, selected	0 08	....
Deacons (dairies), each	0 65	....
Sheepskins	0 80	1 00
Wool, fleece	0 16	0 17
Wool, unwashed	0 08½	0 09½
Tallow, rendered	0 05¾	0 06¼

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Steady—Buffalo Prices Steady to Strong.

London, Feb. 24.—Live cattle steady at 12½c to 13¾c per lb. for American steers, dressed weight; Canadian steers, 12c to 13c per lb.; refrigerator beef, 10c per lb. Sheep, 14c to 15c. per lb., dressed weight.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK.

Receipts of live stock amounted to 61 carloads, composed of 1100 cattle, 200 hogs, 400 sheep and lambs and 20 veal calves.

Export Cattle—Choice loads of heavy shippers are worth $4.40 to $4.60, common light exporters, $4.15 to $4.30.

Export Bulls—Choice heavy export bulls sold at $4; light export bulls, $3.50.

Butchers' Cattle—Choice picked lots of butchers' cattle, equal in quality to best exporters, 1075 to 1150 lbs. each, are worth $4.25 to $4.40; loads of medium butchers', $3.65 to $3.85; loads of good butchers' sold at $4 to $4.35; common butchers', $3.25 to $3.50; rough, $3; canners, at $2.00 to $2.90.

Feeders—Feeders, 1000 to 1100 lbs. each, are worth $4, and light feeders, 800 to 900 lbs. each, $3.75 per cwt.

Stockers—Stockers, 500 to 700 lbs. each, of good quality, are worth $3 to $3.25 per cwt.; off colors and poor quality of the same weight are worth $2.75 to $3 per cwt.

Milch Cows—Milch cows and springers are worth $30 to $54 each.

Calves—Calves sold at $3 to $10 each, or from $4.50 to $6 per cwt.

Yearling Lambs—Lambs sold at $4.50 to $5.60.

Sheep—Prices $3.75 to $4.25 per cwt. for ewes, and bucks at $2.50 to $3.25.

Hogs—Best select bacon hogs, not less than 160 lbs. nor more than 200 lbs. each, off cars, sold at $6 per cwt.; lights and fats at $5.75; sows, $4.50 to $5 per cwt., and stags, $3 per cwt.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, N.Y., Feb. 24.—Cattle—Receipts, 275 head; active at steady to strong prices; veals 25c lower; tops, $9.25 to $9.50; common to good, $5.50 to $9. Hogs, receipts, 3500 head; slow, 20c to 30c lower; mostly on light grades; heavy, $7.50 to $7.55; a few, $7.60; mixed, $7.35 to $7.50; yorkers, $7.20 to $7.30; pigs, $7; roughs, $6.30 to $6.60; stags, $5.50 to $6. Sheep and lambs, receipts, 11,800 head; export ewes and mixed sheep, 25c higher; lambs 10c lower; top lambs, $6.90 to $7; culls, to good, $4.50 to $6.75; yearlings, $5.50 to $6; ewes, $5 to $5.25; sheep, top mixed, $5.25 to $5.50; culls to good, $3.75 to $5.15.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, Feb. 24.—Beeves—Receipts, 420 head, mainly consigned direct; no sales reported. Exports beef estimated, 810 head, 2280 sheep, 4650 quarters of beef. Calves, receipts, 283; about steady. Veals sold at $5 to $9.50; one bunch at $9.75. Sheep and lambs, receipts, 2984; sheep and good lambs about steady; common and medium lambs weak; sheep, $4 to $5.25; lambs, $6.25 to $7.12½. Hogs, receipts, 4315; slightly easier; State hogs, $7.55; common, mixed western, $6.75; State pigs, $7.40.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Goose Wheat	0 63	to	0 63
Spring Wheat	0 67	to	0 67
Fall Wheat	0 67	to	0 67
Oats	0 30	to	0 30
Rye	0 46	to	0 46
Barley, No. 1	0 42	to	0 42
Barley, No. 2	0 42	to	0 42
Barley, No. 3	0 42	to	0 42
Peas, Canadian Beauties	0 75	to	0 75
Peas, Black Eye	0 75	to	0 75
Peas, Prince Albert	0 68	to	0 68
Buckwheat	0 40	to	0 40
Alaike Clover	5 50	to	6 00
Timothy "	1 60	to	2 00
Red "	6 00	to	7 25
Eggs, fresh, per doz.	0 15	to	0 16
Butter, per lb., for roll	0 17	to	0 18
Butter, crock, per lb.	0 15	to	0 15
Chickens, per pair	0 40	to	0 60
Ducks	0 60	to	0 80
Turkeys	0 13	to	0 14
Geese	0 9	to	0 10
Buckwheat Flour, 100 lbs.	1 85	to	2 05
Flour, new process, bks., 100 lbs.	2 10	to	2 20
Flour, new process, mixed, 100 lbs.	1 90	to	2 10
Straight Roller Flour	1 80	to	2 00
Rolled Oats	2 20	to	2 40
Hay	7 00	to	8 50
Hogs, select, live weight, per cwt.	5 60	to	5 60
" Fats	5 45	to	5 45
" Lights	5 45	to	5 45
" Sows	4 00	to	4 25
Potatoes, per bag	1 20	to	1 30
Apples, per bag	0 75	to	1 00
Butcher's Cattle	3 00	to	4 00
Export Cattle	4 00	to	4 50
Stocker's Cattle, good color	3 00	to	3 00
Stocker's Cattle, off color	2 00	to	2 50
Milk Cows	25 00	to	35 00
Calves	3 50	to	4 00
Spring Lambs	4 00	to	4 50
Sheep	3 00	to	3 50
Dressed Hogs	7 50	to	7 50
" Beef (hind)	6 50	to	7 00
" " (fronts)	5 50	to	6 00

Dundas & Flavelle Bros.

SALE OF WHITE GOODS

Our Annual Sale of White Goods begins on the 2nd of March and will continue until the 14th. During that time we will offer our entire stock of White Muslin Underwear, Cottons, Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Muslins, Lawns, Lace Curtains, Embroideries, Men's White Shirts, Ties, Collars and Cuffs, Table Linens, Napkins, Towels and Towellings, at special prices. The range of goods we will show is the largest in the history of the business. 19 Retail Stores—the syndicate to which we belong is the only one in Canada that can approach the manufacturers and make terms with them—we have jointly a buying capacity of over a million dollars, which enables us to give large orders and secures for us prices that are much below the usual. We have 19 large stores in Ontario and Quebec with whom we buy continually. Our white goods order was $20,000. The size of it was enough to keep the manufacturer busy for some weeks—it also was large enough to secure for us special prices in nearly every case. We share the reductions with you. Read about them below

PILLOW COTTONS AND SHEETINGS.

Plain White Pillow Cottons, English and Canadian makes

11½c	12½c	13½c	14½c	18c
40-in.	42-in.	44-in.	46-in.	50-in.

Circular Pillow Cottons, English and Canadian makes.......

14½c	15½c	18c	18c	22½c
40-in.	42-in.	44-in.	46-in.	50-in.

Unbleached Sheetings, Canadian makes only, plain and twilled .... 15c 20c / 72-in. 81-in.

Bleached Sheetings, all Canadian makes, in plain and twill

19c	22½c	27c	31½c
63-in.	72-in.	81-in.	90-in.

Bleached English Wigan Sheetings, plain only, resembles linen .... 34c to 41c / 72-in. — 32c to 41c / 81-in.

Face Cloths, bleached Turkish wash cloths, 9x9 inches, 5c each or 6 for ...... .25

COTTONS.

35-in. White Cottons, all English made, Cambric finish, at ....7c, 8½c, 9c .10

34-inch half-bleached Cottons, dull finish, strong make, made in England, at 12½c 15

36-inch Long Cloths, English make, bright finish, at .... 8½c, 9c .10

36 inch Canadian Steam Looms, all soft finish, no dressing ..8c, 9c, 10c .12½

36-inch Lonsdale Cambrics, American and Canadian makes, at .... 10c, 12½c .15

33 to 45 inch unbleached factory Cottons, all Canadian makes, in fine and heavy qualities, at 5c, 6c, 7c, 8c, 9c, 10c .... .12½

WHITE BEDDING.

50 only White Counterpanes, 10-4 size, soft finish, honey-combe make, special .. .. .89

American White Counterpanes, ready for use, ends hemmed, soft laundry finish, 10-4 size, at 1 12½

English White Counterpanes, satin finish, embossed patterns, 10-4 size, at 2 25

WHITE CURTAINS.

TWO SPECIALS.

White Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, single borders, Nottingham make, lockstitched edges, 5 different patterns, per pair........ 1 80

Fine white Lace Curtains with all-over lace patterns, single borders, 3½ yards long; assorted patterns; per pair 2.25

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

Ladies' and Misses' Plain White Cotton Corset Covers, sizes 32 to 40 inches, each.....9

Ladies' White Cambric Muslin Corset Covers, trimmed with lace embroidery, hemstitching and tuckings, high and low necks, each......... 25

Ladies' Fine White Cambric Muslin Corset Covers, with straight and full fronts, high and low necks, trimmed with lace and embroidery, tuckings and hemstitchings each .... .50

Corset Covers from 9c to $2.

Ladies' White Cotton Night Gowns, made with 18 rows of tucks in yoke, with a frill on neck, front and cuffs, each .39

Ladies' White Cambric Gowns, with embroidery and tucked yoke, frilled neck, front and cuffs, each.. .59

Ladies' Fine White Cambric Muslin Gowns, made with lace and cluster tuck yoke, high and low necks, each 1.00

Ladies' Fine White Cambric Gowns, made empire and parisian styles, trimmed with lace and embroidery and fine tuckings, each .... .95

Gowns from 39c to $4.00

Ladies' Plain White Cotton Underskirts, made with 2 rows of wide tucks and plain hemstitched edge, each .50

Ladies' Plain White Cotton Cambric Underskirts, with fine lawn frill, edged with heavy lace, each 68

Ladies' White Cambric Muslin Underskirts, with wide embroidery flounce, finished with Cording and tucking, each.. 1 00

Skirts from 39c to $4.50

Ladies' White Cambric Drawers in open and closed makes, frill edged with good lace, per pair.... .... .25

Ladies' White Cambric Drawers, umbrella style, trimmed with 6 rows of tucks, 2 of hemstitching, and frill of embroidery, per pair... .45

Drawers from 25c to $2.50 pr.

CORSETS.

The changes in shapes and styles of Corsets are so many these days that it's hard to know what is the proper make to choose or buy. We have been a long time at the business and know the good from the bad; already we have the latest of 1903 productions, and they are to go in this GREATEST OF WHITE GOODS' SALES. We carry four makers' lines—French P.D., American P.N., Canadian E.T. and Cromptons. Every one of these makes are most reliable.

LINEN TABLE CLOTHS

A shipment of slightly damaged table cloths in our great white goods sale; some are soiled, others have flaws in weaving and bleaching :—

LOT I. Pure linen table cloths all bleached, 2 yds wide 2½ and 3 yards long; regular price $3 to $3.50, on account of the damage for 2.25

LOT II. All linen bleached table cloths, 2 x 2½, 2 x 3, 2½ x 2½ yards; regular price $3.50, damage price for 2.50

LOT III. Best pure linen bleached Cloths, damask patterns, 2 x 2½ and 2 x 3 yards; regular price $4.00, damage price for.... 3.00

TABLE LINENS.

Bought from the makers in Scotland and Ireland, pure flax goods, all reliable :—

Half-bleached 58 inch table linens, diced check patterns, all flax, per yard .... .22½

Heavy make of all linen damask pattern, half-bleached tabling, 60 inches wide..... .... .31½

100 yards of half-bleached damask, floral and spot patterns, 72 inches wide, fine make, per yard..... .45

Half-bleached tablings at 22½c to .... .90

72-inch table linens, all pure Irish bleach, made in real damask pattern, warranted all pure flax, per yard .... .68

Bleached tablings at 68c to 1.35

EMBROIDERED WHITE GOODS.

Pillow Shams, 32 x 32 inches all embroidered and with scolloped and hemstitched edges, at 22 1-2c, 45c, 54c, 68c.

Swiss Pillow Shams, embroidered and hemstitched, made of sheer white lawns, 32 x 32 in. at 90c, $1.12½.

Runners for Dressing Cases and Sideboards, made of white lawns with fancy embroidery and scolloped edges, sizes 18 x 54, 20 x 68, at 32c, 45c, 68c, 90c.

Swiss Made Runners, made of sheer white lawns, with fancy embroidery and hemstitched edges, size, 18 x 54, at 68c, 77c.

Five o'Clocks. Plain White Linen Cloths with fringed edges, damask patterns, 36 x 36 inches, at 35c, 45c.

Bleached Damask Cloths, with hemstitched edges, 36 x 36, inches, at 45c, 68c, 90c.

Dundas & Flavelle Bros.

...McGAFFEY'S...

Bargain Friday and Saturday

FEBRUARY 27th and 28th, 1903.

Winter Dry Goods at Absolutely the Lowest Prices

BARGAIN — BARGAIN DAYS

1—Black Soleil, 48 in, strictly all wool, satin finish, reg 65c 48c
2—$1.25 quality, 50 in. all wool satin finish covert suitings in Browns, Navys, Greys, and Black at per yard 90c
3—$1.50 Fleck Nub Yarn Suiting in Black and White at 1.18
4—$1.75 Black Vicunas, heavy weight, no lining needed at $1.25
5—60c Cashmere in Crimson, Navy, Sky, Pink, Light Green, Cream and Salmon, all at 45c
6—Brown, Grey, White, Black and Drab Waist lining 10c
7—Ladies' Serge Walking Skirts in Navy and Black, reg. 3 ..... $2.40
8—15 Ladies' Mantles, long lengths at 20 off Bargain Days
9—2 Ladies' Electric Seal Coats, reg. $38 ..... $28.00
10—2 Ladies' Electric Seal Coats, reg. $40, ... $30.00
11—Men's Full Furred dark colored Coon Coats, well lined, reg $62, Bargain Days $49 50
12—Ladies' Caperines, Persian and Sable combinations, reg $34 ..... $27.50
13—Seal and Sable, reg. $35, Bargain Days $28.50
14—Misses Grey Lamb Caperines, reg. $15 ..... $10.00
15—Misses Grey Lamb Caperines, reg. $12 ..... $10.00
16—Ladies' Seal Gauntlets, reg. $4.50 ..... $3.75
17—Ladies' Seal Gauntlets, reg. $3, ... $2.50
18—Ladies' Black Mercerized Underskirts, reg. $1.25 ..... 95c
19—Ladies' Combination Suits, reg. $1.40 ..... $1.00
20—Ladies' Health brand Vests and Drawers, reg $1.25 each 90c
21—Ladies' Heavy Eests and Drawers, reg. 55c each 45c
22—Ladies' Heavy Vests, reg. 55c 45c
23—Men's Fleece lined and heavy Wool Underwear reg. 50c each 39c
24—Men's Black Sateen Shirts, reg. 50c, ... 40c
25—4 kinds Heavy Top Shirts, reg. 50c, Bargain Days 40c
26—60-in unbleached table linen, reg. 45c 35c
27—58-in. Unbleached Table Linen reg. 35c 28c
28—Side Board Runners, reg. 35c, ... 28c
29—30 Stand Oovers, reg, 35c and 25c, ... 19c
30—Men's Unlaundried Shirts, reg. 50c and 60c 45c
31—32-in Pink Shaker Flannelette, reg. 8c, ... 6c
32—34-in Pink Shaker Flannelette, reg. 11c, ... 9c
33—26-in Grey Flannel, reg. 25c, ... 20c
34—3 Pieces English Flannel, fancy striped, regf 35c 25c
35—1 lot embroideries, reg. 7c and 8c 5c
36—Val. Laces 2c, 3c, 4c, 5c.
37—36 inch Grey Cotton, extra heavy, reg 10c 8c
28—Men's Black Cashmere Sox, reg. 25c 18c
39—Men's Mocha Gloves, lined, reg $1.10 and 90c 75c
40mMen's Cardigan Jackets, reg. $1.35 ..... $1.00
41—Cotton Towels, 5c, 8c 10c
42—Linen Towels, 8c, 10c, ... 12½c
43—5 pieces Wrapperette, reg 8c ..... @ 6c
44—New Prints, 5c, 7c, and 10c
45—8-4 White Sheeting, reg 30c 23c
46—1 piece feather ticking, reg. 25c 20c
47—3 patterns Cretonne, reg 10c 7c
48—3 patterns Art Muslin, reg 7c 5c
49—Battings, 5c, Cottons, 4c and 5c
50—1 piece ¾ Tapestry Stair Carpeting, reg 55c 44c
51—3 patterns Tapestry Carpeting, reg. 60c 49c
52—Hemp Carpets, 10c, 12c, 14c, ... 16c
53—38 pairs Lace Curtains, reg. $1.40 ..... $1.00
54—Ladies' Flannelette Drawers, reg. 50c 40c
55—Ladies' Flannelette Drawers, reg. 35c 27c
56—Ladies' White Underskirts, embroidery trimming, reg $1.35 ..... 98c

Remember there's a Discount on all Purchases made on Bargain Days

E. E. W. McGAFFEY

McLennan & Co.

BUILDERS HARDWARE

SPECIAL PRICES.

Spades and Shovels.
Washing Machines.
Clothes Wringers.
Churns.
Tin and Graniteware.
Varnishes and Stains.
"Prism" Mixed Paints.

McLennan & Co.

PORTLAND CEMENT.
GLAZED SEWER PIPE.
COAL and IRON.

WE ASK

The privilege of having one trial in the way of supplying your needs in goods that first-class druggists handle, or the filling of your doctors' prescription or home recipes. Our endeavors to please you and the satisfactory way in which you will be served will make you a permanent customer.

W. G. DUNOON

DRUGGIST

MARRIAGES.

HENDERSON—BAIN.—On the 3rd, by Rev. E. J. McEwen, Joseph Henderson and Maggie Bain, both of Guilford.

BARNUM—HENDERSON. — On the 4th, by Rev. E. J. McEwen, Henry Barnum and Lizzie Henderson, both of Guilford.

PATTON-THORNDYKE. — In Manvers on Wednesday, Feb., 18th. at the residence of the bride's father by the Rev. J. E. Robeson, Mr. Geo. Patton to Miss B. Thorndyke.

SCULLY—HARRINGTON — At St. Peter's Cathedral, Peterboro, on Tuesday, Feb. 24th, by the Rev. Dr. O'Brien, Mr. John Scully to Miss Maggie Harrington, both of

THE SECRET OF HEALTH

Is Pure, Rich, Red Blood and Strong Nerves.

You can always tell anaemic men and women. They are pale, weak and languid—the victims of headaches and backaches, easily tired and always averse to exertion. They can't eat, or they can't digest what they do eat. Their unstrung nerves kill sleep; their temper is irritable; their vitality vanishes. And it all comes from poor blood and unstrung nerves. You can promptly banish anaemia by enriching your blood and toning up your nerves with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They bring good appetite, sound sleep, bright spirits and perfect health. They are incomparably the greatest health-giving medicine that science has yet discovered. All over the world grateful people prove the truth of these statements. Miss A. M. Tuckey, Oxdrift, Ont., says: "I do not know what would have become of me had it not been for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. My blood seemed to have turned to water, and I was troubled with headaches, dizziness and general prostration. Eventually I became so weak I could scarcely move about. I tried several medicines, but they did not help me. Then I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I soon began to find great benefit from them, and after taking them for a few weeks all my old health and strength returned."

Don't wastee time and money experimenting with other medicines, when Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will surely make you well. You can get them from any dealer in medicine, or post paid, at 50c. per box, or six boxes for $2.50, by writing direct to the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

WEDDING BELLS.

Married in North Dakota.

A very pretty event took place on Wednesday, Feb. 11th, in the Methodist parsonage at Bowesmont, N.D., when Miss Kate McLeod was united in marriage to Mr. Robert Booth, a prosperous farmer of North Dakota. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Stephen Whitford in the presence of a large company of invited guests. The bride was elegantly attired in brown cheviot cloth trimmed with silk applique and brown brocade. After receiving the congratulations and good wishes of their friends the happy party repaired to the residence of the groom's brother, where a reception was held, after which the happy couple left on a honeymoon trip to Winnipeg.

The bride was the recipient of many handsome and costly presents. The Post and their many friends in Lindsay and Cambray will join in wishing them a happy journey through life.

DEATHS.

WATSON—At Lindsay, on February 19th, Agnes Graham Watson, wife of James Watson.

MACLENNAN—At No. 10, Murray-st., Toronto, on Thursday, the 19th of February, 1903, Elizabeth McGill Strange, wife of the Honorable James Maclennan, Justice of Appeal.

BREEZY LOCAL BREVITIES.

GATHERED BY POST REPORTERS

What is Happening in Town and the Country About Us.

—Soon the coal-famine victim will be trying to jelly the ice man.

Lever's Y-Z (Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap Powder is a boon to any home. It disinfects and cleans at the same time. 30

—The remains of the late Margaret J. Hickson, who died of dropsy at Haliburton on Saturday, passed through Monday to Toront for interment.

—The Salvation Army are making it hot for the devil these nights. Six persons were converted Sunday night, five Monday afternoon, and a number Monday night. Praise the Lord.

—Mr. Fred. Edmonds, who has been giving entertainments in the north country for the past month, returned last evening. Mr. Edmonds says his concerts have been well patronized.

—No business man should neglect the opportunity to say a good word for his establishment. He should keep saying as many good things to as many interested people as he can, and so make business.

—The Ontario Grand Lodge of Orangemen will meet in Peterboro' in March. Those entitled to attend are the county master, county district master, the district master and deputy district master.

—The members of Lindsay Curling Club will attend divine service at Cambridge-st. Methodist church next Sunday evening in a body, when Rev. G. W. Henderson, chaplain of the club, will preach the annual sermon.

—In our long report of Monday night's meeting the names of Stephen Oliver and A. Y. Hopkins, of Kinmount, were improperly included in the list of town property owners present. Mr. J. Geach, who was classed as a tenant, so appears in one part of the voters' list, but in another is entered as owner.

—Twenty-one members attended the Children's Aid Society meeting held Saturday, instead of fifteen, as stated in Monday's issue. The youngest Babcock child is six years old, and the oldest girl, who was not taken to Toronto, has been handed over to the Provincial Superintendent, Mr. J. J. Kelso, and will be placed in a foster home by him, instead of the local society.

—Mr. Robt Chambers, of the Lindsay Marble Works, accompanied by Mr. J. P. Cannings, drove out to Goose Lake, Fenelon, and Black river on Monday, where Mr. Chambers took several photographic views. Goose Lake, which is near Cambray, contains rich deposits of marl, and it is exbected that before another year goes by cement will be manufactured there, the power being supplied from Black River, about five miles distant. Mr. Chambers drove his well-matched team of bays.

—Mr. Wm. Weldon, cattle buyer, of Cambray, met with a rather painful accident in Montreal on Monday. He was out driving and while getting out of the cutter he slipped on some ice, fell and sprained the ankle of the right leg very badly. Although no bones are broken Mr. Weldon is very lame and when he arrived from the east last Tuesday he had to be assisted from the train to the Daly house bus. He will be laid up for several weeks.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Milligan, Pleasant Point.

One of the oldest residents of Ops passed away at the residence of her sons at Pleasant Point, Fenelon, on Jan. 31st, 1903. Mrs. Milligan met with an accident on Christmas day which resulted in her death on the aforesaid date. She suffered much, but bore it all with true christian patience and resignation.

Mrs. Milligan was born Feb. 20th, 1802, in Dumfries, Scotland. She was married on February 25th, 1840, to James H. Milligan, and came to Canada with her late husband's family the same year, and for several years lived at Canton, inn the township of Hope, near Port Hope, when they moved to the township of Clarke, leaving there in 1869 and coming to the township of Ops, where she resided until nearly a year ago, when she went for a visit to sons and daughters in Fenelon, intending to return on New Year's Day.

Mrs. Milligan's father, the late Thomas Hetherington, was a cousin of the late Sir Thomas Carlyle. Her mother was a descendant of the Kirkpatricks of Closeburn, Dumfries. Her husband was a son of the late Peter Milligan, an officer in the navy. Two sisters survive her—Mrs. Capt. Georgeson, Dumfries, and Mrs. Nixon, Liverpool. She leaves four sons and three daughters and three grandchildren to mourn her loss.

The funeral services were conducted by the Rev. J. W. Macmillan, of St. Andrew's, Lindsay, of which church Mrs. Milligan was a member.

Police Court Calendar

—Malcolm Muir, the young man accused of stealing $7 and a horse and cutter, will appear for trial on Friday morning at 9.30 before Magistrate Steers.

—Monday morning two domestics named Maggie Logan and Alice Robinson appeared in court to adjust their differences. The evidence went to show that the girls, who were employed at one of our hotels, got into an altercation on a religious subject, in the course of which Maggie threatened to slap Alice's mouth if she uttered another word. Of course the latter couldn't stop on such short notice and the blow descended, after which some highly seasoned compliments were bandied about. Miss Logan was fined $3 and costs, or $4.75 in all. Both young women were at once dismissed by their employer.

BIRTHS

CLANCY—In Downeyville, on Tuesday, Feb. 17th, to Mr. and Mrs. Elwood Clancy, a son.

SMYTH—In Toronto, Feb. 18th, the wife of Mr. Sidney D. Smyth, of a son.

BRITTON.—In Montreal, on Sunday, Feb. 15th, 1903, to Mr. and Mrs. Jeremiah Britton, a daughter.

MACNAMARA.—In Fenelon Falls, on Thursday, Feb. 12th, 1903, to Rev. and Mrs. Macnamara, a daughter.

AS TRAVELLERS COME AND GO

PITHY PERSONAL POINTERS.

Movements of Citizens and Strangers Within Our Gates.

—Mrs. Dr. Rogers, of Omemee, was in town Monday.

—Mr. S. Chamber sleft lately for Souris, Manitoba.

—Mr. Wm. Fair, of Peterboro, was was in town Tuesday.

—Dr. McCamus, of Bobcaygeon, in town Tuesday.

—Miss Miller left Monday for Toronto to visit friends.

—Mr. Thos. Foster, of Cannington, was in town Monday.

—Mr. H. C. Thompson, of Orillia, was in town Saturday.

—Mr. Geo. Bemister, of Haliburton, was in town Monday.

—Mr. Nelson McWilliams, of Rochester, is visiting at home.

—Mr. Jas. Dickson, D. L. S., of Fenelon Falls, was in town Monday.

—Mr. O. H. Luke, fruit inspector, of Oshawa, was in town Monday.

—Miss E. S. Scott, Russell-st., left for Toronto Monday to visit friends.

—Mr. N. L. Patterson, of Woodville, spent Sunday with friends in town.

—Mr. A. Cathro, merchant tailor, was in Toronto lately on business.

—Mr. Wm. Graham and Mr. M. Mansfield, of Kinmount, were in town Monday.

—Mr. Fulton Vrooman, of Toronto University, was home from Saturday till Tuesday.

—Mr. A. Y. Hopkins and little daughter, of Kinmount, were in town Monday.

—Mr. J. W. Newcombe, of Clinton, was a guest of Mr. A. J. Ford on Saturday last.

—Mr. and Mrs. Bert Sutcliffe, of Peterboro, spent Monday with his brother in town.

—Dr. Burrows left last Monday for Ottawa to spend a few days with the Hon. Clifford Sifton.

—Mrs. R. F. Whiteside and daughter, of Little Britain, were in town Monday visiting friends.

—Mr. Thos. Thompson was in Port Hope on Monday attending the funeral of his sister.

—Mr. Jos. A. Boyd and Mr. Wm. Conningham, of Omemee, were in town Saturday on business.

—Mr. Hick Treleaven and Mr. R. F. McKay, of Beaverton, were in town Monday on business.

—Mr. J. B. Blackhurst, shoe merchant, left for Toronto Wednesday to make his spring purchases.

—Miss Ella K. Syer left Tuesday for Winnipeg, where she will reside with the Rev. Mr. Macmillan.

—Mr. N. Mintern, harness maker, Manilla, was in town Monday and made The Post a friendly call.

—Mr. S. McConnochie, the well known representative of McColl and Co., Toronto, was in town Tuesday.

—Miss Ida Davis, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. McArthur, south ward, has returned to Toronto.

—Miss Markham, who had been visiting her sister, Mrs. Spofford, in Perth, returned home Monday evening.

—Miss Jamieson, of Miss Mitchell's millinery rooms, left for Toronto on Monday to attend the millinery openings.

—Mr. H. Campbell, proprietor of the Campbell house, and Mr. E. Mosgrove, of Kirkfield, were in town on Saturday.

—Mr. H. J. Lindsay, of Peterboro, district agent for the Imperial Life Insurance Co., was in town Monday on business.

—Mr. and Mrs. H. Fowler, Victoria-ave., spent Sunday last with their friends, Mr. and Mrs. Sheridan Rea, Reaboro.

—Mr. W. E. Campbell, of Messrs. J. Sutcliffe & Son's staff, left lately for Toronto to spend a few days with his brother.

—Mr. Thos. Edward Kells, who has been visiting since Christmas at his old home in Fleetwood, returned to Winnipeg Tuesday.

—Miss Nevada Parkin is attending the wholesale millinery openings in London and Toronto this week in the interest of Wakely & Ford.

—Mr. E. A. Pearce, electrician, Peterboro, who has been visiting his parents at Fenelon Falls, was in town Monday on his way home.

—Mrs. G. A. Britton and son George, of Winnipeg, are the guests of Mr. J. W. Britton, Victoria-ave., and Mr. W. C. Bott, Connolly's terrace.

—Miss M. L. Fairles, of Toronto, has been engaged as forelady for Wakely & Ford's millinery room, and is attending the openings this week.

Senator McHugh left for Beaverton lately to spend a few days campaigning for Mr. Grant, Liberal candidate in the bye-election in North Ontario.

—Mr. Gregory Thompson, of the R. Simpson Co., Toronto, is spending a few days in town with his brother, Mr. Roy Thompson, wine clerk at the Benson house.

—Port Hope Guide: Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Moore, of Lindsay, were in town over Sunday, called here to attend the funeral of Mrs Moore's brother, Mr. W. G. Coulter.

—Mr. Geo. Smith, of the Lindsay Gas Works, was in Peterboro Monday evening and witnessed the hockey game between T. A. S. and Norwood. Mr. Smith says it was one of the best games he has ever witnessed.

—Mr. F. Hitchon, of Belleville, G. T. R., tie inspector, was in town Tuesday. Mr. Hitchon says the Quinte City has a fast hockey team and their chances of winning the O. H. A., championship are very bright.

—Mr. Chas. Smith, who has spent the past three weeks visiting his sister, Mrs. Jewett, at Chatham, and other friends in Western Ontario, reutrned Monday. Mr. Smith will leave for Moosejaw, his home, in a couple of weeks.

—Peterboro Review: Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Best left town on Monday for a week's visit with friends in the country, after which they will go to Belleville, their future place of residence. Mr. Best has secured a position in the clothing department in Ritchie's store......Mr. Best is well known in Lindsay, having worked with Mr. A. J. Graham for a time.

IT'S JUST LIKE THIS!

We have had a good business this year, and will know to a dollar how we stand when we take stock February 28th. We are anxious to have our stock reduced by hundreds of dollars before this date. It's one of our stock rules to sell all Winter lines at FIRST COST rather than summer them over. Our loss will be your gain; look through the following list of articles that we include in the BARGAIN GIVING CHANCE:

Children's, Boys', Youth's Young Men's and Men's Overcoats.	Young Men's and Men's Smoking Jackets, Lounging Coats and Dressing Gowns.	Men's and Boys' Colored Cambric Shirts, soft or stiff bosoms.
Boys', Youths', Men's Jackets.	Men's Fur Coats, Caps and Mitts.	Boys' and Girls' Blue and Grey Lamb Caps.
Boys', Youths', Men's Odd Coats, Vest and Pants.	Cardigan Jackets, Sweaters, Mufflers, Underclothing.	Boys', Youths' and Men's Cloth Caps.
Boys', Youths' and Men's Tweed, Serge and Worsted Suits.	Flannel, Wool, Knit and Fleeced-lined top Shirts.	100 Girls' and Boys' Cloth, Velvet and Silk Tams, regular 50c and 75c kind for 35c.

We have bargains for old and young, rich and poor, and only one price.

M. J. CARTER, The Clothier, Lindsay.

Wakely & Ford Wakely & Ford

THE CHIEF THING

THE chief characteristic of this store is its merchandise. *It is all New.* Always new. Not merely new to Lindsay and old to New York and Paris, but newly made and actually new to any city fortunate enough to get it. What new and good blood is to the human body, new merchandise is to this store—life. The brain of this store is its knowledge of values, styles and qualities; its heart is the will power to collect them. New merchandise, like new blood, is the store's health, beauty and usefulness.

Already we are showing these for spring:

BEAUTIFUL NEW SILKS

Piece goods awaiting your favorite dressmaker.

NEW HANDSOME DRESS FABRICS

In this season's most novel and artistic weaves.

EXQUISITE GOWNS and SEPARATE SKIRTS

Exclusive styles, unrivaled in fit, quality, workmanship, finish and price.

CHARMING NEW WAISTS

Of Muslins, Silks, Lustre, enticing styles, attractive values.

Dainty and elaborate American cotton fabrics of muslins, ginghams, dimities and organdies. Patterns are especially beautiful and mostly exclusive to this store.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS

The newest and best styles of Spring Hats, Collars and Ties, as well as the more staple articles.

DRESS GOODS that have Just Come

Not all of our new dress goods are here; but there's enough to give you some idea of what is correct in dress for early spring wear.

Some of the farsighted and careful dressers are making their selections now. And why not? There is ample choice. Just a hint as to kinds and prices here:

Priestley's Black French Broadcloths—50 to 56 inches wide, made from selected Botany wool, bright satin finish, queen of black dress suitings. A full range of new goods, handsome and always in style, for fine tailor-made suits or separate skirts. Special at $1.50, $1.25, $1.00 and **75c**

New English Cheviot Suiting, 44 to 50 inches wide, good firm weave that will not hold dust; a full range of shades, including navy, oxford, brown, green and black, at 50c; also black and navy at $1.00 and **75c**

New Snow-Flake Suitings—fashion's latest demand, a wool fabric in pretty combinations of black, new blue, pale blue, green, brown, etc., neatly checked, splashed and dotted with white, especially suitable for dresses, tailor-made suits and skirts. Extra value at 75c and **60c**

New Voile Bontonne, 44 inches wide, all pure wool, in black and beautiful shades of reseda green, and pearl grey, best French dye and finish, has a nice soft clinging effect, very silky, very handsome for full dresses, at **$1.25**

Priestley's New French Poplins and Satin Cloths, 44 inches wide, guaranteed all pure wool, black only, best French dye and handsome silky finish, very stylish and dressy for suits, dresses, skirts, etc., unequalled values at $1.40, $1.25, $1.00, 75c and **50c**

Black Silk Grenadines, 44 inches wide, beautiful rich silky finish, new and elaborate designs, especially charming for dresses when made over, colors or black, extra values at $3.00, $2.50, $2.00, $1.50, $1.25, $1.00 and **75c**

SKIRTS AND SUITS

Correct styles, fine tailoring, good materials and low prices—these four combine to make our ready-to-wear department for girls and women the most attractive in Lindsay. The garments are the very top notch of warmth and style, hence you can buy with perfect confidence. Just a few special prices on the latest arrivals:—

SKIRTS.

$2.95 for a real stylish Walking Skirt for women, of spring weight Tweed, well tailored, neatly finished with 4 rows of cording and button trimmed, colors navy, brown or grey. Regular $3.50.

$5 will buy you the best Dress or Walking Skirt that you ever saw for the money. The Walking Skirt is of heavy all-wool homespun, charmingly made with seven gore, finished with up and down strapping of self material, and trimmed with buttons and stitching, black or grey. The Dress Skirts come in several new and novel designs, choice of different materials.

$6.75. Women's Skirts, of the new skirting Tweed, black with white stripe and blue with white stripe, trimmed with three clusters of three strappings each, running round skirt, gradually sloping to top at back, giving a very pretty effect and stylish skirt.

$7.50, $8, $9 and $10. Each of these prices represent the top notch of style and worth in Women's Dress Skirts. They are of the best materials, such as French broadcloths, English cheviots, and rich finished worsteds; the styles are exceedingly fetching; most of them have just been shown for the first time; then the beauty of them is that they are exclusive to this store, and it will be hard to find their equal outside here. You'll be delighted with them; come and look them over.

SUITS.

$10.00 Suits for women, of Black Cheviot, smart tight fitting jacket, made with skirt on back, small collar, skirt seven gore, unlined jacket and skirt, nicely trimmed with rows of black satin, big ten dollar value.

$12.90. A very natty suit of Tweed, jacket perfect fitting tight back, with skirt, small collar, cuff on sleeve, satana lined, skirt nicely cut, seven gore, wide circular flounce, prettily trimmed with rows of satin on coat and skirt, a drop percaline skirt adds much to comfort and style of it. Really a $15.00 suit.

$15.00. Here's a suit that has no equal in Lindsay at the price when you consider material, it is of the newest fancy suiting material, black with white stripe, and blue with white stripe, the coat is tight fitting, has skirt, large full puff on sleeve at cuff, strapping of self on front and back, also around waist, lined throughout with fine taffeta silk; skirt finished with self strapping of up and down style, bottom tailor stitched. Equal to almost any regular $17.50 kind.

$22.00. For those who want a style to themselves in Lindsay, we have some exclusive styles of only one of a kind in the better and higher priced suits. For instance here's one of the fashionable all wool black and white tweed coat of Russian blouse style, collarless, except for the very large sailor collar with three large points, skirt on back, smartly finished with black kersey cloth, bands on sleeve, around waist and edge fine mercerized lining, skirt is unlined, neatly trimmed up and down with bands of kersey cloth, and has the new up and down pleat on flare.

WAKELY & FORD

STRICTLY CASH DEALERS, LINDSAY.

TEST OF THE STREET LIGHTS

WITNESSED BY ABOUT TWENTY CITIZENS FRIDAY EVENING.

Prof. Ellis, of Toronto, and Mr W. H. Stevens, B. A, Town, the Experts.

The promised test of the street lights was conducted last Friday at the company's plant on Kent-st. west, and to the twenty or more onlookers proved a long, tedious and uninteresting exposition of scientific yet simple methods.

Among those present were Mayor Scotheran, Aldermen O'Rielly, Storer McCrea, Robinson and Maunder, Dr. McAlpine, B. F. Reesor, R. Kylie, F. K. Begbie, J. Kyley, W. Morgan, Geo. Foster, R. Morgan, President Burgess, of the Gas Co., and newspaper representatives.

Prof. Ellis, of Toronto University, and Mr. W. H. Stevens, B.A., town, conducted the tests, which included a light similar to those used on the street, and also the proposed 1500 c.p. light, fitted with mantles made in Cleveland. Either three or four burners will be used to produce the candle power required for the large lights.

It is practically impossible to describe the process followed by the experts in words that would be intelligible to the initiated. Let it suffice to say that science has devised an almost absolutely correct method of testing the illuminating power of any light by measuring it against the light thrown by two, three or more candles of a special quality supplied by the Government, and called "test candles." While the readings were taken the lights were enclosed with black material to prevent reflection.

While the preliminary testing of the apparatus was being done, Ald. Storer suggested to Ald. McCrea, chairman of the Lighting committee, that he go outside and secure a couple of burners off street lamps in various parts of the ward in order that their capacity might be tested.

Prof. Ellis—"It will be half-an-hour before we are ready to proceed with the actual test."

President Burgess — "Send Mr. Smith."

Ald. O'Rielly—"Send Constable Foster—he's a disinterested party."

President Burgess—"Oh, no, he might select one of the worst to be found, and we want an average burner; some of them vary, of course. Send Foster with Smith, and let them select two or three."

Ald. McCrea—"I'll go." And off he trudged. Just how far he walked to secure the burners he failed to disclose, but it was suspected that he covered a wide territory during his half-hour's absence.

About 9.30 the actual work of testing began, and lasted till after 12. A few of the spectators remained till the close; the others drifted out into the night between 10 and 11. Ald. McCrea held his ground till the lights were put out.

The experts will report to Council in the course of a couple of days. In reply to questions they stated that the Co. enjoyed little advantage in having the test made at the plant, the pressure being the same as at any point on the system; that a street test was practically impossible, and if feasible would not be more effective; and that a test conducted at any house on the system would be expensive to carry out, while results would likely be similar to those obtained at the plant.

FEDERAL LABOR UNION.

An Important Announcement.

At a recent meeting of the Lindsay Federal Labor Union the following resolutions were passed:

Whereas, it having come to the notice of the Lindsay Federal Labor Union that certain persons have been writing letters for publication in the local newspapers over pen names such as "A Union Man," "A Workingman," "A Labor Unionist," etc., thus creating an impression on the minds of uninformed people that the opinions expressed in those letters originate in and emanate from the Lindsay Federal Labor Union, therefore be it

Resolved,—That the Federal Labor Union desires the citizens of Lindsay to know that it is in no way responsible for such letter-writing, nor is it aware of whom these letter writers are, and it earnestly condemns such letter writing as misleading to the general public, and tending to create a false idea of the position this Union is taking on certain municipal questions.

Resolved,—When the Federal Labor Union has any opinion on public affairs to express, or public announcement to make, it will do so in an official way and according to the rules of the organization governing such action.

VICTORY FOR LINDSAY JUNIORS.

Omemee Seniors Defeated in an Exhibition Game of Hockey by 7 to 6

The Lindsay Juniors demonstrated Feb. 19th that they are the coming champions of Lindsay. They played Omemee Seniors an exhibition game last night, and defeated them by a score of 7 to 6. The ice was keen for fast work and the match was well worth witnessing. It furnished abundance of amusement for the spectators. It was a game in which hockey and shinney were evenly combined. The visitors were a heavier aggregation than the locals, and consequently were able to check harder. The Juniors displayed some fair combination at times, but their opponents resorted to individual play entirely. The Lindsay boys are a faster bunch and superior stick handlers, and as a result many rushes were made, but only to be repulsed by Omemee's strong defence. McWilliams, for Lindsay, played the star game of the evening. He is a fast skater, a good stick handler, and his shots on goal were very effective. Wilson, Hall got in some good work. Henders at and Meagher, on the forward line cover-point made some pretty lifts.

The first half was all Lindsay. Omemee did not seem able to get the puck past Lindsay's defence, and play ended 4 to 1 in favor of the locals. In the second half the visitors put up a better game, and checked the juniors harder, with the result that they tallied five goals to the juniors' three. The two sides were a tie at on estage, but a couple of seconds before time was up the home team scored on a pretty rush by McWilliams, which gave them the game. Considerable rough play developed in this half, consequently several players decorated the fence. During the progress of the game Mr. Clancy, Omemee's star cover-point player, player, gave an exhibition of fancy skating, to the great amusement of the spectators.

Mr. F. Taylor was referee, and gave entire satisfaction. The teams lined up as follows, Omemee—Goal, English; point, Cornell; cover-point, Clancy; forwards, Johnson, McPherson, Glenney and Nugent. Lindsay—Goal, Scully; point, Massaw; cover-point, Henders; forwards, McWilliams, Hall, Wilson and Meagher. Time-keepers, H. Corneil and N. Menzies. Goal Umpires, H. McGee and Mr. Killen.

REV. MR. MACMILLIN'S DEPARTURE

Expressions of Regret from 45th Regiment Officers and Lindsay I. O. O. F.

Rev. J. W. Macmillan, the popular pastor of St. Andrew's church for the past seven and one-half years, left last Monday for Winnipeg. A large number of our leading citizens and adherents of St. Andrew's parish were at the station to bid him farewell and wish him a safe journey.

The Rev. Mr. Macmillan, who was chaplain of the 45th Victoria Regiment for the last couple of years, was presented on Saturday, at Mr. Williamson's residence, by the officers of the Regiment, with a gold watch chain and address as a slight token of the esteem in which he is held by them. The address was read by Col. Hughes and the presentation was made by Mr. J. A. Williamson. Mr. Macmillan, though surprised, briefly expressed his thanks and regretted his leaving Lindsay and so many friends.

At the last regular meeting of Lindsay Lodge No. 100, I.O.O.F., the Noble Grand, Bro. T. C. Matchett, moved, seconded by Bro. Hardy, "that this lodge regret the departure of Bro. J. W. Macmillan from Lindsay, and wish him a bright future in Winnipeg." The motion carried unanimously.

Rev. Mr. Macmillan will be inducted as pastor of St. Andrew's church, Winnipeg, on Thursday next.

Marriage Licenses.

at Britton Bros., Jewellers.

Police Court Calendar

—One day last summer a man named Castor, who is married to one of the Babcock women—the mother of the children taken by the Children's Aid Society the other day,—was drunk and disorderly on Kent-st. He was summoned to appear before the "Cadi," but rather than pay the penalty he skipped out, going to Peterboro. Hearing of the taking of the children, he returned to town on the 19th with the intention of stealing the youngsters, but Chief Nevison got an inkling of his whereabouts, and with Constable Reeves went to the Raymond home last night and took him into custody. He appeared before P. M. Steers this morning and was sentenced to fifteen days in Castle Jackson with hard labor.

Saturday's Market.

Business was brisk at the market on Saturday, there being plenty of buyers and sellers on hand when the market room was opened. Butter and eggs were the principal products offered, but there was also a good supply of poultry, which brought fair prices. Following are the quotations. Butter 20c. per lb., eggs 17c. to 20c. per doz., lard 14c. per lb., chickens 10c. per lb., pork 8 1-2c. to 9c. per lb., and beef 6c. to 7c. per lb.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

An Exciting Runaway.

On Jan 18th about 10.30, just as the people were coming out of the Academy, a runaway occurred on Kent-st., which caused considerable excitement and anxiety for a few minutes. A team of horses attached to Workman's cab, started from the livery barn on York st. to go to the station to meet the Belleville train. At the crossing at Simpson's corner the driver slowed up in order to let a couple of ladies pass. The sudden stop caused the tongue of the vehicle to drop from the neckyoke, and the animals, frightened by the dangling pole, ran away, but were brought to a standstill after colliding with a lamp post in front of the Benson house. Mr. J. Kidd, of the latter hotel, was in the cab when the horses started to run, but realizing his danger, he kicked the door open and jumped out in time. The cab was badly wrecked but the horses escaped uninjured.

Gray? The color of seventy years in your hair? Perhaps you are seventy, and you like your gray hair! If not, use Ayer's Hair Vigor. In less than a month your gray hair will be rich and dark.

$1. All druggists. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

TRAINS COLLIDE AT PETEBORO

THE C. T. R. BELLEVILLE EXPRESS HIT BY A C. P. R. FREIGHT.

The Latter Backed Into the Express on the "Diamond"—Narrow Escape of Passengers.

Saturday afternoon about 4 o'clock the news leaked out that another wreck had occurred on the Midland division, and that an express train was involved. The first report stated that the mishap had occurred at Central Ontario Junction, below Campbellford, but travellers who arrived from the east on the six o'clock express were able to correct this, and stated that the accident occurred on the "diamond," near the Edison Works, Peterboro, and that by great good fortune no one was injured. The Examiner gives the following details:

Peterboro this afternoon contributed to the number of railway wrecks that are taking place from time to time throughout the Province. An accident occurred to the Belleville express, which leaves the Grand Trunk station at 2 p.m., and the escape from serious injury of a number of passengers is nothing short of miraculous. Fortunately there was no one injured, but the damage to the rolling stock of the Grand Trunk will be considerable.

The accident occurred at what is known as the Diamond, where the C.P.R. and Grand Trunk cross, and a yard engine of the latter Company is a party to the wreck. The wreck was the result of direct disobedience of the semaphore signal by the crew of either one of the trains. The Grand Trunk people claim it was caused by the C.P.R. people failing to comply with the order of the semaphore.

THE CRASH

When the Belleville train left the Grand Trunk station at its regular hour there was an exceptionally large number of people on board. The coaches were filled with people from Hastings, Keene, Campbellford, Belleville and other points along the line. There were also on board a number of Peterborough ladies and gentlemen. The train was in charge of Conductor Dan McMillan, with Engineer H Levoy. The train came to a standstill as usual some distance from the diamond and then proceeded on its journey. When the baggage car was directly across the C.P.R. rails there came a crash. A yard engine of the C.P.R. was doing some shunting. The engine had Martin Doyle at the lever, and in charge of Yard Master D. A. Connor, and was to the west of the Grand Trunk track. It was backing up at a pretty good rate of speed, when it struck the baggage car of the Belleville train. The baggage car immediately rolled over into the ditch, breaking off a telegraph pole it came in contact with, like a pipe stem.

The mail car and smoker also left the track, and was on the verge of toppling over with its cargo of human freight. The occupants of the car had a severe shaking up. The first class coach was not damaged to any great extent, but the passengers were given a severe shock.

The C.P.R. box car which collided with the smoker of the Grank Trunk, was badly wrecked, and the main line of the C.P.R., and the Belleville line of the Grand Trunk, were blocked as a result of the collision.

An order was quickly despatched to Lindsay for an auxiliary, and the local train men at once set about to clear the track. It is expected that the road will be cleared about six o'clock this evening, when Conductor McMillan will proceed on his "run." The passengers were taken back to the Grand Trunk station.

WHO IS RESPONSIBLE?

Some one is certainly responsible for the wreck, for it is quite apparent that some one ignored the signal of the semophore. In this regard Station Agent Sandy and Engineer LeVoy state emphatically that the semaphore was against the C.P.R. The officials of the C.P.R. have made no statement in regard to the matter.

Mr. Thos. Blois, was in charge of the "diamond house," and when asked by an Examiner representative to state against which train the semaphore was set, he said he preferred to say nothing at the present time.

One traveller, who was on board the train, states that it is the second wreck he has been in this week, having been in the Whitby railway accident a few days ago.

Station Agent Sandy was immediately on the scene of accident and superintended the clearing away of the wreck.

ONTARIO CO. HOUSE OF REFUGE.

Description of the New Building, Cost and Other Information.

The new House of Refuge erected by the County Council of Ontario at Whitby was formally opened on Wednesday of last week, and will be ready for inmates in the early spring. The Gazette says:

The new Home faces the south, and is situated on the Ormmiston farm—a commanding site, with a magnificent outlook over the blue waters of Lake Ontario, and bounded by the hills of West Durham on the east, the ridges on the north and Scarboro Heights on the west. It has a frontage of 110 feet, with two wings on the east and west ends of nearly 86 feet. The building is four storeys high, of red brick, with slate roof, and consists of basement, first and second floor, and a large attic.

The cost so far is as follows: Price of farm, $3113.50; mason work, $7,098.50; carpenter work, $6,555; roof, $920; painting and glazing, $820; plumbing and heating and light, $3150; windmill, $97; barn, $1642.70; live stock and implements, $477.28; pump and well, $108; cistern, $37; furnishings, (estimated) $824.88; architect's fees, $632.80.—Total cost, $25,476.66.

The cost cannot stop here, however. The barn is altogether too small, and it is admitted it will be necessary to enlarge it in the near future. Then there are verandahs, the fruit and ornamental trees, lawns, walks, and many other incidentals to be undertaken before the Home will be complete, so the cost is sure to run up to fully $30,000. But this is a small item when it is considered that a very extensive and thoroughly equipped house of refuge for this county will have then been established at an expense of but 75 cents for each resident, the population being about 40,000.

So far as the maintenance of the new Home is concerned, there is very good reason for hoping the cost will not exceed the amount expended in the past, when each municipality dealt out a small grant to each of its indigents, as each of the inmates of the Home will be able to at least partly earn their keep by doing such work as they are able. After a good deal of debating in the County Council it was finally decided that each municipality sending any inmate to the Home shall pay 40 cents a week, or $20.80 a year. This charge, it is thought, will afford a guarantee that local municipalities will act carefully, knowing that in sending inmates they are incurring a liability which might last for years.

THE LINDSAY TANKARD RINKS.

How Their Playing Impressed the Telegram's Sporting Editor.

Collingwood showed that their victory over Orillia had not been all luck by putting up a strong argument against the crack Lindsay curlers. For nearly half the journey the northern team showed the way. But their margin was never a safe one and the Lindsay supporters never felt very nervous. For Harstone was curling as if his one mission in life was to prove that Flavelle did not take all the curling talent in Carlersville to Winnipeg. And Billy McLennan—well, Billy was making more noise and curling harder and better than ever.

The turning point came along about the ninth end. Collingwood were four up all round at the time, and curling steadily. When it came McLennan's turn to play Collingwood lay two with an imposing array of guards in front. There was only one chance. The second stone was open, and by a long wick off it the shot might be reached. McLennan tried it. His stone came shooting down the rink, just touching the high spots, with "Billy" yelling in its wake. Half-full it struck the second Collingwood stone and flew straight across to the shot. Both Collingwood bumped against the boards and Lindsay lay six. Noble had still a stone to play for Collingwood and he cut out four of the Lindsay counters, but two still remained. Harstone counted just about the same time, and Lindsay had started on their way to victory.

When once Lindsay gets fairly started there's no stopping them. They just go right on piling them up. And the more they get the louder Billy McLennan shouts. And when he was all through shouting he had a lead of 9 on his opponents, while Harstone also had a dozen to spare. Lindsay looks just as hard to beat as if Flavelle had got home a day earlier.

Billy McLennan's rink is quite representative in its make-up. It consists of a Presbyterian preacher, an Irishman, a Methodist, and Billy himself. A hand like that is hard to beat.

LIFE IN AN OXFORD COLLEGE.

Mr. E. J Kylie, of This Town, Praises the Residence and Tutorial Systems.

The following excerpt from an article on "Life in an Oxford College," contributed to the current number of The 'Varsity by Mr. E. J. Kylie, B.A., suggests something of the pervading spirit of the old English college, where culture and scholarship are imbued as it were from the very atmosphere of the place. At the same time by comparison it suggests something of a corresponding lack in our own Provincial University, perhaps unavoidable in the new land still unmellowed by a rich and storied past, where commercialism is necessarily more pronounced than luxurious learning, and where the residence system does not yet provide a common centre for the development of the college spirit de corps. Mr. Kylie, speaking of the work done in the college class rooms, says:

"The lectures are rarely very inspiring. One prefers to yield to the spirit of place. Those grand old halls, with their lofty ceilings and their walls adorned with rich oak panelling, on which hang portraits of distinguished sons of the college, make the mind wander. A stray sunbeam steals through the stained-glass windows, and playing upon some painting, dimmed with age, makes the face it touches live again. The lecturer's voice itself seems to come out of the distance with a message from the past. The tutorial classes permit of no such dreaming. The small group of men—often three or four—whom the tutor takes, together meet him in his room. One reads an essay and the others criticize it; the tutor sums up the argument, corrects both readers and critics, and develops the whole subject. Undoubtedly these classes, which bring the men into close personal contact with the tutor, whose mastery of the subject enables him to bring out the weaknesses of each, and whose aim is to encourage original thought and expression, are, with the residence system, the essential and most praiseworthy features of Oxford life."—Toronto News.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Neglected Children

A meeting of the Children Aid Society was held on Saturday afternoon in the Council chamber, for the purpose of discussing what was to be done with the Babcock children, lately taken over by the Society. Assistant Superintendent O'Connor, of Toronto, and about fifteen others, were in attendance. The chair was occupied by the President, Dr. Herriman. A somewhat heated discussion took place as to the placing out of these children. The President thought the youngest, a child of about five years, was delicate, and should be given back to its mother. The meeting, however, disagreed with the doctor's suggestion, and finally a motion was passed that three of the children be taken to the Children's Shelter in Toronto, and the other remain in Lindsay until placed in a foster home by the society. Mr. O'Connor took the three children to Toronto on Saturday evening. In connection with the above case, we may state that several other homes where children are being neglected and exposed to bad influences are under the eye of the society, and if the parents or those responsible for their care do not amend their ways in the near future the children will be taken. Mr. O'Connor strongly advised prompt action in one case enquired into by him while here.

IN QUEST OF A HORSE THIEF.

CHIEF NEVISON AND CO. CONSTABLES PUT IN A FEW BUSY DAYS.

The Erring Young Man Nabbed at Gamebridge — Now in Lindsay Gaol.

On the night of Feb. 19th a young man named Malcolm Muir, about 21 years of age, stole the sum of $7 from his sister, Mrs. Bowen, of Coboconk, who was here visiting her parents, and as he did not return home that night the father—his patience exhausted by the son's frequent misdeeds—hunted up Chief Nevison and gave him the facts.

As the young man had recently been employed in the vicinity of Gamebridge it was deemed likely he would head in that direction to secure some clothing left there. Soon after the Chief was interviewed by Mr. Garnet Armstrong, who said he had hired a horse and cutter to a young man the previous night to go to Cambray, and that in the early morning the horse reached the stable with part of the harness and a blanket, but the cutter and man were missing. Putting two and two together, Chief Nevison concluded he was on the track of Muir, and telegraphed to Cambray and Cameron. Someone at the latter place wired back something about a man having missed the road the previous night and being compelled to abandon his cutter.

Hot on the trail, the Chief then 'phoned to Fenelon Falls and was told that a man had hired a horse and cutter to drive to Glenarm, whereupon the Chief 'phoned to the constable there to get after the man, as there was a warrant out for him. Constables at adjacent points were also notified, with the result that Muir was finally arrested at Gamebridge.

It transpired that the prisoner had pushed on to Victoria Road, where he disposed of the horse and outfit, and was on his way to secure his his clothing, after which he intended to lose himself in one of the Muskoka lumber camps. He was brought to the Falls Saturday evening and on Sunday Chief Nevison drove down after him. On the way back Muir was asked to describe if he could the point where he lost the road on his eventful trip, and when the bridge over McLaren's creek was reached he said it looked like the spot. Sure enough, the tracks of a cutter could be seen zigzagging through the stumps along the creek, and after tracing them for about 200 yards the badly wrecked cutter was found fast between two huge roots.

Muir was brought before Magistrate Steers Monday mornign, and was remanded till the 26th.

A Pleasant Affair.

Lindsay Branch No 77, C.M.B.A. gave a very pleasant "At Home," on the 18th in their rooms in the Parish Hall. Mr. J. J. MacDonell officiated as chairman, and after expressing his thanks for the large turnout he called on Miss Nettie O'Boyle, Miss Kingsley and Master Kingsley, who gave a trio, the former playing on the violin and the latter two on the piano and 'cello respectively. The selection was well rendered and greatly appreciated. Miss O'Connor gave an interesting reading, and Miss Ella Brady sang "Spring is Coming" with good effect. Mr. Willie Rogers recited "Barnardo," which was much enjoyed. Mr. Chas. Podger's Irish selection, "Acushla Macree," made a great hit. Mr. T. Brady rendered "Down in the Deep Sea," and Mrs O'Loughlin gave a very pleasing vocal and instrumental selection. Miss Mary Brady officiated as accompanist. At the conclusion of the program refreshments were served, after which the young people tripped the light fantastic till 12 o'clock.

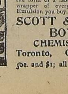
Consumption

Salt pork is a famous old-fashioned remedy for consumption. "Eat plenty of pork," was the advice to the consumptive 50 and 100 years ago.

Salt pork is good if a man can stomach it. The idea behind it is that fat is the food the consumptive needs most.

Scott's Emulsion is the modern method of feeding fat to the consumptive. Pork is too rough for sensitive stomachs. Scott's Emulsion is the most refined of fats, especially prepared for easy digestion.

Feeding him fat in this way, which is often the only way, is half the battle, but Scott's Emulsion does more than that. There is something about the combination of cod liver oil and hypophosphites in Scott's Emulsion that puts new life into the weak parts and has a special action on the diseased lungs.



A sample will be sent free upon request.

Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

SCOTT & BOWNE, CHEMISTS, Toronto, Ontario.

50c. and $1; all druggists.

MARCH WINDS AND BRIGHT SUNSHINE

THESE are what you need for bleaching, and now is the time to procure them.

We have been talking up the white wear, and selling it also; next we intend to bring on the unbleached wears.

Buy at once, and whiten by nature's safest process, snow and sun.

Factory Cottons have advanced in price, still we were fortunate in securing many to sell at the old prices: including our famous X 30 at 8c and No. 700 at 9c. These are two excellent lines for sheetings. We strongly advise you to have a web, as prices have increased, and we cannot repeat at old quotations.

We offer special reductions in Table Linens, and as they are kindred spirits of the Cottons, they should be laid side by side on the bargain table.

Good 60-in. Unbleached TABLE LINEN at the reduced price of .... 23c per yard

Heavy Unbleached Damask TABLE LINEN, 60 inches wide, at per yard 35c

Richardson's Pure Irish Bleached TABLE LINEN at 50c, 75c, 85c, $1, $1.25 and .... $1.50 per yard

LINEN TABLE NAPKINS, 67c, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2, $2.50 and .... $3.00 per dozen

These in Dinner and Tea sizes.

TOWELS also will come under the pruning knife of reduction.

You will find a choice stock of Cotton and Linen TOWELLING AND TOWELS at reduced rates.

For the present month only will these bargains continue, so take time by the forelock.

O'LOUGHLIN & McINTYRE

CASH AND ONE PRICE.

TIMELY DOMESTIC HINTS

Of Interest to Every Post Reader.

People who use the eyes much in reading, writing, sewing, etc., will rest the organs of vision by lifting the eyes every ten minutes or so and gazing at some distant object.

The latest remedy for colds in the head is the total abstinence, says the Paris Figaro, from drinking any fluid for several days. The system is called the "dry cure."

As soon as your coffee boils pour some into a cup, and fling back into the pot, whereupon the grounds sink to the bottom; repeat the operation, and it will pour off as clear as possible.

Too strong a light is as great an evil as one too dim, and when reading, writing or sewing the light, whether natural or artificial, should come from the left. It should never fall full in the face, but upon the work.

The drinking of hot spirits and water to cure a cold, from its agreeable qualities as regards the palate, is very frequently indulged in, but we may assure our readers, says Health, that a more dangerous remedy cannot be imagined.

An aching foot is often a foot simply panting for breath. House shoes should be easy and well-ventilated, and it is well, if possible, to adopt the sandal for house wear. If a foot is aching or smarting badly after much walking or standing, great relief may be obtained by plunging it for a few minutes in hot water in which has been dissolved a handful of salt.

In making steamed puddings take 6 ozs. wheaten flour, 1 oz. butter, 1 dessertspoonful Paisley flour or 1 teaspoonful baking powder, 1 tablespoonful jam or marmalade, 1 switched egg if desired, 1 tablespoonful sugar, and sufficient sweet milk to moisten. Mix ingredients, put into greased bowl, cover with greased paper and steam at least two hours. This pudding can be varied according to taste. Currants or raisins may be used instead of the jam or prunes (previously cooked), or indeed any kind of fruit would do.

For iced oranges to every pound of pounded loaf sugar allow the white of two eggs. Whisk the whites of the eggs well, stir in sugar and beat this mixture fifteen minutes; skin the oranges, and remove as much of the pith as possible without injuring the pulp of the fruit; pass a thread through the centre of each orange, dip them in sugar, tie them to a stick, place the stick across the oven, and let the oranges remain until dry, when they will have the look of balls of ice. If cooked in this manner they make a pretty dessert or supper dish.

Obituary.

The late Mrs. James Watson was a daughter of Mr. Alexander Graham, and was born in Montreal in the year 1835. Her earlier years were spent in Henrysburg, Quebec. In 1858 she came to Lindsay as the wife of her now bereaved husband, where she has resided during all the intervening years. Mrs. Watson was a devoted member of St. Andrew's church, and with her husband did much to sustain the cause of Presbyterianism in the earlier stages of its history in Lindsay.

New Lines For .... SCHOOL OPENING.

Exercise Books .... 3c and 5c
Lead Pencils .... 1c to 5c
Rubber Erasers .... 1c to 5c
Ink Bottles 5c
Ink 5c
Blotting Paper .... Free
Rulers .... 1c to 5c
Pens .... 5c per doz
Public School Readers at reduced prices.
First Book 10c
Part Second 15c
Second Reader 20c
Third Reader .... 3 c
Fourth Reader 40c

Geo. A. Little's Book and Stationery Store, Kent-st., Lindsay.

THE CANADA PAINT CO MONTREAL.

PRISM BRAND READY MIXED PAINTS

These are without any question the best paints made.

To be had in any quantity. See the 1903 Color Card for latest shades.

McLENNAN & CO.

"ELEPHANT" WHITE LEAD, AMBERILS, VARNISHES.

Railway Notes.

—Mr. John Porteous, who was general freight agent of the G.T.R. from 1877 to 1887, and in the employ of the Company 40 years in all, died in Boston last week.

—The following quotation from the regulations governing traffic on the Liverpool & Manchester Railway of 50 years ago will interest railway men and others: "Trains will start at their point of departure as near schedule time as possible, but the company does not guarantee when they will reach their destination. Trains not reaching their destination before dark will put up at one of the several stopping places along the route for the night, and passengers must pay for and provide for their own lodging for the night. Luggage will be carried on the roof of the carriages. If such luggage gets wet the company will not be responsible for any loss attaching thereto."

—The G. T. R. pay-car reached Lindsay on Feb. 19th, and the large staff of men received their cheques from the paymaster between 8.30 and 10 o'clock. On Friday morning the car left for Whitby, and at Manilla the engine attached met with a mishap while passing over a switch, the rear wheels leaving the rails. The local auxiliary train was sent out and the crew set things right after an hour's work.

Baby's Own Soap

is a guard against all skin troubles in children. It cleanses, softens, soothes and prevents chafing and sores.

IT IS AS GOOD FOR THE OLD AS THE YOUNG.

ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO., MFRS. MONTREAL. 4-2

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS.

EPPS'S COCOA

An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact, fitted to build up and maintain robust health, and to resist winter's extreme cold. Sold in ½ lb. tins, labelled JAMES EPPS & Co., Ld., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

EPPS'S COCOA

GIVING STRENGTH & VIGOUR.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEB. 20, 1903.

A BROKEN G.T.R. RAIL

Chicago Express Rolled Down an Embankment at Whitby.

44 PEOPLE WERE INJURED.

Miraculously None Were Killed, Though Two of Those Hurt Are Seriously Wounded—The Terrible Slide of Six Cars With Their Precious Freight—Report of Dr. Riordan, G.T.R. Physician.

Whitby, Feb. 20.—By good fortune, nothing short of providential, there are only injuries to record of a railway accident which occurred at Whitby Junction, 100 yards east of the station, about 8 o'clock yesterday morning. The frost had caused a rail to break. The first train to pass over the track yesterday morning, the Chicago express, tumbled thirty feet into the field below. Six cars followed each other over the steep embankment just east of the junction, and rolled down the hill, all but one overturning.

Train No. 3, the express, was two hours late, and was running immediately ahead of a local train, and on the local train's time. Engineer Ireland, the driver, had just slackened speed for Whitby Junction, when he felt the hind trucks of his Mogul engine leave the tracks. He tried to stop the train, but the engine rushed on, dragging car after car from the rails. The faulty rail was at a sharp switch, and, instead of following the tender, the baggage car shot over the rails and down the embankment. The second-class coach, which was filled with immigrants, followed, and then each coach went over in turn, until all were piled in a heap at the bottom.

150 Passengers on Board.

There were over 150 passengers on the train, and the fact that not one was killed is regarded as without a parallel in the annals of railway wrecks. About thirty passengers received more or less serious injuries, but in view of all the circumstances none complained, but all expressed thankfulness at their miraculous escape from death.

George Le Page, the baggageman, received injuries that may prove fatal, but the others were not dangerously wounded. Le Page was frightfully bruised and cut up about the head, and his recovery is very problematical. His right ear was cut off, and in addition to the bruises he was very seriously cut with broken glass.

Michael Cusack, the brakeman, had his right leg broken and his left shoulder dislocated. Many passengers sustained severe cuts about the head and several had ribs broken.

The train, which left Montreal at 10 Wednesday night, was composed of an engine, baggage car, two day coaches, and two Pullmans. It was due in Toronto at 7.15 yesterday morning, and as it was an hour late when nearing Whitby, and running at a high rate of speed in order to make up time. When within two hundred yards of the station, and while crossing the high embankment at that point a defective rail snapped.

A Terrible Slide Down Hill.

The engine crossed it safely, but the rear coaches were carried along for nearly two hundred yards by the momentum of the train. The passengers knew that an accident had occurred and were clinging to their berths when the terrible slide down the hill began. The light baggage car shot out and, turning completely over, lay on its top. The second-class car also overturned and lay at a right angle to the baggage car, and following it was the first-class coach which was the single car on the train not overturned.

The three Pullman coaches suffered the worst, and they were piled about like great toys, two of them lying on their sides with their trucks interlocked, and the other lying on its top behind them.

Then followed a scene of indescribable confusion. Few passengers in the day coaches escaped without some injury. The broken glass caused the most havoc, many being severely cut about the head and neck.

There were a number of foreigners on the first coach, who were going through to Chicago. The second coach was crowded with delegates returning to their homes from the Royal Templars convention at Cobourg. The ladies suffered severely from the shock, and not a few of them were attacked with hysteria.

Wrecking Train Sent.

A wrecking train was sent out from York at 9 o'clock and was only 30 minutes in reaching the scene of the accident. Dr. Walters was on board. By this time a staff of fourteen doctors from Whitby and Cobourg were in attendance. The station was converted into a hospital, and the work of bandaging up the injured was proceeded with.

There were many cases of miraculous escapes. In fact, to a person standing on the track after the accident and looking down the embankment on the dismembered cars below it seemed utterly incredible that any of the passengers should have lived to tell the tale. Some of the injured people exhibited great heroism.

The Most Seriously Injured.

Toronto, Feb. 20.—Many of the passengers on the wrecked train arrived here at noon yesterday. While over thirty people were injured, the two most serious cases are those of Michael Cusack, the brakeman, and George Le Page, the baggageman. The former had his leg broken and shoulder dislocated, while Le Page was badly cut about the head. One ear was torn almost completely off, and had to be sewn on by the doctor. W. Cook of Montreal had his leg injured, while John M. Spencer, manager for Evans & Sons, of Toronto, who was in one of the sleepers, was thrown right through the window, and was injured in the leg and shaken up. A little two-year-old girl named Lela Kay, of Mimico, was with her nurse in the wash-room when the train went down the gully, and, while both were jammed, it is not believed that their injuries are serious. Victor Ross, of The Globe, who had been attending the convention of the Templars of Temperance at Cobourg, was on the train and received a cut on the head, but is not seriously hurt.

The Official Casualties.

The official list of injured is as follows:

Conductor C. Stuart, slight injury to face, and injury to chest and side, and two cuts on top of head.

E. A. Wilson, express messenger, scratch on face, injury to left side of chest and shoulder, and left hand slightly bruised, and slight cut on top of head.

T. Koehn, Pullman conductor, generally bruised.

M. Cusack, brakeman, injury to ribs on left side and shoulder, fracture of both bones of left leg.

George Le Page, baggageman, injury to head, left ear cut, also cut on left side top of head and bruise to bones back of left ear.

Archibald Mains, 528 Adelaide street, Toronto, head slightly injured.

Wm. Tullack, 93 Cumming street, Toronto, head, hand and ear badly cut; Montreal to Toronto.

George Helleur, 32 John street, Montreal to Toronto; ribs bruised.

J. Necht, Montreal to Toronto, back slightly injured.

Mrs. E. D. Holden, Lowell to Toronto, hand bruised.

Mrs. John Kay, Montreal to Toronto, body, nose and lip slightly injured.

Miss R. Wood, 7 Murray street, Toronto; Boston to Toronto; head cut and bruised and left arm bruised.

G. W. Cook, 400 Elm avenue, Sherbrooke street, Montreal, scalp wound and left shoulder sprained.

Arthur Lapraik, 386 Berkeley street, Toronto, cut over eye and shoulder bruised.

J. M. Spencer, 161 Dowling avenue, Toronto, foot cut.

Twenty-four other passengers, en route to points in the Eastern States and to Washington Territory, were broken up and bruised.

The entire medical arrangements made by the Grand Trunk were under the direction of Dr. B. L. Riordan, who attended 44 cases yesterday. That is the number, so far as can be ascertained, of those injured in the accident, and, of course, in very many cases the injuries are slight.

Lost Both Legs.

Whitby, Feb. 20.—A young man known as Karl Brown, from Oshawa, last evening had one leg cut off, and the other so badly crushed that amputation was necessary, as the result of attempting to board a passing freight. He had been here to see the wreck, and thought to steal a ride home.

SCHOOL CHILDREN MANGLED.

Nine Young Folk Killed Outright and Fifteen Wounded by a Flying Train Crashing Into a Trolley Car.

Newark, N. J., Feb. 20.—Running at almost full speed, a train on the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad crashed into a trolley car loaded with pupils on their way to the high school yesterday morning. Eight or nine children were killed. At least fifteen were injured, some so badly that it is feared they will die.

The accident occurred at the Clifton avenue crossing, long noted as a dangerous spot. The trolley car was one of the special vehicles which the North Jersey Street Railway Co. runs between 8 and 9 o'clock five mornings in the week for the special accommodation of high school pupils. It had on board young men and women from all parts of the city, many of whom had transferred from other lines. So full was the car that the front platform was crowded with boys.

The motorman saw the train, and threw on the full power of the brakes. The car, however, slid upon the icy rails until the front platform projected over the tracks. A moment later the crash came. The pilot of the engine struck the front platform and swung the car around, and it toppled over. By the force of the collision the pupils were precipitated under the wheels of the engine. To some death came instantly. Others lingered a moment in fearful agony. The motorman's skull was fractured. It is thought [illegible] will die.

PREMIER AT AURORA

An Elevating, Eloquent and Inspiring Address by Mr. Ross.

DEVELOPMENT OF ONTARIO.

What Has Already Been Accomplished Toward That End—In Caring For the New the Development of the Old Has Not Been Lost Sight of—The Niagara Power Question.

Aurora, Feb. 21.—Any person who fancied that orderly meetings and calm discussion of public affairs had ceased in North York would have been agreeably disappointed if present at last night's great Liberal meeting in Mechanics' Hall. The gathering, except for its occasional cheers, might be compared to a church service in the dignity and temperateness of the audience.

The Chief Attraction.

The chief attraction of the evening was the Premier of Ontario. Hon. G. W. Ross, who came to speak for his colleague, Mr. Davis, and gave one of the most elevating, eloquent and inspiring addresses he has delivered since he became Premier. His general opening tone was a business talk, in which he showed how his Government had sought, by developing the newer regions and adding more intelligence to the older occupations, to give employment, to add to the wealth and the happiness of every person in the Province. He avoided the discussion of local issues, and in his concluding words, glanced hastily at the recent development of Canada, which, with its incalculable resources, called for the abandonment of party squabbles and for the application by everyone of his best energy for his country's welfare.

Discovered Niagara Falls.

Recently, he proceeded, after discussing the various older issues with which the electorate are more or less familiar, the Conservatives had discovered Niagara Falls. The Government had discovered it ten years ago and began to improve it. Now three companies had been given franchises to develop power, and under the agreements they would pay to the Province about $300,000 when they had completed their works. That was equal to a capital of nearly $7,000,000 at the disposal of the Province. On the American side the expenditure had been $2,000,000, compared with $600,000 here, and they did not receive a cent of rental from the power companies. They were willing to let Toronto for her civic works or for her manufacturers have all the power they wanted, or a union of municipalities might establish a commission and get power for themselves. One thing we are resolved upon, and that is, we shall not bring the Province of Ontario into any debt because of any investment the Government is expected to make or is asked to make to develop electrical power for any part of the Province, unless we can do it for the whole Province. (Applause.) We are not opposed to development, but to the risks of development at the expense of people who cannot benefit. Let those who are to benefit take the risk, and we allow them freely to assume the obligations. (Applause.) Mr. Ross touched briefly on the referendum, and then concluded his address in the following words:—

Canada's Expansion.

Who cannot help feeling a thrill of enthusiasm from the unprecedented expansion of commerce and industry apparent on every side. Our trade with the outside world now exceeds four hundred million dollars, being nearly double per capita the trade of the United States, showing the wonderful resources of our forests, mines and farms. What part Ontario will take in this vast emprise is for the electors of the Province to say. Shall we waste our energies in petty squabbles and party feuds, or shall we rise to the importance of the situation and demonstrate to the world that we are worthy of this great heritage? If we look to the undeveloped lands of new Ontario they will furnish us ample scope for our surplus energies.

Development of Older Ontario.

Nor should we confine ourselves to the breaking up of fresh soil. Old Ontario yields but a small fraction of what it is capable of producing. We must emulate the skill of Denmark in dairying; the thrift and frugality of France in marketing the small products of the farm; the thoroughness of Midlothian and the central counties of England in agriculture. To these ends we must not be afraid to incur a reasonable expenditure. The exports of our farms and stockyards last year amounted to about $90,000,000; they could be doubled with improved methods of husbandry and more labor. We are spending annually nearly $300,000 for agricultural purposes, all designed to make farming more renumerative, and to establish the science of agriculture as the supreme industry of the Province. We are spending as a Government nearly a million dollars for education, to raise the intelligence of our people to that high level which will enable them not only to compete with any other nation in the world, but to enjoy the fruits of their own industry as inteligent citizens only can.

The temptations which beset both young and old from the sale of intoxicating liquors we hope to restrict and minimize.

Free From Entanglements.

Though we claim to be a party Government, we are a Government for the people, irrespective of party, race or creed. So far as I can bring it about, the humblest citizen shall share in the bounty, as well as in the protection of Government, equally with the rich. We shall neither be dominated by corporations nor beguiled by popular generalities. The Government at this moment has no entangling alliances. Every member of the Government is as free to act in the public interest as any one of the 600,000 electors in the Province, and the personal character of every member of the Government is as free from reproach—and I say this advisedly—as the personal character of their strongest supporters or their bitterest opponents. We have but one ambition, that is to represent the matured intelligence of the best citizens in our methods for promoting public prosperity and protecting public morality, and although in respect of all of these we admit our shortcomings, I think I may say, without excess of confidence that we hope to realize our expectations quite as fully as the average citizen realizes the ideals which he has set before him in the mangement of his own affairs or in the direction of his personal conduct. (Loud cheers)

The meeting closed shortly before 11 o'clock with the singing of "God Save the King," and with hearty cheers.

TWO TRAINS FROZEN IN.

100 Passengers Fast Without Food in Uninhabited Newfoundland.

St. John's, Nfld., Feb. 21. — Two passenger trains are frozen in snow banks in the almost uninhabited interior of Newfoundland. They have nearly one hundred persons on board, who are short of provisions. One train, the farthest from relief, has only two days' food. The relief trains were also blocked. One relief engine was ditched yesterday, and most of the working party of 30 men were frost-bitten.

The chief trouble is that the relief parties are unable to venture far from their own trains, because of the blizzard, which has been raging during the past week.

An expedition with dog sleds, laden with food will start at daylight to-day in an endeavor to reach the distressed passengers. Snow banks 20 feet high extend for miles, and the cuts made by the engines fill again almost instantly. Thursday one train made only two miles.

The whole railway service is paralyzed. The trains having consumed all their coal, are now burning the wood of fences and trees alongside the tracks. No mail has come in or gone out of the colony for over a week.

ADMITS THE MURDER

Theophile Belanger Tells Why He Killed Antoine Seguin.

AVENGE DAUGHTER'S HONOR

Murderer, Against Whom Evidence Was Weak and Largely Circumstantial, [illegible] a Confession—After Slaying His Victim, Belanger Took Body to the Farm, Where It Was Subsequently Discovered.

Montreal, Que., Feb. 21.—The St. Eustache murder mystery has been cleared up by the arrest and subsequent confession of the murderer, Theophile Belanger, who has been under suspicion for some days, but against whom the evidence was believed to be weak and largely circumstantial. Detective McCaskill, chief of the provincial detectives, telephoned to the city yesterday morning from St. Scholastique that at 1 o'clock in the morning Belanger admitted having committed the crime. He said he was driven to the deed by the discovery that Antoine Seguin, the murdered man, had illicit relations with his pretty 20-year-old daughter.

Antoine Seguin was half-brother to Belanger's wife, and lived with them, being unmarried. He was 63 years of age, while Belanger is about 60. On Thursday, Feb. 12, according to the confession, Belanger shot Seguin in the yard near the house, while the children were at school and Mrs. Belanger was away visiting. He then put the body on a sleigh and drove it to the farm some distance away, where it was discovered the following day.

G. T. WRECK AT WHITBY.

Not Due to Spreading of Rails but to a Forward Truck.

Whitby, Feb. 21.—Manager McGuigan, Superintendent Blackstock and other officials of the G.T.R., arrived yesterday morning from Montreal, and inspected the scene of the wreck of Thursday. Careful examination of the track shows clearly that the accident was due not to the spreading of the rails, though that was an after incident of the actual occurrence, but to something happening to the forward truck of the second car of the train, a combination coach for first and second class passengers.

Toronto, Feb. 21.—Most of those who were injured in the Grand Trunk wreck at Whitby Junction Thursday are progressing favorably. Michael Cusack, the brakeman, and George Lappage, the baggageman, who are in St. Michael's Hospital, are doing as well as could be expected, considering the serious injuries of both men. Cusack received the worst injuries, although a fatal result is not expected in his case.

COAL ON TAHLTAN CREEK.

Seam Discovered That Extends a Mile and a Quarter.

Vancouver, B. C., Feb. 21.—Murdock McKay, for many years in the Hudson Bay Company's service, has arrived here from Atlin, where he reports the discovery of immense coal fissures on Tahltan Creek, ten miles above Telegraph Creek, where the seam is stated to extend one and a quarter miles on both sides of the creek. The coal closely resembles the cannel coal of England, and is easily placed for mining.

In order to feed the Kootenay smelters, should the interruption of work in the Crow's Nest field continue, arrangements are being made for large shipments of coke from the Union Vancouver Island ovens.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

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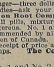
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Prepared in two degrees of strength. No. 1 and No. 2.
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have been growing famous in every kind of soil, everywhere. Sold by all dealers. 1903 Seed Annual postpaid free to all applicants.
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All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished promptly on application. Works north of market square, Cambridge st.

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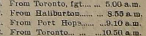

G. T. R. TIME TABLE.

ARRIVALS.

No.		Time
80.	From Toronto, fgt....	5.00 a.m.
32.	From Haliburton......	8.55 a.m.
21.	From Port Hope......	9.10 a.m.
22.	From Toronto...	10.50 a.m.
30.	From Coboconk......	10.10 a.m.
35.	From Port Hope...	2.05 p.m.
42.	From I. B. & O. Jct......	5.20 p.m.
23.	From Port Hope......	6.23 p.m.
54.	From Whitby......	7.30 a.m.
24.	From Toronto......	8.05 p.m.
56.	From Whitby......	8.45 p.m.
94.	From Midland......	3.10 p.m.
45.	From Belleville......	5.50 p.m.
13.	From Belleville......	10.20 p.m.

DEPARTURES.

No.		Time
12.	For Belleville	6.25 a.m.
51.	For Whitby......	6.30 a.m.
21.	For Toronto......	9.15 a.m.
22.	For Port Hope......	10 53 a.m.
43.	For I.B.&O. Jct......	11.00 a.m.
55.	For Whitby......	11.05 a.m.
27.	For Toronto......	12.05 p.m
33.	For Haliburton......	2.40 p.m.
31.	For Coboconk......	6.35 p.m.

The burnished plumage of the peacock owes its brilliancy and splendor to a healthful condition. Let the bird be sickly, and the plumage droops and grows dull. There is no exception in nature to the rule that beauty depends on health.

Women who see their beauty waning rarely associate the external change with failure of the womanly health. They do not understand the close relation of the general physical health to the health of the delicate womanly organism, until after being cured of womanly diseases by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription they find the color returning to the cheek and the flesh to the body.

"Favorite Prescription" establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

"Several years ago I was very poorly," writes Mrs. May Kelley, of Sylvia, Kans., "so weak I could hardly walk across the floor, and at times suffered severely. I took two bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and got well and hardy—gained twelve pounds in two months and was the picture of health. Your medicines have cured me. Almost everybody I meet says, 'You look so much better than you have for several years; you look well now.'"

"Favorite Prescription" makes weak women strong, sick women well. Accept no substitute for the medicine which works wonders for weak women.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are a lady's laxative. Nothing equals them for gentleness and thoroughness.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEB. 20, 1903.

THE POPE'S JUBILEE

Happiest Day in the Life of the Venerable Pontiff.

SELF-PRISONER FOR 25 YEARS

A Brilliant Spectacle—Gorgeous Decorations in the Hall of Beatification—A Brilliant Escort of Cardinals at the Chief Functions—The Presentation of a Gold Tiara—His Holiness' Blessing.

Rome, Feb. 21.—The Pope completed the functions of his jubilee yesterday without undue fatigue. Upon returning to his apartments the Pontiff exclaimed:

"This is really the happiest day of my life. It seems impossible that it is twenty-five years since I have been there," was the Pope's exclamation as he looked from a window of his apartments yesterday morning into the sunlit piazza of St. Peter's. This was the Pontiff's only reference to his long term of self-imposed imprisonment in the Vatican during which he has never gone beyond the palace grounds and St. Peter's, which is considered to be part of the Vatican.

The hall of beatification, above the portico of St. Peter's, where the Pontiff held his jubilee reception, presented a beautiful scene. It was beautifully hung with antique brocades and illuminated by thousands of electric lights and wax candles. The boxes along the long, narrow hall were filled to their capacity with members of the Roman aristocracy, diplomats, women with black veils, men in evening dress and monks and sisters in varying garb. Here and

POPE LEO XIII.

there groups of Papal guards in bright uniforms lent color to the whole. Notable among the diplomats was Count Almodovar, head of the special mission sent to represent the King of Spain at the jubilee.

The struggle to get into the hall was terrible. People were swept off their feet, and women were overcome, but no one was injured. The babel of tongues raised in protest testified to the world-wide character of the gathering.

Long Live the Pope-King.

There was a long and tedious wait before the ceremony commenced, and the audience was growing restless when suddenly a great roar of "Long live Leo," and "Long Live the Pope-King," announced the arrival of the Pontiff. His Holiness was borne in the sedia gestatoria on the shoulders of eight men habited in red brocade. The Pope himself wore gorgeous robes, and had the triple crown on his head. He bestowed his benediction right and left as he passed through the cheering concourse, whose enthusiasm was so great and whose desire to touch the hem of the Pope's gown was so intense that the presence of the guards seemed really necessary for his protection.

Presentations Made.

The Pope was accompanied by Cardinals Mocenni, Peirraud, Ferrari, Satolli, Respighi, Boschi and Macchi and escorted by the much-admired noble guards.

Cardinal Respighi, Vicar of Rome, read an affectionate Latin address expressing loyalty and devotion, and offered the gold tiara, the jubilee present of the Catholic world, which cost $25,000. Cardinal Ferrari (Archbishop of Milan), in behalf of a pilgrimage from Lombardy, presented an address of felicitation to the Pope and the gold, silver and bronze commemorative medals. The Pope thanked the Lombardy pilgrims and gave them his benediction. Cardinal Boschi read a third address, and presented to His Holiness the symbolic keys, one of gold and the other of silver, accompanied by an offering of $40,000 in gold coins. The Roman committee for the jubilee fetes presented a rich parchment volume, which contained the signatures of all who had contributed to the offerings, with another $40,000 to be devoted to the restoration of Basilica of St. John Lateran. Other committees followed with addresses and offerings.

The Pope then charged Monsignor Bisleti, his master of the Chamber, to read a Latin speech addressed "to my venerable brothers and beloved children," in which His Holiness expressed satisfaction at the manifestation of which he is the object on the part of the whole Catholic world. For the second time in a century, continued Pope Leo, Christ has wished to glorify his Vicar on earth by allowing him to reach the years of St. Peter.

The address ended by saying that the Pontiff was happy to celebrate his jubilee amidst the homage and veneration of the Catholic Universe.

After bestowing the Apostolic blessing the Pope returned to his apartments amid the enthusiastic plaudits of the multitude.

A SPRING UPRISING.

Macedonian Revolution Determined for Last of March.

PRESENT IDENTICAL NOTES.

Austrian-Russian Notes Handed to the Grand Vizier at Constantinople—Reforms Demanded Contain Nothing Objectionable to the Sultan or His Government or to Religion of the Mohommedans.

London, Feb. 23.—The New York Sun correspondent has wired his paper that the date of the Macedonian revolution is fixed for the last week in March.

PRESENTED AT CONSTANTINOPLE.

Austrian-Russian Note Handed to Turkey's Grand Vizier.

Constantinople, Feb. 23.—The Austrian and Russian Ambassadors presented Saturday to the Grand Vizer identical memoranda embodying the demands for reforms in Macedonia. The proceeding was of a semi-official character.

The chief proposal made in the memoranda is the appointment of an inspector-general for three years, with ample powers to act independently, and to requisition troops in case of emergency. The plan of reforms also provides for the re-organization of the gendarmerie and police under instructors, for administrative and financial reforms and for a more equitable collection of taxes. These reforms do not affect the Sultan's prerogatives, or wound the religious susceptibilities of the Mussulmans.

Concentration of Macedonians.

Vienna, Feb. 23.—It is reported that the Macedonian Leader Sarafoff has organized within the past fortnight several well equipped Bulgarian bands in Macedonia, each consisting of about 250 men. The Neue Freie Presse learns that 4,000 armed Macedonians are concentrated 40 miles from Sofia, and are preparing to attack the town of Melnik, in the Turkish Province of Seres. There is an unconfirmed rumor that the Albanians have attacked the Roumanian Consulate at Mitrovitza, Turkey.

25,000 Redifs Moving.

Constantinople, Feb. 23.—The Smyrna-Kassaba Railroad Company has been instructed to prepare for the transportation of 25,000 Redifs, to reinforce the third army corps at Salonica.

Genuine Castoria always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

RESULT OF A QUARREL.

John McDonald of North Bay Killed by George Williamson.

North Bay, Feb. 23.—On Saturday, Feb. 14, John McDonald and George Williamson quarreled on the Temiskaming toll road. Williamson, the smaller man, drew a knife and stabbed McDonald. The latter was brought to the hospital here, where he died yesterday. A coroner's jury viewed the remains and adjourned till Feb. 27. Williamson has been arrested. Both men are teamsters, and the affray occurred while they were driving out to the lumber camp.

ONE TRAIN RELIEVED.

But Others Are Still Blocked in Snow in Newfoundland.

St. John's, Nfld., Feb. 23.—Relief parties with food yesterday reached the trains which are snowbound in the interior, and supplied them with provisions. The nearest train was freed yesterday afternoon and started for St. John's. The relief train is forging its way forward, trying to clear the track to enable the other two blocked trains to move east. It is impossible to say when they will be released, as the drifts are very heavy.

Reached the Azores.

Berlin, Feb. 23.—The German Cable Company has finished laying its second line to New York so far as the Azore Islands, 1,200 miles.

HOPES OF IRISHMEN.

Belief in a Final Settlement of the Land Question.

DUBLIN CONFERENCE PLAN.

Views of the Duke of Abercorn and Mr. John Redmond — All Parties Have Joined Forces to Effect This Bloodless Revolution—Opposing Parties Express Confidence in Bona Fides of Each Other.

London, Feb. 23.—As the result of interviews with the Duke of Abercorn, Lord Dunraven, John Redmond and others, the Associated Press is able to announce authoritatively that the following is the situation to-day, as regards the plan to finally settle the Irish land question:

All the interested parties, Nationalists, Unionists, landlords and tenants, are now, for the first time in the history of Ireland, in agreement upon the lines of the Dublin Conference.

They, also, have joined forces in bringing pressure on the Government to make Secretary Wyndham's forthcoming bill agree in spirit with the recommendations of the conference, and all indications point to the bill conceding those demands.

A Peaceful Revolution.

It will be introduced in Parliament at the end of March, and, if passed, will accomplish what Mr. Redmond and Lord Dunraven agree in saying will be one of the "most extraordinary peaceful revolutions effected."

If Mr. Wyndham, for lack of funds or other causes, fails to meet the views of the conference, he will have on his hands, to quote Mr. Redmond, "an Ireland, such as the world has never seen."

In this view such a strong supporter of the Government as the Duke of Abercorn concurs.

Mr. Redmond adds: "If this agreement of keenly opposing parties lacks fulfilment through the Government's refusal, there will be twice as many counties under the ban of the Crimes Act than there were prior to the present truce.

"This truce will be continued until the terms of the bill are revealed. A great Nationalist conference, at which Bourke Cockran of New York will be one of the principal speakers, will meet in Dublin in April to take action on the subject."

After the Budget.

In consequence of lack of funds, Mr. Wyndham's bill will not be introduced until after the presentation of the budget.

Duke of Abercorn's Views.

The Duke of Abercorn, who is president of the powerful Irish Landlords' Association, which at first declined to join the Earl of Mayo and Lord Dunraven in conferring with the Nationalists, but which later signified its assent, frankly admits that he is amazed at the results achieved, and at the "happy topsey-turveydom" now prevailing in Irish politics.

Asked if he thought the Nationalists were sincere in their professions of willingness to settle the long-standing grievances by a compromise, the Duke of Abercorn emphatically expressed his belief in their complete sincerity. The duke could not conceive that the Government "would stand on any quibble," when the solution of the most serious problem of the Empire was within its grasp. He thought the process of changing the holdings from the landlord to the tenant might possibly cost $3.500,000 annually, adding:

"It surely would be cheap at that price."

Neither Mr. Redmond nor Lord Dunraven believes the transfer of the land would involve more than $1,500,000 annually, and both think that the economies resulting from the cheaper administration would greatly reduce this figure, if they do not eventually quite wipe out the necessity for state aid in the payment of the difference between the maximum price the tenant can afford to pay and the minimum price the landlord can accept.

Desperately Hard Up.

The Irish-Unionist leaders are of the opinion that the whole question might be declared settled in advance if the Government were "not so desperately hard up." In consequence of this lack of funds, Mr. Wyndham's bill will not be introduced until after the presentation of the budget, so that any money to carry out the provisions of the bill will not be included in this year's taxes.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Ritchie, while quite sympathetic towards Ireland, now faces a more serious financial situation and more bitter protests against over-taxation than have confronted any Chancellor in recent years. The phenomenally small Government majorities since Parliament reassembled are indications of the storm which is brewing over Mr. Ritchie's head. He must also float a new Transvaal loan before Ireland gets an additional penny, and the Government, with reason, is keenly anxious in this respect.

Consols yesterday were at the lowest point reached this year, and inquiries made at Anglo-American banking houses, such as the Morgans, Seligmans and Speyers, reveal the fact that there is no indication of the United States subscribing to a loan. One financier said:

"If the Government brought out a loan which would really provide means for settling the Irish question, they would get more underwriting than they would know what to do with, both here and in America."

Mr. Redmond's Opinion.

Mr. Redmond was asked point blank if he thought the landlords were in earnest, and he replied:

"I have every reason to think they are just as anxious as we are to settle once and for all Ireland's troubles. If Mr. Wyndham brings in a bill on the line of the decisions arrived at by the Dublin conference the greatest step in the industrial and social history of Ireland will have been accomplished. More than that, it will be a most important step towards Home Rule. Under the new system, the landlords will live in Ireland, derive a benefit from their property, and begin to take a new interest in Irish affairs. They will then see the necessity for an extension of local Government, and will eventually become as anxious as ourselves to secure Home Rule."

M'BRIDE—GONNE.

The Major Marries the Irish Joan of Arc in Paris.

Paris, Feb. 23.—Major McBride, who was a member of the Irish brigade in the Transvaal service during the South African war, was quietly married Saturday afternoon to Maude Gonne in the Church of St. Honore d'Eylau, this city. Only a score of people were present. The ceremony was performed by the former chaplain of the Irish brigade.

GIRL LURED FROM TORONTO.

Alma Baker Induced to Go to Buffalo and Turned Adrift.

Buffalo, Feb. 23.—Through the arrest of Alma Baker, a pretty young Toronto woman of 23 years, who was deported to Canada last week, the police have discovered that a shameful and criminal traffic is being carried on between Canada and the United States. It appears that certain concert halls have agents in Canadian cities on the lookout for bright, intelligent young women who can be induced to come to Buffalo on the pretense that good positions await them. The number of victims of these vile criminals is not small.

Alma Baker came to Buffalo eight weeks ago, and was arrested early Thursday on Main street, when she told her story. It was that she met a man named La Bertus in Toronto, whom she was induced to accompany to this city. La Bertus took her to a concert hall on Broadway, where he had an engagement of several weeks. The man disappeared a week ago, leaving her penniless, and she drifted into the street. La Bertus cannot be found.

VERDICT MOVES POLICE.

William Leek, M.C.R. Conductor, Wanted on Manslaughter Charge.

St. Thomas, Feb. 23.—A police officer from Haldimand County arrived in the city yesterday morning with a warrant for the arrest of William Leek, M. C. R. conductor, on the charge of manslaughter. Mr. Leek was acting as pilot for the Pere Marquette crew, in charge of the light freight train which ran into the rear of Conductor Charles Kennedy's M.C.R. freight at Perry Station, disregarding the signal against him, and killing Mr. John Davis of Hagersville. The coroner's jury returned a verdict, placing the blame upon Mr. Leek. Mr. Leek was a conductor previously, and was set back some ten years ago, being recently reinstated, and it is said that the trip on which the collision occurred was his first since reinstatement.

BRAKEMAN KILLED ON G. T. R.

Richard Ford Run Down by an Engine at York.

Toronto, Feb. 23.—After being in the employ of the Grand Trunk Railway but three weeks, Richard A. Ford, a brakeman, met death in the yards at Little York on Saturday night. Ford was out on a run to Belleville during the day, and returned to Little York about 9 p.m. The conductor of the train, on its arrival there, gave Ford instructions to turn a switch, and while walking along the track he was run down by a yard engine. Death was instantaneous. Ford was 23 years of age, and prior to going into the employ of the Grand Trunk Railway was motorman on the Toronto Street Railway, and lived at 112 Sherbourne street.

GIRL AND BOY BURNED.

A Shocking Accident in Dummer Township—One Child Dead.

Peterboro', Feb. 23.—Word has been received here of a horrible accident which occurred to two children of Mr. James Drain of the Township of Dummer, Peterborough County. Mrs. Drain left her two children alone, one a boy of three months, and the other a girl of three years. The mother returned in time to see her children on fire, the younger being burned to death on the spot, while the other is not expected to recover. How the accident occurred is not known.

Capt. McBride Dead.

St. Thomas, Feb. 23.—Captain A. McBride, aged 83, died yesterday after an illness of two years. He had been Clerk of the Division Court for the past 13 years, and had lived in this city for 22 years. He came to this country when eight years old. He sailed on the lakes as a captain until 1873, and kept the Hutchinson House here for a number of years.

Broke Her Neck.

St. Thomas, Feb. 23.—A report comes from Buffalo that Mrs. Florence Snell, better known as Flo Cook, has been killed there by falling downstairs and breaking her neck. The woman's mother still lives in the city, and she also had a brother who, until recently, resided here.

WILL MOVE THE ADDRESS.

Mr. A. G. Mackay, M.P.P., North Grey, Has Been Selected.

Toronto, Feb. 23. — It is understood that Mr. A. G. Mackay, M.P.P., the new member for North Grey, will move the address in reply to the speech from the throne in the Legislature next month. This is an honor well deserved by this popular speaker, though in the selection Premier Ross doubtless suffered from an embarrassment of riches among his new supporters. The name of the seconder has not yet been selected.

Burglars Bound Him.

Quebec, Feb. 23.—At an early hour Saturday morning an ecclesiastic of the seminary named Maurice Lapalme, was found lying unconscious and tied securely to a stair case. He had been bound hand and foot, as well as gagged. The deed was done by two unknown men, whose evident intention was robbery.

MAY REACH $75,000

Militia Officials' Estimate of Martineau's Defalcations.

ACCUSED BY THE MINERS.

Yukon Officials Charged With Beating Miners Out of Their Claims—Hon. Mr. Sifton Has Ordered Mr. Wood to Suspend Both Officials and Make Complete and Thorough Investigation.

Ottawa, Feb. 23.—The officials of the Militia Department think that the defalcations of Martineau will aggregate $75,000. It will be a day or two yet before the exact amount is known. At present the accountant and his staff are going over the entries in the departmental day book for the past twelve months and comparing them with the statement furnished by the Bank of Montreal of the checks which it has cashed within the same period. Until this comparison is completed the estimate of the defalcations is only an approximate one. It would appear that the first bank in which Martineau made deposits was the Quebec Bank. He did so under the name of Chas. D. Cote. He next opened an account at the Sovereign Bank, under the same name. To the local manager of the Sovereign Bank he was, it is stated, introduced by a former member of the staff of the Quebec Bank. In the Royal Bank he also made deposits. The amount standing to his credit in the Sovereign Bank is said to be $9.300. It is reported, but cannot be confirmed, that the sums in the other banks are larger. The extent of Martineau's transactions in stocks used to amaze some of his associates. They thought, however, that by reason of his having had considerable experience he was acting for wealthy clients. Martineau once boasted of having made as much as $18,000, but he confessed also to having experienced losses.

Charge Against Yukon Officials.

The Department of the Interior has been advised that two Yukon Officials, Messrs. Hinton and Young, who formerly belonged to Ottawa, and who were employed in connection with the recording of claims on Duncan Creek, about 200 miles from Dawson, have been accused by the miners of beating them out of their claims. The complaints were made to the department on behalf of the miners, and immediately on learning of them Mr. Sifton ordered Mr. Wood, the acting Commissioner of the Yukon, to suspend both officials. Instructions were also sent to investigate the charges to the fullest possible extent, and if they are established to institute both civil and criminal actions against Hinton and Young.

GREAT NORTHERN DEAL.

The Arrangements Made With Messrs. Mackenzie & Mann.

Quebec, Feb. 23.—With regard to the reported transaction by which Mackenzie & Mann of Toronto will obtain control of the Great Northern Railway, a prominent official of that company has given the following information:

"The proposed transaction with Messrs. Mackenzie & Mann has been under consideration for some time, and with the knowledge of all the directors of the company. The transaction has not yet been closed, but it is hoped that it will be next week, as it will be very much to the advantage of the company and of Quebec that so large a business as Mackenzie & Mann's should be brought to this port for shipment. The nature of the transaction is that Mackenzie & Mann may acquire a certain interest in the stock of the company, and have a representation on the Board of Directors. With this exception the present organization of the company and of its officials will not be disturbed, and the head office and management and operating staff of the company will remain, as heretofore, at Quebec. Messrs. McNaught and Melville are about equal owners in the stock of the company, and neither of them disposes of his interest."

Carl Brown Dead.

Toronto, Feb. 23.—Carl Brown, the Cedardale youth, who lost his legs in an attempt to board a freight train at Whitby, died at the General Hospital Saturday afternoon.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTERS LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents Purely Vegetable.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is for Infants and Children. Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. Castoria cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. Castoria assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels of Infants and Children, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children." Dr. G. C. Osgood, Lowell, Mass.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. Archer, M. D. Brooklyn, N. Y.

THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

APPEARS ON EVERY WRAPPER.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

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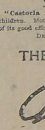
ARE YOU A PRISONER?



THOUSANDS of men are prisoners of disease as securely as though they were confined behind the bars. Many have forged their own chains by the vices of early youth, exposure to contagious disease, or the excesses of manhood. They feel the vim, vigor, and vitality of manhood are lacking. Are you nervous and despondent? tire the morning? Have you to force yourself through the day's work? Have you little ambition and energy? are you irritable and excitable? eyes sunken, depressed and haggard looking? memory poor and brain fagged? have you weak back with dreams and losses at night? deposit in urine? weak sexually—you have

Nervous Debility and Seminal Weakness.

Our NEW METHOD TREATMENT is guaranteed to Cure or No Pay. 25 years in Detroit. Bank Security. Beware of quacks—Consult old established, reliable physicians. Consultation Free. Books Free. Write for Question Blank for Home Treatment.

Drs. Kennedy & Kergan,

148 SHELBY STREET. DETROIT, MICH.

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The RUDD HARNESS Co.

JANUARY SALE OF

ROBES, BELLS AND BLANKETS.

We intend to sell the above goods at prices that will clear out our entire stock.

Light and Heavy Harness always in stock, . . . and made to order. . . .

50 Dozen thread length Raw Hide Whips to sell at 30c, regular 50c each. Brown Buck Livet Pads at 25c each.

Give us a call and save money. Repairing neatly and promptly done.

A FULL LINE OF TRUNKS AND VALISES ALWAYS IN STOCK.

THE RUDD HARNESS CO.

H. J. LITTLE, MANAGER.

J. RIGGS,

LINDSAY.

Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of Hair Goods, of which I keep a large assortment.

Your own Hair made to order

Hair Requisites in black, Pomp and Round Combs, Hair Brushes, Pocket Combs and Pomp Pads, Hair Pins and Set

If You Contemplate Building

Call at Ingle's Planing Mills.

Mr. Ingle can supply anything in SASH, DOORS, WINDOW BLINDS, always on hand. Being in business for over thirty years, I am satisfied I know the wants of the people. No firm has first-class material for house or barn buildings turned out of my factory. Prices most reasonable. Consult me before making a contract. Satisfaction guaranteed in any case.

GEO. INGLE.

Cor. Cambridge and Wellington-sts.

HARNESS! HARNESS

Now is the time to buy harness. We will sell for a short time Team Harness worth $28.00 for $25.00.

Single Harness, nickle trimmed, for $10.00, $14.00, $16.00 and $18.00.

Solid Nickle or Rubber Harness for $20.00.

Our stock of Harness is good and well made.

E. PROUSE,

Harness Maker and General Merchant, OAKWOOD.

To Citizens of Little Britain and Vicinity

WINTER IS HERE

If you have not already ordered your

WINTER OVERCOAT

it is not too late. We can make you up a nice stylish fitting Overcoat from $10 to $20. Why buy a ready-made suit when you can get a better one made to order at nearly the same price. Our goods cannot be beaten for quality, and as for style our reputation as a cutter and tailor speaks for itself.

Give us a trial before patronizing Oakwood, Port Perry or Lindsay tailors.

J. J. RICH

LITTLE BRITAIN.

"Pure soap!" You've heard the words. In Sunlight Soap you have the fact.

SUNLIGHT SOAP REDUCES EXPENSE

Ask for the Octagon Bar. 231

NOT THE THING.

Depend upon it, ready-made garments won't satisfy you, though to read the advertisem the dealers you may be led to fancy that clothing made of shoddy and out with a bzz saw is superior to all other kinds.

If you stand in need of a NEW SUIT or OVERCOAT you will save dollars by coming here for it. We give every man the worth of his money, and the sewing won't rip the first time a strain comes on the garment.

We have a grand range of English, Irish, Scotch and Domestic Cloths to choose from. If you want new clothes for Spring, place your order now.

CATHRO & CO.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEB. 27, 1903.

BREEZY LOCAL BREVITIES.

GATHERED BY POST REPORTERS

What Is Happening in Town and the Country About Us.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Vapo-Cresolene tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists.

—Mr. Carnegie thought Venezuela offered him a splendid chance to get rid of some of his money, but he was foiled.

—With the British Parliament sitting the usual question comes up of what's going to happen to poor old Ireland.

—The two cars damaged in the Peterboro collision Saturday have been sent to London shops for repairs. The amount of the damage will not exceed $500.

—It is estimated that over $900 was taken in at the Academy of Music ticket office for the eight performances put on by Marks Bros

—Armstrong's Bros. stock of furs and men's furnishings has been purchased by Mr. J. E. Matchett, of Toronto, who took possession on Thursday of last week.

—Our citizens will rejoice at the indications of another mild spell The extreme cold of the last few days caused a great expenditure of fuel

—Mr P. B. McIlihargey made his usual weekly shipment of hogs to the Geo Matthews Co., Peterboro, last week. There were 105 in the lot, and the price paid was $5 60 per hundred

—If Rev. A. B. Simpson is correct, and the end of the world is really near, it will be an awful sell on that man Morgan, who recently bought it.

—Mr. Thos. Spratt shipped about thirty fox pelts to Toronto lately

—Kano is now occupied by British troops, but they had to use bayonets as Kanoopeners.

—Mr. Ben. Cook, Ridout-st., received the other day from a friend in Oakland, California, a basket of choice fruit, containing plums, oragnes and peaches.

—Guiding Star Encampment No. 22, I.O.O.F., will be favored with a fraternal visit from Grand Patriarch Spackman on March 3rd. A number of the members of the Peterboro Encampment will be present.

—The Minden Echo complains that deer hunting has been going on in the north-east corner of Lutterworth and south-west corner of Anson for some days past. Game Warden Smith, of Belleville, should look into the matter.

—At a special meeting of the Board of Education, held last Friday, Mr. Wm. H. Walsh, of the south ward, was appointed caretaker of the Collegiate Institute, to succeed the late Wm. Passmore. His duties will commence on March 1st.

—Mr. R. D. Foster, a young man employed in the testing department of the Canadian General Electric Co. at Peterboro, received a shock of 1200 volts last Friday morning. His hadns were badly burned, and he may lose the index finger of each.

—Kingston Council will not build any more granolithic walks into citizens' grounds unless a deposit covering the cost of the work is made before the same is started. Work of this kind to the extent of $500.61 was done last year, and so far only $42.34 has been collected.

—Peterboro citizens are making use of the town press to denounce the "monumental gall" of the Dickson Lumber Co. in proposing to stretch booms for the storing of logs along the shores of Little Lake, and so exclude the public from the pleasure of boating. The canoeists are up in arms.

—Peterboro Review: There wasn't a lady's hat in sight throughout the large gathering when the curtain went up in "El Capitan" Monday night Only one person came in late, and he can be excused on account of rheumatism and failure to catch a car Conditions were such as they should be always

—Mrs. Raymond, who resides east of Water-st., in the south ward, wishes us to state that the man Castor, who was sentenced recently by P. M. Steers to fifteen days in gaol, was not arrested at her home, but at Jerry Cleary's. Mrs. Raymond informs us that she is in no way connected with the Babcocks.

—Mr. Sandford Laidlaw, the genial locomotive engineer, has abandoned his cab for a few days under doctor's orders. On Feb. 17th, while out on his run, a sudden lurch of the engine hurled him against a corner of the seat with sufficient force to fracture a rib. He hopes to be able to report for duty next Monday.

—Marks Bros Dramatic Co. closed their week's engagement last evening by presenting the comedy drama, "Among the Brigands," in five acts The play was interesting from start to finish The specialties were also pleasing, every performer being encored The company left to-day for Orillia, where they will remain a week

—Mr John Carew will have a good-sized drive of logs afloat on Scugog lake when the ice goes out in the spring, every marketable stick having been taken off his limit near Blackstock The gang of men in camp there all winter have gone to Squaw River, below Bobcaygeon, where another limit is being cut over

—A man named Fisher, an employee at Sylvester's foundry, met with a slight accident on Feb. 17th in the machine shop He was operating a machine for putting threads on bolts and in some way his right hand got caught, two fingers being badly lacerated It will be some time before Fisher will be able to resume his duties

—The G.T.R. baggage car which was damaged in the wreck at Peterboro on Saturday last, is standing on the siding in the local yards, but will be sent to London for repairs in a few days. In connection with this wreck Mr. Price, locomotive foreman of the shops says it was late Sunday morning before the Lindsay wrecking crew had returned from Peterboro.

—Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Southby and Mr. and Mrs. D. Gorrie, of Haliburton, gave an "At Home" to their friends in that village last week. The affair took place in the town hall, which was handsomely decorated for the occasion. About 125 were present and all spent a most enjoyable evening. Dancing was the chief amusement, the music was supplied by Mr. Kellet's orchestra.

—The death occurred at Irondale on Feb. 19th, of Mr. Claude Ward son of Mr. W. A. Ward, general freight and passenger agent of the I. B. & O. Railroad. The deceased was a young man about 22 years of age, and had been a sufferer from that dread disease consumption, for over a year. He leves a wife and little child. The remains will pass through this evening to Toronto, where interment will take place.

AS TRAVELLERS COME AND GO

PITHY PERSONAL POINTERS.

Movements of Citizens and Strangers Within Our Gates.

—Mr Chas. Doherty, of Kinmount, was in town last week.

—Mr. J. D. Thornton, of Omemee, was in town Saturday.

—Mr H. McInnes, of Kirkfield, was in town recently on business.

—Miss Kate O'Loughlin is visiting friends in Toronto and Hamilton.

—Mr. J. K. Carnegie, M. P. P., of Coboconk, was in town last week.

—Mr. S. C. Read, of the G. T. R., Hamilton, was in town Saturday.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Morrison, of Kinmount, were in town Saturday.

—Mr. J. E. Haggart, of Peterboro, was in town Saturday on business.

—Mrs W. Dunbar and daughter, of Kinmount, wer ein town last week

—Mr T. S. Burgoyne, of Spokane, Washington, is visiting Lindsay friends.

—Mr and Mrs. Ben. Martin, of Margaret. Man, are visiting Lindsay and Minden friends

—Mr. J. Robinson, proprietor of the Union hotel, Gooderham, was in town Saturday.

—Mr. J. R. Graham and Mr. Geo. Wilson, of Fenelon Falls, were in town last week.

—Mr. J. Hopkins and Mr. Sam McKenry spent a couple of days at Fenelon Falls last week.

—Mr Wm. Fielding, police magistrate of Minden, was in town Saturday and made The Post a friendly call.

—Mr Vin. McIlihargey, G.T.R. operator at Midland, who had been spending a few days in town, returned last week.

—Mrs. S. Sanderson and family left town on Tuesday for Madoc, where they will spend a couple of weeks visiting her parents.

—Mr. E. L. Fortte, of the Ontario Bank, Kingston, formerly of this town, and Mrs. Fortte, spent a few days with friends here last week.

—Dr. J. W. Evans, of Chapleau, while attending the Toronto Bonspiel made a short visit to Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Henderson, 26 St. Paul-st.

—Mr Reesor, of Markham, inspector for the Standard Fire Insurance Co., was in town last week, adjusting the loss by fire on Mr R. Lytle's dwelling on Glenelg-st

—Miss Nevada Parkin, head trimmer at Wakely & Ford's millinery establishment, is away attending the openings in Toronto She will be absent a couple of weeks

—Mr Jas. A. Gillogly, travelling representative for the Rathbun Co., was on a business trip to Bowmanville, Newcastle and Port Hope last week in the interest of his firm We understand Mr Gillogly booked several good orders for cement.

—Mr. Coombs, at one time bookkeeper for the Rathbun Co., but now with the Geo. Matthews Co., Ottawa, and Mrs. Coombs, arrived Friday, having been called here on account of the death of Mrs. Coombs' mother, Mrs. Watson, which occurred Thursday evening. They left again Monday morning.

—Winnipeg Free Press: It is reported that Mr. J. K. McNeillie, C.P.R. car service agent here, has been notified that he will be transferred to Montreal. Mr. J. McGregor, who has been connected with the western freight association, is mentioned as his successor. Mr. McNeillie has been in Winnipeg about two years, coming here as chief clerk to General Superintendent Oborne. He was previous to that in Montreal......As many of our readers are aware, the young gentleman referred to is a son of Mr. J. R. McNeillie, County Clerk and Treasurer.

AS TO NEW ONTARIO.

ITS WEALTH HAS ONLY RECENTLY BEEN DISCOVERED.

Its Universe Area Estimated at 140,000 Square Miles—Climate Good.

The Monetary Times has the following interesting article, as the first of a series on New Ontario":

So much interest is being taken by many of our readers in the northern part of the province, commonly called "New Ontario," that it may be well to present a precise description of its main features In reality comprising the larger part of the whole province, yet it may be said to have been only discovered within the last two or three years The old pioneers who hewed their way through the country in which are now situated Toronto, Hamilton, London and scores of other prosperous towns, found, as they went northward, that the land became more thickly wooded, more rocky and barren-looking; with the result that they desisted from their labours and settled down in the conviction that the best part of the country was already their's This view was only partially correct It was true that many portions of this great new region appeared somewhat forbidding for agricultural purposes But against this they were wonderfully rich in minerals and forest woods, while immense areas existed where the land was as fertile as in any part of the continent

All this, however, took time to learn Indeed, it was not until 1900 that any organized effort on a large scale was made to discover the exact truth. In that year the Provincial Government sent out several exploration parties, which traversed the country from the Quebec boundary in the east to the Manitoba boundary in the west, and northward from Southern or "Old" Ontario, to the Hudson Bay. The result of these recent discoveries are shewing themselves to-day. Prospectors are honeycombing the ground, mines are being located or opened up, railways built, sawmills erected in every direction, and hundreds and thousands of settlers are taking up land, where they find they can grow just as good crops as was ever the case in the districts from which they came originally.

One of the first things hard to realize about New Ontario, is its immense area, this being estimated at over 140,000 square miles, or say, 90,000,000 acres. Some of this is still practically unknown, but there are other sections which are rapidly partaking of the aspect of an old-settled country. Pioneer life has its difficulties wherever it may be undertaken, and New Ontario has its own virtues and its own drawbacks. There are many farmers to whom the wide expanse of prairie to be found in Manitoba and the North-west, with its cheap preparation of land for crops is ne plus ultra. Others, again, are irresistibly attracted to a land of hill and dale, of mountain and valley, with quick-rushing rivers and luxuriant tree-growth. For such as these New Ontario is the place to go. When the intending settler is with little or no means, the advantage possessed by the latter is increased, for until such time as he and his family can make enough to maintain themselves on the land he can make money in lumbering, the expensive item of clearing his land thus being converted into a source of income. Besides this, there are several thriving towns and mining camps which offer a good market at home for all that the neighboring farmer can produce.

We will now endeavor to give a brief description of the districts into which this huge new country has been divided, beginning with that on the extreme west of the province, known as the Rainy River Valley, a name which, by the way, has nothing to do with the meteorological conditions. Here lies a tract of wonderfully rich land, containing 1,000,000 acres, more or less, in one block. It is traversed by the Canadian Northern Railway, which connects it with Port Arthur on the east, and Winnipeg, Man., and Pembina, N.D., on the West. Steamers also ply through the Lake of the Woods and up the Rainy River from Rat Portage. Adjacent to the valley is an extremely rich mining district, gold and silver being the chief products. The soil, as we have said, is very fertile, varying from clay to sandy loam, which is easily worked. Its general surface is fairly level, sloping gradually down towards the river. Small swamps are occasionally met with, but these are dry enough to be worked in summer. Small creeks abound, rendering drainage by means of surface ditches an easy operation. Much of the timber is commercially valuable. Pine is abundant, scattered among such other trees as poplar, tamarac, balsam, spruce, cedar, birch, with oak, elm, ash and soft maple in small numbers. The climate is good. Indeed it may be said to resemble that of the Lake Ontario region, excepting that the winter is slightly colder, but considerably drier and more even. Usually enough snow falls and keeps on the ground to afford good sleighing from December to March, with but few intervals of soft weather. The summers are distinguished by their cool nights and heavy dews. The chief town is Rat Portage at the northern extremity of Lake of the Woods.

FEBRUARY WEDDINGS

A Popular Resident of Galway Township Selects a Bride in Emily.

St. Luke' schurch, Downeyville, was the scene of a very pretty wedding on Thursday morning, the 17th inst., when Miss Clara Morrissey, daughter of the late Edward Morrissey, of Downeyville, was married to Mr. Joseph McGuire, of Kinmount, Rev Father Bretherton performed the ceremony.

The bride wore a gown of cream broadcloth with bertha and cuffs of cream lace over satin. Her hat was of black velvet with ostrich plumes. She was attended by Miss Mabel Meehan, who wore a becoming gown of blue poplin with cream silk medallions, and stylish black hat. Mr. Andrew Morrissey was best man.

After the nuptial mass the bridal party repaired to the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs. Henry Matthews, where a sumptuous wedding breakfast was partaken of. The bride was the recipient of a number of handsome gifts. Her going-away dress was of dark green Venetian cloth, with sable furs. Mr. and Mrs. McGuire left on the evening train for Kinmount.

Malone—Shea.

On Wednesday, Feb. 10th, a pretty wedding was solemnized in St. Mary's church, when Miss Ella Shea, daughter of Mr. Jas. Shea, Ops, was married to Mr. J. P. Malone. The ceremony was performed by Ven. Archdeacon Casey in the presence of a few of their intimate friends and relatives.

The bride looked pretty dressed in cream lustre, trimmed with applique, and wore a hat to match. She was assisted by her sister, Miss Lizzie Shea, while Mr. Ed. Meagher supported the groom. After the usual congratulations the happy party repaired to the home of the bride's parents, where a sumptuous repast was served. The bride was the recipient of many useful and beautiful presents.

The Post and their friends join in wishing them a happy and prosperous married life.

Strickland — Smith.

Pleasant Hill, Mariposa, was the scene of a pretty wedding on Wednesday, Feb. 18th, when Miss May Smith, third daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Smith, was married to Mr. Frederick Strickland, of Mariposa. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Elliott, of Woodville, in the presence of the immediate friends of the bride and groom. The bride was given away by her brother, and looked charming in a green cloth suit, with white silk blouse. She was attended by her sister, Maggie, and her neice, Miss Annie Smith, of Woodville, made a very pretty maid of honor. The groom was ably supported by Mr. Ed. Wright, of Linden Valley.

After the ceremony and congratulations the party adjourned to the dining-room and partook of the sumptuous wedding dejeuner. The presents were numerous and costly, including a fifty dollar bill from the groom and a beautiful silver tea service from the White-Allan Co., Toronto. We heartily wish them every success on the journey of life so happily commenced.

ADVERTISE EVERY DAY.

Cumulative Advertising is What Makes the Business.

The Detroit Tribune has this sensible advice on advertising:

"There are so many important matters to be considered in outlining a plan for local publicity," said the advertising manager of one of the largest departmental stores, "that it is difficult to begin at the beginning. However, let us consider first the cumulative effect of advertising. The logic is simple; Theodore Roosevelt once wrote a book; the newspapers commented upon it, and then lost to the public for a short time. Later the man was Police Commissioner of New York. Through various acts—strenuous acts—the newspapers continually repeated his name, and people began to know that there was a man in New York City acting as Police Commissioner whose name was Theodore Roosevelt. The same man was elected Governor of New York State, and by the same means his name was known throughout the country. Later the word President was placed before his name, and now, through continued mention of his name in the newspaepers, the whole world knows that Theodore Roosevelt is President of the United States. It is the day-by-day mention—the cumulative effect—that has made this man's name known over the universe. The man has made himself. Now, apply this reasoning to your store and your local advertising. Individuality in your store and constant advertising —then people will begin to know you and what you sell."

'Twas a Gay Night.

On account of the near approach of the Lenten season several social functions took place Monday night in town. Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Sutcliffe entertained a number of their friends at their handsome residence on Ben-st. Mr. and Mrs. J. Fullerton, Ridout-st., gave a little party in honor of Messrs. H. Brimmell and Claude Preston, who are about to leave town for the West. About sixty of our young people spent a most enjoyable evening at the Academy, the occasion being a hop given by the bankers. The Misses Hurley, of Peterboro, suplied the music. In the rooms next The Post about thirty lads and lassies triped the light fantastic till the wee small hours of the morning, and, lastly, we understand that a jolly sleighing party repaired to a farmer's house about four miles from town and enjoyed a pleasant evening.

Let Off On Suspended Sentence.

McGrath, the young man arrested in Lindsay last week for having been associated with Geo. Walker in the robbery of jewellery and money from three Midland hotels last April, appeared before the Magistrate of that town the other day and pleaded guilty to the charge. Mr. L. V. O'Connor, of this town, appeared on behalf of the prisoner and said McGrath was willing to make restitution. Acting on this his Worship let him go on suspended sentence. The Midland Free Press says the lesson taught these young men will doubtless be a lasting one, and the leniency shown should prove better than a term amongst criminals in a penitentairy.

Pat's Puzzle.

(London Spare Moments.)

Five or six men were recently chatting in a village inn, when one of them said:

"I say, I bet your dinners all round ye can't tell me the answer to a puzzle I knows of."

"Done," said they, "I bet we can. What is it?"

"Well," said Pat, "why is a journalist the funniest creature in the world?"

After vainly trying for about two hours they sadly said they must give it up.

"Why," said the delighted Pat, "because his tale comes out of his head, don't it?"

FLAVELLE CO. EGGS ARE FINE.

THAT'S WHAT A RETAILER IN OLD ENGLAND WRITES BACK

In Reply to a Message Written Upon an Egg Last Midsummer.

Some time in July last, while Wallace J. Baker was packing eggs in the store of his brother, Mr. W. E. Baker, he wrote his name and address upon the shell of one with an indelible peincil, and straightway forgot all about the matter. The particular lot of eggs were sold to Flavelle Bros., and in due time were shipped to the English market. The other day the incident was recalled to Mr. Baker's mind by the receipt of the following letter:

4 George-st., Barking,
Essex, Eng.

Dear Sir,—In response to your request, exrpessed in writing on an egg, to the effect that the buyer should write to you, being the buyer I thought I would just drop you a line.

I suppose your object is to know where the eggs ultimately arrive at, and how they are liked over here. Well, as for size and color, also appearance, they are all that could be desired and the parcels we have had have been in splendid condition, the method of packing keeping almost the whole of the eggs entire and preserving the natural flavor of the egg, which is an appreciable quality, but unfortunately the method of preservation is not perfect, as a number of them were bad and some very weak. In spite of this, however, they are a long way in advance of the ordinary preserved eggs, and very much to be preferred.

I hope to see a greater extension of commerce between the two countries, as I feel persuaded the resources of Canada are very great, esepcially in the way of supplying food products.—Yours truly,

H. R. PHILLIPS,
Manager to J. Moultrie, Grocers, etc.

BIG SEASON IN LUMBER.

The Cut Has Been Unusually Large in Georgian Bay District.

Ralph Loveland, vice-president of the Saginaw Lumber and Salt Company, and representing the N. W. Wright Co., the successors of the Cutler Co., of Spanish River, reports extensive operations in lumbering throughout the Georgian Bay district this season. There has been an exceptionally "big cut" this winter, the weather so far has been favorable, cold and with three feet of snow, and with five or six weeks more winter and snow the biggest output that the Georgian Bay district has known will be recorded. How much this will be can be understood when it is believed that there will be at least 550,000,000 feet of lumber, 85 per cent., of which will be marketed in the United States. Mr. Loveland says that the concerns in which he is interested will produce and market 75,000,000 feet this year. Hardwood is now becoming a profitable marketable lumber on account of the demand for maple flooring for large business blocks and buildings. Hardwood limits that could be purchased for $4 or $5 an acre seven years ago are now selling for from $25 to $50 an acre.

Commercial Printing.

When in need of anything in the line of commercial stationery, visiting cards, etc., leave your order at The Post job department. Workmanship unexcelled.

St. Andrew's New Minister.

A meeting of the congregation of St. Andrew's church was held last Monday to moderate in a call to a minister. Moderator Rev. D. W. Best, of Beaverton, was present and presided at the meeting. There was a large number of members and adherents present. A resolution was unanimously adopted extending a call to Rev. James Wallace, M.A., B.D., who is at present an assistant tutor inn Queen's University, Kingston. The call will be presented to the Lindsay Presytery at a meeting to be held at Uxbridge on Tuesday, March 17th.

Does it not seem more effective to breathe in a remedy, to cure disease of the breathing organs, than to take the remedy into the stomach?

Vapo-Cresolene.

Established 1879.

Cures While You Sleep

It cures because the air rendered strongly antiseptic is carried over the diseased surface with every breath, giving prolonged and constant treatment. It is invaluable to mothers with small children.

Is a boon to asthmatics.

—FOR—

Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Croup, Coughs, Catarrh, Colds, Grippe and Hay Fever

The Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a lifetime, together with a bottle of Cresolene, $1.50. Extra supplies of Cresolene 25 cents and 50 cents. Write for descriptive booklet containing highest testimony as to its value.

VAPO-CRESOLENE IS SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Vapo-Cresolene Co.

180 Fulton Street, New York — 1651 Notre Dame Street, Montreal

For over 31 Years

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

has been doing its wonderful work among the thousands who suffer from weak and affected Lungs.

No other remedy can show such a record of actual cures of Consumption in its earlier stages.

It immediately relieves congestion, soothes irritation and heals and strengthens sore lungs. Any good dealer will recommend it.

From a Sister of Charity. Rimouski, Quebec. Convent of the Sisters of Charity. I have the pleasure to tell you that Shiloh's Consumption Cure is the best that we ever employed for a bad cold, bronchical affections and even consumption. Everybody agrees in saying so. The Sisters of Charity of Rimouski, BY SISTER MARY OF SERAPHIM.

Saved from Consumption. Yarmouth, Nova Scotia. Words cannot express my gratitude to you for the benefit I have received from Shiloh's Consumption Cure. It cured me of a serious chronic cough, in fact, I was in the first stages of Consumption. Mrs. J. EATON NICKERSON.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure is sold by all druggists in Canada and United States at 25c, 50c, $1.00 a bottle. In Great Britain at 1s. 2d., 2s. 3d., and 4s. 6d. A printed guarantee goes with every bottle. If you are not satisfied go to your druggist and get your money back.

CHILDREN'S WEEK!

Commencing February 19th and continuing for one week only.

Our attention will be devoted particularly to offering special bargains in our Children's Department. High quality and low prices are the strong features in these bargains.

Misses' extra quality Buttoned and Laced Boots in Box Calf and Dongola Leather, modern shapes, sizes 11 to 2; worth $1.50, sale price $1.25

Misses' Dongola Buttoned and Laced Boots, sizes 11 to 1½. These will give an excellent wear as they are guaranteed solid leather throughout; regular $1.25, special .... 95c.

Children's Polish Calf Buttoned Boots—will wear like iron, sizes 8 to 10; regular $1.10, special 90c

Children's Strong Laced Boots, sizes 8 to 10; simply a good stout boot for every day out-in-the-wet wear. Special 50c

Children's Dongola Buttoned Boots, sizes 3 to 7; spscial .... 40c.

Infants' Pebble Buttoned Boots, sizes 1, 2, 3; regular 45c, now ... 25c.

See display in East side Show Window.

R. NEILL

90 KENT STREET, LINDSAY

CASH AND ONE PRICE. "THE SHOE KING"

IT PAYS TO BUY AT CINNAMON'S

..STOVES..

Great Bargains in Stoves

AT CINNAMON'S STORE

During February, while we are stock-taking, we will offer our Celebrated Cooking Stoves at the old price, before the advance. If you want the best Cook Stove on the market and wish to save from $3 to $5, buy now. It will pay you.

D. CINNAMON

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Axes, Cross-Cut Saws, Lanterns, Horse Blankets, Etc.

KENT STREET, - - LINDSAY

PEDLAR & EMMERSON

Carriage Makers, General Blacksmiths.

We wish to call the attention of the public to our facilities for repairing. Our panit shop is in charg of a first-class painter, and we use nothing but the best stock. We can also attend to all repairs necessary to your Carriage before painting. All sorts of Vehicles built to order as usual.

—CHARGES MODERATE.—

PEDLAR & EMMERSON

William-st. North.

Particular People.

All discriminating people when going to Chicago travel by the Grand Trunk Railway. The "International Limited," leaving Montreal at nine a.m. and Toronto at four-fifty p.m., lands the traveller in the Windy City at seven-twenty next morning, invariably on time to the minute. The accommodation on that train leaves nothing to be desired.—Toronto Truth.

No Certainty About It.

"William, what has become of that big pig that has been hanging around the back yard for the last month or more?"

"The last two or three times I killed him he was on top of the barn after the pigeons. He's still somewhere about the neighborhood, I guess."

NOW OR NEVER!

100 Men's Overcoats, ranging in price from $8 50 to $12.00, to clear up only........ $5.95

100 Boys' Overcoats, ranging in price from $5.50 to $8.00, to clear up only $3.50

Sensational Values.

Men's Heavy Frieze Ulsters, were $7.50, now ..	$3 95
" Raglan Coats, were $8 00, now	$4.95
" Beaver Overcoats, were $10.00, now ..	$5.95
" Best Raglans, were $15.00, now	$7 95

Men's Suits.

Men's Tweed Suits, were $5.50, now	$2.95
" Fine Tweed Suits, were $7.50, now	$4 95
" Worsted Suits, were $12 00, now	$7.00

Pile after pile of Men's Suits with tickets for $2 95 al along the line.

Many of these Suits are priced at half former values. Many are over 1-3 less.

Wholesale Slaughter in the Boys' Department.

Boys' 2 piece Serge Suits, were $1,50 now ..	95c
" " " Tweed " " $3.00 now ..	$1.50
" 3 piece Suits, were $5.50 now	$2.50
" " " " " $6.50 now	$3.95

FAIR WARNING:

OUR CHALLENGE SALE

NEARING AN END!

BIG returns for money invested have been handed out to hundreds of Gough's customers during the past five weeks. Rich have been the rewards of those who came to buy. We've spared no effort in making our Bargains attractive and tempting; and the people have responded heartily—keeping up the procession to Gough's store daily. It has been a remarkable "Keep Up."

But Great Sales have an end. We are nearing the time when the sale must be withdrawn. Preparations for Spring Trade are encroaching upon the heels of Winter, and

GOUGH'S MIGHTY ANNUAL EVENT

can only hold on for a short time longer. The balance of Winter Goods must meet a Price-Waterloo at once. This week will be a harvest of the rarest kind of bargains. Prices are slashed most unmercifully. We prefer to realize in part and invest the money in new stock. It's ihe progressive policy of Gough's store—the policy that keeps stock ever fresh.

Men's Hats.

Were $1.75 and $2.25, now .. .. 95c.

Men's Gloves.

Were $1.00 and $1.25, now 70c

Winter Underwear
Working Shirts
Socks and Mitts
Fancy Shirts, etc.

CLEAN SWEEP!

From 25 per cent. to 50 per cent. discount on all Furs.

Wombat Coats, were $20.00, now	$13.00
Coon " " $50.00, "	$36 50
Wallaby " " $18.00, "	$10.00
Australian Coon Coats, were $15 and $20, now	$10 and $12
2 South Sea Seal Caps, were $18.00, for ..	$10.50
1 " " Cap, was $20.00, for	$12.00
3 Electric Seal Caps, were $4 50, for	$2.90
5 Persian Lamb " " $9.00, for	$5.00
2 " " " $7.00, for	$3.50
11 Boys' and Girls' Grey Lamb Caps, were $4.50, now	$2.25

B. J. GOUGH

THE WONDERFUL CHEAP MAN.

Money and Insurance

Unlimited amount of Cash to Loan on mortgages at lowest rates. Notes discounted.

Agent for the **Union Assurance Society** of London, England, and the **Scottish Union and National Insurance Company.**

JOHN KENNEDY,
Adam Block, Kent-st

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEB. 27, 1903.

CORRESPONDENT'S LETTERS

LITTLE BRITAIN.
(From Our Own Correspondent.)

A basket social will be given shortly under the auspices of the A.O.U.W., the I.O.O.F., the C.O.H.C., and the directors of the Public Library in the Methodist church, Little Britain. Proceeds in aid of the Library.

CAMERON.
(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Don't forget the Orange basket social and concert on Friday, Mar. 6th.

Rev. Mr. Clare, of Oakwood, occupied the Methodist pulpit on Sunday morning last. He preached a very able and inspiring sermon.

Mr. Joe. Mark has given up his position in Mr. Maunder's store and intends going to North Dakota this week. He is now visiting friends in the neighborhood. We wish him a safe and pleasant journey.

Neither foreign nor local dramatic companies can have the use of the school house in the future. The Trustees have planted their feet resolutely on this measure, consequently the charity concert fell through.

Our enterprising, law-abiding and generally law-enforcing citizens of Cameron, especially those living on the main streets, are slowly getting their wood piles removed off the street by aid of the sawing machine. For the last three months drivers through the village have had to take the ditch in places where wood has been piled across the road. Fortunately no accidents have happened, but these good people don't seem to recognize that they are liable to any damages. Think over it ye men of Cameron, and try and come to the conclusion that next winter you will not thus jeopardize the lives of human beings and horses.

Mr. Vincent Dewell, of Zion, spent Sunday at the Simpson house Lindsay.

Messrs. Wm. and John Smith and Miss Annie Smith, of Harvey, visited from Thursday till Monday with their cousins, the Hewies.

Mr. W. Elliot and Miss Jennie Shaw, of Harvey, spent Saturday and Sunday visiting their friends, Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Cundal. They returned home on Monday.

VICTORIA ROAD.
(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Dentist—Dr. Bowerman's next visit will be on Thursday Mar. 5th. At Chirpaw's hotel.—w1.

LIFFORD.
(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Mr. and Miss Matchett, of Carman, Man., are vissiting friends here at present.

Miss Lily Wilson has returned home after visiting friends at Starkville.

Mr. G. W. Peters, of Salem, was home on Sunday.

—Mr. C. Ferris is visiting friends at Fenelon Falls.

Mr. B. Henderson, from near Bowmanville, was here on Sunday.

MANILLA.
(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Mr. Henry Whetter has purchased the Clark homestead, which is siuate about two miles east of the village. This farm comprises about 100 acres and is one of the best in this section of the County. We understand it will be occupied by one of Mr. Clark's sons. The price paid would exceed $4,500.

Mr. John Michael, the popular township councillor, is one of our progressive farmers. He is never behind the times and as a result of his enterprise he can claim the credit of having one of the finest farms in this section. Recently, to add to the appearance of his large barn, Mr. Michael has erected an "Ideal" windmill purchased from the Gould Shapley Co. of Brantford.

Mrs. Whetter, who has been very ill, we are glad to say, is recovering nicely and is expected to be about as usual in a couple of weeks.

The Ideal windmill is a very popular one in this section. They already adorn the barns of a number of our farmers, but the last to erect one was Mr. Thos. Wherry.

OMEMEE.
(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Our hockey team were defeated last week in a keenly contested game at Lindsay by the Junior team of that town. The boys report having had a good game. Mr Clancy, as cover point player, is a star. When he chased after the puck he slipped and fell, causing no end of amusement for the spectators. His red cap decorated the wires at one end of the rink, and at the finish of game he displayed some pugilistic powers in order to get it. "If you don't leave that cap alone," said Mr. Clancy in a very angry tone, to a bunch of Lindsay sports, "I'll punch your face." He finally succeeded in securing his cap, but up in the dressing room after he was heard to remark that he never came to Lindsay but what he was insulted by somebody.

The cultivating of the sugar beet will give employment to our boys and girls during the summer months.

Our high and public schools are booming. The first "At Home" held Friday night last was a great success.

The Commercial hotel will cater for the summer tourist trade this year, as there is some prospect of the Kawartha Navigation Co., having an excursion boat at this point.

Mr. Boyd, of Bobcaygeon, was at the Clancey house on Monday last. He has not een in our flourishing village for some years.

There is only one empty house in our village and we are informed that it will be rented soon.

A large number of our citizens and farmers visited the Lindsay market last Saturday. They report a good market and high prices were paid for farm products. Farmers if you have annything to sell, take it to Lindsay.

WOODVILLE.
(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Dentist.—Dr. Bowerman will be at the Queen's hotel on the first three Fridays in March.—w1.

OAKWOOD.
(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Mr. Chas. Rennie and Mr. Jack Thorndyke of Toronto, are home for a few days.

Miss Sara Jacket, we are sorry to report, is quite ill.

Mrs. Thos Puley is very ill at present.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Brandon, and grand-children, Nora and Scott Brandon, spent Saturday with Mrs. Pascoe.

Rev. Mr. Clare of this place and Rev. Mr. Terrell of Cambray exchanged pulpits on Sunday last.

Mr. J. M. Pascoe of Pascoe Bros. spent a few days in Toronto this week.

CANNINGTON.
(From Our Own Correspondent.)

On Sunday, Feb. 15th, the pulpit of the Presbyterian church was occupied by Mr. Amos, a University student from Toronto. Mr. Martin was away on a visit to Toronto and Hamilton, and while at the latter place he combined business with pleasure by uniting a young couple in marriage. He is back again, looking well after his trip.

Rev. Mr. Daniels, Baptist minister, after a severe attack of la grippe, we are pleased to state, is able to resume his pastoral duties.

We hear that Mr. Edward Grigg, formerly of this place, but now of Kirkfield, was united in marriage to Miss Nellie Shearer, of Pefferlaw. The marriage took place on Feb. 17 at Beaverton.

Mr. A. J. Pipher, tonsorial artist, is at present in Toronto overhauling and refitting the barber shop in the Palmer house, which has been in charge of his son, Norval. The latter gentleman, in the meantime, is in charge of the shop here.

Mr. Ollie Edwards, who left here to take a position in Toronto, has secured a position in Listowel.

Miss Miller, of West Brock, who had been the guest of Miss Nellie Francis, returned home on Friday.

Dame Rumor reports an early alliance between a young gentleman from Mariposa and one of our popular young ladies.

Mr. L. Doherty, hardware merchant, of Stouffville, was in town lately, interviewing Messrs. Woodware Bros., hardware merchants, regarding the probability of purchasing their business.

We hear that Messrs. Lane & Laing, of Port Perry, have purchased the Stevenson Carriage Works and purpose removing here shortly.

Mr. Wm. Taylor, of Sunderland, has purchased the handsome private residence owned by Mr. W. H. May, jeweller, and purposes removing here in the near future.

On Tuesday Mrs. Stephen Capling, accompanied by her youngest daughter, Alfretta, left here for Yorkton, N.W.T., where her husband has been residing for the last four years. Mr. Capling has now a good farm, which he purchased for $5 an acre, and for which he has since refused $15 an acre. Brace, the oldest son, has been schoolteacher and missionary in the same district for some years.

Mrs. Arthur Gall, of Saginaw, who had been ill for some time, passed away on Sunday, the 22nd inst. She leaves a husband and a large family to mourn her loss.

Peaceful Dove Lodge, I.O.O.F., have been working very hard lately initiating and conferring degrees upon new members. No less than six have been instructed in the mysteries of the order during the past month by Bro. S. Glassford and officers.

Messrs. Thos. and Geo. H. Woodward left on Monday for a visit to their brothers in Manitoba and Dakota.

Messrs. Pen. King and Richard Cond, of Oakwood, were in town last week.

Mr. Rogers, of Little Britain, was in town on Tuesday.

Mr. Gillogly, of Lindsay, spent Monday in town.

Col. Sam. Hughes has been in town several times lately. It's no use, Sam, as Mr. Grant will be elected.

The annual meeting of the 34th Battalion was held on Friday, Feb. Feb. 13th, in the town hall. Some of those present were Col. J. A. McGillivary, Toronto; his brother, Theo., of Whitby; Major C. PPatterson, of Beaverton; Major C. F. Bick, of Cannington; Capt. Sharp, of Uxbridge; Capt. Jas. Birchard, of Beaverton; Lieuts. Rainey, of Uxbridge; Cameron, Beaverton; Kift and Wilson, of Cannington.

The second "At Home" held by the bachelors of Cannington took place in the town hall on Tuesday evening, 24th, and passed off very pleasantly.

Dr. Hart, our popular dentist, is having rooms fitted up on Cameron-st., over Samis' grocery, which will be a great improvement over the old premises.

FRANKLIN.
(From Our Own Correspondent.)

A load of young people from this place attended the Bethany carnival on Friday night last

Mr. Roland Hart, of Lifford, spent Sunday with friends here.

Mrs. L. Fallis is visiting her parents at Janetville.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Shields have been visiting friends at Beaverton.

Mr. W. H. Windrem, had a bee on Tuesday last, hauling home timber for his new barn.

Miss I. Calvert and Miss E. Calvert, of Reaboro, spent a couple of days at Mrs. F. Veal's last week.

(Crowded out last week.)

EAST MANILLA.
(From Our Own Correspondent.)

We have not a branch of the Labor Union in this section. Nevertheless the co-operative system is popular here. On Thursday Mrs. Coulter's friends took their teams and hauled enough wood to last her a year or more.

On Friday afternoon fifteen or sixteen young men assisted Mr. Wilson in sawing his summer's wood. In the evening they were joined by the young ladies when games and other amusements were indulged in until the wee small hours of the ing.

FARMERS'

BUILDERS' HARDWARE BLACKSMITHS'

Mill and Lumbermen's.

J. G. EDWARDS & CO.
LINDSAY.

MICELLANEOUS.

THOROUGHBRED CATTLE FOR SALE.
1 Thoroughbred Durham Bull, rising two years old.
1 Thoroughbred Durham Bull, rising one year old.
1 Thoroughbred Durham Bull, seven months old.
4 Thoroughbred Durham Heifers.
Apply to WM. HALL, Cambray.—w7.

EDEN CEMETERY.—Plots for sale.—The trustees of Eden Church have secured additional land and propose a thorough renovation of the old cemetery for cemetery purposes. They now offer plots for sale; said plots will be sold for $12 each. SPECIAL OFFER.—All persons purchasing plots within the ensuing six months can secure them for ten dollars. Apply to W. FOWLER, Eden, or J. G. CULLIS, Sec., Eden.—w3

TO RENT.

The GLENARM HOTEL
Apply to
J. E. WELDON,
Solicitor.
wtf.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

SETTLERS' ONE-WAY EXCURSIONS

To Manitoba and Canadian North-west will leave Toronto every TUESDAY during March and April, 1903, if sufficient business offers.

Passengers travelling without Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 1.45 p.m.

Passengers travelling with Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 9.00 p.m.

Colonist Sleeper will be attached to each train.

Write your nearest Canadian Pacific agent for free illustrated booklets on "Western Canada and "British Columbia."

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GRANBY RUBBERS

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LANDS FOR SALE.

FARM TO RENT—near town limits, possession March 1st. Apply to Mrs. E. T. R., Victoria, B. C. w4.

FOR SALE—The undersigned has for sale a number of thoroughbred Durham Bulls with pedigrees, also several fine Tamworth and Yorkshire Boars and Sows. W. J. MOORE, Glenelg-st. west, Telephone No. 174 at residence—w4.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—A Frame House with barn and stable, all in good repair, together with 3½ acres of good land, situated within the Corporation. This is a very desirable property and will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply to HUGILL DOBSON, Lindsay.—2w6d

PARM FOR SALE.—One of the best farms in the county of Victoria containing about 112 acres, all plow land in first-class state of cultivation. Buildings good. Eight miles from Lindsay, one mile from Reaboro, and four miles from Omemee. For particulars apply to box 592, Lindsay.

100 ACRE FARM FOR SALE.—Half-way between Woodville and Cambray, on 14 Con. of Mariposa, 90 acres cleared, balance hardwood bush, barn 65 x 50 feet, with stone foundation, good stabling. A large pig pen and good driving house, frame dwelling, with wood house attached, good orchard; buildings almost new. Plenty of spring water, convenient.—A. ANDERSON, 211 McGaul Street, Toronto.—w1.

FOR SALE.—200 acres farm in the Township of Eldon, being north half of 14 and east half of 15 on the 3 concession. About 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, the balance in pasture and timber land. There is on the premises a good house and a large frame barn with other outbuildings. Good well, some fruit trees, and situated convenient school and market. For further particulars apply to MALCOLM McECHERN, Argyle.—4tw

FARM FOR SALE.—100 acres, Lot 5 Con. 7, Ennismore; 80 acres cleared, balance in wooded land, and in good state of cultivation; house, two barns, two spring wells; school across the road; two miles north of Village of Ennismore; daily stage between Peterborough and Bobcaygeon. Will be sold by tender, which will be received until 1st of March. Possession given by arrangement to be made satisfactory to all. Address tenders to Mrs. E. Corkery or James B. Dwyer, Lindsay, Ont.—8tw.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing in the Village of Oakwood under the firm style and name of MASON and MARK, doing business as Tinsmiths, dealers in Stoves and Household Furniture, has been by mutual consent this day dissolved. All debts due from the late firm will be paid by the undersigned, George F. Mason, who will continue to carry on the business at the Village of Oakwood, and all debts and accounts due by parties to the late firm will be collected by and paid to the said George F. Mason. Dated at Oakwood this 10th day of February, 1903. GEORGE FRANCIS MASON. ALFRED JUDSON MARK.—w4.